900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought
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Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
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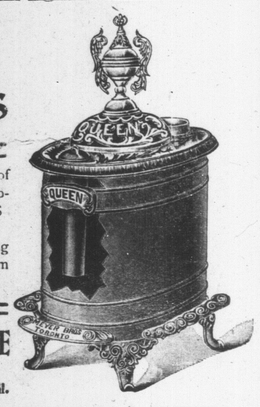
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Stoves Stoves



See our large assortment of heaters. Sole agent for the celebrated QUEEN HEATERS from $3.00 up.

Furnace work and plumbing personally attended to at bottom prices.

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Queen Street. - Bridgetown.

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We carry a choice line of Beef, Pork, Lamb, Veal, Poultry etc.—Sugar Cured Hams, and Breakfast Bacon always in stock.--Fresh Fish in Season.

Williams and Tibert

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at
Paradise General Store

Any quantity GOOD BUTTER and EGGS in exchange for Flour, Feed and Groceries. Having bought our flour BEFORE THE ADVANCE we can sell these goods at PRICES L[illegible]om petitors

E. E. BURI[illegible]N

Interesting Pric[illegible]

The Corner Gro[illegible]

20 pounds Granulated Sugar	[illegible]	[illegible]
22 " Brown "	[illegible]	[illegible]
1 gal. Molasses	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 Bars Surprise Soap	[illegible]	.25
6 " Sunlight "	[illegible]	.27
6 " Welcome "	[illegible]	.24
6 " Maple Leaf Soap	[illegible]	.22
6 Cakes Fairy Soap	[illegible]	.24
5 pounds Morses 40c. Tea	[illegible]	$1.75
5 " " good bulk Tea	[illegible]	$1.25

Many other lines at reduced prices.

J. E. LLOYD

You will find at.....
KINNEY'S SHOE STORE

A complete stock of Amherst Oil Grain Boots. The Celebrated Hart Shoe. Call and examine, pleasure to show goods. A full line of Hosiery.

KINNEY'S SHOE STORE
PRIMROSE BLOCK, GRANVILLE ST.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in Two.
[illegible] on Box. 25c.

Queen Victoria's Letters.

The Toronto Globe has the following special cable from London, England: "Queen Victoria's Letters," edited by A. C. Benson and Lord Esher, and published last week, are stated in the preface to form "what is probably the most extraordinary series of State documents in the world."

They are a monument of industry and an enduring testimonial of devotion to the sense of right and a powerf stimulus to patriotism. Never before has the country been taken in to the confidence of a Monarch with such frankness and lack of restraint.

The letters published in these three bulky volumes cover the period of 24 years that elapsed between her accession in 1837 and the death of the Prince Consort in 1861. There are some letters referring to the Queen's early life, in which the writer refers to Uncle Leopold I., King of the Belgians, as providing the "brightest epoch of my otherwise melancholy childhood."

On June 19, 1837, the then Princess Victoria wrote to her uncle, informing him of the imminence of the death of William IV. In speaking of her expected accession she said:

"I look forward to the event, which, it seems, is likely to occur soon, with calmness and quietness. I am not alarmed at it, and yet I do not suppose myself quite equal at all. I trust, however, that with good-will, honesty and courage I shall not, at all events, fail." This letter concluded with the hope that "the All-Powerful Being, who has so long watched over my destinies, will guide and support me in whatever situation and station it may please Him to place me."

There are some naive remarks in a long description of the coronation, which the Queen wrote in her private journal:

"Millions of my subjects showed good humor and excessive loyalty and really I cannot say how proud I feel to be Queen of such a nation, when my good Lord of Melbourne knelt down and kissed my hand he pressed my hand and I grasped his with my heart. The Archbishop had most awkwardly put the ring on the wrong finger, and I had the greatest difficulty to take it off again, which at last I did with great pain. The crown hurt me a great deal."

The day after her marriage (February 11, 1840), the Queen wrote to King Leopold from Windsor Castle:

"Dearest Uncle,—I write you from here, the happiest, happiest being that ever existed. Really I do not think it possible for anyone in the world to be happier or as happy as I am. He is an angel, and his kindness and affection for me is really touching. To look in those dear eyes, and dear, manly face is enough to make me adore him. What I can do to make him happy will be my greatest delight and independent of my great personal happiness.

