

fire and torments unceasing, from which even a drop of water from the tip of a finger is a consolation. It is from this dire abode that your prayers will release it; it is from this dark prison that your good works offered for them may save them. Can you refuse them your utmost efforts?

#### SHERIFF'S SALES—OUR LAW RADICALLY WRONG.

In looking over the files of the Quebec *Official Gazette* we are grieved at the number of forced sales of property in the hands of unfortunate owners, unable to meet their debts, compelled to see their property sacrificed without its being in their power either to purchase it themselves, or to take means to see that others purchase it at its true value; and we regret that the law, in lieu of coming to their help, neglects even the obvious means, which without extra trouble to the officials and at very little cost, would bring the property before public competition, in place of throwing it away almost in a corner, by means we might call secret, in the Sheriff's office. Of course our very efficient and much respected Sheriff, C. A. Leblanc, Esq., is not in the least to blame in the matter, no one more than he, we are certain, deploring the defects in the law, and none would bring a remedy quicker if it were in his power. At present such sales are only advertised in the Quebec *Official Gazette*, no publication in the newspapers, no funds for special notices in order to draw the attention of purchasers to the matter; a few people may come to a sale, a few sharp ones may read the *Official Gazette*, and if a stranger not of the ordinary crowd should come along to buy he will very likely be regarded as an intruder, or he may be bought off not to bid by some unscrupulous speculator, or the latter rather will probably propose, for a consideration, not to bid against him. These dodges are very easily performed. As a general rule, few people attend such sales; could the public assist at a sale of which they never heard until some neighbour comes along boasting that he purchased such and such a property at Sheriff's sale, for less than half its value? This is not the worst; even the seller, to whom a balance may be due on the purchase price, or a person with a mortgage upon the property may be the victim, because his literary tastes have not been sufficiently educated to detect itself with the weekly reading of the *Official Gazette*; we heard of a case a few days ago wherein a property alleged to be worth some \$4000.00, was purchased for about \$500.00, by a person, who had some business at the Sheriff's during the time of sale; knowing the property he made a bid or two as random shots and was greatly astonished to find it knocked down to him; a few days after he was further astonished at finding that there was a mortgage of some \$2000.00 on the property, which of course was lost; though the mortgagee received the *Official Gazette* and diligently waded through its columns, he failed to recognize the property, which had passed from the hands of the person to whom he had lent the money, and of course was entered in the name of a third party, a stranger to him, and was described only by a number on the Cadastral plan; a difficult task it would be to recognize a property by such a slight indication and a fatal omission of memory it proved to him. How much money is lost every year from like causes, it is hard to calculate; how many poor widows have been defrauded by dishonest debtors, whose only trouble is to have themselves quietly sued and sold out, to deprive their unsuspecting victims of perhaps their only means of subsistence; how many families have found themselves hurled from comfort to poverty by the announcement that the property was sacrificed on which rested all their hopes, the mortgage which was their only stay was lost by the fraud, or even the neglect of a debtor, who in his despair at losing his all, may have forgotten to warn those who in happier days may have advanced him money at reasonable rates, to befriend him. And now the remedy. Let the sales be advertised in the public papers, at least once or twice a week; let the sheriff be directed immediately on receiving a writ to order a Registrar's Certificate of Search and let him then send a notice of the sale to every person, who by the Registrar's certificate is shown to have claims upon the property; the cost of this would be slight, it could be added to the ordinary expenses and would be only a drop of water the more, the trouble to the Sheriff would be trifling, and no one would be more pleased at performing such a duty than our respected friend C. A. Leblanc; he has won for himself a reputation to be proud of, as a lawyer, a public officer and a citizen; let him take this matter up, add another service to the many he has conferred upon the public, and he will have introduced a reform greater and more important, than the many he has effected in our Court House, our Reformatory, our Jail and throughout the district; he will save thousands of dollars for worthy people, both for unfortunate debtors and perhaps equally unfortunate creditors.

