Paradise.

Service on Sunday, Aug. 18th, at 3 p. m.

Mr. Elwood Young, of Revere, Mass., is visiting his uncles, Hamilton and Wallace Young.

Mrs. L. E. Landers, of Medford, Mass., and Mrs. H. Hanson, of Cambridge, Mass., who have been visiting Mrs. J. C. Morse, are, in company with Mrs. Morse, enjoying an outing at Port Lorne.

The following is the record of Principal Longley's pupils who wrote for certificates at the provincial examination: Mary Phinney and Myrtle Starratt successfully passed in the M. P. Q. work; Aubrey Durling obtained a B certificate; Charles Durling, Willard Longley and Mabel Longley, C certificates, the last named obtaining an aggregate of over six hundred. The D's have not yet been heard from.

Mrs. William Joint and daughter Marion, of Lynn, Mass., are guests at H. Young's for a few weeks.

A number of young men have taken advantage of the harvest excursion to Manitoba. Frank and Fletcher Hines, Herman Whitman, Charles Jodrey and Chas. Crisp went from this station on Saturday.

Thursday was the day appointed for the Sunday School picnic at Port Lorne, but the weather being unpromising in the early morning some did not go until the following day. However, all report a good time.

Quite a number drove over to Port Lorne on Sunday to visit their friends who are stopping there.

Mr. H. H. Plummer, of Winchester, Mass., is at W. H. Bishop's.

The Paradise party at Port Lorne return home this week.

South Williamston.

Mr. and Mrs. Phineas Charlton started for Brookfield, Queens Co., on Thursday, to visit their daughter, Mrs. (Rev.) J. H. Balcom, and other friends.

Miss Emily Harper, of Boston, and Miss Horner, of Yarmouth, are visiting Miss Edna Marshall.

Rev. L. F. and Mrs. Wallace, of Mechanicville, N. Y., were the guests of Councillor Bishop and wife on Sunday.

C. K. Morse (lic.) has gone to Tancook, Lunenburg Co., to occupy the pulpit of the Baptist Church there for a time.

Our enterprising merchant, T. G. Bishop, has recently added a new supply to his stock of general merchandise. He reports trade very satisfactory the past season. Mr. B. has been in business for several years, and is in a position to buy and sell as low as anyone in the trade.

Miss Kinney, of Bridgetown, has been engaged to teach the public school here the coming year.

Mrs. Emeline Beals, who has been visiting relatives and friends here for a few weeks, leaves for her home at Bear River on Wednesday.

Annapolis Royal.

A special train with the directors of the D. A. R. passed through here last Thursday, returning Sunday afternoon.

The Baptists of Digby held their Sunday school picnic at the Academy grounds at Annapolis last week. A more suitable place for a picnic than those grounds could hardly be found, with the long rows of shady trees and grassy lawns. About ninety persons came on the tug Marina, which conveyed them home again in the afternoon.

Mr. Clements, the travelling representative of the Singer Manufacturing Co., is in town.

Mr. King, agent for the firm of Underwood & Underwood, manufacturers of stereoscopic views, has been in town for a few days.

Masters Hal Atlee and Claude King have arrived home from camp. They spent a very pleasant time.

The Baptist Sunday school picnic of Annapolis was held at Three Bridges last Thurday.

A concert for the benefit of the band will be held in the Academy of Music tomorrow evening.

Outram.

Mrs. George Corbitt and family of Port Lorne, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John O'Neal a few days last week.

Miss Laura O'Neal, who has been visiting her sister Mrs. Will Bent, of Clarence, has returned home.

Miss Minnie Miller, of Port Lorne, recently spent a week with her aunt, Mrs. Allen Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Marshall of Arlington, spent one day last week with Mr. and Mrs. John Balsor.

Mrs. W. B. Wilkins of Somerville, who has been spending the summer at Digby, is at present visiting her sister, Mrs. Parker Banks.

Mr. Burpee Miller of Granville, is staying a few days with his mother Mrs. Allen Miller.

Much sympathy is felt in our community for Mrs. Morton in the loss of her only daughter, Addie.

Mr. and Mrs. James Slocomb, spent a day recently at Mrs. A Slocomb's at Mt. Hanley.

Centreville.

Mrs. Wallace Johnson, of Coldspring, Mass., is visiting her sister-in-law, Mrs. Weston Messenger,

Miss Ella Messenger is having at outing at Port Lorne.

Mrs. L. M. Saunders and daughter, Mrs. L. H. Nott, accompanied by Miss Dorothy Currell, of Lynn, Mass., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Weston Messenger, and Mr. and Mrs. Judson Messenger.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lawson and children, and the Misses Ethel, Cassie and Clara Messenger, and friend Miss Henry, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Major Messenger.

