ILLIAMS
IANOS
by the best authorities in the world.
WILLIAMS & SON,
Yonge-street, Toronto.

TELS AND RESTAURANTS
ALPIN'S RESTAURANT,
8 Adelaide-street west.
nrse dinner 25c. Open all night.
RIDAY, Nov. 29.—MENU.
ssomme d Orleans, Clam Chowder,
d style.
aked Sword Fish, Admiral Sauce
Hollindese.
ENTREES—Lettuce Salad, Celery,
hire Sauce, Mixed Pickles.
Corn Beef and Cabbage, Beef
—Fricasee of Chicken a la Monglar,
Italine, Apple Fritters. Glace au
ked Pork and Beans.
Breast of Veal stuffed, Loin of fresh
Apple Sauce, Ribs of Prime Beef,
LES — Boiled Potatoes, Turnips,
ERT — Steamed Lemon Pudding,
ce; Baked Queen's Pudding, Wine
p Apple Pie. Mince Pie.
—Raisins, Snow Apples, Almonds,
a. Coffee.

RESTAURANT AND DINING HALL,
Jordan-street, opposite new Bank of Commerce.
ge all Toronto to beat my 25 cent
have engaged Mr. Gorringe, the best
nada. Board $3 per week, Sunday
Banquets, dinners and suppers serv-
the premises. 246

Virginia Restaurant,
at the Grand Opera House building,
e-street west. Open day and night,
r closed. The only first-class All-
rant in the city. Everything first-
sters served in 15 styles. Large
ning Room for special oyster sup-
kfast, dinner or tea at 25 cents. Tele-

R HOUSE—CORNER KING AND
-streets, Toronto—only $2 per day;
House, Brantford.

TENDERS

D TENDERS, addressed to the un-
ned, and endorsed "Tender for Hot
ating Apparatus, Brampton, Ont.,
ived until Wednesday, 18th Decem-
for the construction of a Hot Water
Apparatus at the Brampton, Ont.,
Building.
ed specifications can be seen and form
and all necessary information obtain-
Department and at the Clerk of
fice, Brampton, Ont., after Wednes-
December next.
Tendering are notified that tenders
be considered, unless made on the
rm supplied, and signed with their
natures.
nder must be accompanied by an ac-
nk cheque made payable to the order
norable the Minister of Public Works,
ive per cent. of the amount of the
bich will be forfeited if the party de-
after into a contract when called upon
r if he fail to complete the work con-
r. If the tender be not accepted the
ill be returned.
partment will not be bound to accept
t or any tender.

By order,
A. GOBEIL,
Secretary.
nt of Public Works.
n. Nov. 28, 1889

Electric Light Co. (Limit'd)
DIRECTORS.
in. S. F. McKinnon.
mpbell. H. M. Pellatt.
yland. F. B. Polson.
s. S. Trees.
Thomas Walmsley.
OFFICERS.
mpbell. W. H. Howland,
President. Vice-president
ees, Treasurer. H. M. Pellatt, Sec'y.
Wright, Manager and Electrician.
d Works, Esplanade, foot of Scott St.

-L-A-T
o Rent
ith POWER
SUITABLE FOR
nufacturing,
Printing, etc.
FIRST FLOOR,
YORLD
BUILDING.
elinda-street.
y amount of space
desired.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR
Ladies, my method is meet
h with great success from
thousands that have received treat-
nent. I guarantee a per
manent removal, and can refer
you to leading physicians and
ladies that have received
treatments. Do not be de-
ceived by those that have
sold you chemical preparations
ve destroyed your face and increased
ow of the hair. Inquiries may be made
et; inclose 1c cent stamp. Note the ad
MADAME BOUDOIR, No. 305 King
west, Toronto.

THE RETURN OF FAVOR.
AERATED
We were told to-day
by a customer that for
a while he gave up
eating Aerated Bread,
s returned to the old love with increasing
y and power. This is as it should be.
Smith, cor. Jarvis and Adelaide-street.

FINE WATCHES
—CLEANED AND CLOSELY ADJUSTED.—
E. SHEPTON,
High Grade Watch Specialist, opp. Post office

The Toronto World.

Canadian Copyright Edition
A LIFE'S REMORSE,
By The Duchess.
Price 30cents. At all book stores.

TENTH YEAR. SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 30, 1889.—EIGHT PAGES. PRICE ONE CENT.

COUGHLIN'S FATE SEALED.

STARTLING EVIDENCE AGAINST THE EX-DETECTIVE.

Two of Dr. Cronin's Knives Were Found on Him When He Was Arrested—A Brother Officer's Memory Returns at the Eleventh Hour—The State's Attorney's Speech—A Terrible Indictment.

CHICAGO, Nov. 29.—At the opening of the Cronin trial this morning the State called Bernard F. Carberry in rebuttal. He testified that he was in Matt Danahy's saloon on the night of May 4, and that he did not see the defendant Burke there as testified to on behalf of the defence.