#### LECTURE BY THE REV. JAMES CARMICHAEL.

On Thursday evening last, a vast assembly, numbering about 5,000 people, congregated in the Victoria Skating Rink, to hear a lecture on Ireland, by the popular and highly gifted orator, Rev. James Carmichael. Montreal has frequently been visited by Irish patriots, each, eloquent in his own peculiar ideas of how the dear old land should be benefited but, never were more liberal, honest, yet patriotic views given expression to, than those expounded by this Protestant Clergyman; and it is a matter of the deepest regret that they are not those more generally adopted by many really talented and brilliant sons of Erin. The Concert was under the auspices of a Committee of ladies in aid of the Temperance Home, and they have every reason to feel proud of the magnificent success, which has crowned their efforts. The entertainment opened with a Tableau, "Rich and Rare." The sweet face of the lady, whose beauty was so rarely enhanced by the rich robes she wore, must have been such a one as Moore dreamed of when he wrote the immortal ballad. After the curtain fell, on this charming scene, the panoramic views were introduced. They were managed by Mr. F. W. Jones, and to him is due a great deal of the success of the evening's amusement. In opening his lecture, Mr. Carmichael

who, by the way, is the fortunate owner of a beautiful accent, remarked that he did not stand before them as an orator, but merely to point out, and describe a few of Ireland's many beauties. He would bring before the memory of some, and introduce to others a few well known spots in that dear old land. He would not delight the eye, with wonderful scenery, though Ireland had plenty of it, but he had picked out a few well-known views on the practical principle that there is no face like a well known one, and no song so sweet as an old one. . . . We cannot do justice to the many eloquent passages, that embellished the description of each scene, as it was presented to the audience—the principal among which were, "Irish Parliament Houses, College Green, the Four Courts, Grafton Street, Christ Church, Castle Chapel, The Rope Bridge Carrick-a-Reed, Pass of Kylemore, Connemara, Knockcross Abbey, Meeting of the Waters, Blarney Stone, and the Treaty Stone, Limerick. While this latter was being placed on the "sheet" the Rev. Gentleman, spoke in earnest tones, of the unfortunate disunion existing between Irishmen. He acknowledged the Treaty of which that stone was a monument, had been shamefully broken but, he added, "the English Parliament has passed the Catholic Emancipation Bill, which is worth a dozen Treaties." He would wish to see that monument demolished, and on its ruins, he would be proud to see another one rise, on the base of which would be inscribed *Catholic Emancipation 1829*. He lauded, and described as worthy of equal admiration the bravery of the inhabitants of Derry, in defending themselves for three months, and the splendid courage of the besieged of Limerick in withstanding the attacks of superior forces for a whole year. In concluding the speaker, congratulated the audience on the unfortunately too novel sight, of Catholic and Protestant, united like brothers and friends. "In fact," said he, "this meeting is a panoramic view of what Canada will ever be, the meeting place of many nations, and the home of all. The fosterer of religious liberty free from all penal statutes, and unhappy bitterness, the kindly mother that will allow no son to be enslaved or call no child alien." The band of the 5th Royal Fusiliers, discoursed some choice selections of Irish Airs and at one end of the hall, a fountain of Natural waters, illuminated by variegated lights produced a magnificent effect. In a word, everything was perfect. The singing good, the Tableau first class, and the lecture, one, which if often re-echoed would do more good to Ireland and Irishmen, than all the red-hot, radical, emity-spreading speeches, that ever were made.

