

# THE World of Women

## New Goods Now Opening.

NEW MILLINERY, READY-TO-WEAR and LEGHORN HATS.  
NEW CHILDREN'S MILLINERY, READY-TO-WEAR and WASH HATS.  
LADIES' AMERICAN PANAMA HATS.  
LADIES' WHITE VOILE DRESSES.  
SILK DRESSES & CREPE DE CHENE, with Georgette Sleeves.  
NEW WASH and PORCH DRESSES.

1400 pieces MUSLIN and CREPE DE CHENE NECKWEAR, 10c. to \$3.20 each.

See this display, it is impossible to describe their beauty here.



## NEW GOODS NOW OPENING.

The Women of Newfoundland fully realise how we are striving to cater to their needs, since we have produced the Most Beautiful Ladies' Clothing Store this country has ever had. Every day we receive shipments of the Newest Wearables Britain and America produce; this is why you see something different every time you visit the Store.

**CREPE DE CHENE WAISTS**  
\$3.90, \$5.70, \$9.20.

Discriminating women will surely be pleased with this shipment of really beautiful Waists.

**WHITE & COLORED MUSLIN WAISTS,**  
65c. to \$3.50 each.

**WHITE EMBROIDERED,**  
Lace trimmed, coloured stripes and spots in profusion.

**New Hair Nets, Queensway and La Chic.**

**NEW INFANTS' BLACK & COL'D COATS.**  
**NEW CHILDREN'S WASH & WHITE PARTY DRESSES.**

**NEW NURSES' UNIFORMS.**  
**NEW MAIDS' UNIFORMS.**

**NEW MAIDS' APRONS.**  
**NEW TEA APRONS.**

**NEW RED CROSS APRONS.**

**BISHOP, SONS & CO., LTD.**  
PHONE 481. MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

## War News.

### Messages Received Previous to 9 A. M.

#### THE WEEK'S LOSSES.

**LONDON, May 30.**  
Eighteen British ships of more than 1,600 tons were sunk during the past week, it was officially announced tonight. The vessel of less than 1,600 tons and two fishing vessels were also sunk. The losses of British shipping from the submarine war as reported this week total 21 compared with 20 lost in the previous week. While the losses of vessels exceeding 1,600 tons each remain the same as the previous report, the number of ships of less than 1,600 tons is reduced from nine to only one. The number of fishing vessels sunk is reduced from three to two. The text of the announcement reads: The weekly summary gives arrivals at 2,719, and sailings 2,768. British merchant ships sunk by mines or submarines over 1,600 tons, 18; under 1,600 tons, one. British merchant vessels unsuccessfully attacked, including one previously reported, 17. British fishing vessels sunk, 2. The report invariably includes all merchant tonnage known to have been sunk by mine or submarine, whether employed by the Government or otherwise.

#### MUST FULFIL OBLIGATIONS.

**PARIS, May 30.**  
Paul Painlevé, Minister of War, submitted for approval of President Poincaré at a Cabinet meeting to-day, a bill requiring that subjects or citizens of countries allied with France of such age that they would be liable to military service in their native countries, must fulfil their military obligations. The bill, which follows the policy adopted in England, will be introduced in the Chamber of Deputies shortly.

#### COALITION PROBABLE.

**OTTAWA, May 30.**  
There are strong indications to-day that the perplexed political situation will be settled by arrangement between the leaders for a coalition Ministry, probably including some prominent men not connected with politics. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who has been in frequent conference on the situation with Sir Robert Borden, and has also been at Rideau Hall, left for Montreal to-day, presumably to consult the Premier again, on the probable attitude of Quebec towards conscription, under a non-partisan

Government, while it is understood a scheme, still very indefinite, of a tentative exchange between the two leaders is believed to give promise of an early solution of the difficulty. Under a coalition administration it is likely the conscription bill would be redrafted in some respects to make it more acceptable to the interests now opposing the measure, in the form forecasted by the Premier.

#### MODIFIED BILL PREDICTED.

**QUEBEC, May 30.**  
It is hinted here that Sir Robert Borden will drop the military conscription bill for overseas service and establish a military conscription for Canada only, and also an industrial and agricultural conscription. A coalition cabinet is also said to have been agreed on. Sir Lomer Gouin is said to have been named by the Liberals as a probable member of the new Cabinet.

#### QUIET ON BRITISH FRONT.

**LONDON, May 30.**  
There is nothing of special interest to report, says to-night's official of the war office.

#### U. S. AMBASSADOR RETURNING.

**AMSTERDAM, May 30.**  
A despatch sent yesterday from Constantinople to the Frankfurter Zeitung, says Abram I. Elkus, who was American Ambassador to Turkey until diplomatic relations were severed, and has since been detained in the Turkish capital by illness, was to depart on that day for Switzerland by way of Vienna. Accommodations have been provided in a special car on the Balkan express for the Ambassador. Mrs. Elkus and 25 others from the American Embassy were in the party.