At the conclusion of the examination of this witness the sur-rebuttal on behalf of the defendants was begun. A number of witnesses were called to the stand to strengthen the alibi for Burke, and all gave testimony in regard to O'Malley's attendance at the opening of the saloon on the West Side on May 4. M. J. Dwyer, John Fleming, Pat Rouse, C. F. Regan, and Wm. Fortune testified in the same strain.

The last witness, a nephew of Peter Fortune, the brewer, had not been long on the stand when it became evident that he was greatly intoxicated. His answers were incoherent, and could not be heard. He admitted that he was pretty drunk on the night of May 4. He was followed by George Fleming, who substantiated the testimony of the other witnesses.

After recess a number of other keepers and frequenters of saloons were examined in regard to the opening of a certain saloon on the night of the murder. Then the defence rested and State's Attorney Longenecker said:

"If the court pleases, we have some evidence that has come to our knowledge about 10 o'clock or a little before 10, which we have not had time to look into. Of course it would be evidence in chief probably, but not having come to our knowledge until this morning we feel like asking the court to let us introduce the evidence at this late hour."

The Court: "By how many witnesses do you expect to put that evidence in?"

The State's Attorney: "By two really, and one who has had the custody of the article."

"The court: "Does the State's Attorney regard it as important?"

The State's Attorney: "I regard it as an important matter and feel it my duty to present it."

The Evidence Admitted.

The court: "Some slight intimation was given to me this morning and I assume it is not corroborative or cumulative, else I shall not admit it."

Mr. Forrest: "We object to their re-opening the case at the end of the sur-rebuttal."

The State's Attorney: "I suppose the Court has a right at this time to let it come in under its discretion."

Mr. Forrest: "If that be true then we may never end the case. We may have to ask for time to meet it."

The Court: "The Court is anxious to close the case and I do not want to prolong it."

The State's Attorney: "So are we, Your Honor, but we feel it is our duty to present this evidence, not that we think it is absolutely necessary to the case or anything of the kind, but it is an important piece of evidence and ought to go into the case. This morning we felt like insisting on having it go in and it ought to have been drawn to our attention some time ago."

The Court then called the State's Attorney to a private consultation, at the close of which Judge McConnell said:

"I take it that the evidence which the State suggests should go into the case. I have considered whether I ought to admit it and have decided to do so. I do not think it will delay the opening of the case to the jury. If I allow it to go in I do not see that it need interfere with the opening of the address to the jury and if you, Mr. Forrest, desire time to answer it I will give you the time. It is a simple matter which can be disposed of at any time."

Two Tell-tale Knives.

Police Officer Bartholomew Flynn then testified as follows: When Daniel Coughlin was arrested I was ordered by Lieut. Elliott to take him to the Harrison-street station, which I did. When we got there I searched him in Capt. Bartram's office. These two knives which I have in my hand I found in his possession. I took the knives and a revolver from Coughlin, took them back to headquarters, went upstairs to Lieut. Elliott's office and then took them down to my box in headquarters and locked them up. They were there until Sept. 16 or 17, when I took them over to the Fidelity vault where they have since remained. Last night I called the attention of Capt. Schaettler to them at East Chicago-avenue station. I took them to him. I did not disclose the fact that I had them to any one prosecuting the case. Ex-Capt. Bartram knew that I had the knives, but up to last evening I did not call the attention of any one else to them.

This closed the direct examination and Mr. Forrest moved to exclude the evidence on the ground that the knives had been in the possession of the State ever since Coughlin's arrest.

The motion was overruled.

In the cross-examination the witness said he did not tell the Chief of Police about the knives because it did not occur to him that it was a matter of any consequence. The witness had asked Assistant State's Attorney Elliott for permission to put them in the safe but Mr. Elliott told him he had better take care of them himself, as he was personally responsible for them.

J. Conklin, the man whom Dr. Cronin lived with, was called. He identified the knives as having been carried by Dr. Cronin when alive. The smaller one the witness had himself carried for two years and he then gave it to Dr. Cronin. The larger one the witness said he had found in the street. If they were not Dr. Cronin's knives they looked exactly like them. Dr. Cronin carried the smaller knife in his vest pocket. The witness saw Dr. Cronin use a knife like the smaller one within a week before he was taken away, and probably within two or three weeks before he saw him have the other on the table where he was writing or sharpening his pencil.

The knives were then admitted in evidence.

Two more witnesses were examined as to matters connected with the saloon opening on the night of May 4. This ended the evidence and the State's Attorney began his address to the jury. Mr. Longenecker said:

The Conspiracy.

