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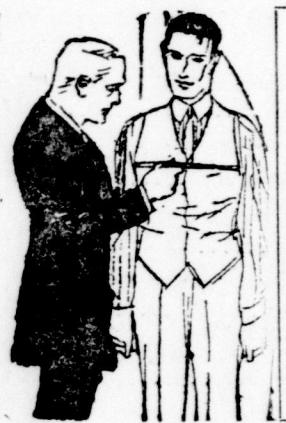
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KING SCORES CLASS IDEALS OF AGRARIANS

Declares Crerar Policy Not Even in Interests of Farmers Themselves.

RECALLS YORK HISTORY

Tells Why He Chooses To Contest Riding of North York.

SUTTON, Ont., Oct. 27.—(By staff correspondent, Canadian Press.)—The Ontario speaking tour of Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, leader of the Liberal party, brought him into North York tonight, the constituency which he hopes to make his own at the forthcoming federal election.

With R. W. E. Burnaby standing for the Farmers' Interests and J. A. M. Armstrong for those of the Government, there is every indication that a stiff three-cornered fight is to be staged and no easily-won honors accorded.

Speaking at Sutton this evening, Mr. King said he regretted that he could spend so little time in the riding during the campaign. He must leave his lieutenants to carry on the fight, and he had every confidence in their success. While he appreciated very deeply the action of the electors in the Prince Edward Island seat in reaffirming their confidence in him, there were definite reasons which had decided his standing for North York.

In the present political conflict, Mr. King said, he felt that Ontario was to be the pivotal point. Apart from the associations which attached him very strongly to North York, it was, he affirmed, the centre of the province, both historically and geographically.

Contests Historic Ground.

The place for the leader of the party was at the head of the forces in the thick of the fight. North York had always been the great battleground for reform, the scene of great struggles for self-government and for responsible government. Never since the days of the "old family compact," said Mr. King, "had there been anything comparable to the present time as regards the usurpation of the power of government by the few."

Speaking of the farmers' movement, Mr. King said that R. W. E. Burnaby, their candidate in North York, was standing for class government. The movement, Mr. King asserted, was not in the real interests of the farmers themselves. If the agricultural interests were to secure legislation important to themselves it was essential that they have the good will of all classes, both town and country. To secure results, all must combine against the common enemy.

Sees Injustice to Farmers.

"I think it is an injustice to the farmers themselves," he said, "that appear that they are seeking special privileges through class rule. That amounted to nothing more than Toryism."

In the last sixteen months, said Mr. King, Mr. Meighen had been spending millions of the people's money; he had appointed judges and senators and taken over the railways, yet no one between the two coasts of Canada could say he had been in giving. Mr. Meighen's authority, Mr. King said, was the most pronounced type was the only name for such usurpation of the powers of government.

Women, said Mr. King, often told him that they did not understand political matters, and he said men might honestly say the same. This year Parliament voted \$500,000,000. This divided between the eight or nine million people means \$62 for each individual. Yet children do not pay taxes, one must take a basis of families of five, and then it is found that the tax came to \$340 per family.

Thus, it was easy to see that matters of government were of prime importance to women as well as men. The present Government, said Mr. King, had become so used to paying out public money that they have become absolutely indifferent to the meaning of huge expenditures to the people.

Charges Undue Increase.

The Government had lost all conception of public money and public trust. Taking the Canadian Mounted Police as an example, Mr. King said, the greatest amount spent on the force during the old Liberal regime in one year was \$770,000, yet the Government had established its headquarters in Ottawa, and this year the cost was between three and four millions, and all this time the Government was telling the soldiers that nothing more could be done for them, because of its many large commitments.

Mr. King challenged Mr. Meighen to show that his attitude towards the tariff in any province of the Dominion had been different to his attitude towards the tariff in Toronto. He stood for a tariff, primarily for revenue, and for a revision of the tariff in the interests of consumers and producers. A tariff for protection was essentially something which fostered combines and trusts.

Any manufacturer not satisfied with a fair return upon a fair investment was asking too much. No legitimate industry earning a fair profit need have any fear of a revision of the tariff by a Liberal Government. But, no one would wish to defend men who were holding up the people to the extent of profits amounting to from 20, 30, 40, 50 and 60 per cent.

Ross Sitting Members. Mr. King asserted that J. A. Armstrong, as member for North York since 1917, had for the most part been absent from the House of Commons. When he had come into the House it was to vote against the real interests of the people.

Regarding Mr. Burnaby's coming into the fight as a Farmer candidate, Mr. King was certain, he said, that if the electors of North York believed there was any danger of Mr. Meighen getting back for another five years through splitting the Opposition vote they would take no chances, but vote solidly together, and so it would be in all the other constituencies.

