

By Wires Under the Ocean.

Chamberlain Surrenders to the Conservative Management—British Political Probabilities—Arrangements for the World's W. C. T. U. Convention, and Newspaper Comment Thereon—The Queen to Attend the Opening of a Presbyterian Church—A Satisfactory Answer from the Port-Loise Fuller, the Dancer, Has a Narrow Escape.

MEASLES IN A PALACE.
Madrid, June 16.—King Alfonso and his sister, the Princess of the Asturias, are both suffering with measles.

THE QUEEN'S REPRESENTATIVE.
Berlin, June 16.—The Duke of York, who will represent the Queen at the opening of the Baltic Sea canal, embarked on the royal yacht Osborne at midnight and sailed for Hamburg.

THE FRENCH IN MADAGASCAR.
Paris, June 16.—Gen. Duchesne, commanding the French forces in Madagascar, telegraphs that the Hovas have retreated toward Andribo, having abandoned Suberbie. They left the town intact, only a shed having been burned.

CUBANS NOT YET SUBDUED.
Madrid, June 16.—The Cabinet met this afternoon and decided to purchase nineteen vessels, ranging from 40 to 300 tons, to patrol the waters of Cuba. The vessels will be ready to sail in two months. A commission will proceed to England to buy the vessels already built.

The Cabinet also decided to mobilize 25,000 troops to serve in Cuba.

DERVISHES DEFEATED.
Brussels, June 16.—Advices from the Congo Free State state that a force fought a battle with a large army of Dervishes in the district between the Nile and Upper Nile. The Dervishes were badly defeated. The Belgian captain Christians was killed. The Dervishes, with 4,000 allies, retreated in the direction of Doura. The Belgians captured Egaru. In consequence of their successive defeats the Mahdists have evacuated the equatorial province.

AT THE DEAD EMPEROR'S GRAVE.
Berlin, June 16.—Yesterday the seventh anniversary of the death of the Emperor's father, Frederick III., the Kaiser paid a visit to the dead monarch's tomb and laid upon it a wreath of white roses. The Emperor, who was alone, knelt by the side of the tomb and spent a quarter of an hour in prayer. After his departure an almost countless number of floral offerings were placed upon the dead Emperor's grave.

THE QUEEN TO ATTEND A CHURCH OPENING.

London, June 16.—The Queen, it is announced, will attend the ceremonies marking the opening of the Presbyterian Church at Crathie next Tuesday. A number of Presbyterian divines will be present.

Her Majesty will shorten her stay at Balmoral in order to enable Princess Beatrice to attend the wedding of the Duke of Aosta and Princess Helene of Orleans, which will take place on June 25.

MISS FULLER'S CLOSE CALL.
Edinburgh, June 16.—Miss Loie Fuller, who is performing in this city, had a narrow escape from death yesterday. Miss Fuller being indisposed, her mother gave her a dose of what she thought was spirits of nitre. In a short time Miss Fuller became insensible, and a doctor was summoned. Investigation showed that instead of spirits of nitre Miss Fuller had been given cocaine. She was taken to an infirmary where a stomach pump was applied. She has now recovered from the effects of the drug.

RUSSIA WRATHY.
Berlin, June 16.—A dispatch to the National Zeitung from St. Petersburg says the recent reply of M. Hanotaux, French Minister of Foreign Affairs, to the interpellation in the Chamber of Deputies of M. Millerand, created a bad impression in Government circles. Prince Lobanoff, Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, ordered that the word "alliance" be expunged from the reports in Russian journals. Prince Lobanoff, Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, informed Count de Montebello, the French ambassador, that he was astonished by M. Hanotaux's formal declaration, because no written Franco-Russian treaty existed.

MR. GLADSTONE'S OUTING.
Hamburg, June 16.—Sir Donald Currie, the well-known ship owner, who visited this city in the steamer Tantalion Castle, having among his guests Mr. Gladstone, gave a dinner on the steamer Saturday to 80 prominent residents of Hamburg. Mr. Gladstone, who was presented, was toasted by Burgomaster Moeneburg, who described him as one of the first statesmen of the century and one of the best men of his time.

Mr. Gladstone in reply said he trusted that the fraternal feeling between Great Britain and Germany would continue for long generations, and it was great security for the peace and the happiness of the world. His remarks were greeted with cheers.