GENTLEMEN OF THE JURY: "I want to talk to you in this case about the evidence that you have been hearing from the witnesses. I have no doubt that you twelve men are competent to render such a verdict in this case as will meet the demands of the law. I have no doubt that you are prepared on this evidence to render such a verdict as the evidence warrants you in rendering. What I say to you in this case will be said with the view solely of getting a truthful verdict and nothing else. I have no feeling against these men on trial personally. We do not desire that these men shall be guessed guilty, we do not desire that they shall be convicted upon anything except the law and the evidence. Whether your verdict be to acquit the defendants or to convict them, with that verdict the people must be contented. It is possible that in going over the evidence and trusting to memory I may not repeat it just as it is, but I hope you will not charge that I am trying to take advantage of these men who are now on trial for their lives.

We contend that the murder of Dr. Patrick Henry Cronin was brought about by a conspiracy. We claim it was concocted and executed and that these men on trial are parties to the conspiracy with others who are not on trial. We further claim that it was a cold-blooded conspiracy, a conspiracy that is without parallel, cold, deliberately planned; a conspiracy that would chill the blood in the warmest heart, a conspiracy most terrible in its effects. If this is a conspiracy, then it had been planned for weeks before its execution, and if that be true then, gentlemen, you must notice the line of evidence in the case in order to come to a correct conclusion. We claim that this evidence in itself, without showing the connecting point, of itself shows that a conspiracy was concocted by those defendants on trial.

The Triangiers' Trial.

It is proven here that the Glan-na-Gael organization had a Camp 20 named Columbia Club and there was another camp and they both met at Turner Hall and that at the date of which I now intend to speak there had been a contention or split in this organization, different factions had arisen and the two factions had divided. On the recommendation of these two organizations a trial committee was appointed to try the executive body of this organization, the highest power in the order. They were to be tried by a committee selected by the convention that met in the city last year in the month of June. This committee was appointed. On that trial committee Dr. Cronin acted for one faction. It was shown that there were three men called the "triangiers" who were being tried by the committee.

Now we will go on to this Camp 20 on Feb. 8. Beginning with the secretary's testimony the State's Attorney told at great length the evidence of the ten witnesses as to the row in Camp 20 growing out of a speech by Cronin's Triend Capt. Thomas F. O'Connor and resulting in the appointment of a committee of three to find out how Cronin's camp got information ahead of other camps as to the proceedings at Buffalo.

The State's Attorney claimed that Coughlin, having moved the appointment of the committee, must have been according to usual parliamentary practice made a member and chairman of the committee.

Mr. Longenecker also drew attention to the disclosures of LeCaron, then being made in London, having entered into the camp's discussion with talk of other spies still at work in the order, and that it had been shown the defendant O'Sullivan had expressed a belief that Cronin as a Clan-na-Gael organizer was taking "Deputies" (anti-Catholics) into the order.

The Conspiracy's Birth.

The admission of "Deputies" and the premature reading of the Buffalo minority report in Cronin's camp were adverted to by the State's Attorney, as having by direction of the camp been referred by defendant Beggs to the highest officer in the district, Spellman of Peoria. Having narrated the testimony as to this meeting of Feb. 8, the State's Attorney declared: "On that night is when the conspiracy began!"

The State's Attorney continued: They all knew that Dr. Cronin was on that Buffalo committee, that he had protested against the report of the majority, that he had a minority report, that he had condemned the executive body and charged upon them the fraud it was reported they had perpetrated. It was Daniel Coughlin who was an enemy of this camp of Dr. Cronin's, who despised and hated Dr. Cronin, who moved that a secret committee be appointed to find out just what they all knew at the time that it had been read by Dr. Cronin in his camp.

The learned counsel contends there was no trial and that we cannot prove there was a trial committee appointed. We do not contend that this secret committee was appointed to try Dr. Cronin. Try Dr. Cronin, who thought of contending that they went through the formalities of a trial? We did not, but that that committee was appointed and that it acted and that it settled the whole matter amicably for the ex-executive body we have no doubt. The motion made by Coughlin was that a secret committee of five be appointed to inquire into and investigate the rumors regarding the trial of the ex-executive body. That motion was carried. When we get further into the evidence you will see conclusively what the gist of that matter was.

Getting Their Friends in.

Remember that it was on Feb. 8 that this committee was ordered. A motion was made by an avowed enemy of Cronin for a secret committee to try him and the records show Martin Burke, Patrick Cooney, John F. Beggs and all these defendants except Patrick O'Sullivan and Kunze were there. Remember—because I want to include defendant Kunze in this case—that if a conspiracy has been formed to commit a crime whoever thereafter joins that conspiracy becomes a party to it and is bound by the acts which have gone before his joining it. On Feb. 8 we had Burke, Coughlin and Beggs at this meeting and on that day Burke was appointed a committee to pass upon the qualification of Matt Danahy's bartender who swears to the alibi that same night. They were getting their friends in then, gentlemen.