"The reception we both met with yesterday was the most gratifying and enthusiastic I ever experienced. There was no end of crowds in London and all along the road."

A letter written soon after the birth of the present King ran as follows:

"Our dear little boy is a wonderfully strong and large child, with very large blue eyes and finely formed, but with a somewhat large nose and pretty little mouth. I hope and pray he may be like his dearest papa. He is to be called Albert and Edward is to be his second name.

Queen Victoria although she confessed on occasion to King Leopold that she grew to dislike politics, closely followed every political question. She thus refers to Sir Robert Peel's bill to increase the grant to the Roman Catholic College at Maynooth:

"Buckingham Palace, April 15, 1845.

"My Beloved Uncle,—Here we are in a great state of agitation about one of the greatest measures ever proposed. I am sure poor Peel ought to be blessed by all Catholics for the manly and noble way in which he stands forth to protect and do good to poor Ireland. But the bigotry, wicked and blind passions it brings forth is quite dreadful, and I blush for Protestantism.

"A Presbyterian clergyman said very truly that bigotry is more common than shame."

Between 1848 and 1851 there was friction between the Court and Palmerston over the conduct of foreign affairs, and finally the latter resigned. On December 3, 1851, the Queen wrote to King Leopold I:

"Dearest Uncle,—I have the greatest pleasure in announcing to you a piece of news which will give you as much satisfaction and relief as it does to us. Lord Palmerston is no longer Foreign Secretary, and Lord Granville is already named as his successor. He had spite of the serious admonition and caution he received, only on the 9th of November, and again at the beginning of December, he tells Walewki that he entirely approves of Louis Napoleon's coup d'etat, when he had written to Lord Normanby, by my desire and that of my Cabinet, that he (Lord Normanby) was to continue his diplomatic intercourse with the French Government, but was to remain perfectly passive and give no opinion."

In a letter to her uncle after her visit to Spithead, the Queen made the following reference to the British navy: "I think it is in these immense wooden walls that our real greatness lies."

And in another to the same correspondent ten years later she thus spoke of the Duke of Wellington:

"I am sure you will mourn with us over the loss we and this whole nation have experienced in the death of the dear and great old Duke of Wellington. He was the pride and the hongenie, as it were, of this country. He was the greatest man this country ever produced, and the most devoted and loyal subject, and the staunchest supporter the Crown ever had. He was to us a true, kind friend and a most valuable adviser. To think that all this is gone, that this great and immortal man belongs now to history, and no longer to the present is a truth which we cannot realize."

There are many letters referring to the Crimean war. One speaks of the "dreadful and incalculable consequences of war weighing upon my heart." Another quotes Shakespeare's words, "Beware of entrance to a quarrel; but being in beart that the opposed may beware of thee," as being deeply engraved on the hearts of all Englishmen.

Three years later in 1857, there is this reference to the Indian mutiny: "We are in sad anxiety about India, which engrosses all of our attention. Troops cannot be raised fast or largely enough, and the horrors committed on poor ladies, women and children, are unknown in these ages and make one's blood run cold. Altogether the whole is so much more distressing than the Crimea, where there was glory and honorable warfare and where poor women and children were safe."

The book ends with the death of Prince Consort. The Queen pours out her soul to her second father, Leopold I., in her anguish as she had done in her joy:

"Osborne, December 20, 1861.

"My own dearest, kindest father, for as such have I ever loved you. The poor fatherless baby of eight months is now the utterly broken-hearted and crushed widow of forty-two. My life as a happy one is ended. The world is gone for me. If I must live on—and I will do nothing to make me worse than I am—it is henceforth for our poor fatherless children, for my unhappy country which has lost all in losing him, and in only doing what I know and feel he would wish, for he is near me, his spirit will guide and inspire me. But, oh, to be cut off in the prime of life to see our pure happy, quiet, domestic life, which alone enabled me to bear my much-disliked position, cut off at forty-two, when I had hoped with such instinctive certainty that God never would part us and would let us grow old together!"

"Although he always talked of the shortness of life, it is too awful, too cruel, and yet it must be for his good, his happiness. His purity was too great, his aspiration too high for this poor, miserable world. His great soul is now only enjoying that for which it was worthy, and I will not envy him, only pray that mine may be perfected by it, and fit to be with him eternally, for which blessed moment I earnestly long."