The Tantalion Castle has started for Kiel. Thousands of foreign visitors, including many Americans, are in Hamburg for the purpose of witnessing the opening of the canal.

CONSERVATIVES GAIN A SEAT.
Inverness, Scotland, June 16.—The result of the polling on Thursday last for a member of Parliament to represent Inverness-shire in succession to Dr. Donald MacGregor, Liberal, who resigned his seat on account of dissatisfaction with the Government's course respecting the Crofter Bill, was made known yesterday in the election of Mr. Baillie, of Dochfour, the Unionist candidate, over Dr. Donald MacGregor, of Balesh, the organizing secretary of the Highland Land League, who was

the Crofter candidate. This is a gain of another seat for the Conservatives. The delay in announcing the result of this election was due to the remoteness of some of the polls.

CHAMBERLAIN SURRENDERS.
London, June 16.—Friday witnessed an event the political importance of which cannot be denied. The Duke of Devonshire and Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, leader of the Liberal-Unionist party, were entertained by a banquet by the chief Tory wire-puller, and it was announced that they would take office in the Tory Government. As far as the duke is concerned, this is a natural and inevitable result of the fact that Mr. Chamberlain has struggled and fought to retain his own personal independence and separate existence of his party. His decision now demonstrates his belief that in the coming general election the Liberal-Unionist party will cease to exist except in Birmingham and a few midland towns, where his personal influence is still paramount. He has been nine years without the sweets of office, and had he not decided to chain himself to the Tory car he would find himself permanently excluded from power. Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour and the irascible course of events have been too much for Mr. Chamberlain, as Mr. Gladstone long ago predicted they would be.

THE PORTE'S REPLY
Said to be Satisfactory to the European Powers.

Constantinople, June 16.—The Sultan, learning that the British Cabinet had met to consider Turkey's reply to the plan of reform in Armenia, submitted by Great Britain, France and Russia, yesterday telegraphed to Muscat Pasha, the Turkish ambassador in London, instructing him to ask the Earl of Kimberley, British Foreign Minister, to postpone a decision in the matter. The Earl of Kimberley acceded to the request.

In the meanwhile it is stated that the Porte yesterday handed to the British, French and Russian ambassadors a fresh satisfactory reply acceding to the principle of control by the powers, but asking that the period be limited to three years. In a memorandum attached to the project of Armenian reform, which was presented to the Sultan on May 11 last, the sultan said: "The appended scheme, containing the general statement of the modifications which it would be necessary to introduce in regard to the administrative, financial and judicial organization of the vilayets mentioned, it has appeared useful to indicate in a separate memorandum certain measures exceeding the scope of an administrative regulation, but which form the very basis of this regulation, and the adoption of which by the Porte is a matter of primary importance. These different points are:

1. The eventual reduction of the number of vilayets.
2. The guarantees for the selection of valls.
3. Amnesty for Armenians sentenced or in prison on political charges.
4. The return of the Armenian emigrants or exiles.
5. The final settlement of pending legal proceedings for common law crimes and offenses.
6. The inspection of the prisons and an inquiry into the condition of the prisoners.
7. The appointment of a high commission of surveillance for the application of reforms in the provinces.
8. The creation of a permanent committee of control at Constantinople.
9. Reparation for the loss suffered by the Armenians who were victims of the events at Sassoun, Talori, etc.
10. The regulation of matters connected with religious conversion.
11. The maintenance and strict application of the rights and privileges conceded to the Armenians.
12. The position of the Armenians in the other vilayets of Asiatic Turkey."

THE WORLD'S W. C. T. U.
Arrangements for the Third Biennial Convention.

London, June 16.—The delegates to the World's Women Christian Temperance Union, which will begin the sessions of its third biennial convention in Queen's Hall, Langham Place, on Wednesday, June 19, met informally at Anderson's Hotel yesterday afternoon and discussed the programme for the week. Today the delegates and representatives occupied 287 pulpits throughout the kingdom.