Feb. 16 Beggs, the senior guardian of thi camp, wrote a letter to Edward Spellman, the district member. On Feb. 17 Spellman answered that letter in which he says he does not know of any authority in the constitution that authorizes him to inflict a penalty. Recollect, gentlemen, they are now talking about penalties. In this letter of Beggs to Spellman the senior guardian directs his attention to Cronin's camp, showing conclusively he knew where that report was read and where it emanated from. Feb. 18 Beggs writes to Spellman that he does not know of any authority under the written law. Feb. 19 Simonds appears and rents the flat at 119 South Clark-street. The furniture is bought and on the 20th the carpet is laid in the Clark-street room. On the night of Feb. 22 Dan Coughlin tells Henry Owen O'Connor that there is an enemy in the camp and that he has it on good authority that it is Dr. Cronin and he is a spy among them. O'Connor would not hear any more and left him.

Take all these letters and if that committee was appointed to find why Dr. Cronin had read that report then there was nothing to make a fuss about, but if those men there believed him to be a spy and a traitor and they wanted to kill him then there is lots in it.

What Did They Mean?

The correspondence between Beggs and Spellman was read in full by the State's Attorney. Continuing he said: When Beggs writes to the district officer he writes about Cronin's camp and Cronin. What is it that moves this senior guardian to say in his letter that those men continually stirring up agitation would find that a day would come to them of punishment? What does Spellman mean when he writes that he hoped there would be unity, that he hoped for better results but that he was greatly disappointed and disgusted and thanked God that his time would expire at the end of the month? Why is it that Beggs stated a majority of the members believed the ex-executive innocent of the charges? Does is not show that Spellmen and Beggs in these letters had talked about Cronin and had talked about this whole matter?

Beggs said to have the charges against these men made continually creates bitterness and ill-feeling and that the men making the charges are not friends of Irish unity. What means this talk about inflicting a penalty on Cronin who had continually and persistently charged that these men were thieves, robbers and murderers by sending Irish patriots from this country to English prisons?

Riotous Strikers.

BERLIN, Nov. 29.—A number of factory hands at Luckenwalde have struck. The strike threatens to lead to riot. The mills are guarded by gendarmes.

A BIG BLAZE IN THE CITY.

THE REAR OF TRUTH PRINTING OFFICE COMPLETELY GUTTED.

$50,000 Worth of Stock and Building Ruined—The Whole Brigade Out—A Fire That Lasted Four Hours—The Sentinel's Plants Badly Injured—Fireman Coulter Removed in the Ambulance.

At seven minutes past 10 o'clock last night, Patrolman Fred Fry of the Holmes Electric Protection Co., while on his hourly patrol, noticed flames issuing from The Truth office building at 59-65 Adelaide-street west, opposite Sheppard. He entered the building and on the third flight at the rear in The Truth printing department dense smoke was issuing. In Moore's printing office three boys apparently between the ages of 12 and 14 years were found. The boys are said to have been in a state of intoxication. When informed by the patrolman that the building was on fire one of them laughingly replied: "I guess there is no fire here." Fry then signalled the fire stations and within one minute the first reel was on the ground. Nothing more than smoke could be seen issuing from the building at this time. The crowd which kept steadily increasing were kept back by a cordon of policemen. In a very brief space of time several reels, hook and ladder companies were present, there being at one time as many as eleven. For a time the result of the struggle was doubtful. When near midnight the flames burst out of both sides of the elevated building. The brilliant glare served to guide the firemen in their work, scaling ladders were rapidly placed in position and by the united efforts of those within and without, the fire was ultimately subdued shortly after midnight.

The building is almost completely flooded. The Sentinel office being badly gutted. While the fire was at its height, the mansard roof fell in with a loud crash, which was heard above the roar of the flames. At the same time the western wall seemed about to fall outwards; the firemen, however, having long left that section to keep the flames from spreading to the Ball Electric Light Co., no danger to life was anticipated.

At this stage of the conflagration four streams were playing on the eastern portion of The Truth building, and also on the walls of the Ball Electric Light building, a lane dividing the two buildings. The ladder had meanwhile been raised to the roof of the Ball Electric Company's building and from that elevatation two strong streams fell into the fierce flames below.

Still with these five streams of water playing the fire was not subdued until early this morning. Indeed, it was rumored that if water pressure was much below the usual force. For a time it seemed that the cold western wind would blow the flames on to the woodwork of the buildings on the eastern side of the lane, but this calamity was averted by the strenuous efforts of almost the entire fire brigade summoned by the general alarm.

When the fire was at its fiercest and when the water from the hose was dripping down from the roof like a summer rowen, a World reporter met Mayor Clarke, proprietor of The Sentinel making his way to The Sentinel office on the first flat fronting on Adelaide street. John Armstrong was also on hand and the trio wading through an inch of water on the steps, climbed the stairs to The Sentinel office and corporation printing office. The plants, consisting of one large and three small presses were all uncovered and the water was pouring down upon them in a way that would soon have insured their destruction. They were quickly covered with rubber and canvas covers. Apart from the water but little damage was done in the fore part of the building.

Gradually the flames diminished until about 1.30 this morning, but little besides smoke could be discovered arising from the gutted building.

