

## The Toronto World

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## THE WORLD OUTSIDE

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## E PLURIBUS UNUM

Newspapers across the line persist in  
repeating the erroneous statement, that  
Canada maintains an "unjust" tariff  
discrimination against the United  
States and in favor of Great Britain.  
The New York Commercial is a recent  
offender in this respect, and once more  
The World takes the trouble of point-  
ing out the foolishness of this conten-  
tion.

The United States is a nation consist-  
ing of a number of sovereign states,  
having mutual interests and formed to-  
gether in a free-trade federation with  
a uniform tariff against the rest of the  
world. Products entering the State of  
New York or Kentucky from Oregon  
or Texas are admitted free, but articles  
coming into these states from foreign  
countries are subject to the Dingley  
tariff.

The British empire likewise consists  
of a number of individual sovereign  
states bound together by mutual inter-  
ests. These several states have not as yet  
established, and, perhaps, never may  
establish, absolute free trade amongst  
themselves and a common tariff against  
the rest of the world, but each state  
surely has the right as a member of  
the empire to grant special trade pre-  
ferences to its sister states—and that  
without being under the imputation of  
unfairly treating foreigners.

Because Canada grants the Mother  
Country a preferential tariff, Johnny  
Canuck is accused of "unjustly dis-  
criminating" against Uncle Sam.

As well might New York State be  
accused of discriminating against Can-  
ada, because it admits free from Penn-  
sylvania goods which, coming from this  
country, are subject to a heavy duty.  
The idea which our cousins across  
the line have yet to grasp is that the  
British empire is a unit, and that the  
legend "e pluribus unum" applies to it  
just as properly as to the American  
Union.

## VERY STRIKING FIGURES

Toronto's importance as a financial  
centre is emphasized by the fact that  
the local bank clearings have well nigh  
trebled within ten years. In 1891, when  
the Toronto clearing house was first  
established the volume of business  
totalled \$300,000,000. In 1898 the figures  
reached \$437,000,000, and in 1901 they  
had jumped to \$825,000,000. For the  
first ten months of this year the clear-  
ings were \$674,500,000, and a propor-  
tionate increase thru November and  
December will make the total clearings  
at the Toronto Clearing House for 1902  
run over \$800,000,000.

These figures constitute a striking ex-  
hibit. An increase of 46 per cent. in the  
seven years between 1891 and 1898  
might be considered a fair enough  
showing, but a further growth of 43  
per cent. in the three years, 1898 to  
1901, was still more satisfactory, and  
another increase on top of all this of  
nearly 30 per cent. for the current  
year alone will be sufficient to justify  
the most optimistic predictions hereto-  
fore made concerning Toronto's com-  
mercial prospects.  
These figures indicate that Toronto is  
going ahead faster than even Montreal,  
and the addition of several new banks  
to our circle of financial institutions  
should lend a fresh impetus to the city's  
material advancement and to the  
growth of the local bank clearings.  
That the banks themselves appreciate  
the development of the volume of busi-  
ness is shown by the facts that the  
local Clearing House facilities are being  
enlarged, and that the appointment of a  
permanent manager for that institution is  
under consideration.

## THE POLICE AND THE STUDENTS

The World has passed very little  
comment on the issue that has arisen  
between the students of Toronto and  
the police of this city. We are sorry  
that the dispute has arisen, and that  
a great deal of ill-feeling and misun-  
derstanding seems to have resulted  
from it. We are glad to recognize  
that Toronto has become a great stu-  
dent city, and that there are thousands  
of students who are law-abiding citi-  
zens of this place. It is an incumbent  
on students to be law-abiding as it is  
on all others; and while liberty ought  
to be allowed, there is no doubt that  
an effective check must be kept on  
parties who start out, to use a strong  
but fitting expression, "to raise hell."  
—a thing we are sorry to say that  
can be done very easily once a mob  
starts out to do it.

What we fear is that the youths of  
this country, once the news of this  
incident spreads, will get it into their  
heads that they can go and do like-  
wise in their own respective villages,  
towns and communities, and the net  
outcome of the whole unfortunate af-  
fair will be that our boys, who are  
unusually enough now, and have already  
too much disregard for law, and many  
of them very little regard for elders,  
are encouraged to show increased dis-  
respect for authority. In other words  
a very bad example to the younger  
boys of this country has been set by  
the students of Toronto. There is  
nothing for anyone in being a hood-  
lum, and there is less than anything  
in it when still smaller boys are en-  
couraged by bigger ones to try it.