#### WATER RATES.

In those days of sanitary reform, when papers, Aldermen, physicians, and the whole city are anxiously discussing the ravages of small-pox and other epidemics arising from impure air, want of ventilation and improper drainage, it is astonishing to see the City authorities issuing a mandate for collection of arrears, which if carried out logically would create all the evils we dread so much; we mean the cutting off of the water from delinquent tax payers. If there be any remedy and preventive for disease, it is cleanliness, and how can we have it, if the poor be deprived of water? There is another consideration which ought not to be forgotten; we are not in the least in favor of a paternal Government in the sense that the authorities should be expected to give work continually to the poor; it was tried in France and only produced laziness on the part of the recipients, and extravagance in expenditure, it leads directly to Communistic ideas and produced that effect in Paris; it savors too much of the idea that prosperity is not a right but a trust, and that the people and the Government have a right of almost universal confiscation for the benefit of the majority; but we hold that in times of distress individuals and public corporations should be indulgent in their relations with their debtors, and that harsh treatment in a matter as the collection of water rates only exasperates the poor, increases their misery and leads to greater losses than if a few dollars were expended in relieving distress, how much more true is this when only indulgence and temporary delay is required? The principle of coming to the relief of the unfortunate has been very properly admitted in the vote of money to the sufferers of the St. Hyacinthe fire, why not apply it in a modified form to our own sufferers from want of work? And if there be so very pressing demands upon our finances, why not collect the thousands of dollars of arrears due by our other citizens? Many of these persons are well able to pay, the suffering caused by severe measures against them would not be greater to say the least than that sure to follow the cutting off of water from the households of the poor. If severe measures must be exercised let it be impartially.

#### DOMINION ITEMS.

A meeting of the Bar of the district of Montreal was held Friday to consider what steps should be taken in view of the dead lock which had occurred in the administration of justice. The following resolutions were passed:—

"That the judicial affairs of this district require the unceasing labours of the six judges appointed for it; that none of these six judges should be called upon to fulfil duties outside of the city of Montreal; and whenever any of these judges become unable to attend to their duties they should be permanently or temporarily replaced.

"That the administration of justice in the Superior Court, the Insolvency Court, and in the Court of Review, is in the highest degree affected in consequence of the refusal of Judge Moidelet to sit in all proceedings taken under the Insolvency Acts of 1869 and 1872, and also to give effect to the Dominion Controversed Election Act, to which he refuses to give any attention."

Other resolutions followed.

**FATAL ACCIDENT.**—On Saturday evening last, about 5 o'clock, a laborer named John T. Vixor went on board the SS, when he accidentally fell down the hatchway into the hold of the vessel and sustained a fracture of the skull, which proved fatal. The vessel's surgeon was in attendance, and ordered the unfortunate man to be conveyed to the General Hospital, where he died during the night of his injuries. Deceased was formerly a soldier in the 100th Regiment, and was about 45 years of age.

**DEATH FROM INTemperance.**—Coroner Jones and a jury held an inquest late on Friday evening last,

on the body of *Hermidas Lajoie*, a painter by trade, 27 years of age, found dead in an outhouse in rear of his dwelling. It appears from the evidence that deceased, while on his way to work, stepped into a tavern kept by Maxime Lepeau, corner of Milne and St. Dominique, which he was in the habit of frequenting. His employer finding him absent from work went in search of him, and discovered him in the tavern. Taking from him the paint and brushes, the employer left deceased in the tavern, where he remained all day, drinking copiously. On returning home in the evening Lajoie went into an outhouse near his premises, and stayed away so long that his wife became anxious, and on going to the place discovered her husband dead. Dr. LaBerge was immediately called in, but his services were of no avail. Verdict, "death from congestion of the lungs, consequent upon the excessive use of spirituous liquors." Deceased leaves a wife and two children.—*Gazette*.

A deputation from Three Rivers has interviewed the Attorney-General and Chief Justice on the subject of judicial matters connected with that district.

**KINGSTON, Oct. 27.**—A man named McGowan, while blasting at a well at Portsmouth yesterday, was seriously injured by the premature explosion of a charge.

Three persons guilty of stealing clothes from clothes-lines received sentences of six months each at Kingston on Friday.