Miss Marion Outhit, of Halifax, is visiting at Mr. Charles Piggott's home.

The Misses Gertie and Grace Brooks, are spending a few weeks at Bear River.

A number of our young men left last week for the West.

Mr. and Mrs. Babb, are visiting Mrs. Babb's mother, Mrs. Major Messenger, and sister Miss May Messenger.

Inglisville.

There are scarcely any blueberries or raspberries owing to a severe frost in June.

Miss Annie Dunn was successful at the examination obtaining a "B" certificate making an aggregate of 525.

Mr. and Miss North, of Canning and Miss Georgie Corkum, of Alpena, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Whitman.

Mrs. J. Willend, of Berwick, Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Jackson, Mrs. Wm. Beals, Mrs. M. Banks, of Clarence, and Mrs. Jacob Mery, of Nictaux, have been recent visitors at Mr. and Mrs. John E. Beals'.

Mrs Robert Beals is spending a few weeks with her daughter Mrs. Hardy Beals, of Boston.

Mr. Owen McNayr, of West Hanover Mass., is visiting relatives here.

The offering of the Baptist church for denominational purposes during the year amounts to $22,96.

Hampton.

Mr. Landers and wife, of Mattapan, Mass., are staying a few weeks at Mrs. R. Chute's, enjoying the cool sea breezes.

Mr. Harvey Chute and wife, of Mattapan, are visiting friends, making their home with Mrs. Brinton.

Mr. John Hall, of Lynn, is here on a short vacation, combining business with pleasure.

Miss Ina V. Hall and Mrs. C. Seaman, of Lynn, are guests of their cousin, Miss Mima Templeman.

Edgar Titus and Foye Templeman have gone to Lubec, Me., to trim sardines.

Flashlight Division will hold a pic social in the hall, at Hampton, on Saturday evening; proceeds to pay for our organ. Our friends are invited to come and help us.

Nictaux.

Rev. W. M. Smallman has returned to his field with renewed health and vigor.

Several of our young men plan to start for the West on Saturday next to help harvest the Manitoba wheat crop.

Haying is about done; a good crop got in fine order, and everybody is ready for a shower.

The fire has run through the timber and wood land south of Nictaux West, D. B. Armstrong's steam saw mill having been burned again.

Aug. 7th.

Our Mineral Resources.

(St. John Telegraph.)

During the fiscal year just closed the exports of products of the mine increased from $24,889,266 to $30,982,573, bringing up that class in our foreign trade to second place. Five years ago mineral exports were at the foot of the list, and a change so striking and so unexpected suggests marvellous possibilities for the future. The gold output in the Yukon accounts for a very large proportion of the increase, although the silver and lead of the Kootenay has contributed substantially to the result.

A Reformer at Work.

Daniel B. McPherson, a witness for the petitioner to the election court at Georgetown, P. E. I., recently, has been committed for trial by Judge Hodgson, on the charge of perjury. His honor made the following crushing address to the prisoner before committing him, which is worthy of the careful perusal of the people in all the provinces:

"The election trials in which I have presided show a most deplorable state of affairs—a downgrade in the morality of the community. I know nothing more painful than to sit in the courts of this and Queens county, as I have been compelled to do, and hear the shocking evidence which has been given before me. Men who are freeholders have a right to exercise the franchise that is theirs—a franchise not given to them by any statute, but reaching as far back as Magna Charta—the very foundation of our privileges and our rights. People have a right to exercise that right freed from any control, freed from any pressure, freed from any threats, freed from any inducements. That right is a privilege which is held by them in trust for those who cannot exercise it for themselves, in trust for women, in trust for children, in trust for the poor, to whom the laws of our country do not give the privilege of voting.

As time has gone on, it has been found that men greedy for position, have not hesitated to take advantage of the depraved appetites of those whose votes they have been desirous of obtaining, and we find that there are men who think so little of themselves, of their duty and of their manhood, as to sell their right to vote for a miserable glass of rum—with that I have nothing to do just now. But now matters are progressing in an evil direction—we are getting perjury added to the list; and we find that men who, in the ordinary course of transactions, would shrink from committing a crime, when they come to elections think they are absolved from the laws of God and man and may do as they like, as they please, not considering that they are subject to any punishment. I am sorry to say that this is an idea that has got abroad, but the courts are going to put a stop to it; and I shall lose no opportunity of expressing in the strongest possible manner my settled purpose of bringing to justice to the extent of my power, those who have so acted, with the hope that it will do them good and be a warning to others.