The book has been copyrighted by the King in Great Britain and dependencies.

Treatment of Burns.

Large superficial burns are more dangerous than small deep ones, unless the latter are over a vital organ. As a rule, the amount of skin destruction measures the danger. Children succumb more readily to burns than adults, while women are more sensitive to them than men.

Promptness of treatment has much influence on the outcome. Burns upon the abdomen give the greatest mortality.

In few difficulties is early attention more imperative than in burns, hence the importance of disseminating useful knowledge among the laity on the subject, that something effective may often be done while waiting for the physician.

The white of egg beaten up with sweet oil and bicarbonate of soda makes a very soothing application, protecting the surface from the air. If sweet oil is not at hand linseed or any other vegetable oil will do.

It is well to have ready for application to burns of not very large extent, an ointment compounded as follows: Ichthyol ointment, one ounce; carbolized petrolatum, one ounce; zinc ointment, one ounce; subnitrate of bismuth, one drachm; powdered opium, one drachm. This ointment may be applied freely and will be found to give almost immediate relief.

If a burned hand or foot is plunged at once into a basin of water into which a few spoonfuls of powdered saltpetre are placed, the pain often ceases at once. If it return, adding fresh cold water and more saltpetre will again stop it. Follow this with one of the preparations mentioned, and you will be doing a great deal for the comfort of the patient.

If the patient is much shocked by the burn give a teaspoon of aromatic spirits of ammonia in some cool water and apply hot water bags to points not burned. Do this especially when there is chilliness and send for your physician at once.—Good Housekeeping.

New International Stamp

A new international stamp has been issued. The provision for its use was adopted by the postal congress at Rome, Italy, last year.

The new stamp is really a reply coupon of the nature of a money order which can be purchased at postoffices for 6 cents and which upon presentation at the postoffice in foreign countries entitles the bearer to receive without charge a postage stamp of the country where presented the equivalent in value to a five-cent postage stamp of the United States. By this arrangement a person in this country can furnish its correspondent in any of the other countries in the agreement with a postage stamp to prepay postage on a reply to his letter.

The new international stamp was proposed on motion of Henniker Heaton, M.P. in the convention. It is approximately four inches by three inches in size, and the design was by M. Eugene Gressot and was engraved by M. E. Flovian, both of Paris, recognized as among the foremost of their craft. The new stamp or coupon is headed "Coupon Response International."

The vignette on the stamp represents the figure of a goddess or a messenger of peace from one hemisphere to the others with an olive branch scroll as a pedestal. The robes of the goddess are of a blue-gray, fading into a yellowish-green background. The stamp has been made by Benzigor & Co., of Einsiedeln, Switzerland, and above the figure on the stamp are the words in each case in the language of the country which issues the stamp.

body. In 1848 he was a man of about

THAT
BAD BREATH
OF YOURS MEANS INDIGESTION

And very likely constipation, which fill your blood with impurities and poison your whole system. To cleanse your blood and strengthen your digestive organs

TAKE MOTHER
Seigel's
SYRUP

Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold Everywhere

J. WHITE & CO., MONTREAL.

The Ideal Laxative for Children

Mothers cannot be too careful in what they give children to move the bowels. Calomel, cascara, senna, salts, cathartic pills, castor oil, and purging mineral waters irritate the bowels—upset the stomach—and eventually lead up to chronic non-action of the bowels—Constipation.

Fruit-a-tives
(or FRUIT LIVER TABLETS.)

are the finest medicine in the world for children.

It is just like giving the little ones apples, oranges, figs and prunes — because "Fruit-a-tives" ARE the juices of these fruits—but so combined that the medicinal action is increased many times.

