

*Inspection of Imported Fruit.*

6. All importers of fruit must give notice to a member of the Board or his agent, or the Inspector of Fruit Pests, upon the arrival of any and all shipments of fruit; and all fruit and fruit packages imported into this Province shall be inspected, and if found to be free from insect pests and fungous disease a clean certificate shall be issued therefor in conformity with the Rules and Regulations of the Board: Provided, however, that no fruit or fruit packages imported into this Province shall be removed from any dock, wharf, mole, or station where such fruit and fruit packages have been landed, before inspection and such clean certificate thereof shall have been obtained, and all such fruit and fruit packages as may be found infected with any insect pest or fungous disease shall be either destroyed by the importers thereof, by such process and within such time as any member of the Board, the Inspector of Fruit Pests, or any agent appointed by the Board, may direct, or shall be re-shipped, within such time as any member of the Board, the Inspector of Fruit Pests, or any agent appointed by the Board, may direct, by the importers thereof to some point without the Province.

*Inspection of Imported and Home-grown Fruit.*

7. All fruit, whether imported or grown in this Province, or exposed for sale, shall be subject to inspection under the authority of the Board, and if found to be infected with any injurious insect pest or fungous disease shall be quarantined, or may be destroyed at the expense of the owner of said fruit, by such methods as the Board or its agents may direct.

*Stencilling and Labelling.*

8. All persons shipping, sending, or delivering any fruit, fruit trees, scions, cuttings, or plants within the Province shall place upon or securely attach to each box, crate, or other package or parcel containing the same, a distinct stamp, mark, or label showing the name of the producer and shipper or sender, and the locality where grown, but boxes and barrels containing fruit shall be stencilled or stamped with letters not less than three-quarters of an inch in length.

*Treatment of Nursery Stock.*

9. All infected nursery stock shall, before being distributed, be disinfected by dipping in a solution of one pound caustic soda (concentrated lye) and one pound whale-oil soap to every five imperial gallons of water, thoroughly dissolved, and applied at 103° Fahrenheit in a vat or any suitable vessel, or the said nursery stock may be disinfected by covering with an air-tight tent or box, and for each and every 100 cubic feet of space therein one ounce of fused cyanide of potassium (58 per cent.), one fluid ounce of sulphuric acid, and two fluid ounces of water shall be used. The cyanide of potassium shall be placed in an earthenware vessel, the water poured over the said cyanide of potassium, afterwards adding sulphuric acid, and the tent or box to be immediately closed tightly and allowed to remain closed for not less than forty minutes. Treatment for disinfection shall continue until all insect pests or their larva are destroyed.

10. (*For sprays see preceding pages, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.*)

11. Where pests or fungous diseases are found to exist during the growing season, while the trees are in leaf, spraying must be done and such remedies applied as shall be recommended by or under authority of the Board from time to time, so that the insects or diseases can at least be held in check until the stronger washes of the dormant season can be safely applied.

*Destruction of Packages.*

12. All boxes, crates or other packages or wrappings which have contained infected nursery stock shall be destroyed by fire immediately after the removal of the contents thereof.

*Hopfields.*

13. Where hopfields are infected with the hop-louse, spraying must be done as the Board from time to time shall recommend.