Mr. King said that there was no doubt whatever that in many constituencies Farmer candidates were being put up merely with the object of dividing up the Opposition and spoiling the effect of their votes. "If you are really interested in defeating this common enemy," concluded Mr. King, "take no chances which will make possible the return to power of any organization like the present Government."

King Sends Letter To Minister of Militia.

SUTTON, Oct. 27.—(By Canadian Press staff correspondent.)—Hon. Mac-

Muirkirk Collector Is Taking No Chances of Hold-Up.

DUART, Oct. 27.—That outlaws are rampant in the country was vividly brought to the attention of the villagers when a collector for the Farmers' Co-operative Company at Muirkirk, while collecting in Duart and vicinity, went fully armed. Nearby places have been visited by desperadoes and the collector took no chances, carrying his rifle fully loaded between his knees as he went from place to place.

Kenzie King sent a letter tonight to Hon. H. H. Gordon, minister of militia, asking for full information regarding shipments of munitions being received in Canada from England.

"It has been made clear," says Mr. King's letter, "that an accounting has taken place between the Canadian Government and the war office in London by which both at the time of the armistice, and as a result of the financial settlement in July, 1920, extensive credit was given to Canada's credit with the war office against which Canada was entitled to draw from time to time."

Mr. King asks:

1. The extent of such credits.
2. The extent and nature of war material which has been drawn by the Canadian department of militia.
3. The nature and extent of the credit upon which Canada is still entitled to draw.

Particulars as to airplanes and other war equipment which have been received from Great Britain as gifts since the armistice.

Mr. King asks that these particulars include details of gifts to the naval service.

"During the session of 1920," says Mr. King's letter, "Parliament appropriated \$1,800,000, and in the last session, \$508,654 for armaments and war-like stores. The \$2,000,000 was voted without any mention in Parliament of credit existing in England or elsewhere from which Canada could draw such stores."

Furthermore, reference to the House of Commons debates would show that Parliament was given to understand by the minister of militia that all artillery and other armaments required for the training of the Canadian forces were being made at the arsenals of Quebec and Lindsay.

DIES WHEN HIT BY ROCK FROM QUARRY BLAST

Guelph Reformatory Official Was Inspecting Operations of Prisoners.

(Special to The Advertiser.)

GUELPH, Oct. 27.—Struck on the head at noon Thursday by a piece of rock from a blast in the quarry, N. J. Agnew, assistant superintendent of the Ontario Reformatory, died at 3 o'clock in the General Hospital. Leaving the institution at 11:30 a.m. to conduct an inspection of the quarries, which are located some distance east of the reformatory, Mr. Agnew apparently was unaware of the blasting operations being underway. Prisoners engaged in this work gave the usual warning and repeated it at intervals until it was considered that all in the neighborhood had retired to a safe distance. Following the blast he returned to the scene of the blast and discovered Mr. Agnew lying in the midst of broken rock.

The latter retired with his wife at the time of the prison gates. His mother lives in St. Marys. Six brothers and one sister also survive. Enlisting early in the war, he saw service overseas with the light artillery. Returning to Canada he first occupied an official position at the Guelph Military Hospital, being in charge of the works department in which the returned soldiers were taught various industrial vocations.

When that institution was turned over to the prison authorities again he received the appointment that he held at the time of his death. He was 35 years old, and regarded as a popular official. Hospital authorities report that he died from concussion of the brain. Mr. Agnew was in Toronto at the time of the fatality, started home immediately, but failed to arrive at the hospital until a few minutes after her husband's death.

HENSALL AND ZURICH HOLD JOINT FIELD DAY

HENSALL, Oct. 27.—Public and high school scholars joined in a most successful day on Friday, and afterwards entertained the pupils from Zurich schools to a delightful lunch in the local high school.

The following is the prize list:

Girls' sack race—Jean Elder, Hensall; Ortha Melick, Zurich; Dorothy Welsh, Hensall.

Boys, hop, step and jump—G. Gasche, Zurich; L. Obtein, Zurich; A. Bedard, Zurich.

Girls, relay race—Jean Elder, Marguerite Fisher, Dorothy Welsh, Gertrude Hoggarth, Hensall.

Boys' relay race—Keith Love, Willie McLean, Bert Horton, Jim McDonald, Hensall.

Girls, eating biscuit and whistling—Nora Rau, Zurich; Dorothy Welsh, Hensall; Jean Elder, Hensall.

Girls, obstacle race—Lillian Rayder, Zurich; Winnie Ortwine, Zurich; Gertrude Hoggarth, Hensall.

Girls, scoring basketball, Dorothy Welsh, Hensall; Greta Forrest, Zurich; basketball score, Hensall, 34; Zurich, 4.