According to the St. Mary's, Ont., *Argus*, a meeting in favour of the "Dunkin Bill" was lately held in Blanshard, at which there is represented to have been a very respectable audience. On their way home, the rev. gentlemen who addressed the meeting were stoned by several rowdies who were laying in wait for them on the roadside.

**NAPANEE, Oct. 27.**—Willie Kelly, a young man about seventeen years of age, employed in the Napanee Paper Mills, was accidentally killed in the machine room this evening about 5:30. He was getting out of the tank and was struck by an agitator in the back of the neck. Death was instantaneous. The coroner of Napanee was telegraphed for, and has gone to hold an inquest.

**OTTAWA, Oct. 27.**—While two sons of Major White, of the Post-office Department, were out duck shooting on the Mississippi River, about four miles from Arnprior, to-day, their boat swamped, and the youngest, named Harry, was drowned. At the time of writing, the body had not been recovered.

The writ for a new election in the county of Queen's, P.E.I., to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons by the appointment of Hon. Mr. Laird to the Lieutenant-Governorship of the North-West Territory, has been despatched to Sheriff Watson, of Queen's county. The nomination will take place on the 15th November, and polling on the 22nd inst.

The late ventures in the exportations of live stock from Guelph and other parts of Canada to Great Britain are said to have been successful, a fair margin of profit having been realized. The shippers feel encouraged thereby to cultivate the trade, and a line of special steamers is already spoken of. If this is done it will be a benefit to the country generally, as there can be no doubt that stock raising would be more advantageous to farmers than the present system of overcropping with cereals.

**QUEBEC, Oct. 29.**—A gentleman who has just returned from Lake St. John gives a very flattering account of that section of the country. He states that the crops were very luxuriant this year, and were all housed by the last week of August; that the land in the vicinity of the lake is excellent, and so great in extent as to be capable of sustaining an additional population of 100,000 people in that neighborhood alone. An influential resident informed him that if the Lake St. John Railway were built he would guarantee that Quebec could export two million bushels of wheat annually from the surplus of this district.

**OTTAWA, October 29.**—It is understood that the Northern Railway Co. has paid to the Receiver-General \$500,000, with interest thereon at 6 per cent. from the first of July to date, being full satisfaction of the lien of the Government on said railway, as provided for in cap. 23, Vic. 38, and amendment thereto, cap. 6, Vic. 39.—The Grand Jury, in their address to the Court of Assize, at present in session here, advance the opinion that the Criminal Law should be so amended that the country should not be put to so much expense in the prosecution of persons for larceny where articles stolen are of such insignificant value as they proved to be in cases which came before them during the present session.

Notices of application to the Legislature at the next session, are published: By the North Simcoe Railway Company, to amend their Act of Incorporation; by the Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario West, for an Act of Incorporation; by the Prescott Printing and Publishing Company (Limited), for a charter incorporating said Company; by the rector and churchwarden of St. Mark's Church, Niagara, for an Act to enable them to sell a certain parcel of land given the said church by the Ordinance Department; and by the Port Dover and Lake Huron Railway Company, for an Act to amend their Acts of Incorporation, to permit them to issue first mortgage bonds, to confirm resolutions and by-laws relating to bonds of the Company to confirm the purchase of the Port Dover Harbour, and for other purposes.

During the past week some twenty-five vessels arrived at Quebec but only three or four are open for charter, and they were fixed at good rates. There is still a good demand for tonnage, but we can't expect many more seeking vessels this season, as the number now due there is small, and no doubt most of them are chartered. A comparative list of arrivals to Friday last gives 171 vessels (155,263 tons) more than last year. Transactions in freights have been:—London, 36s hardwood; 35s pine; 90s deals. Liverpool—35s part hardwood; 90s deals. Cardiff—36s 6d timber. Barrow—34s 6d timber; 85s deals. Gloucester—46s hardwood; 85s deals. Clyde—31s to 32s timber; nominal. No arrivals. Salt-selling ex-store, 55c per sack; Liverpool coarse, 10 to the ton. One cargo of Scotch steam was sold at \$4.20 per chaldron of 1½ tons; one of Welsh at \$3.75 per ton. Sydney coal is selling at \$3.50 to \$3.75 per chaldron, nominal. No arrivals; fine brick selling ex-wharf at \$24 to \$26 per mile car brand.