S. Frank Wilson, proprietor of Truth and the owner of the building, was seen by The World during the progress of the fire. He told The World that at a rough calculation the damage would not be below $50,000. "How much is the building worth? did you say? Well, I refused $35,000 for it. Oh, yes, it's all solid brick. It was built about eight years ago. I have about $30,000 worth of stock, paper, presses, etc." The building and block is insured for some two thirds of the value in all the principal insurance companies, among them the Liverpool, London and Globe and the Glasgow companies. It is all insured directly.

Those who will suffer most severely from the fire are S. Crawford & Company's stamping works, Churchill & Co., yeast manufacturers, J. S. Moore Printing Co. and S. Tarbox & Co., who are all located in the rear of the building.

How the fire occurred remains a mystery. Patrolman Fred Fry says: I first noticed the flames at 10.7. The fire first started on Moore's printing office; when I visited them an hour before there were three boys working. I ring the patrols every hour."

At an early stage of the fire Foreman O'Brien of the Corporation Printing Company was found in an intoxicated condition in the printing room. He was arrested and at Police Headquarters was locked up on a charge of being drunk.

Said George Tyler of the Holmes Electric Protection Company: "I was the first one to get wind of the fire."

While the conflagration was raging at 12.20 the fireman found one of their number lying in an insensible condition in the third flat. He was carried down and taken into a house at the corner of Sheppard and Adelaide-streets. The senseless man was at once recognized as John Coulter, who belongs to Berkeley-street firehall (No. 4). Medical aid was sent for and ten minutes later Dr. Cuthbertson arrived. Meanwhile restoratives were applied and the unfortunate victim came to. Almost his first words were, "Where is our section?"

"Oh, the section is all right," returned the burly policeman at his side and the fireman relapsed into partial unconsciousness. It was nearly an hour later when he recovered enough to admit of his being removed. He was then taken to his home at 96 Duchess-street in the ambulance. Dr. Cuthbertson afterwards told a World reporter that he anticipated nothing serious, but the poor fellow had been badly overcome by the smoke. Fireman Reddick was also slightly injured.

News From Stanley.

Mr. Herbert Ward, one of the officers of Henry M. Stanley's expedition arrived in England on July 1, direct from Africa, where he left Mr. Stanley. Mr. Ward is the last white man of the expedition for the relief of Emin Pasha who has returned to England after being associated with Stanley in that great enterprise. He arrived in New York Oct. 12, to fill a limited number of engagements to lecture in the largest cities of this continent. He is engaged to give one lecture in Toronto on Monday, Dec. 9, in Association Hall, and it is safe to say that the building will be crowded to the doors, as was the cave in England.

Boston's Approval.

Mrs. Agnes Thomson is meeting with the greatest encouragement in her studies at Boston under Mr. Lyman Wheeler and has already been the recipient of advantageous offers to sing in that city as well as in New York on the part of professional people who have heard her singing and who value her voice and style highly. She writes that she has heard Otto Hegner, the boy prodigy, and that he is a marvelous pianist, with wonderful expressive power.

The Great Bazaar.

Yesterday was one of the most successful days of St. Paul's bazaar. All day long a ceaseless stream of visitors poured in and out of the building. In the evening the clearing sale of articles commenced and will be continued to day. The band of the Governor-General's Body Guard discoursed sweet music, and to-night the I.C.B.U. band will be in attendance. These performers are expected to take part in this evening's program: C. Tonney, Miss Murphy (pianist), R. J. Walbridge, Miss Jennie Meguire, F. McGuire, W. Petley, Ex-Ald. Pape, J. Driscoll and Miss Laura O'Connor.

Lynch Knocks Out Flaherty.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Jimmy Lynch of Jersey City and Joe Flaherty of Brooklyn fought a short and fierce glove fight at Long Island to-night. The betting was 4 to 3 on Lynch, who knocked his man out in the fourth round. There were 100 present, each paying $10 admission.

Accidents.

This is a year of accidents, the unfortunate effect of which are largely ameliorated by a policy in the Manufacturers' Accident Insurance Co., 33 King-street west, Toronto.

J. R. Armstrong & Co., of the "City Found ery," have removed from 191 Yonge-street, to 219, 221 and 223 Queen-street east. d

THEIR FIRST JAUNT.

Montreal Civic Officials Start On a Tour—Navigation Closed.

MONTREAL, Nov. 29.—La Patrie to-night says that Mr. Charles Carroll Colby is a descendant of the great Archbishop Carroll who signed the Declaration of Independence and who was so warmly eulogized by Mr. Mercier at the Catholic Congress in Baltimore.

There is a rumor to the effect that at the next session a partisan of Mr. Mercier will move the renewal of the ancient custom dating from French dominion that the Jesuits render to the Government an annual statement of their transactions.