"I never saw you before and I never heard of you before. I am quite willing to believe that you are not a man who would come into court and take a false oath in order to gain money; nor do I think it is likely you would take a false oath for the purpose of injuring your neighbor. But I will tell you what you have done. From your own lips have come out the fact that having no vote, a fortnight before the election you received from Charlottetown a deed prepared for your father's signature conveying you fifty acres of his land. That deed was not signed on election day. It is not even signed now, and you stated yesterday that your only right to vote rested upon a blank and worthless piece of paper. You knew better, and yet on the day of the election you took the Gospel of God into your hands and calling the Almighty to witness, you stated that to be as true that which was, and which you knew to be a deliberate falsehood. That is your offence. I dare not let you go from this court. You have wilfully and deliberately committed perjury, and therefore my duty is to commit you to the common-jail of Kings county, there to stand your trial and to answer to a prosecution which will be commenced against you at the next February term of this court. I do not know your position in life, but the long term of imprisonment which in all probability is before you, will, I trust, be a warning to you and a deterrent to others."

Court of Appeal.

(St. John Globe.)

The London correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* says that as a result of the joint labors of the commission of colonial representatives lately sitting at London "a scheme has been prepared which reserves to the head of the principal colonial jurisdiction the right to sit as judge in the Supreme Court of the empire, and authorizes the appointment of several of the most eminent judges from Canada, Australia and India to act as permanent members of the judicial committee in London." It is said that Mr. Chamberlain will submit a scheme of this kind to parliament. The above statement is somewhat indefinite; at least the expression "the head of the principal colonial jurisdiction" is, but presumably it means that the Chief Justice of each great colony—or of certain colonies—is to be given a right to sit in the last court of appeal in the empire if he wants to do so. Published reports of interviews had with Mr. Mills, the Minister of Justice, since his return to this country, intimated that there would practically be no change in the constitution of the judical committee of the Privy Council. It would be far better for Canada to abolish or to do away with the right of appeal to the British court in all ordinary matters, and to make the decision of the Supreme Court of Canada final upon all causes arising out of trade, business and the like. While our courts are subordinate to that of England in respect of matters of these kinds they will never develop great principles of law. In other words there can never be what may be called a thoroughly Canadian system of jurisprudence. Questions of constitutional law as between the provinces and the Dominion might still be appealed, as, probably, public opinion is not ripe for allowing Canada to do all her own law business.

The International Regatta.

The international regatta on the North West Arm at Halifax on Saturday attracted about 20,000 spectators. Mark Lynch, the Nova Scotia champion, was defeated by Jas Wray in the professional single shell races. The water was a little rough when the men were started. It was a good race to the turn, and after that Wray had it all his own way and won easily, covering three miles in 22.48. Joseph McGuire of Boston won from a field of eight in the single shell race. He was led for some distance by Coates, a local man, but he took the lead at the quarter and maintained it to the finish, winning in 9.45. Joe Moguire and Joseph Whitehead of Boston defeaded Earnest Heffler and J. Backman in the doubles. They turned first, and won by three lengths in 9.11⅘. Halifax lovers went almost mad when that city won the four oared shell race, defeating the Millstream four from Boston. The Lornes led from the start. It was a fine race to the turn, but after that the home crew had the race well in hand, crossing the line four lengths ahead in 8.36 3-5. St. Mary's crew was third.

The programme included a gig race and cutter race for the navy crews belonging to the battleship Indiana, but the British tars would not start if the Americans were allowed to compete, claiming that the boats belonging to the Indiana were much lighter than those of the British naval vessel. The regatta was one of the most successful ever held in Halifax. The prizes were presented by Eugene Buckley of the *Boston Globe*.

The Hero of Mafeking.

London, July 31.—In the house of Commons to-day proposing a resolution granting Field Marshal Earl Roberts £100,000 for his services in South Africa (in accordance with the recommendation of King Edward, announced in the house of lords by the premier Lord Salisbury, Monday last) A. J. Balfour, the government leader, in the course of a eulogy of the Field Marshal, whom he compared with such men as Collingwood, Nelson, Marlborough, and Wellington, said there was no doubt but that for Lord Roberts, daring and strategy and the rapidity with which his plans were carried out Kimberley and Mafeking would have fallen, 11,000 British would have been starved into submission at Ladysmith and there would have been a general rising of disloyalists in South Africa. Great Britain might have recovered therefrom, but at what a cost. The country was saved from this by the genius of the man he now invited the house to reward by a unanimous vote, irrespective of political differences.

Canada's Population.

(Toronto Telegram.)

An estimate of 5,300,000 for Canada's population in 1901 will come close to the actual result of this year's census.