Fruit-a-tives are perfectly safe for the children. Keep a box always in the house. 19

50c. a box—6 for $2.50. Sent on receipt of price, if your druggist does not handle them. Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Chinese Labor

Presiding at the annual meeting of the Burma Ruby Mines (Limited), in London, Sir Lopel H. Griffin, in reviewing the work of the year, thought that in these days of political misunderstanding and misapprehension of various points in England it was fair to say that the success achieved up to date on the Burma Ruby Mine was due in the largest degree to the work and the character of the Chinese workmen. Much was heard about Chinese labor in England, particularly when an election was in progress (laughter). A great many politicians who ought to know better denounced the Chinese as the most odious and reprehensible class of people. Having employed Chinese by the thousands for years, he wished to say there was no more admirable, more moral, more respectful, more hard-working, or more honest workmen in the world than Chinese; and he defied any person present who had any real knowledge of the Chinese to say anything to the contrary. A great friend of his, who had long directed the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank, one of the largest institutions in the world, had said that a Chinaman's word was as good as his bond; yet these Chinese were the people who were calumniated or were not considered fit to live in the same place or breathe the same air as all sorts of loafers—the scum of every nation in Europe. He wished to say once and for all that so far as the board were concerned, the Chinese were regarded as admirable workers, and compared favorably with the working man who extended a job of a few hours into a week, who dawdled in drawing-rooms and flirted with servants, and who only did work which added to the difficulties of those who afterwards had to be called in. He concluded by moving the adoption of the report, which was carried.

Mr. Rudyard Kipling is unable to understand why Canadians should fear the emigration of Asiatics. While in Vancouver he saw no mass of unemployed kept out of work by Chinese or Japs or Hindoos, but he did see a large consignment of Hindoos, everyone of whom found work waiting for him within a few hours of landing. Everywhere through Canada, he says, positions for skilled labor are vacant, because the men who ought to fill them are doing the unskilled labor that these Asiatics could so well do, and everywhere family life is suffering from lack of domestic help, which shall release the mother of the family to her proper work.

THE CHURCH AND SOCIALISM.

A striking speech on socialism was made by the Bishop of Stepney in addressing a crowded men's meeting in connection with the church congress at Yarmouth, Eng., recently.

"We see the tide of a great movement, which, whether we like it or not is going to be the great master current of the life of the people of England in the twentieth century," said the bishop. "There is abundance of luxury, but there is appalling abundance of poverty. The nineteenth century forgot it is not enough to produce wealth lavishly, it is important how it is distributed. A reaction was bound to come and some of us welcome it. The nineteenth century was the period of individualism and competition. The twentieth century will take its place as the era of socialism and co-operation.

"What is the attitude of the church? It cannot be one of mere opposition. The question is not whether we can arrest it, but whether the influence of Christ can lead and guide it; whether it can be made a movement which will come gradually and fruitfully or suddenly and dangerously; whether it will be a movement of peace or of violence of justice or injustice.

The church, he added, could belong to no party. They might sympathize with the labor movement, but they must remind it that labor has it duties as well as its rights.

The first step [illegible] know that [illegible]

Church Services

ST. JAMES' CHURCH.

RECTOR—Rev. E. Underwood.
CHURCH WARDENS—Albert Morse and William R. Longmire.
VESTRY CLERK—G. W. Shipton.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

10 a. m.—Sunday School and Bible Class.
11 a. m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
On all Sundays except the 1st in the month.
7 p. m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Every Sunday.
The HOLY COMMUNION is celebrated on the 2nd and 4th Sundays at the 11 a. m. Service, and on the 3rd and 5th Sundays at 8 a. m.

WEEK DAYS.

Fridays—7.30 p. m. in the schoolroom, followed by choir practice.
Other times according to notice.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, BELLEISLE.

CHAPEL WARDENS—Charles Wade and William E. Bent.
RECORDING SECRETARY—A. J. Bustin.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

The 1st Sunday in the month:—
9.45 a. m.—Sunday School.
10.30 a. m.—Litany, Sermon, and Holy Communion.
All other Sundays:—
1.45 p. m.—Sunday School and Bible Class.
3 p. m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.

WEEK DAYS.

Thursday—7.30 p. m.
Other times according to notice.

St. PETERS-BY-THE-SEA, YOUNG'S COVE.

CHAPEL WARDENS—John R. Bent and Dan. W. Young.
The 1st Sunday in the month 2.30 p. m.
Other services according to notice.
THE WOMEN'S AUXILARY meets: Belleisle, on the 2nd Tuesday in the month at 3 p. m.
Upper Granville, on the Thursday before the first Sunday in the month at 3 p. m.
The Sacrament of Baptism is administered at any Service, notice having been given to the Rector.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

PASTOR—Rev. A. S. Lewis, B. D.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

At 10 a. m. the Sunday School meets.
Public worship with sermon every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Everybody heartily welcome.
On the 2nd Sunday of each month the Junior Mission Band meets at 2.30.
On the 4th Sunday of each month the Senior Mission Band meets at 2.30.
The ordinance of the Lord's Supper is observed on the 1st Sunday of each month, at the close of the morning worship.