## THE GIRLS AND THE COUNTRY

The Daughters of the Empire wish  
to form chapters of their organiza-  
tion among the girls attending the  
Toronto Public Schools, and  
we do not see any reason  
why they should not be al-  
lowed to do so. The school girls  
are the future mothers of the coun-  
try, and as such will wield a far-  
reaching influence on its political des-  
tinies, and it would, therefore, be well  
to see that during the formative years

of their lives they are imbued with  
proper patriotic ideals. If the forma-  
tion of the chapters suggested would  
conduce to a genuine and not to a  
linguistic love of Canada and the  
empire amongst our school girls, what  
is the objection to the Daughters of  
the Empire being allowed to go ahead?

## MODERN SPIRITUALISM

Editor World: Rev. Dr. Austin says  
he prefers clergymen and university  
teachers of science instead of a com-  
mittee of the City Council, as I pro-  
posed, to test the truth of modern  
spiritualism. I will consent to that,  
and am willing to accept Prof. Ellis,  
Amory and Dwyer, gentlemen holding  
very high degrees and lecturers at To-  
ronto University; Rev. Dr. Carson of  
Knox College, Rev. Dr. Clark of  
Trinity University, Rev. Dr. Teedy of  
St. Michael's College, and Rev. L.  
Bresnan, who has given scientific stud-  
ies a great deal of attention. Con-  
sidering that I have \$500 at stake,  
and a very important religious prin-  
ciple to be settled, I think there should  
be as many on the committee as in  
an ordinary jury case, counting the  
two lawyers and the judge, say fifteen.  
I will name eight more well-known  
clergymen, who minister now (or re-  
cently) to very large congregations in  
this city, viz.: Rev. Dr. Potts, Vicar-  
Gen. McCann, Rev. Dr. Thomas, Rev.  
G. M. Milligan, Rev. J. L. Grant, and  
the Rabbi of Holy Blossom Syna-  
gogue. John Hanrahan.

## MUTILATED COINS

Editor World: I refer to an item  
printed in your paper of Nov. 14, re-  
garding "dirty bills." The writer ex-  
plains very clearly how to get away  
with the bills which are not fit for cir-  
culation, but after reading his letter I  
was under the impression he would  
have hit the nail on the head if he had  
taken mutilated silver into considera-  
tion and explained as fully how a per-  
son could dispose of it to advantage.  
He must be aware that there is a large  
quantity of it about that is disfigured  
by being punched or battered, so that  
business men generally will not ac-  
cept it. If there is any way of getting  
rid of this nuisance, I am satisfied it  
would meet with the approval of the  
general public to have it made known.  
Constant Reader.

## CANADA AND THE STATES

Canada is too large a customer of  
ours; we buy too little of her to let  
present conditions remain.—Senator  
Dewey.

New York World: This remark of  
New York's more progressive repre-  
sentative in the National Senate sug-  
gests a glance at Canada's commerce  
and our share therein.  
With less than 6,000,000 population,  
Canada's total foreign commerce, ex-  
ports and imports both included, for  
the year that ended June 30, 1902,  
amounted to \$414,431,831. This was  
an increase of \$35,000,000 over the pre-  
ceding year. Two-thirds of that large  
increase was imports.

Senator Dewey's reference to Can-  
ada as one of the large customers  
is amply borne out by the following  
figures, which show that of her total  
imports more than one-half were  
bought from the United States:  
Imports (1902) from Great  
Britain ..... 40,215,000  
Imports (1902) from the  
United States ..... 120,800,956  
Imports (1902) from all other  
countries ..... 32,785,944

Total ..... \$293,811,900  
No people in the world buy so large-  
ly of us as the Canadians in propo-  
tion to their numbers. Nevertheless,  
our share of Canada's great foreign  
trade—which, by the way, is much  
larger in proportion to her population  
than that of Germany, France or any  
other great European nation, except-  
ing Great Britain, and larger than  
our own—is not nearly so large as it  
might and would be if the Dingley  
tariff bars were lowered by a recip-  
rocal policy on the lines evidently fa-  
vored by Senator Dewey.