An increase of 466,761 in ten years will be disappointing to the enthusiasts who measure greatness by numbers. The rate of increase thus estimated will be smaller than the increase during any previous ten years since confederation:

From 1871 to 1881 Canada's gain in population was 689,786.

From 1881 to 1891 Canada's gain in population was 508,429.

From 1891 to 1901 Canada's gain in population was 466,761.

The census returns, which will show a comparatively small increase of population, will also show a large increase of wealth, and, after all, the prosperity of the people who are here is more important than the absence of the people who will not stay or do not come.

The Metric System.

(Montreal Witness.)

Those in Canada who remember the change, less than fifty years ago, from bookkeeping in pounds, shillings and pence to the use of the decimal currency understand a little of the relief that would be afforded to our commerce by the introduction of the decimal system of weights and measures. All the operations of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division can now be performed directly without the cumbrous and wearisome operation of the reduction of pence to shillings and shillings to pounds, with its additional opportunity for mistake. Those accustomed to our dollars and cents who go shopping in England realize into what a maze this work of reduction puts shop-girls, almost doubling for them the strain of the day. Just such complications as once existed in our currency still prevail in our measurements. The continent of Europe, led by France—one may say, by the French revolution—has emancipated itself. The scientific world has emancipated itself, all scientific computations being now carried on in the decimal or, as it is called, the metric system. It requires but a moment's thought to realize how infinitely the process of multiplication exclusively by tens in all measures of length, weight and bulk would facilitate calculations, especially such calculations as involve several of these elements. If our cloth and grocery measures all varied decimally, how simple would be the transference of measures to dollars and cents in the daily affairs of commerce.

Except the British empire, the United Stated and Russia, all great nations have already adopted the new system, and Russia is about to adopt it. The difficulty of translation already exists for all engaged in foreign commerce, whose operations would be greatly simplified by its adoption at home. It is now in use by forty-four nations, with a total population of four hundred and eighty-five millions, and it is not the fault of the Associated Chambers of Commerce of Great Britain that her millions of population were not long ago added to the above grand total. It is quite expected that the United States Congress at its next session will pass an act making the metric system compulsory, as the English measures have the effect of preventing trade in manufactured goods with the countries which use the metric system. Its simplicity, when realized, will make those of us who have had to rax our brains so heavily to learn and retain the old system sigh over wasted hours, though we shall temper the measure of our regrets by the reflection that our children will be saved such unnecessary labor. Not only is the metric system learned in ten minutes, but when once learned it is impossible to forget it. How many could repeat the whole of the English measures—troy weight, apothecaries' weight, avoirdupois weight, and all the whole cumbrous rigmarole of pints and quarts and pottles and poles and furlongs and what not? We doubt if the ordinary man could remember even a quarter of them.

The War in South Africa.

London, Aug. 10.—Lord Kitchener telegraphs the war office from Pretoria as follows:

"Since July 29 the columns report 48 Boers killed, 19 wounded, 220 prisoners taken and 57 Burghers surrendered. One pompom, 141 rifles, 8,660 rounds of small-arm ammunition, 182 wagons and a large number of horses and stock were captured. The casualties on our side are included in all that were reported separately during the past week.

"Villjoen has been driven across Oliphant's River. Kekewich and Allenby are moving against the Boers in the Magaliesberg. The British, under Scobell, have inflicted heavy loss on the Boers under Lategan, who has been operating in Cape Colony.

London, Aug. 12.—In a long despatch issued tonight reporting the operations of various columns, Lord Kitchener says:

"I am glad to be able to send you the largest return I have had for one week. Since Aug. 5th the columns reported 39 Boers killed, 20 wounded, including Commandant Moll, dangerously; 685 prisoners, including Wolmorans, late chairman of the first Volksraad; 85 surrenders, including Commandant Devilliers, and the capture of 24,400 rounds of ammunition, 754 wagons, 5,580 horses, and large quantities of stock. Most of the captures were made in Orange River Colony."

A Frog Story.

Brandon, Vt., July 30.—Professor Adrian Ronalds, a geologist from Rio Janeiro, who has been spending a few weeks with his daughter Ruth, collecting specimens of minerals in the Green Mountains about here, explored the Pittsfield ice cave a few days ago and discovered buried in two feet of ice a frog that, when thawed out, came to life and croaked.

The geologist declares that the frog, which was full grown and the bull variety, had been in cold storage for upwards of 2,000 years. He points out to the sceptical that toads and frogs have been found in stones and coal pockets, and that they have come to life after being buried for thousands of centuries.

