ties of this section that our through the printing out all kinds to printing out all kinds to the best of Presses and compley none but good work- and our charges are LOWER by other office in Guelph. Or-

### Guelph Evening Mercury

MONDAY EV'G, SEPTEMBER 28

that the Fall Trade has completed by the deprace of this section that our desired for the first section for governments of the United States and Great Britain, caused by the depradations of the notorious privates, seems to be as far from a settlement as ever. Lord Stanley is a reasonable man, but he is firm, and not at all likely to be entrapped. by even the wily and acquisitive Seward. This is a letter and declaration that mynidence as we are continually shown on the part of the latter were we to view it abstractedly, and not consider it in connection with the political requirements or accessities of American statesmen. To be ill-bred towards the Government of Great Britain the United States Secretary conceives is neither more nor less than to be popular with the republic, and he is therefore unhesitatingly and beyond precedent insolent. We do not know that it is for Mr. Seward's individual good, but it is certainly well for humanity that he is dealing with a government by no means irascible, or his absund demands would long ere this have met with a persemptory refusal, and his menaces bred him trouble. Had he a proper sense of what constituted justice he could not have remapher than the state of the state of the state of the matter to arbitration, but that means of settling a long-west question as ignored, Mr. Seward evidently being of opinion that his dictum and not the deepidations of the Alabama are to be atoned for. In his correspondence he draws, with characteristic audacity, a contrast between the conduct of the British Government during the recent American civil war, and that of the United States Government of the monttee shall determine how the depredations of the Alabama are to be atoned for. In his correspondence he draws, with characteristic audacity, a contrast between the conduct of the British Government during the recent American civil war, and that of the United States Government in dealing with the Fenian projects of aggression against Canada. There are no points of similarity in the two cases, and Lord Stanley easily overturns the argument by showing the absurdity of the analogy. He says:—

"The British Government were ready, anxious and determined throughout the whole course of the civil war to ever all all heads of the Contract of It would be difficult to understand such impudence as we are continually shown on the part of the latter were we to view it abstractedly, and not consider it in con-

as follows:
"It appears that the Alabama ravaged the high seas to the amount of \$3,690,000; the Shenandeah disposed of \$4,112,000; the Florida is credited with \$1,985,000, and the Georgia, whose bump of destructiveness is not so largely developed, only preyed to the extent of \$318,000. In all we are debited with \$9,505,000, for payment of which we are pressed."

the boats and railways for half No doubt there will be a large

cer of three pages from Jona-ift to Sir William Temple, ag for testimonials to enable atter into holy orders, was in London for \$55.

egram from Constanti-ing the release of the lives, was looked upon abolder's man-

Mr. McGee and the Temperance So- The Members Elected.

the argument by showing the absurdity of the analogy. He says:—

"The British Government were ready, anxious and determined throughout the whole course of the civil war to exert all the power conferred by the Queen, by the law of the land to prevent British subjects from taking part in that contest. But the law could not be put in force against offenders unless on the production of evidence, first, that the law was violated; and, secondly, that its violation was the act of the persons charged with that offience. The secrecy observed by these persons in their unlawful proceedings baffled all the efforts of Her Majesty's Sovernment, no less than those of the diplomatic and consular agents of the United States in the country to detect them.

"The actions of the Fenians, on the contrary, was open and avowed. It showed itself in public meeting and in the public press, in the enrollment of troops, the collection of arms, the solicitation of money, and finally in the establishment of the territory of the United States of as co-alled Provisional Government, with its legislative assembly and administrative officers. Throughout these transactions there has been no attempt at disguise, but rather an arrogant display of publicity. The Government of the United States needed, therefore, no research on the part of their officials, nor even a demunication by British authorities to establish these Fenian agitators a palpable case of infringement of the laws of the United States, coupled with a deliberate design to undertake from the territory of the United States, whose Government was in amity with that of Her Majesty, a military operation direct against either Canada or Ireland."