## Young Liberal Club

The Young Liberal Club met in St.  
George's Hall on Monday evening, when  
the following were elected to the Ex-  
ecutive Committee, the other officers  
being elected at a previous meeting:  
S. H. James, Dr. J. E. Elliott, H. W. In-  
gstone, R. McKay, J. G. Ramsden, H. C.  
Kingstone, W. J. Elliott, Thomas Reed,  
H. M. Mowat, J. W. Maiton, T. C. Robin-  
ette, T. Winterberry.

A notice of motion was given by J.  
G. Ramsden, that a resolution be passed  
favoring compulsory voting on all  
public questions.  
A lively discussion ensued over a  
motion by J. G. Ramsden, that the new-  
ly-elected officers who were absent  
from the meeting be suspended. Feel-  
ing was strongly against it, however,  
and he substituted one censuring the  
officers instead for their absence.

A notice of motion was given by W.  
J. Elliott, that the club meet every  
Monday, instead of every other Mon-  
day.

## Million Morphine Users in U.S.

New York, Nov. 17.—A report just  
received by the Inter-denominational  
Committee for the Suppression of Drug  
Addiction, shows that the drug habit  
is increasing, and that at present there  
are more than 1,000,000 morphine  
"fends" in the United States. It is  
asserted that one person in every  
hundred is addicted to the use of  
drugs.

## Wines and Spirits

In close proximity to the corner of King  
and Yonge streets can be found one of the  
largest wine and spirit houses in the pro-  
vince, and the extensive vaults will be  
found as large and well assorted as any  
connoisseur could wish for. Catalogue  
sent to any address, or any information  
cheerfully given. William Mara's store and  
office, 70 Yonge-street. Phone Main 1708.

No Higher Education for Them.  
Pottsville, Pa., Nov. 17.—Statistics  
gathered by the United Mine Workers  
from the Schuylkill region for presen-  
tation to the arbitration commission  
show that only 4 per cent. of the gradu-  
ates of the local high schools are sons  
of miners.

He There a Will Wisdom Points the Way.  
The sick man pines for relief, but he dis-  
likes sending for the doctor, which means  
hours of drugs never consumed. He has  
not the resolution to load his stomach  
with compounds which smell, taste  
only and taste worse. But if he have the  
will to deal himself with his ailment, wis-  
dom will direct his attention to Parmenter's  
Vegetable Pills, which, as a specific for  
indigestion and disorders of the digestive  
organs, have no equal.

A triumph of science that has come  
to stay. DARDANELLES, pure  
Egyptian cigarettes. Packed in silver,  
Cork and Plain Tips. Sold everywhere,  
15 cts. per package.

## 7743 Makes Shirts

Detroit, Nov. 17.—F. C. Andrews,  
the bank wrecker, makes shirts in  
Jackson Prison. His number is 7743.

## No! No! No! No!

This word is used four times by  
Prof. W. Hodgson Ellis, Official  
Analyst to the Dominion Govern-  
ment, in reporting the result of his  
analysis of Sunlight Soap.  
"No unsaponified fat"; that means  
no waste.  
"No free alkali"; that means no  
damage to clothes or hands.  
"No loading mixture"; that means  
every atom is pure soap.  
"No adulteration whatever"; that  
means pure ingredients.  
Try Sunlight Soap—Octagon Bar—  
and you will see Prof. Ellis is right.  
He should know. 202

## Tillson's Oats

Pan-Dried. A Food, not a Fad.

And in the beginning of the twentieth century, man,  
having departed from the ways of living and the manner  
of eating which his grandfathers practised, became pos-  
sessed of a stomach that gave him much pain, not to say  
inconvenience;

And by reason of these pains the man of the early twentieth  
century often declared that while his father or grandfather  
lived 'to be threescore and ten or fourscore years, he  
himself would not likely see more than fifty or sixty.

And he took many kinds of medicine to get relief from  
that pain in his stomach.