The frog was white, brittle and almost transparent. At first it showed no sign of life, but after it had been warmed by the lantern for a time both saw a slight movement of the legs. The professor almost fainted with excitement. He held it nearer to the lantern and the frog swelled out its throat, gave a robust kick and croaked.

On reaching the outside air father and daughter hurried back to Brandon. There they fed the frog with flies and in a few days it began to take on a healthy green color. They watched it carefully and yesterday left for Buffalo, where the professor will show his find to several geologists there.

The Steel Strike.

Pittsburg, Pa., August 12.—The struggle for mastery between manufactures and men in the steel industry is now fairly launched, and on the first show of strength advantage is with the manufacturers. The general strike order issued by President Shaffer seems so far to have been obeyed by only about 14,000 men. The first two preliminary calls were answered by about 45,000 men, so that the total number now out is in the neighborhood of 60,000.

The strikers made gains here today over the showing of last night and their prospects for further accessions during the week are very favorable. The action of the amalgamated men at Chicago, Joliet and Bay View, in refusing to come out, and their failure to secure any recruits in the Carnegie group, throughout the Kiskiminctas Valley and the big plants at Youngston and Columbus, Ohio, have been markedly disappointing to them. They are keeping up a spirited fight, however, and claim that they have strength in reserve that will surprise their opponents.

An appeal for financial aid has been made to organized labor and the general public.

Lord Kitchener's Proclamation.

A proclamation was issued by Lord Kitchener, Aug. 7, in accordance with instructions from the Imperial government, the governments of Cape Colony and Natal concurring. The proclamation says:

"All commandants, field cornets and leaders of armed bands, being burghers of the late republics, and still engaged in resisting His Majesty's force, whether in Orange Colony, the Transvaal portion of His Majesty's South African dominions, and all members of the governments of the late Orange Free State and Transvaal, shall, unless they surrender before Sept. 15, be permanently banished from South Africa.

"The cost of the maintenance of the families of all burghers in the field who have not surrendered by Sept. 15th shall be recoverable from such burghers and shall be a charge upon their property, removable and immovable, in the two Colonies."

The South Shore Railway.

Messrs. McKenzie & Mann have signed a contract for the construction of a railway from Yarmouth to Halifax. Six locating parties will be sent out next week, two between Yarmouth and Shelburne, two between Shelburne and Bridgewater, and two between Mahone Bay and Halifax. The owners of the section now built from Yarmouth want about $900,000 more for their property than McKenzie & Mann are willing to pay, and under the circumstances it will be necessary to build a parallel road. McKenzie & Mann have an option on the Central Railway.

South Shore Railway.

(Gold Hunter.)

From Halifax to Mahone Bay the distance is 60 miles; Mahone Bay to Bridgewater, 9 miles, already constructed as part of the Nova Scotia Central; Bridgewater to Liverpool, 35 miles; Liverpool to Shelburne, 42 miles; Shelburne to Barrington, 23 miles; and Barrington to Yarmouth, already built, 50 miles. This means a total distance of 219 miles, with 69 already constructed. Then it is proposed to run a branch line from New Germany via Caledonia, to Liverpool, a distance of 60 miles, so that the total mileage of railway under contemplation is about 279.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

Automobiles will be in operation in Halifax next month.

The next World's Fair will be held in St. Louis in 1903.

Signor Crispi, prime minister of Italy, died at Naples on Sunday.

Lord and Lady Strathcona, are expected to sail for Canada on Aug. 24 by the S. S. 'Campania.'

The wheat crop in Minnesota and North and South Dakota is estimated to be worth $100,000,000.

About two thousand men have left the Maritime Provinces for Manitoba, to help gather the wheat crop.

Since last January Ontario stockmen and breeders have sold $700,000 worth of horses, cattle and sheep to Manitoba.

During the year ending June 30, 1901, there were 1,026 contacts between American troops and insurgents in the Philippines.

Peter Jackson, the famous negro pugilist, died July 23rd at a private sanitarium at Roma, near Sydney, N. S. W., of consumption.

The New Brunswick cheese production will be one-third less than last season, on account of excessive heat and scarcity of rain.

The funeral of the Dowager Empress Frederick took place yesterday, the remains being deposited in the Royal mausoleum near Potsdam.

The Standard Oil Company, with a capital of $100,000,000, has paid $40,000,000 this year in dividends, with one quarter's allowance still to come.

The gross earnings of the C. P. Railway for the fiscal year ended June 30th, were $30,855,203. The total net income of the road was $13,042,800.

The Clergue Syndicate intends erecting at the 'Soo' one of the largest flour mills on the continent, a mill with a capacity of nearly four thousand barrels per day.