A Princeton correspondent of the London *Free Press* gives the following account of a miraculous escape from a horrible death which happened in that village the other day: Mr. T. Logan, of that place has had in his possession for some time past a tame bear. On Saturday his son went into the yard to feed the animal, when the bear sprang upon him and lacerated him in a frightful manner, completely tearing the calf from one of his legs and inflicting some deep gashes in his shoulder. His cries for help brought his father, who fortunately was near by, who after a desperate struggle, succeeded in rescuing his son. The bear previous to this had never exhibited any symptoms of his wild nature, and his strange conduct on that afternoon was attributed to his being teased by some boys. Dr. Balmer was immediately called in and dressed the sufferer's wounds, who, from last accounts, will be likely to recover.

The *Rural New Yorker* says—It is a matter for congratulation that our Canada friends have taken such an interest in the Centennial Exhibition, when, to use a common expression, "is none of their business." Still, they have come forward nobly, and in many departments, notably in the way of farm pro-

ducts, have beaten us all out of sight. The Entomological Society of Canada is the only one making any display, our own "bug-hunters" not even making an attempt to show what they have been doing in this branch of natural science. In the Butter and Cheese Departments Canada is also ahead. We can, therefore, return Mrs. Jack's compliment and say, "Blessed are the Canadians, for out of their abundance they freely spare a portion to help along the Centennial Exposition!"

**A DARK "SEANCE" AND WHAT CAME OF IT.**—A gentleman who calls himself a spiritualist, and who bears a reputation of being a successful medium, has for some time past been engaged in holding a number of seances at various places in Toronto. These seances, it is said, have been well attended, and so striking were the "manifestations" produced through the agency of the medium that many of our citizens who had previously been skeptical became converts to spiritualism. The price of admission to the seances was generally half a dollar, for which sum those who were fortunate enough to gain admission to the "circle" enjoyed for a brief period the extreme felicity of holding communion with five spirits, who played, sang, and danced by turns, and who occasionally indulged in such playful eccentricities as slapping the faces, pulling the hair, and even pinching the bodies of certain favoured ones in the circle with whom it is said they were in sympathy. A member of a well-known dry-goods firm having an establishment on Yonge st. attended several seances, and for some reason or other became convinced that the manifestations were frauds and the medium a humbug. He determined to expose the whole affair, and with this object in view, he paid a visit on Thursday night last to a house in which the medium generally summoned the attendance of the spirits, having provided himself with a quantity of cotton well saturated with burning fluid. It may be as well to observe here that there is a bedroom in the rear of the chamber in which the seances were held, and that the wall separating the two had been pierced for the accommodation of a stove pipe. On the arrival of our Yonge-street merchant, he found that a seance was just about to be opened, and having watched his opportunity, he contrived to slip into the bedroom unnoticed by the spiritualist. The medium having been bound securely, and a circle formed, the lights were turned down, and in a brief space of time the spirits vouchsafed manifestations of a tremendous character. Everything was working beautifully, when suddenly the room was illumined by a bright, intense, and mysterious light that appeared to proceed from the stove-pipe hole, and to the astonishment of all, the medium was discovered standing unfettered in the middle of the room, with his coat and boots off. His face wore an aspect of unutterable horror, that, seen in the weird light emanating from the stove-pipe hole, had an appalling effect upon his visitors. The denouement is not difficult to imagine; the Yonge-street merchant says he exposed a vile deception—what the medium said we dare not record.—*Globe*.