That Mr. Seward has some political purpose to serve by making just such

That Mr. Seward has some political purpose to serve by making just such advances towards reconciliation as will unavoidably keep the matter in statu quo cannot be doubted, for much as he may presume on the pacific dispositions of England, he cannot be so foolish as to mourish his love of gain by any hopes that his preposterous bill for the depredations of privateers will be handed out of the British Treasury, full of specie though it be. A Montreal paper sums it up briefly as follows:

"It appears that the Alabama ravaged the high seas to the amount of \$3,690."

"It appears that the Alabama ravaged the high seas to the amount of \$3,690."

"It appears that the Georgia, whose bump of destructiveness is not so largely developed, only preyed to the extent of \$318,000. In all we are debited with \$9,505,000, for payment of which we are resulted and the proposed to have been given of the steen of \$318,000. In all we are debited with \$9,505,000, for payment of which we are resulted and the proposed to have been given out to such a such as the sum of the form of a more insignificant nature are being made."

The Ottawa Daily News, usually didlesex East, Evans.

His Ottawa Daily News, usually didlesex West, Currie.

Middlesex East, Evans.

His Otte Preparations of a more insignificant nature are being made."

The Ottawa Daily News, usually didlesex East, Evans.

His Otte Preves, usually didlesex East, Evans.

Middlesex East, Evans.

only preved to the extent of \$18,000. In all we are debited with \$0,505,000, for payment of which we are pressed."

The manner in which Mr. Seward manages to amass such a claim, if it does not show well for his honesty, at least proves him to be a man of more than ordinary ingenuity. But perhaps like some of the itinerant pedlars of jewelry which prevailed there in the winter months through a series of years past.

he first asks an absurdly large figure and will finally be well satisfied with what ever he can obtain.

The approaching session of the Medical Alumni Association of Ictoria University bids fair to be a ary interesting one. The sessions on Tuesday, the 1st of October, arrangements have been made the boats and railways for half

Eigin East, Dobbie,
Frontenac, Kirkpatrick,
Grey South, Jackson,
Grey North, Snider,
Glengarry, Macdonald, D. A.
Grenville South, Shanly
Hamilton, Magill,
Hastings West, Brown,
Haldimand, Thompson,
Huron North, Whitehead
Huron South, Cameron,
Hastings North Bowell Huron South, Cameron,
Hastings North, Bowell,
Kingston, Macdonald J. A.
Kent, Stephenson,
London, Carling,
Lincoln, Benson,

Algoma, Cumberland.
Addington, Hooper
Brant North, Finlayson
Brant South, Wood.
Bothwell, McKellar.
Bruce North, Sinclair
Bruce South, Blake.
Brockville, Fitzsimmons
Carleton, Lyon.
Cardwell, Swinarton.
Cornwall, J. S. McDonald.
Dundas, Cook.
Durham East, Williams.
Durham West, McLeod.
Elgin East, Luton.
Elgin West, McColl
Essex, Wiggle.
Frontenac, Smith.

Frontenac, Smith
Glengarry, Oraig.
Grey South, Lauder.
Grey North, Scott
Grenville, Clarke.
Halton, Barber
Hamilton, Williams
Haldimand, Baxter.
Huron North, Hays.
Huron South, Gibbons
Hastings West, Graham
Hastings East, Corby
Hastings North, Boulter
Kent, Smith
Kingston, Strange. Kent, Smith
Kingston, Strange.
Lambton, Pardee
Lanark North, Galbraith
Lanark South, Shaw
Leeds North, Smith
Leeds South, Tett

Peterboro' East, Reid
Peterboro' West, Carnegie
Prescott, Boyd
Prince Edward, Greeley
Renfrew South, McDougall,
Renfrew South, McDougall,
Renfrew North, Supple
Russell, Craig
Simcoe South, Ferguson
Stormont, Colquhoun
Toronto East, Cameron
Toronto West, Wallis
Victoria South, Matchett
Victoria North, Cockburn
Waterloo North, Springer
Waterloo South, Glemens
Welland, Beatty
Wellington South, Gow
Wellington South, Gow
Wellington North, McKim
Wentworth North, Chistie
Wentworth North, Chistie
Wentworth South, Sexton
York East, Crosby
York North, McMurrich
York West, Grabam

America!