Wheat cutting commenced on the 5th, at several points in Manitoba, and is general this week. New barley threshed last week averaged 50 bushels to the acre.

An order issued by the head of the Chinese Reform Association, with headquarters at San Francisco, calls upon all Chinamen in that country to remove their queues.

The potato crop in the United States will be the smallest ever known in that country. In place of the usual 200,000,000 bushels it is feared the yield will be less than 100,000,000.

Within six years the New Zealand Government has bought of the original settlers 324,167 acres of land used for sheep runs, and 1,630 families have found homes on them.

Lord Kitchener, in a despatch from Pretoria, announces that a post of 25 men belonging to Steinacker's Horse, on the Sabi River, has been surprised and captured by the Boers.

Exports of manufactures from the United States, as made up by the treasury bureau of statistics, show an apparent decrease of $23,342,583 in the fiscal year 1901, compared with 1900.

H. F. Dickens, K. C., sixth son of the novelist, with his daughters, will sail for Quebec on the 15th inst. He contemplates an extended tour through the United States as well as Canada.

The new America's cup challenger, Shamrock II., anchored off Sandy Hook lightship on Monday. She will be taken at once to Erie Basin, where there will be no delay in getting her into racing trim.

—The big United States coal trust has advanced the price of all grades of anthracite coal ten cents a ton. This is the fourth increase in price since April, and it will be followed September 1 by another advance of ten cents.

The Nova Scotia Eastern and the Musquodoboit Railway Companies has been amalgamated, and in future would be known as the Nova Scotia Eastern Railway Company, Ltd., thus placing the construction of about 210 miles of road under one management.

Edward Branscomb, leading tenor of the choir of Westminister Abbey, one of the greatest choirs Britain, has arranged to bring to Canada a party of ten singers, to give a series of concerts in the principal cities of Canada. The party will leave England August 15th.

Floods caused by the overflowing of the Yang Tse have caused the death of many thousands in China. The river has risen 40 feet, and for hundreds of miles the country is a great lake with only the tops of trees and an occasional roof showing. Boatmen estimate that 20,000 were drowned in the district. Chong Teh was wiped away by the flood and ten thousand drowned there.

As a result of a desperate quarrel over cards at the Sydney coke ovens, Wednesday, Alexander Verrigedro, an Italian, is lying at death's door with a bullet hole through the abdomen, and Guiesseppe Vigloria is suffering from a bullet wound underneath the collar bone. Frank Scione is under arrest as having committed the shooting. Alexander is expected to die. His ante-mortem statement has been taken.

A unique feature of the coming industrial exhibition at Toronto will be the holding on Tuesday, Sept. 6th, of a reunion of Canadians who have gone to the States and of natives and former residents of Toronto, also of students past and present of the schools, colleges and universities of Canada. A big reception tent is to be erected and other extra features provided in honor of the occasion. Hon. Edward Blake will be chief of the function.

It's all right!
What's all right?

Empire Liniment is All Right

EVERYBODY WANTS IT because it is the best liniment manufactured. They have even tried to steal our formula; but they can't duplicate this liniment for they don't know how.

Try one bottle and you will want another. The doctors all endorse it and are prepared to give testimonials for it.

Dr. Barnaby, of Bridgetown, says: "It is smoother and better prepared than the justly celebrated Minard's Liniment."

There is not one single town where it has been introduced that the sales have not doubled within the last year.

TRY IT! For sale by all dealers.

Manufactured by the Empire Liniment Manufacturing Co., Bridgetown, N. S.

The Public Purse.

Ottawa, Aug. 10.—To day's 'Canada Gazette' contains a statement of the revenue of the years 1900 and 1901, as furnished to the Finance Department up to the end of July. It shows a revenue of $52,010,006, and an expenditure on ordinary account of $44,129,646. The outlay on capital account is $10,412,815. The revenue shows an increase over last year of $1,117,551. But the expenditure rose during the same period by $3,314,157.

The Canadian financial year ends with June but there are always accounts for the year to be settled which are not disposed of till July. The statement includes all amounts properly chargeable to last year which have passed through the departments books up to date.

MARRIED.

KELLY—GILLIS.—At West Dalhousie, on the 7th inst., Mr. Joseph S. Kelly to Miss Annie M. Gillis, both of West Dalhousie.

Church Services, Sunday, August 18th.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Rev. Ernest Underwood, Rector. 11th Sunday after Trinity.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, BRIDGETOWN. 9.45 a. m.—Sunday School. 11 a. m.—Matins, Sermon, Holy Communion. 7.30 p. m. Evensong and sermon.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, BELLEISLE. 3 p. m.—Evensong and Sermon. All seats free and unappropriated. N. B.—No mid-week sermon during August.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. E. E. Daley, pastor. Bible Class and Sabbath-school at 10 a. m.; preaching service at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Prayer-meeting on Wednesday and Friday evenings of every week.