#### OPEN STOCK EXCHANGE REPORTS.

(CORRECTED FROM THE MONTREAL "GAZETTE.")

STOCKS.	Sellers	Buyers
Montreal	191½	191
British North America	.....	.....
Ontario	.....	.....
City	.....	.....
People's	94	92
Molson's	.....	.....
Toronto	.....	.....
Jacques Cartier	32	31
Merchants	93	92½
Hochelaga	82½	80
Eastern Townships	105	103½
Quebec	106	.....
St. Lawrence	.....	.....
National	.....	.....
St. Hyacinthe	83	80
Union	.....	.....
Villa Maria	70	56
Mechanics	.....	48
Royal Canadian	.....	.....
Commerce	124½	.....
Metropolitan	.....	.....
Dominion	.....	.....
Hamilton	100	.....
Exchange	00	98

Greenbacks bought at 8½ dls. American Silver bought at 12½ to 15 dis.

#### MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.—(Gazette.)

Flour #1 of 198 lb. — Follards	\$9.00	\$9.00
Superior Extra	5.75	5.80
Fancy	5.30	5.50
Spring Extra	5.05	5.15
Superfine	4.75	4.80
Extra Superfine	5.55	5.60
Fine	3.80	3.90
Strong Bakers'	4.80	5.05
Middlings	3.50	3.75
U. C. bag flour, per 100 lbs.	2.30	2.32
City bags, (delivered)	2.35	2.40
Wheat—Spring	1.13	1.18
do White Winter	0.00	0.00
Oatmeal	4.70	4.90
Corn, per bushel of 32 lbs.	0.53	0.63
Oats	0.37	0.38
Pense, per 63 lbs.	0.90	0.91
do alfalfa	0.00	0.00
Barley, per bushel of 48 lbs. L. Canada	0.65	0.70
do do do U. Canada	0.00	0.00
Lard, per lbs.	0.12	0.12½
do do do pails	0.00	0.00
Cheese, per lbs.	0.16	0.12
do Fall makes	0.00	0.00
Fork—New Mess.	21.50	22.80
Thin Mess.	20.50	21.00
Dressed Hogs	0.00	0.00
Beef—Prime Mess, per barrel	00.00	00.00
Ashe's—Fots	4.70	4.75
Firsts	0.00	0.00
Seconds	0.00	0.00
Seeds—Timothy, per 45 lbs	0.00	0.00
Clover	0.00	0.00
Butter—Quiet; 19c to 25c, according to quality.		

#### TORONTO FARMERS' MARKET.—(Globe.)

Wheat, fall, per bush	\$1 10	1 16
do spring	1 10	1 11
Barley	0 75	0 85
Oats	0 00	0 37
Pears	0 00	0 00
Rye	0 00	0 00
Dressed hogs per 100 lbs.	0 00	0 00
Beef, hind-qr. per lb.	0 00	0 00
"fore-quarters	0 00	0 00
Mutton, by carcass, per lb.	0 00	0 00
Butter, lb. rolls	0 22	0 28
"large rolls	0 20	0 22
"tub dairy	0 20	0 22
Eggs, fresh, per doz.	0 17	0 18
"packed	0 13	0 14
Apples, per bush	1 50	1 75
Onions, per bush	0 88	1 60
Turnips, per bush	0 25	0 36
Potatoes, per bush	0 95	1 00
Hay	10 00	14 00
Straw	10 00	11 00
Geese, each	0 50	0 90
Turkeys	0 50	1 00
Cabbage, per doz.	0 50	0 60