Baseball—Hensall, 5; Zurich, 3.

Boys' 100-yard dash—L. Brein, Zurich; L. McInchey, Zurich; Alfred Smith, Hensall.

Girls' 50-yard dash—Winnie Ortwine, Zurich; Jean Elder, Hensall; Rosa McLean, Hensall.

Boys' shot-put—Will McLean, Hensall.

Girls, throwing basketball—Marguerite Fisher, Hensall; Dorothy Fritz, Zurich.

Boys' pole vault—Keith Love, Hensall; Ted Harey, Hensall.

The officers who will come here from Windsor will check up the number of liquor permits that have been issued by local medical men. The law allows doctors to issue 50 liquor permits each month.

OLD TAVERN REOPENED.

LONDON.—Ye Olde Dr. Butler's Head, believed to be the oldest licensed tavern in London, has been reopened. It was founded in 1616 by William Butler, on whom King James I. bestowed the degree of "doctor."

MEIGHEN RAPS QUEBEC 'ABUSE' AS TOO UNFAIR

Tells North Bay Audience Unity Is His Only Aim.

WON'T WORK ANY GAME

Deplores Conscription Issue Being Used As Political Capital.

NORTH BAY, Ont., Oct. 27.—The Opera House, which holds approximately 1,000, was quite inadequate to accommodate the crowd which gathered tonight to hear Premier Meighen, Hon. R. J. Manion, minister of soldiers' civil re-establishment, Hon. L. P. Normand, president of the privy council, and C. R. Harrison, National Liberal-Conservative candidate in Nipissing County, in which North Bay is situated.

In the course of his speech Premier Meighen dealt with political opponents in Quebec to quote a single utterance emanating from him against the French-Canadians. The campaign of "villainous abuse," which was being carried on, was absolutely unjustifiable, he said.

"Whatever the methods of these politicians I do not propose to follow their example among my own race," he went on. "My first effort is, and shall be, to bring about union and good feeling among the races."

The premier left at midnight for Toronto.

The prime minister's trip from Sault Ste. Marie was punctuated by stops at Sault Ste. Marie, Warren, Verner, Cache Bay and Sturgeon Falls. At some of these places Premier Meighen merely got off and shook hands with a number of those who had come down to the station in the hope of seeing him. In others he made short speeches. At Cache Bay and Sturgeon Falls the premier, Hon. R. J. Manion, Hon. L. P. Normand, and C. R. Harrison, National Liberal-Conservative candidate in Nipissing for the federal House, Charles McCrea, member for the constituency in the Ontario Legislature, and Col. H. A. Mackie, formerly member in the Federal House for North Bay, spoke briefly. The latter, who has just returned from Russia, described conditions there, where thousands of persons were dying from starvation.

Defies Quebec Politicians.

Premier Meighen said that politicians in the province of Quebec who were opposed to the Government had attempted for years to malign him in that province, and that he declared was false, and they knew it, because they had worked with him in the House of Commons. He defied these politicians to point out a single sentence he had ever uttered that would justify the lack of cordiality and friendship for the French-Canadian people or the slightest animosity toward any class of people in the Dominion.

Opponents of the Government were trying to get farmers and workmen in Canada to vote against the present administration, claiming that the manufacturers and big interests were lined up behind it, said Mr. Meighen. In Russia the result of an effort to set various classes one against the other was ruin and starvation. Class antagonism was a bad practice, and Canada could not expect to escape them if her people listened to the cries of the political opponents of the Government.

"I don't think they can work that game in the Dominion," he remarked. Dr. Manion said he considered that the only policy which meant success for Canada was the tacit policy of the Government. He saw no reason why a man might not remain a good Liberal and yet support Mr. Meighen.

Hon. L. P. Normand, speaking in French, regretted that efforts were being made by some politicians to develop friction between the French and English races in Canada for political purposes. Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir Eustace Carter had labored to make this a united Canada. Governments since their time had also kept this end in view. In view of the fact that Liberal leaders, such as Mr. King, Mr. Meighen and Sir Lomer Gouin, enunciated varying views on fiscal questions it was difficult, said Dr. Normand, to know what the Liberal tariff policy was.

Mr. Meighen declared that politicians in Quebec were using the lamentable division that arose over conscription in order to make political capital. He was being referred to as a hanger-on and had been charged with making bitter speeches against the French-Canadians. There was absolutely no truth in these charges. No newspaper could quote an utterance of his which would justify the campaign of "villainous abuse" which was being carried on against him. Whatever the methods of these politicians in Quebec, he did not propose to follow their example among his own race.

MAY PROBE SALES OF FLORIDA WATER

Sarnia To Be Visited by Provincial Officers Next Week.