GORDON MEMORIAL CHURCH (Presbyterian).—Rev. H. S. Davison, Pastor. Public worship every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p.m. Sabbath-School and Pastor's Bible class at 10 a. m. Congregational Prayer Meeting on Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. Prayer Meeting on Friday at 7.30 p. m. All seats free. Ushers to welcome strangers.

PROVIDENCE METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. E. B. Moore, pastor. Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p. m., Sunday-school at 3 p.m. Class meeting every Monday evening at 7.30; Prayer-meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30; Epworth League every Friday evening at 7.30. Strangers always welcome.

Granville: Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a.m and 3 p.m., alternately. Prayer meeting every Tuesday at 7.30 p.m.

Bentville: Preaching every Sabbath at 3 p.m and 7.30 p.m., alternately. Prayer-meeting on Thursday at 7.30 p. m.

Mountain Mission: Preaching fortnightly, Durling's Lake at 10.30 a.m., Hill at 2.30 p.m.

"Every Man is the Architect of His Fortune."

"An architect designs, and his plans are executed by a builder. The greatest builder of health is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It lays a firm foundation. It makes the blood, the basis of life, pure and strong. Be an architect of your fortune and secure Hood's as your health builder.

Headaches—*"I was completely run down and was troubled with headaches and dizziness and pains in my back. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla which in a short time entirely cured me." Mrs. L. Winterton, Orangeville, Ontario.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

TO LET

The Brick House belonging to the estate of late Robt. E. F'Randolph.
April 3rd, 1901. 2 tf

USE
K-L-E-N-Z-O
the great washing powder.

Does not injure hands or fabrics. Guarantee and test on every package. Your grocer sells KLENZO.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Tender for Extension to Wharf and Freight Sheds at Pictou, N. S.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside "Tender for Wharf and Freight Shed, Pictou," will be received until

TUESDAY, the 20th day of August, 1901,

for the construction of a Creosoted Pile Wharf at Pictou, N. S.

Plans and Specifications may be seen on and after the 5th day of August next at the Station Master's Office at Pictou, N. S., and at the Chief Engineer's Office, Moncton, N. B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the Specifications must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager.

Railway Office,
Moncton, N. B., July 29th, 1901.

It is all Wrong!! What is all Wrong?

The imitation of MINARD'S LINIMENT in style of bottle, label and preparation.

We claim protection from such unprincipled business methods.

C. C. RICHARDS & CO

PIANOS ORGANS SEWING MACHINES, &C.

A FEW
McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES
IN STOCK.
These must be sold.

Hand-made Harnesses a specialty.

Catalogue and Price List sent free on application.

Are You Looking for a Bargain?
CALL ON US.

WAREROOMS:
Lawrencetown, Annapolis County.
Bridgewater, Lunenburg County.

N. H. PHINNEY, Manager.
Lawrencetown, July 29th, 1901.

NOVA SCOTIA
Provincial Exhibition
HALIFAX,
September 14th to 21st, 1901.

The only Provincial Fair in the Maritime Provinces this year.

Prizes $17,000. Prizes

Premiums for every product of the farm. Send for Prize List.

All Exhibits carried practically free on the I. C. R. and D. A. R.

Five Days' Racing. Trotting, Pacing and Running for purses amounting to over $3000.

Special Attractions surpassing the splendid programmes of other years. The leading European and American artists.

Fireworks in abundance every night.

Lowest Excursion Rates on all lines of Railways and Steamboats.

The Great Holiday of the Year.

For all information, address

J. E. WOOD,
Man.-Secty.
Halifax.

STRONG & WHITMAN'S
Annual Clearing Sale
is now in full swing.

Note the *IMMENSE DISCOUNTS* they are giving in all lines of Summer Goods.

20 PATTERNS 20
Fine Scotch Zephyr Ginghams, regular prices 12c to 19c per yard. Your choice of any pattern while they last, for only **10c**

Fancy Organdi Muslins
Thirty-one patterns to select from. This lot to be closed out at **35 p.c. off regular price.**

Colored Blouse Waists.
Half Price! Half Price!