A large gathering witnessed the departure of the aldermanic excursion, comprising the Mayor, eighteen aldermen and delegates of the Harbor Commission and Board of Trade. The World accompanied the party to St. Martin's Junction. Some of the party gave him the impression that it was their first trip, and as Alderman Prefontaine said, the trip will greatly tend to efface from the minds of the aldermen the notion that Montreal has the finest harbor, finest accommodation, finest streets, finest buildings, finest police and fire forces in America. The party is in charge of the genial and energetic George J. Bury of the C.P.R., and will return Dec. 5.

Navigation closed to-day, the Richelieu boats returning to Sorel for the winter.

His Grace Visits Loretto.

Loretto Abbey, Wellington-place, was honored yesterday afternoon by a visit of Archbishop Walsh. His Grace was accompanied by Bishop O'Connor, Father Laurent, Dr. Kilroy, Father Walsh, Father Rooney and other priests. An illuminated address of welcome and congratulation was read by Miss Donovan and presented to the Archbishop. His Grace made a happy reply. An interesting musical program was given.

A West End Suicide.

Mrs. McKee, aged about 40, who lives with her husband and six children at 37 Shirley street in the West End, ended her life by cutting her throat in the most deliberate manner yesterday afternoon. The deed was committed some time after Mrs. McKee had retired to her room, presumably to rest. She had been low spirited all day. Her husband was away at work when the horrible affair occurred.

Quebec's Hotel Project.

QUEBEC, Nov. 29.—The long talked-of hotel to be erected on the magnificent site lately occupied by the Parliament Buildings and overlooking the river is likely to become a fait accompli. Already $132,000 have been subscribed. A deputation of working men waited on the Premier and asked for a subsidy similar to that given to the opening of free night schools in Montreal. Mr. Mercier promised to have free night schools opened in different parts of the city at once.

The Anti-Poverty Men.

An interesting discussion on "Interest versus Rent" took place at the Anti-Poverty Society's meeting in Richmond Hall last night, in the absence of W. Banks, who was unable to be present and deliver his lecture on "Land and Labor." S. T. Wood presided. Land as the discussion took the individualistic phase of the question, while Phillips Thompson argued from a socialistic point of view. The single tax was again discussed in all its bearings. Rev. Charles Duff was announced to speak at Parkdale Congregational Church to-morrow evening on "Henry George as a Follower of Jesus Christ."

Milne & Co. are the Toronto agents for the cwel Range. 153 Yonge-street. 61

Prof. Clark on the Italian Reformer.

Association Hall was well filled last night to hear Rev. Prof. Clark of Trinity College, lecture on "Savonarola, the Italian Reformer." J. L. Hughes, president of the Toronto Teachers' Association, under whose auspices the lecture was given, presided. The lecturer in a vivid manner portrayed the history of the great reformer, ably describing his failures and triumphs. The audience evidently appreciated the lecture and followed closely to the conclusion.

English Crown Lavender Smelling Salts—Seven Shillings and Sixpence. Rare Preparations at Dan Taylor & Co.'s Arcade Pharmacy.

A Social at Mr. Dimnick's Residence.

At the residence of Mr. C. R. S. Dimnick, 156 St. George-street, last night, a most enjoyable and successful social was held in aid of the furnishing fund of Trinity Methodist Church. Rev. Dr. Johnston presided, and delivered an able address. These ladies and gentlemen contributed to an excellent program of vocal and instrumental music, recitations, etc.: Miss Brigland, Misses Philip, Miss Browne, Miss Eaton, Mrs. Clements, Dr. Minnie, Messrs. McNally and Whiteman and Master Dimnick.

Harriette Stubbard Ayer's Recamier preparations for the complexion, etc. Dan Taylor & Co. agents, 133 Yonge-street.

A Bogus Water Official.

P. Westwood, 28 Jamieson-avenue, writes to Police Headquarters warning the public against a man whom he describes as tall, with dark whiskers, rather stout and well dressed. He went to the above address presumably to repair the water taps, but really as the writer suspects, to possess himself of some of the valuables.

Grand Xmas Numbers: Le Figaro $1.50. Pictorial World 50c., Lady's Pictorial 50c., Globe 50c., Montreal Star 50c., at Winnifrith Bros., 6 and 8 Toronto-street.

The First Free Breakfast To-morrow.

Rev. Coverdale Watson of Bloor-street Methodist Church addressed the cottage meeting in Richmond Hall last night. To-morrow morning the first free breakfast of the season will be given. The success of these breakfasts last winter has encouraged the promoters to look forward to an even larger measure of success this season.

Trowern, Jewelry Manufacturer, has removed from Yonge-street to 113 King-street west, south side, four doors east of Rossin House. 246

Cheap Sleigh Robes.

We have too many sleigh robes and we want them cleared out before Christmas. Choice of over 100 large grey robes, heavily lined and trimmed, at $7 each; smaller sizes only $6; black robes, $10 and $12; lined buffalo robes, $25. This lot of robes are all good and worth looking at by those having horses. Livery stable keepers and others will find these cheaper than they can get in the wholesale houses. W. & D. Dineen, corner King and Yonge-streets.

