

below Quebec, and a low belt of thickly peopled country extends thence until within a few miles of Point Levi. The Seigniories, which extend all along the shores, were granted while Canada was under the government of France, and the inhabitants are nearly all French Canadians. The Townships have all been granted since Canada belonged to Great Britain, and have been settled by English, Irish, Scotch, and Americans.

23. The northern coast of the St. Lawrence exhibits for more than two hundred miles the same primitive wildness which it presented to the earliest navigators. With the exception of Tadousac at the mouth of the Saguenay, and the Queen's Posts at Seven Islands' Bay and at Port Neuf, scarcely any signs of art or civilization appear.

24. It was to Tadousac that the first French adventurers, who visited Canada, resorted, and it continued to be for a long time one of the chief fur-trading posts. The Saguenay is more picturesque than any other river in the Province. Its banks are composed of a continued range of elevated cliffs, rising abruptly in some places from one hundred to fifteen hundred feet. At its mouth the Saguenay is one hundred fathoms deeper than the St. Lawrence. It runs about west for the distance of seventy miles to the Indian Mission called Chicoutimi. About sixty miles above Tadousac there is a Bay, called "Grand Bay" or "Ha ! Ha ! Bay," about nine miles deep, where the progress of a flourishing settlement was considerably retarded by a destructive fire in the summer of 1846. It derives this name from the original discoverers, who had taken it for the main river, exclaiming Ha ! Ha !

What is said  
of the  
Seigniories ?

— of the  
Townships ?

In what state  
is the north-  
ern shore ?

What excep-  
tions are  
mentioned ?

What is said  
of  
Tadousac ?

— of the  
Saguenay ?

Mention the  
remarkable  
depth of the  
Saguenay ?

Where is  
Chicoutimi ?

Where is  
Ha ! Ha !  
Bay ?

From what  
circumstance  
does it derive  
its name ?