To Pi Blackburn, of yellow fever notoriety, has written to Gen. Grant, offering his professional services in the Southern districts where that disease now exists, only desiring a stipulation to be entered into on the part of the government that he shall not be molested by the military commanders, nor be brought to an account by the civil authorities for past offences. DEATH OF A PET.—A deer, which has long been a pet of the 63rd Regiment, died in Dablin a few days since from injuries it had received during the transit of that corps from Glasgow. The animal, which was known by the name of Suffolk, belonged to sergeants of the 63rd Regiment, who brought it with them from Canada on their return to this country, and it has been as one of the regiment ever since—U.S. Gazette.

orences.

13 Edward White, the Milwaukee pork packer, who filled his barrels with salt and sand, has been sentenced to 3 years'

FARM FOR SALE.

New Songs.

At DAY'S BOOKSTORE,

daw tf

Insolvent Act of 1864 In the matter of James Inman, surviving partner of the late Firm of Inman Brothers, Cabinet Makers, Stratford.

Steam Cabinet Factory FOR SALE.

IN consequence of the death of the late William Imman, the business carried on by him and the above-named James Imman, at Stratford, has been placed in my hands to be wound up.

The Machinery, Tools, Lümber and Furniture, will be sold in one block, and comprise the follow, viz:

One ten bounds.

low, viz:

One ten-horse power engine, running several machines, all complete and in perfect running order; together with the building in which the said engine and machinese are put up. About 0,000 feet of seasoned immer, assorted kinds. A large unwher or unmisshed Common Chairs, and about \$1,300 worth of Furniture, all quite new. By virtue of the power vested in me, under the said Act, I will offer all the above property for sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION

on the premises, Lot Letter A, Canada Com-pany's Survey, Stratford, on

Tuesday 24th Sept., 1867

dvantageous terms.

TERMS.—One-third eash, the balance in six and welve months, with interest at six per cent. or he purchaser furnishing approved security.

THOMAS MILLER,

## FRESH OYSTERS

Wholesale and Retail, at the

FRUIT DEPOT.

Wyndham Street, Guelph.

HUGH WALKER.

Guelph, 16th Sept., 1867. (d)

Wool, Hide and Leather DEPOT,

No. 4. Day's Old Block, Gordon Street Guelph, July 31, 1867 (dw) D. MOLTON

NEW

W. NOBLE

WOULD intimate to the citizens of Guelph and surrounding country generally, that he is prepared to execute

Painting in Every Branch!

With Cheapness, Neatness and Despatch.

Guelph, 24th Aug., 1867.

A RARE CHANCE.

# Spring Bank Farm

alongside of it, and a good water at the door.

The above is acknowledged to be one of the best wheat growing farms for its extent in the County of Wellington. Title indisputable.

Guelph, 13th September, 1867. Also—A pleasantly situated property in the ourishing Village of Everton, consisting of a good rame Dwelling House and a Stable, two-fifths of flourishing Village of Everton, consisting of a gor Frame Dwelling House and a Stable, two-fifths an acre of land attached, good garden and son choice fruit trees, &c. Title indisputable.

For terms and particulars apply personally, or by letter (pre-paid) to the subscriber at

PETER McGILVRAY, rtou P. O., County of Wellingto Guelph, 10th Sept., 1867.

### CAUTION.

Puslinch, 12th Sept., 1867. JOHN COCKBURN.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT AND UNRE-SERVED SALE OF

PURE BRED STOCK.

MORETON LODGE,

The Eighth Annual Sale.