The Australian and Indian delegates will be received by the Lord Mayor at the Guild Hall on June 20 and 21. They will pay a visit to Lady Henry Somerset at Riggate, where Miss Frances E. Willard, president of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, is now a guest. The delegates expect to visit Windsor on Friday. S. S. Lunn has arranged a tour of lectures for Miss Willard and Lady Somerset after the close of the convention. Miss Willard will probably speak at the Grunwald Conference, and afterwards visit Norway for the purpose of presenting the petition to the Government of that country. After leaving Norway Miss Willard and Lady Somerset will go to Russia and other countries for the same purpose. Miss Willard will return to New York in September, and later will attend the temperance convention to be held at Baltimore in October.

London, June 16.—Devotional services in connection with the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union convention commenced in the City Temple this afternoon. Lady Henry Somerset, president of the British Wo-

men's Temperance Association, presided. The meeting was conducted entirely by women. The Temple was crowded with white ribbon delegates from all parts of the world.

Lady Henry Somerset made the opening address, and she was followed by Miss Frances Willard, president of the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union. Miss Willard said that she was gratified with the condition of the union, which was transforming women's influence from a passive to an active force.

Miss Belle Kearney, of Mississippi, one of the leading W. C. T. U. speakers of America; Mother Stewart, one of the crusaders of America who assisted in the organization of the British Women's Temperance Association twenty years ago, and Madame Stirling also made speeches.

The Daily News will say tomorrow: The Women's International Temperance convention is timely in view of the local veto bill. It is significant that vast multitudes of women of all countries especially those speaking English are in arms against the greatest social evil of the times. The paper regrets to see the programme includes resolutions on such a score of other subjects. It is a sign that this is a weakness of women's movements in England, and is a mere scattering of energy.

The Telegraph, in its issue tomorrow will wish God-speed to the ladies, who at the family hearth or in the pulpit, work loyally for temperance. They are destined, it says, to earn the nation's gratitude.

The speakers at Sunday's meetings were the subject of the following notice: The Morning Mail will denounce the petition and the entire demonstration. It will say that perhaps the most successful demonstration will be the proving to what length temperance will be carried by a band of blatant female agitators, to whom good taste and propriety are empty terms.

BRITISH POLITICS.

Harcourt is Adroit and Optimistic—The Opposition Confident of Regaining Power.

London, June 16.—Sir William Harcourt's speech on Thursday, obtaining control of the time of the House for Government business, was most adroit and optimistic. He had the cheerful assurance of a man who is confident of a victory of 100 behind him instead of a baker's dozen. His declaration that the Government intend to proceed with all the principal bills until they are passed into law was loudly cheered, but the hollowness of the proclamation is generally recognized. Mr. Balfour virtually supported Sir William Harcourt's motion in a conciliatory speech, when he had been assured that there was no intention of leaving out of the Welsh Disestablishment Bill to compulsory closure. Mr. Chamberlain made a bitter attack, accusing the Government of hypocritical pretenses, and Sir William Harcourt will be larger if elections are held.

The difference in tone of the two Unionist leaders indicated that one favored a waiting policy, while the other decided to precipitate the overthrow of the Government. Mr. Chamberlain's power in the Unionist Parliament will depend upon the strength of his majority. He will be a more important figure if the majority be narrow than if it be large. Nobody believes that he can be left out of the Unionist Cabinet, but it is natural to infer that Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour would prefer to be released from absolute dependence upon him. They think that their majority will be larger if elections are deferred until autumn, and are in no haste to overthrow the Government. Mr. Chamberlain is in more of a hurry because from enlightened self-interest he is anxious to get the Welsh Disestablishment Bill passed before the end of the year. Meanwhile Mr. Balfour good-humoredly patronizes Sir William Harcourt, and the Ministers hold on with the ulterior purpose of postponing the elections until the autumn, when they are allowed to do so, and then appealing to the country on a resolution directed against the Lords. Their majority is so small that an accident may happen any week which will bring about a change of government. Mr. Balfour and his supporters do not believe in a drifting policy when the rocks are straight ahead and in plain sight.

Mr. William Harcourt's declaration that, whether the session was long or short, it would last until the leading measure of the Government were disposed of ought not to be taken too literally. It indicates an autumn session, but it is probable that the Government will carry out the threat of keeping Parliament in session until the bills are passed. The Cabinet have apparently agreed upon a definite policy, and this is a great gain; it is a steady line to the Liberal supporters and encourages them to believe that the party fortunes are not utterly wrecked.