SARNIA, Oct. 27.—Word was received today from Windsor stating that as soon as provincial representatives complete their task of clearing up the liquor prescription issue in that city they will pay a visit to Sarnia, certain if any forgeries or violations have been committed here.

It was stated today following word received from Toronto that Crown Attorney Wilson may start action against local dealers who have been selling drinks and other beverages that contain alcohol. Dealers in Florida water may face court proceedings for selling large quantities of this brand of "wet good." Two men who have appeared in a police court recently blamed this lot for their downfall. On instruction from Attorney-General Raney Mr. Wilson and the police officials are now conducting a probe into this matter.

OLD TAVERN REOPENED.

LONDON.—Ye Olde Dr. Butler's Head, believed to be the oldest licensed tavern in London, has been reopened. It was founded in 1616 by William Butler, on whom King James I. bestowed the degree of "doctor."

American Doughboys On Rhine Are Not At All Dissatisfied

COBLENZ, Oct. 27.—The Yanks on the Rhine don't care a hoot whether the United States Senate ratifies the peace treaty with Germany.

But, if anything, they would rather it remained unrattified, as thereby their sojourn in this pleasant land would be indefinitely prolonged. Figure it out for yourself. The lowest back private in the rear rank draws down \$30 a month base pay, plus 10 per cent for foreign service.

Other Things Free. Chow, clothes, housing, medical attendance, entertainment, sports equipment and many other extras are thrown in, and with the mark running at considerably over 100 to the dollar, and prices kept pretty well down by the guiding hand of the Inter-Allied Rhine-Land High Commission, which governs the occupied zone, one can have an amazingly good time in Coblenz and environs on 3,200 marks a month—if one doesn't have bad luck at the wonderful old army game of galloping dominoes.

For example, if one is dissatisfied with the clothing Uncle Sam hands out, one can have a nifty outfit of olive drab serge—just like officers' uniforms—made up to order for 1,500 marks, garbison hat included.

If one is dissatisfied with the chow provided by the aforesaid uncle, one can lunch or dine at the Y. M. C. A.'s excellently-run hotel in town for 28 marks no tip). And if one tires of the Y. S. movies or other entertainment features, one can buy a roaring evening full of Wagner at the Stadttheater for something like a dime.

Rounds of Pleasure. Furthermore, there is no country like the Rhineland in which to enjoy the autumn. Cold nights and mornings give way to balmy noondays, in which

lunching outdoors is a pleasure. Excursion boats ply regularly up and down the famous river, available on a man's day off for an absurdly small sum.

As for the railroads and trolleys—on short excursion trips they almost give rides away, because of the rate of exchange.

Decidedly the Yanks don't want to come back. Why should they? They are "sittin' on the top of the world."

BLACKBIRD TOURISTS. Edinburgh, Scotland.—A pair of blackbirds built a nest underneath the carriage of a tram car traveling between Hawick and Edinburgh. Late in the afternoon a brood of young blackbirds had been hatched there.

A silver plating process, requiring half the usual time, has been invented by an Englishman.

The Brazil nut tree does not begin to bear fruit until it is about 30 years old is sure.—Adv.

Ouch! Lame Back

Rub backache, Lumbago, Soreness and stiffness away—Try this!

Back hurt you? Can't straighten up without feeling sudden pains, sharp aches and twinges? Now listen! That's a lame back, and you'll get blessed relief the moment you rub your back with soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Oil." Nothing else takes out soreness, lameness and stiffness so quickly. Y. S. simply rub it on and out comes the pain. It is perfectly harmless and doesn't burn or discolor the skin.

Lumber up! Don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle from any drug store, and after using it just once, you'll forget that you ever had backache, lumbago or sciatica, because your back will never hurt or cause any more misery. It never disappoints and has been recommended for 60 years.

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Make Housework Easy

Phone 7000, and we will send a man who will tell you what it will cost to have an Electric Water Heater in your home.

This heater has been accepted by the Ontario Hydro-Electric Commission after thorough tests. It is guaranteed to maintain an abundant supply of hot water, day and night, for bath, kitchen and laundry.

The electricity to operate it will cost but a fraction of what you would have to pay for gas to heat water.

It is easily installed, requires no watching, and will bring the water to a boiling point if you require it.

Hot water from the tap makes housework easy. Help reduce drudgery in the home by installing a heater at once.

We are ready to do the job NOW.

Only the Best by Thorough Test. **The Hydro Shop** Service Here Means Satisfaction. Dundas and Wellington Streets. Phone 7000.

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The evening rate (8.30 p.m. to 12 midnight) is 80 cents.

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Our Manager will be glad to advise you on how you can take advantage of Classified Long Distance Service to both United States and Canadian points.

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