Also to that end many makers of "health foods," began  
to grind up barley and wheat and corn and wild rice and  
whatnot and to cook them by machinery and predigest them  
by "processes," and to mix with them divers things, of  
which no man knew the meaning or wherefore;

And whereas these freak foods were cleverly and loudly  
advertised, many men and women did buy and "eat them  
cold," whereat their stomachs did pain the more.

Now it is a fact that all fads must have their day, and  
so the "eat-it-cold" fad went the way of all others.

And with it disappeared the "peptonized," "pre-cooked"  
automatically "pre-digested" breakfast, and—

Then came **Tillson's Oats**—Pan-dried.

—The kind of food a hundred Scottish battles have been  
fought upon;

—The kind which for centuries has nourished heroes of war  
and peace;

—The food which was the chiefest of a Burns;

—The breakfast of a Scott;

—That nourished the Bruce;

—That was and is *chief of Scotia's food*.

—A food that contains more life-giving  
albuminoids and less stomach clogging  
starch than wheat, that has more carbon,  
more sugar and nearly three times as  
much fat food as wheat.

And **Tillson's Oats**, as made by  
Tillson's Pan-dried process, are as far in  
advance of "ye olde time" oatmeal as  
Glasgow trolley cars are in advance  
of the stage coaches of their Scotch for-  
bears.

Whereas Burns' porridge had many  
hulls, and contained the seeds of the  
weeds of the field;

And whereas Scott's porridge could  
not have been PAN-DRIED by the modern  
Tillson method, it must have lacked  
that sweet, nutty flavor which **ONLY  
Tillson's Oats** can have.

Now, **Tillson's Oats** are the oats  
of Scottish centuries without the hulls  
and foreign seeds, but with the same old  
nourishing, health-giving, vitalizing ele-  
ments—with a flavor that ancient oats  
could not have had. In fact, **Tillson's  
Oats** are Scotchmen's oats CANADIAN-  
IZED, grown in Canadian soil, made in a  
Canadian mill by Canadians.

Destined from this day to be the break-  
fast of all Canadians who want warm,  
nourishing, sensible food for breakfast,  
who are tired of the "eat-it-cold" fad;

Who want a food that is all food, not  
something that is a cross between a food  
and a quack nostrum;

For those who want a food that gives  
the stomach its natural and legitimate  
work of digestion to perform;

For those who want a food that makes  
brain, muscle and brawn;

A food that nourishes out of existence  
the ills of "stomach troubles" and sets  
men, women and children every morning  
on a solid foundation for the day.

A bowl of Tillson's Pan-Dried Oats is  
a soothing, refreshing, substantial begin-  
ning for the day.

It is pleasant to eat, easily digested,  
a natural, wholesome food, with plenty of  
carbon to create heat and energy.