Parliament assembled after the recess with a loud warning from the Liberal whip that members must be in constant attendance, as divisions would be frequent and perhaps dangerous. The signal was not seriously regarded; the attendance was light for the first day, and the proceedings were dull. The Charters Bill passed its second reading on the eve of the election in the Highlands, with both parties bidding for the political support of the Highlands. Mr. Healey's Irish Municipal Franchise Bill was carried on the third reading by sharp practice in taking advantage of the rules which exempt from the report stage measures submitted without amendment from the grand committee. The Opposition complained that a partisan majority selected all amendments in grand committee in order to railroad the bill through the Commons in the American fashion. Mr. Balfour plausibly remarked that not an adverb was allowed to be added nor a comma changed. Apparently there was no great harm in expedient legislation, when the Lords have abundant leisure for looking after adverbs and commas.

IN NEWFOUNDLAND.
St. John's, Nfld., June 16.—The resignation of several of the officials are reported in consequence of the reduction of the salaries of the officials. Sir Robert Murray, now here as British Relief Minister, will probably be appointed Governor-General. O'Brien will leave July 13.

SCAVENGERS HEAVILY FINED.
Bridgport, Ont., June 16.—Capt. Green and three men of the tug H. J. Pierson, that was seized by Capt. Dunn of the Petrol, on Friday, were fined \$50 and 25 cents each by Local Magistrate J. Bethune for dumping dredging in Canadian waters in Niagara River. The Ottawa authorities have imposed a fine of \$4,500, being half the value of the tug and scows, which as not yet been paid.

STAMERS ARRIVED.
June 15. From
Frisco.....New York
La Bourgeoise.....New York
Spartan.....New York
Rotterdam

Late Canadian News.

Captain of a Schooner Drowned While Getting a Pull of Water.

The Oshawa electric railway commenced regular trips Saturday.

Yesterday was decoration Sunday at Ottawa, all the Oddfellows turning out to Berehwood Cemetery, where they decorated the graves of their departed brethren.

Robert Rankin, of Port Hope, captain of the schooner Fleet Wing, while engaged hauling a bucket of water from the lake at Kingston Friday evening, fell overboard and was drowned.

Thos. Seaton Scott, who was one of the leading engineers in the construction of the C. P. R., died at his residence, Albert street, Ottawa, Friday evening of heart disease. He was 73 years of age.

Dr. Tremblay, Government medical officer at Esquimaux Point, writes that Rev. Mr. Kerr, the missionary who had both of his hands amputated after an accident, has recovered and has gone to Newfoundland.

Between 11 o'clock Saturday night and early Sunday morning the hardware and stove store of Dr. Thibault & Nott, Colborne street, Brantford, was entered by burglars, and robbed of goods, probably to the amount of \$200.

Celestin Beau, a mechanical engineer of Quebec, has just invented a new boiler which will create a revolution in engineering. The plans are kept secret. Mr. Beau has left today for Paris, France, where he will secure patents for his invention.

DEATH AFTER A MOSQUITO BITE.

Eighteen-Months-Old Bertha Wurr Dies of Cellulitis.

New York, June 16.—Bertha Wurr, the 18-months-old daughter of August Wurr, who lives in the rear house at 44 Morton street, was bitten on the arm by a mosquito on Thursday of last week. The bite made the child restless, and she scratched it continually. The next day the arm swelled until it was twice the normal size and the child became very ill. Dr. Cole, of the Northwestern Dispensary, who was called in, found Bertha in great pain and suffering from a high fever.

The child also had great difficulty in breathing. He prescribed for her, but in spite of his care the little girl died. As the case was a peculiar one, it was reported at the coroner's office, and yesterday Deputy Coroner Huber made an investigation. After describing the symptoms, Dr. Cole said he thought the child's death was caused by the mosquito bite. Dr. Huber gave a certificate that death was due to cellulitis, which is an inflammation of the tissue immediately beneath the skin.

NEWSPAPER TRAIN WRECKED.

The Engineer and Fireman Hurt—Air Brakes Refused to Work.

New Haven, Conn., June 16.—The New York Sun lay newspaper train, due here at 4:20 o'clock, was wrecked in the railroad yard here this afternoon. There were four cars on the train, and all but the last car were derailed. The engine was turned completely around and thrown over on its side.