MID-WEEK SERVICES.

Wednesday evening, at 7.30 o'clock, B. Y. P. U.
Friday evening, at 7.30, meeting of the church and congregation for social worship.
We aim to make these services full of Praise, Prayer, Profit. Come and help.
The W. M. A. S. meets on the Tuesday following the first Sunday of each month.
Public worship with sermon at Centrelea, the 2nd and 4th Sundays of each month, at 3 o'clock.

GORDON MEMORIAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

PASTOR—Rev. A. J. MacDonald.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Public worship at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sabbath School and Bible Class at 10 a. m.

WEEK DAYS.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.
Young People's Meeting, Friday evening at 7.30.
Strangers and visitors welcomed to all services.

In connection with the above list of Church Services, the Ministers suggest that as much notice as possible should be given of Marriages and Funerals, and that the hour should not be fixed until the Minister concerned has been consulted. Also that Funerals should not take place on Sundays unless there be most urgent cause.

BRIDGETOWN DIRECTORY.

Town Officials

MAYOR—W. D. Lockett.
TOWN CLERK—F. L. Milner.
Office hours:—9 a. m. to 5 p. m.
HEALTH OFFICER—Dr. Armstrong
CHAIRMAN OF STREET COMMITTEE—W. R. Calder.
CHAIRMAN OF POOR COMMITTEE—J. R. DeWitt.
SCOTT ACT INSPECTOR—A. L. Anderson.
CHIEF OF POLICE—A. L. Anderson
TAX COLLECTOR—E. A. Craig.

Post Office Hours

Mail closes for West,	11.55 a. m
Mail closes for East,	1.40 p. m.

EXPRESS TRAINS ARRIVE.

Train going West,	12.11 p. m.
Train going East,	1.54 p. m.

Fraternal Lodges

MASONS.

Meet Thursday nearest full moon in each month.

H. L. Bustin, Secretary.

ODD FELLOWS.

Meet every Thursday in Chute's Hall.

Stanley Marshall, Secretary.

REBECCAS.

Meet 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month.

Mrs. Burpee Chute, Secretary.

FORESTERS.

Meet 3rd Tuesday in each month.

W. E. Jewett, Secretary.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

Meet every Monday in [illegible]

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Our Book-keeping Students use Loose Leaf Ledgers and all modern labour-saving office appliances, and our Shorthand Students are trained to write the BEST system of shorthand.

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—OUR—
Fall Stock has Arrived

Mens' Overcoats, latest make, in Black, Blue and Stripes, all this season's make.

Mens' Suits, in Hewson plaids, Stripes, Black and Blue, to satisfy every man's pocket-book.

Boys' Overcoats, very nicely made.

Boys' Suits, in 2 and 3 pieces, Norfolk style.

For Ladies we have Coats in Light, Blue and Black.

Ladies' Skirts, in fancy, light colors, Navy and Black.

Do your fall shopping here and save money. A pleasure to show goods.

JACOBSON & SON.
C. L. Piggott's Block.

FOR SALE

Good hay farm, Orchard in good bearing condition, a beautiful situation. For particulars apply to

J. Parker Whitman

Bridgetown Oct, 23rd, 3 mos

Norway Cod Liver Oil

It is the best Oil

and we have just received our new barrel. This is the time of year to fortify the system and get flesh for Cold Weather protection. See our Window this week. Notice the clear quality of our Cod Liver Oil—it's just as pure as it looks—it's the best ever.

35, 50 and 75c.

W. A. WARREN
CHEMIST & OPTICIAN

BANKRUPT SALES.—Rifles, Shotguns, Revolvers, Canoes, Boats, Tents Hunting and Outing Suits, Fishing Tackle, Cameras, Field Glasses, Office Desks, Typewriters, new and perfect working, $5 to $75. Write at once for list. All goods below half prices.

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Nauwigewauk, N. B.

SOVEREIGN FLAVORINGS

Are The Best That Money Can Buy

THE KINDS ARE
VANILLA
LEMON
PEPPERMINT
And Many Others