On WEDNESDAY, OCT. 16th, About 35 very superior Fure-bred Short-horned and Hereford Cattles—male and female; upwards of 100 fine Cotswold and Southdows Sheep, Rains, Ewes and Lambs, of superior size, wool and quality, together with a number of fine Berkshitz Figs, Aylesbury Ducks and Dorking Fowls, all of which are in a healthy breeding condition, and well worth the notice of breeders of full-blooded Stock.
Catalogues with hill particulars may be had on application to Mr. Knowlee, or Mr. Stone, Guelph. Sale to commerce promptly at 1 p. m.
Gladys, Sept. 20, 1987. New Advertisements.

OF STAPLE AND FANCY

# DRY GOODS

AT THE BRADFORD HOUSE.

GEORGE JEFFREY

## FALL AND WINTER STOCK!

WHICH WILL BE FOUND ONE OF THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN CANADA. HE WOULD PARTICULARLY DIRECT ATTENTION TO A FEW DEPARTMENTS:

SILKS, Black and Coloured.

REPS, PRINCESS' CLOTHS,

MANTLE CLOTHS,

Some things Quite New.

And every other description of Goods will be shown as they appear in the Market.

GEORGE JEFFREY.

HURRAH FOR THE

Opposite the

MARKET.



Opposite the

MARKET.

## SMITH & BOTSFORD

Have now the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

FALL and WINTER

Ever brought into GUELPH. Their Stock consists in part of the following

PAINT SHOP. Overcoats, Sacks and Frocks

Black, Blue and Brown PILOTS,

Black, Blue and Brown WHITNEYS,

Black, Brown and Blue ELYSIANS, ranging in price from \$5.50 to \$16.

ALSO, A SPLENDID LINE OF

# TIP-TOP PEA JACKETS

They would also beg to call attention to their HUDSON BAY AND RED RIVER OVERCOAT. UNDERCOATS SACKS AND SACKTEES, in Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, Doeskins, Meltons and Satarras, from \$3.50 to \$18.

IN PANTS AND VESTS

we have a large stock of the following:—Cottonades, Unions, Moleskins, Satinettes, Tweeds, Doeskins and Pilots. Their BLACK CLOTH FROCKS, Shooting Ceats, Sacks, Pants and Vests, for style, quality and price, can cope with anything in the Dominion.

A large assortment of BOYS' CLOTHING always on hand. E S. & B. defy competition. E Remember the Stand—Sign of the Elephant, opposite the Market.

SMITH & BOTSFORD.

dw-tf

DR CUY'S ENGLISH CHOLERA REMEDY THE undersigned offers for sale, or to exchange for Real Estate in the Town of Guelph, the undermentioned property, vits.

For Cholera Morbus, Diarrhosa Dysentery, Colic, &c.

Is quick and certain in its action; pleasant to take, and never fails to cure. Don't trust to Pain Killers and other trash, but aget a bottle of GUY'S Great English Remedy.

287 Sold wholesale and retail by Lyman, Elliot & Co., Toronte; Winn & Co., Hamilton; N. Highbotham, A. B. Petric, E. Harvey, and J. Holden, Guelph, and retailed by all medicine dealers. For testimorials see circulars and wrappess.

"Gnelph, 2nd August, 1867.

Partnership Dissolved.

NOTICE.

VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY

For Sale or to Exchange.

The Real Estate in the Town of Quelph, the undermentioned property, vite.

First.—A valuable improved Farm North of the Durham Road, in the Township of Bentinek, three miles from the Village of Durham, containing about 200 aeres, of which about 100 aeres are oleared and under fence. On the premises are a substantial Frame Dwelling Elouse with good estate the second of the second of the second estate that the second of the second estate that the second of the second estate that the second estate the second estate that the second estate that the second estate the second estate the second estate that the second estate the s

Guelph, 5th September, 1867. notice 2 soldiers

Discharged from the U.S. Army.

BRING your Discharge Papers to the Un-dersigned, and you will hear of something