#### MUN SOCIALISTS' POLICY.

**STOCKHOLM, May 30.**  
The peace programme of the Austrian and German delegates to the Socialist conference to be held here as formulated, provides for no annexations, no indemnities and restrictions of mechanical means which may be employed in maritime and air warfare. Six points of the program are enumerated as follows: First, no annexation; second, no indemnities; third, the South Slavic lands and Crown lands to remain in the dual monarchy, but Socialists should support the efforts of their inhabitants to gain autonomy; fourth, Finland and Russian-Poland to be independent States; the people of Galicia to have autonomy under the sovereignty of Austria. Under this head the assertion is made that an enduring solution of the Polish problem can be expected to be reached in the future by agreements between the two Central Powers and the independent

state of Russian Poland. Fifth, restoration of freedom of commerce on land and sea; modification of the protectionist system; the establishment of international administration for all maritime routes and inter-oceanic canals; inter-nation built and administered railways. Sixth, return to the maritime principle established by the Paris peace treaty of 1856, especially regarding the prohibition of the capture or arming of merchantmen; the abolishment of prize courts and reduction of the contraband list taken therefrom, especially all raw materials for clothing or food; modification of the rights of blockade and restriction of mechanical means which may be employed in maritime air warfare; delegates to go on record as opposing the annexation of Belgium and declare themselves as being friendly to Serbia's independence, which state, by joining with Montenegro, can assure itself of an outlet to the sea. They declare the Balkan States should arrange their own internal affairs without outside interference. The future of Alsace-Lorraine was not mentioned. Czech, Polish and Bosnian delegates attended the group conference but did not join the programme. They will formulate their own programme later.

#### NOTHING TO REPORT.

**BERLIN, May 30.**  
The German war office statement to-night says there is nothing of importance to report.

#### RUSSIA'S NEEDS.

**PETROGRAD, May 30.**  
Food Minister M. Pieschouhoff today unfolded the serious economic situation to Congress officers and delegates from the front, explaining it had been impossible as yet to establish grain monopoly, owing to the complicated organization required. On the eve of the revolution, he said, there was virtually no wheat available. Supplies had increased since March, but dwindled again in April. The army requirements was eighteen million poods of wheat weekly, but at one time only five million arrived. The shipments now arriving were bigger, but far from normal, and people would probably be obliged to face a still further shortage of other grains, especially oats, which were also scarce. He feared that even after the grain monopoly was organized the situation would not be improved. Because of suspicions of paper money, the peasants demanded raw materials and iron implements in exchange for their products. The Central Committee which has charge of the regulation of the iron supply, continued the Minister, only has three million poods of iron on hand, while the munitions factories require thirty

million. Hence Russia is on the eve of a catastrophe, he declared, unless the population, particularly the peasants, are prepared for the greatest self-sacrifice.

#### WAR REVIEW.

**NEW YORK, May 30.**  
The battle front from Gorizia southward towards the head of the Gulf of Trieste, remains the only theatre where for the moment hard fighting is progressing. Even here, however, the intensity which characterized the operations last week is lacking. On the front in France where Field Marshal Haig's forces are facing the Germans, operations by neither side have risen above minor attacks for several days, consisting mainly of manoeuvres by small raiding parties, and artillery duels of a moderate degree in strength. Wednesday was alike marked without infantry engagements between the French and Germans, although their respective guns took part in spirited artillery duels south of St. Quentin and Champagne. The Russians and Austrians on the eastern front are fighting in more lively fashion than has been the case for months. This is particularly true in East Galicia, where several days ago the Russians began an offensive. As yet the Petrograd war office has made no comment on the situation as it now exists in this region, nor has the Austrian official statement given any idea as to the extent of hostilities or an intimation of the exact zone where the fighting is going on. It is anticipated that the commencement of hostilities between the Russians and Rumanians in Roumania has not yet materialized. Between Jamiano and the head of the Gulf of Trieste the Italians have again cut into the Austrian lines and occupied positions west of the village of Medeazza, thereby bringing their right wing closer toward Dubno and the railway line, leading toward Trieste. The Austrian war office reports the repulse of Italian attacks near Jamiano, while a similar claim is made by Rome for the Italians.

#### CANADA'S OFFERING.

**OTTAWA, May 30.**  
The total number of officers and men of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, who had sailed for England up to May 1st, was 312,503 according to information furnished on behalf of the Minister of Militia in the Commons to-day. The total who were on duty in Canada up to May 1st was 25,475. There is no record of the number of officers and men sent back from England as unfit for service at the front.

Some of the newest summer blouses are very simple, with a touch of color in the form of a binding.