Families leaving the city or giving up housekeeping, can have their furniture carefully stored at moderate cost with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street East.

Through Parlor and Sleeping Car Line to Buffalo and New York.

Do not forget you can leave Toronto at 2.50 p.m. and arrive in Buffalo at 7 p.m. and New York next morning at 8.20. Magnificent parlor cars run through to Buffalo and connects with the Erie flyer at Hamilton. No changing of cars, either Pullman or coach, as it is a solid train from Chicago to New York.—Ed.

Good cellar storage, suitable for liquors in wood or case. Wool, woollen goods, etc. At Mitchell, Miller & Co's. warehouse, 45 Front-street East.

A Popular Festival.

Queen's Birthday, Dominion Day and Civic Holiday are given over to excursions and racket. St. Valentine's has become a day of caricatures and malice, and New Years' customs are on the wane, but Christmas is looked forward to as the festival of home and friendship, and men adorned with quinn's new Christmas scarfs are assured a hearty welcome at every fireside.

Merchants can warehouse goods in bond or free with Mitchell, Miller & Co. Negotiable warehouse receipts issued; rate of insurance low.

Now is the time to buy Smoking Jackets and Dressing Gowns. We have a large assortment of the latest designs and finely made. Wheaton & Co., 17 King-street, corner Jarvis. 246

Diaries for 1890.

Brown Bros. have issued their office and pocket diaries for 1890, the latter in many new and beautiful styles. Their office diaries have long been used by all leading houses in preference to any other.

OLD HUTCH BOOSTS CORN.

A CORNER IN THE NOVEMBER OPTION AT CHICAGO.

Expected to Reach the Dollar Mark To-Day—Other Months Stimulated—The Business Outlook—Speculation as to Congress Currency Legislation—Effects of the Big Fires—The Week's Failures.

CHICAGO, Nov. 29.—After a long interval of comparative neglect the corn market today commanded once more a position interesting to speculators. A corner in the present month's delivery quickly developed itself but did not at first give token of the amount of force which lay behind it. So unprepared were the keen scalpers that one of them sold 10,000 bushels for November delivery at 85½ cents, "just for a scalp," as he said when he made the sale. A few minutes later he paid 41 cents to get it back. The opening price of November was 33¾ and about the same time sales were made at from 34 to 34¾. The price quickly advanced amid great excitement to 35, 36⅛, 39½, then off to 38, then upward once more reaching on the second stretch 60 cents.

Influences outside of the corner were ignored and the December delivery received some stimulus from the fact that the parties said to be the principal holders of seller-the-month contracts had been heavy purchasers of December. There is only about 550,000 bushels of No. 2 and No. 2 yellow corn in store here now, so the cornering of this month's delivery is no difficult matter seeing that to-morrow is the last day for delivery. There was a fair amount of activity in the other features and an advance all around was in the end established, November closing at 55 bid.

There were all sorts of rumors about the deal. Some people thought it was run by Jack Cudahy while others had it that it was the work of Eastern traders and still others thought certain wealthy men were back of it.

Quite a number claimed Hutchinson was short 400,000 bushels of corn but others were confident he was running the deal. This was the way he sprang his great wheat corner last year and it was regarded as a significant fact that he paid 61 cents for car lots of cash No. 2 corn this morning just after some had been sold for 55. It is predicted the price will be up to $1 to-morrow.

Dun-Wiman's Review.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Dun Wiman & Co's weekly review of trade will say: Two heavy fires with aggregate losses estimated at $15,000,000 or more may have an influence upon several branches of trade which cannot yet be estimated. Prior to the Boston fire the boot and shoe trade had been quite paralyzed by the fire at Lynn and as to the leather trade little advance was anticipated, while here it was by many expected that temporary withdrawal of demand would cause some fall in leather. The Boston fire of Thursday destroyed heavy stocks of goods and will doubtless affect the demand. In both cities will creat a sudden demand for Rebuilding materials and labor. Heavy concurrent losses may shake some insurance companies and affect the finances of firms burned out, but the general prosperity and the large accumulation of available capital will probably render the influence of these disasters comparatively narrow and brief. In other respects the situation is quite as encouraging as it has been for some weeks past. The volume of business is unsurpassed and the pressure in money markets though not ended here has seemed to be abating elsewhere.

Business failures reported to Bradstreet's number 265 in the United States this week against 259 last week and 268 this week last year. Canada had 36 this week against 34 last week. The total of failures in the United States Jan. 1 to date is 10,372 against 9166 in 1888.

A LIBIDINOUS BRUTE.

Charged with Enticing Children of Tender Years.

MILTON, Nov. 29.—A sensation was created here yesterday by the arrest of W. J. Stern, a married man 50 years of age, on a charge of enticing into his shop and criminally assaulting a little girl 11 years of age, named Bowman. The girl states that the offences were frequent. He gave her small sums of money, and it was the fact of her having this in her possession that led to inquiries being made.