White Blouse Waists.
Regular prices: $0.85, $0.98, $1.15, $1.20, $1.75, $1.88
Reduced prices: .50, .70, .70, .75, 1.00, 1.15

White Pique Skirts.
Very heavy, 2 rows insertion, regular price $1.98, to clear for only **$1.25**

Heavy Crash Skirts.
Regular prices: $0.98, $1.25
Reduced prices: **75c 90c**

Cotton Wrappers
We have yet quite an assortment of sizes, and are clearing out the balance of stock for
35 per cent off. 35 per cent off.

Ladies' Sailor Hats
40 per cent off. 40 per cent off.

Light Print Cottons.
We are showing a line of Print Cotton, full one yard regular prices 12 and 13 cents per yard, during this sale only, for - - - - - **9c**

Blouse Waists.
An odd line, regular prices from 50c to $1.50 each; the lot must be cleared at **25c**

Men's Fancy Straw Hats.
Regular prices 50c to $1.00. The lot to clear at only - - - - - - - - **25c**

Men's Crash Hats.
Regular price, 75c. Reduced to **25c**

THE CORNER GROCERY

HEADQUARTERS
for Fancy and Staple Groceries, Provisions and Fruits.

For Breakfast Foods
of the best selected varieties, including the "Mail" Cereal.

For Messrs. Crosse & Blackwell's Goods
consisting of Orange, Lemon, Quince Marmalade, Guava Jelly, Apricots, Peaches and Pineapple in Syrup, Jams, Jelly Tablets of various fruit flavors.

For Canned Fruits and Vegetables.

For the "Ava" Tea, Coffee, Mustard and Pepper
with a coupon in each package.

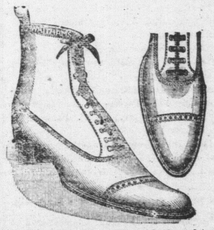
For Flour, Feed and Cornmeal.

J. H. LLOYD.

We buy for cash in the best sections and can always offer best market values.

BRIDGETOWN BOOT AND SHOE STORE

We have been appointed agents for the "WITHAM" Boot for Bridgetown.



Our Men's **$3.00** Boot in black and tan and two styles of toes—Bulldog and Aristocrat toes.

This is a Beauty!
Our Ladies' **$1.50** Boot in laced and buttoned.

E. A. COCHRAN
Murdoch's Block, - - BRIDGETOWN

SEE HERE!

THE PHOTO SALOON formerly operated by E. J. Lumsden has been re-opened and fitted for first-class work. Give me a call.

My Samples and Prices will please you.

All styles of Photographs made, Copying and Enlarging done in first-class style.

N. M. SMITH, - Photographer,
GRANVILLE STREET, BRIDGETOWN.

...KODAKS...

Full line of Eastman's Kodak supplies.

A Perfect Kodak for $1.00.

Plates, Films, and all requisites for amateur work.

Free Use of Dark Room to Customers.

S. N. WEARE,
Medical Hall.

Bargains!

Bargains in Ready-made Clothing,
Bargains in Hats and Caps,
Bargains in Boots and Shoes,
and in other articles of Gents' Furnishings.

Every Day is our Bargain Day!

Bargains in Staple and Fancy Groceries,
Bargains in Smokers' Requisites,
Bargains in Fruits and Confectionery,
and in many other lines to be found in a general store.

Open every evening except Sunday.

T. A. FOSTER.

A NEW Grocery

with a new and complete stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries, fresh and clean, ought to be a good store to purchase the family table supplies at.

We offer You this Advantage
and a guarantee of fair dealings and prompt service.

Flour, Meal and Feed, Oranges, Bananas, and Fruits in season.

As an inducement
to get customers to try a pound tin of Oxford Baking Powder, we offer an Oxford Range valued at $30.00 to the purchaser of the tin containing the number fixed as the prize winner. You may choose any number from 1 to 300. The Baking Powder is guaranteed absolutely pure and sells at 30 cents per pound.

☞Country produce taken in exchange for goods.
We solicit your patronage.

BEELER & PETERS,
Masonic Building, Opposite Post Office
Bridgetown, May 15th, 1901.

Closing Out!

The few remaining Carriages that we have.

These are the Nova Scotia Carriage Co.'s goods and need no talking to sell them.

New Ox Waggon,
New Horse Truck Waggon,
A few Road Carts to go at Cost,
A few setts Harnesses at Cost,

☞**A large number of good second-hand single and two seated Carriages.**

Call and see these bargains, or write and agent will call.

JOHN HALL & SON.
Lawrencetown, July 17th, 1901.

'01 **THE SESSION** '02
—OF THE—
MARITIME BUSINESS COLLEGE
HALIFAX, N.S.
Begins Sept. 3rd, 1901.

Free Syllabus and general information on application to
KAULBACH & SCHURMAN,
Proprietors
Box