#### THE KINGSTON MARKET.—(British Whig.)

Flour—XXX per bbl.	6.25	6.75
" " 100 lbs.	3.25	3.40
Family " 100 "	2.50	2.70
GRAIN—Barley per bushel	0.00	0.00
Rye "	0.55	0.60
Pears "	0.70	0.72
Oats "	0.37	0.40
Wheat "	0.00	0.00
Fall Wheat	0.00	0.00
MEAT—Beef, fore, per 100 lbs.	0.00	0.00
" hind " "	0.00	0.00
" per lb	0.00	0.00
Mutton per lb	0.05	0.08
Ham	0.15	0.17
Veal	0.10	0.00
Bacon	0.12	0.13
Pork	0.80	0.95
HIDES—No 1 untrimmed	4.00	4.50
" "	4.00	0.00
" pelts	0.15	0.20
Calf Skins	0.10	0.12
Deer Skins	0.25	0.30
Lambskins	0.00	0.00
Tallow	0.04	0.07
POULTRY—Turkeys, each	0.75	1.00
Geese	0.50	0.60
Ducks per pair	0.60	0.70
Fowls per pair	0.30	0.40
GENERAL—Potatoes, per bag	0.50	0.75
Butter, tub, per lb.	0.18	0.20
do print	0.22	0.25
Eggs, per dozen	0.15	0.17
Cheese, home made	0.09	0.10
Hay, per ton, new	11.00	12.00
Hay, per ton, old	0.00	0.00
Straw	5.50	6.00
Wood, Hard	3.50	4.50
Coal, per ton, delivered	6.50	7.00
Wool, per lb.	0.25	0.36

**J. H. SEMPLE,**  
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE GROCER,  
53 ST. PETER STREET,  
MONTREAL

**GRAND BAZAAR**  
IN AID OF THE  
SAINT PATRICK'S  
ORPHAN ASYLUM  
AND THE SAINT  
BRIDGET'S REFUGE,  
TO BEGIN ON  
FRIDAY, 10th Instant, 1876.

Admission Tickets ..... 10cts.  
Season Tickets ..... 25cts.  
DOORS OPEN AT 7 P.M.

**ST. PATRICK'S HALL ASSOCIATION.**  
THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stock-holders of the above Association, will take place in PERRY'S HALL, Craig street, on TUESDAY, the 7th proximo, at 7:30 o'clock p.m., for the election of Directors and other business.

BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTORS.

**THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING** of this CORPORATION will be held in the ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY'S HALL, corner of Craig and St. Alexander Streets, on MONDAY Evening next, 6th Nov., at 8 o'clock.  
SAMUEL CROSS, Sec.

#### TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, a retired physician, having providentially discovered, while a Medical Missionary in Southern Asia, a very simple vegetable remedy for the speedy cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, and all throat and lung affections, also, a positive and radical specific for Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all Nervous Complaints, feels it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the recipe for preparing, and full directions for successfully using, this providentially discovered remedy. Those who wish to avail themselves of the benefits of this discovery without cost, can do so by return mail, by addressing, with stamp, and naming paper, Dr. CHARLES P. MARSHALL, 33 Niagara Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

9-13

#### JUST PUBLISHED.

#### THE LAST LECTURE DELIVERED

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#### FATHER MURPHY,

'GRATTAN and the Volunteers of '82,

(With a Portrait of the lamented deceased).

Price, 10 cents.

For Sale at True Witness Office: D. & J. Sadlier, 275 Notre Dame Street, and Battle Bros., & Sheil, 21 Bleury street, Montreal.

#### NOTICE

Is hereby given that "Les Cleres Paroissiaux ou Catéchistes de St. Viateur" will ask the Legislature of Quebec, at its next session, for an act to Amend their Charter of Incorporation, to the effect of having the Council of Administration of their Order known civilly, to give the said Council the right of choosing the place of residence of its members and also of hypothecating certain immovable properties, according to the wants, &c., &c.

PROVINCIAL OF QUEBEC, } SUPERIOR COURT,  
District of Montreal, } Montreal.

Dame Marie Louise Vitaline Perrault, of the City and District of Montreal, wife of Severo Alphonse Tessier, Merchant, of the same place, duly authorized to appear in judicial proceedings,

vs.  
The said Severo Alphonse Tessier, Defendant.