## NEW GOODS SEASONABLE and CHEAP

New Goods just opened, consisting of the following:

A Large Variety of SILK, MUSLIN and LAWN BLOUSES.  
LADIES' ONE-PIECE DRESSES in White and Colored Muslin.  
SPRING COATS, WHITE UNDERSKIRTS, HOUSE DRESSES.  
CAPS, CAMISOLES, VESTS, TEA APRONS.  
SILK SCARFS, HOSIERY, GIRLS' MIDDY BLOUSES.  
CHILDREN'S SUMMER DRESSES, CHILDREN'S HATS.  
MEN'S SHIRTS, SOCKS, TIES, COLLARS, SUSPENDERS, ETC., ETC.

### OUR BARGAIN TABLES

have been replenished with New Goods. Wonderful values.

Come early and get your pick.

**The C. L. MARCH CO., Ltd.,**  
House Furnishers, Corner Water and Springdale Streets,  
St. John's.

### Spirit of Christ in the War.

The Holy Cross Magazine: An English paper tells us of a touching incident that occurred in the war zone not far from Peronne. A village, occupied by the Germans, fell into the hands of a British regiment on the retirement of the former. The Germans had reverently laid some forty or fifty of their dead comrades to rest in a plot of ground, marking the graves with wooden crosses. When the English arrived the spot had be-

### At Thomas's W. A. Sale of Work.

A very successful sale of work and entertainment was held at Canon Wood Hall yesterday afternoon and night and was very largely attended. Included in the visitors were Lady Davidson, who was attended by Hon. R. Watson, Rev. C. E. Moulton and a number of prominent members of the parish. Mrs. Fred. Hensel, President of the St. Thomas's Women's Association, and her associates have every reason to feel proud of the success achieved. The sale opened at 3 o'clock and those in charge of the tables were:—Work—Mesdames H. String, House, J. Pike, Christian, McGregor and McDonald. Red Cross—Mrs. Nosworthy. Fancy—Mesdames F. Carter and G. Anderson. Candy and Fruit—Mesdames Oke and T. Cook. Jumble—Mesdames J. Williams, Major and C. Udle. At 8 p.m. a very enjoyable concert was held. Those taking part were:—Mrs. Grieve, Mrs. Foster, Miss M. Mitchell, Miss Taylor, Messrs. F. Emerson, P. Devereaux, A. Bailey, H. Foster and Ruggies; Misses G. Edwards, M. Coen, Ellis, Hilda Morris.

### Here and There.

**GOES NORTH.**—The S. S. Prospero sails for the northward to-morrow morning with a full freight.  
**NAVY MAN'S FUNERAL.**—The funeral obsequies with military honours of the American naval man Joy will take place next week on arrival of the mother of the deceased.  
**NO INFECTIOUS DISEASE.**—The health authorities are successful in endeavouring to stamp out infectious disease in the city, as not since Saturday last has a single case of disease been reported.  
**MACHINE GUN INSTRUCTOR.**—Second Lieut. S. Smith is now attached to Headquarters to act as instructor of machine gun.

come overgrown with weeds and briars, and in a short time the little cemetery would have disappeared. But the "Tommy's" set to work, cleared the place of weeds, marked out the graves with bricks from the ruined houses, and when all was done, erected a wooden cross six feet high, with the inscription: "Forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive those who trespass against us." Thus even amidst the horrors of war does the spirit of Christ find a place. May our own attitude towards those with whom we are at war reflect this same spirit!

### Fashions and Fads.

Blue chambray with white collar and white smocking is made into a pretty dress for a small girl. Colored crepe de chine blouses may have lace trimmings dyed to match. If there are buttonholes on the tailored blouse they must be bound in colour.

# 2 in 1

The polish that's easiest to use - the shine that's hardest to lose.

## SHOE POLISHES

BLACK - WHITE - TAN 10¢

Keep your shoes neat

Combine both liquid and paste, thus requiring but half the effort to get a brilliant, lasting shine. They contain acid and do not crack the leather.  
THE F. F. DALLEY CO., Ltd., Buffalo, N. Y.

**MISSES**  
Offering of good service. Buttoned blouses, including blouses, are some new and ranging in pair, Friday, Saturday & Sunday.  
**JOB LINE**  
A cleaning of boots for nobby styles with half price values. Friday, Saturday & Tuesday.  
**We wish**  
Sturday, published every Tuesday.  
Children's Sizes.  
**SMALL**  
Waxed Bath Soap, Pearls for Sewing, Dress Fast Mending, Silk Fluffs, Rubber Stamps, Stud Soap, House, Bath, Moth Balls, York Soap, Soap Paper, Mennen's Grooming, Velvet Skin.



**LADIES' LINEN**  
Simple style dresses, neat coloured, plain dress for more to 40 inch, Fr., Sat, and.  
**INFANTS' UNDERS**  
Well shaped skirts with Embroidery, from 2 to 6 value. Fr., Sat.

**Duchess**  
Dainty little of which your body complete; two plain White Linen, sprayed, the other lace and inserting. Friday, Saturday, Tuesday.