The Bowman girl says that some of her companions were similarly treated by Stern, who was about twelve years ago charged with a similar offence. He was taken before Mayor Dice and Squire Austin Wilmott, who committed him for trial.

Stern is a tinsmith, and apart from these charges has always borne a good character and been looked upon as a first rate citizen.

PAULINE'S PLIGHT.

A Young Toronto Wife Delivered of a Child in a Detroit Police Station.

DETROIT, Nov. 29.—There was a birth at the police station this morning. Last evening a well dressed young woman giving her name as Pauline Rogers wandered into Woodbridge-street station, where she was delivered of a child at 11 this morning. She claims to have come from Toronto yesterday accompanied by her husband, who deserted her immediately upon arrival leaving her wholly without funds. She has been removed from the station to Harper Hospital.

CABLE NEWS.

Balfour and Ashbourne's Scheme for Pacifying Ireland.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Mr. Balfour and Lord Ashbourne to-day presented to a committee of the Cabinet, presided over by Lord Salisbury, the draft of a land scheme which will be submitted to the whole Cabinet to-morrow. It is reported the first demand is for $7,00,0000 to £10,000,000 with which to deal with the disaffected portions of Ireland.

The striking dockmen of Bristol have accepted the Mayor's offer to arbitrate.

The Clyde engineers will resume work on Monday on a promise that their wages shall be advanced Jan 1.

Hamilton's New U.S. Consul.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—President Harrison to-day appointed Wm. Monaghan of Ohio to be Consul at Hamilton, Ont. Mr. Monoghan was appointed commercial agent at Chatham, Ont., last June.

Magazines for December: Harper's, Century, Scribner's, Outing, St. Nicholas, Bystander, Cosmopolitan, Young Ladies' Journal, &c., &c., at Winnifrith Bros., 6 and 8 Toronto-street.

The Sheffield House Importing Company (Registered),

65 Yonge-street (below King). New Sterling Silver goods suitable for wedding presents. Our English spoons and forks are guaranteed for 10 years. C. E. Robinson, Manager. 246

Stop Watches.

Intricate and complicated watch work my forte. E. Beeton, High Grade Watch Specialist, Opposite Post Office.

Manufacturers, by warehousing their surplus stock with Mitchell, Miller & Co., receive negotiable warehouse receipts.

Art in Dress.

The three-button cutaway sack is steadily growing in favor. It is a very handsome garment. Taylor & Co., art tailors, 89 Yonge-street. 136

If you want a nice partridge, quail, woodcock lobster, or some of our delicious shell oysters, after the opera is over, call at the English Chop House, open until midnight.

Steamship Arrivals.

Date.	Name.	Reported at.	From.
Nov. 29	St's of Alab'a	Glasgow	New York
"	Ivave	Southton	"
"	Alier	New York	"
"	Furnesia	"	Glasgow

THE CASE OF DR. WRIGHT.

The treatment of Dr. Adam Wright by the police on Friday morning calls for immediate action on the part of the Police Commissioners. Judge McDougall, Mayor Clarke, Magistrate Denison. For years The World has advocated that the commissioners make provision for the bailing out of any one who happens to get in the hands of the police after midnight, whether arrested rightly or wrongly. Dr. Wright was, as the evidence showed, arrested without reason, was kept in the cells for several hours and ill-used by the police. The officers have a hard task to perform; they must, first of all, preserve the peace, but we hold that it is still possible to do all this and to offer nothing but decent treatment to those who may happen to fall in their hands. Dr. Wright simply met with shameful treatment, and the commissioners' duty is to see that the like does not occurr again. Mr. John Leys as member of the legislature, owes it to the citizens to insist for one thing, that some responsible citizen who lives in the centre of the city and who is willing to suffer the inconvenience of night calls, is made a justice of the peace, in order to meet just such cases as the one in question. Toronto is too big a city not to have this very reasonable convenience.

THIS TIME A GROCERY HOUSE.

F. Kieran & Co., of Front-street Suspend With Liabilities of $50,000.

F. Kieran & Co., wholesale grocers, Front-street, suspended payment yesterday. The liabilities amount to $50,000 and the assets are nominally the same.

The cause of the trouble is the failure to meet engagements owing to the difficulties in making collections. The scarcity of cars to move produce in the country has indirectly affected Mr. Kieran's position. He says, however, that the assets are fully equal to the liabilities and expresses his confidence that the creditors will be paid in full.

Mr. Kieran was at one time employed in Mr. J. E. Mullen & Co's. house in Montreal. He left there in 1872 and bought up several insolvent estates. Afterwards he went into the wholesale clothing business, and subsequently, also in Montreal, started a wholesale tea store. He has been in business in Toronto for two years.

The creditors will be called at once to consider his affairs.

UNIVERSITY SENATE.

College of Music—"Leaving" Examinations—Education Minister's Memorial.

The University Senate met last night pursuant to adjournment with Vice-Chancellor Mulock in the chair. These were present: the Minister of Education, Sir Daniel Wilson, Rev.