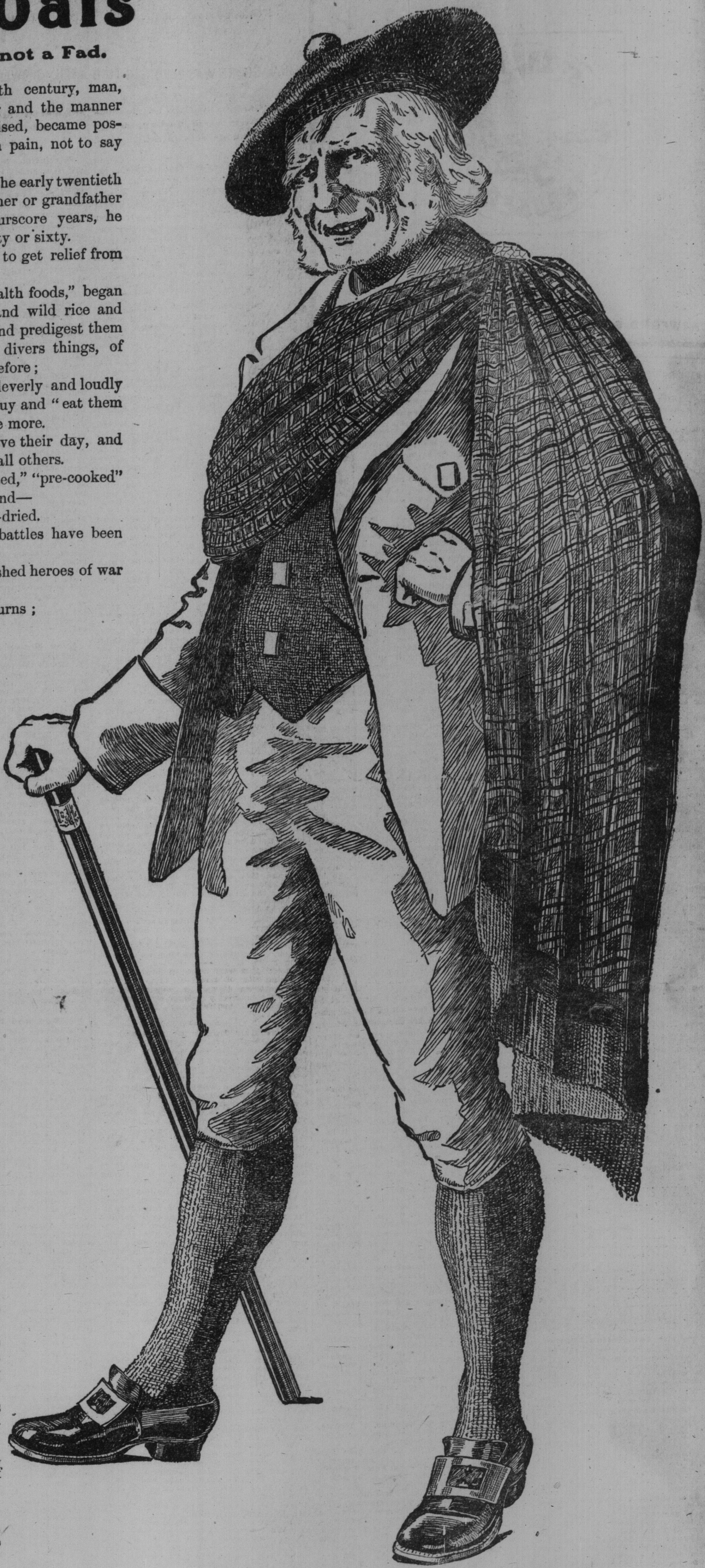
Nothing "faddy" or medicinal about it.  
Just a good, wholesome, well-made,  
nutritious, pure, old-fashioned food made  
by Tillson's Pan-dried process.

Sold only in packages

# Tillson's Oats

## Pan-Dried. A Food, not a Fad.

On Sale December First Next



REGISTERED

**The Class Struggle.**  
Phillips Thompson spoke on "The  
Class Struggle" to Socialist League No. 6,  
at the Temperance Hall, Bathurst-  
street, last evening. The chair was  
occupied by Comrade Ayers. He con-  
tended that all the machinery of gov-  
ernment and the formation of public  
opinion, including the political parties,  
press, colleges, and churches were con-  
trolled by capitalism. The workers

were duped by those who professed to  
be their friends, and would continue to  
be so until they became class-conscious.  
The exploiting class would never give  
up their unjust privileges until forced  
to do so by the workers, who should take  
independent political action.  
The speaker quoted numerous instances of  
legislation and judicial decisions at-  
tacking the undue influence exercised  
by capitalism. Socialism was his

true interests of all classes, for even the  
wealthy, under the present system,  
might lose all they possessed and be-  
come paupers.

## A Valuable Collection.

An exhibition of British and Dutch paint-  
ings and water colors of more than ordi-  
nary interest is now on view at the art  
rooms of Messrs. C. J. Townsend & Co.,

66 and 68 East King-street. The pictures  
show at once the masterly touch, and one  
may spend until Thursday a pleasant hour  
The subjects are pleasing, depicting the  
English sea coast and landscape in all the  
reality and grandeur of nature, of ex-  
amples shown many of the names are  
amongst the front rank in the world of art.  
The whole will be disposed of by auction  
Thursday at 5 p.m.

**Libelled the Pope.**  
Heidelberg, Germany, Nov. 17.—The  
government has indicted Gottfried  
Schwarz, a Protestant minister, for  
libelling the Pope in a pamphlet en-  
titled, "Pope Leo Before the Tribunal  
of Christ."  
Lever's V-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap  
Powder dented in the bath softens the  
water at the same time that it disinfects it.