Engineer Matt Chignins and Fireman Chappell were injured. Chignins' left knee cap was shattered, and his left leg was broken. He also sustained numerous bruises. The tracks for 300 feet were torn up. Great damage was also done to the switching system.

HANGED WITH A HANDKERCHIEF

Tragic Death of a Brute Who Escaped Lynching.

Cincinnati, O., June 16.—An infuriated mob caused Jacob Strack down John street yesterday afternoon amid great excitement. Half an hour previous he had been seen by some women entering the 10-year-old Katie Wies, who lived in the same house with him, to a vacant lot. They shouted to some men near by, who started after Strack. One of the pursuers hurled a brick at the man as he ran. It hit him on the head, the crowd closed in on him, and it was with difficulty that he was rescued by officers.

Strack is 55 years old. He was taken to a police station and locked up. A few moments afterwards the turnkey heard a strange gurgling sound, and upon investigation found the prisoner hanging to the top of a cell with a handkerchief tied around his neck. He was dead when taken down.

BROWNINGS.

Chatham, Ont., June 16.—While playing on a scow at Stevens' dock this evening a 7-year-old son of B. Blair fell into the river and was drowned.

Norfolk, Va., June 16.—A boat containing five young men, while starting on a Sunday excursion early this morning, capsized in the harbor, throwing the occupants into the water. Two of them, Harry Story and Dennis O'Brien, were drowned.

ROYALTY AT THE RACES.

London, June 16.—The American horses do not figure very prominently in the list of probable starters in the four-day racing at Ascot Heath which begins next Tuesday. The royal equipages will start from Windsor. These carriages will contain the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke of Cambridge, the Duke and Duchess of York, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, the Duchess of Sax-Coburg and Hesse, Prince and Princess Christian, Prince and Princess Ferdinand of Roumania and the Crown Princess of Denmark. Each of these carriages will be drawn by four bright bay horses and will be followed by a long procession of vehicles conveying an army of royal servants from Buckingham Palace and Windsor Castle. All in all, it will be the brightest and most festive royal procession that has been seen in many years.

The Afghan Prince, Nasrulla Khan, will make his appearance on Ascot Heath on cup day, Thursday, when he will ride down in the special train of the Prince of Wales.

KINGSMILL'S

Greater Goodness
Greater Popularity

Things are going a bit here. We seem to have a very easy time making everybody comfortable in mind and purse. Having nothing in the store but what is the best lets us look everybody in the eye with confidence. Quality, like good ice, is clear and transparent. There is no crust of goodness covering a core of faults and flaws here. Through and through good.

Almost everybody has found out, too, that the best is cheapest. We have been teaching that truth and emphasising it with practical illustrations for 25 years.

SUMMER FANCIES.

There are some woolen gowns that are needed all summer long, and we have the proper goods to make them of. Travelers and loungers, in new patterns and new weaves. Some of the sturdiest are found among the new weaves. Ten days ago 65c, now 32c. Just half price. SPECIAL—10 pieces Cream All-Wool French Tennis Flannel, good value at 48c, now 25c yard.

COTTON GOODS.

Our "Beauty Cottons" are bargains. The calendar regulates it. This store is run on schedule time—and we are approaching the close of the season. That is why we are sacrificing. It is your opportunity. Don't miss it. The weaves that are wrecked are among the most fashionable of the famous ones. Just as honestly good at the reduced prices as they were at the original.

GINGHAM,
PIQUE,
CHAMBRAYS,
CRINKLES,
BATISTE,
TUFTED CHAMBRAYS,
PRINTED ORGANDIES,
FRENCH SATEENS,
PRINTED DRILLS,
AMERICAN DUCKS,
PRINTED MARSEILLES,
DRESS LINENS.

Parasols and Sunshades.

We have imported this season in addition to our usual stock of Black and Colored Durable Silk Parasols, a case of French Novelties, the like of which never were shown in this vicinity before. The cost of a dainty Lace Covered Sateen Sunshade is trifling, or, if your purse is long, one of those delicate Lace Covered and Fringed Shot Tussores may be as expensive as you please. Forty-four cents to \$10 75 is the range, with the between prices, and no end of styles to choose from.

Kingsmill

Dundas and Carling Sts.