

Lemonade
powder.
 Delicious LEMONADE
 5 minutes. Price 15c.
FRED CHESTNUT,
 Secretary, 308 Queen St., F. Ton.

Goods.
 "will find a large and varied
 stock of
Spoons, Brooches,
Buttons, Belt Pins,
Rings, etc.
 show goods and quote prices.

BLACKMER.

and Style
 Are back of the suits we make to
 measure. Not enough that the
 cloth is good, well woven and
 shrunken and well put together,
 but the garments must be cut
 according to the latest styles and
 finished perfectly before leaving
 our establishment. Whatever
 chosen will be of a quality to give
 the greatest satisfaction under all
 conditions of wear. Just think of
 it! A nice Tweed Suit, All wool
 for TWELVE DOLLARS, others
 from \$14.00 to \$25.00

HOWIE, 210 Queen Street.

Complete
AT
10 cents
 Selling a fine glass graduated
 measuring Bottle, complete with
 rubber nipple at 10 cents.

BLEE, Agent for
 Dr. Shoop's
 Remedies.

BIG DAY, JULY 12th
 1902

to increase. New customers are
 new customers means new friends.
 Any thing in the way of Fruit,
 Cigars, Cigarettes, Syrups, Lime
 Goods, etc. we can supply you
 right from the oven. We will
 strawberries every day on arrival of

CASH STORE
ERGUSON, Manager.
 Phone 62

Ever shown in
the City.
 of Suits and Trousers, style,
 workmanship unexcelled.

ERY, 226 Queen St.

ual Life Insurance Co.,
PORTLAND, ME.
 holders \$33,710,000.58. Deposit at Ottawa nearly
 comparative statements show the marked pro-
 in all departments during the last eight years:
 Assets.
 \$6,453,309.56
 6,597,336.30
 6,797,391.05
 7,039,323.43
 7,220,555.75
 7,544,227.02
 7,991,042.63
 8,482,038.00
 9,013,082.63
 Premium Income,
 \$ 964,201.08
 989,552.73
 1,040,240.77
 1,107,779.45
 1,182,965.15
 1,278,649.29
 1,444,862.21
 1,575,176.25
 735,036.06
 \$35,914,417
 \$229,292.86
 359,783.12
 435,113.55
 507,348.19
 548,321.09
 574,224.75
 576,807.50
 586,040.24
 607,932.00
 Total Income \$
 1,261,930.51
 1,296,145.86
 1,353,713.38
 1,421,686.70
 1,525,630.16
 1,665,430.85
 1,833,919.16
 1,959,882.01
 2,105,141.94

**Hon. Mr. Chamberlain Ex-
 presses Optimistic
 Views.**
**THE GOVERNMENT WILL NOT
 BE RUSHED**
 Into Any Action Not Warrant-
 ed by Circumstances.

**TRANSVAAL TO BEAR PART OF WAR
 TAXES.**
 London July 29.—Colonial Secretary
 Chamberlain appeared in the House of
 Commons today for the first time since
 the recent accident in which he was hurt.
 He was greeted with hearty cheering and
 later he was warmly congratulated by Sir
 Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Liberal
 leader in the House.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman
 complimented his congratulations by asking
 for information of the Colonial Confer-
 ence. He expressed the hope that lenient
 treatment could be extended to the
 Boers in South Africa.

Mr Chamberlain replied that the one
 spirit animating the members of the
 conference was the desire to draw closer
 together the constituent parts of the
 Empire, and he thought it safe to say
 that the conference had made important
 progress towards a perfect union to
 which he himself looked forward.

Mr Chamberlain dealt comprehensively
 with the past and future of South Afri-
 ca. "We have no intention," he de-
 clared, "that the Boers should break
 with their old traditions. We desire
 that they should preserve all the best
 characteristics of their race, and hope
 they will shake hands with us, thus
 securing prosperity in South Africa,
 under the flag which protects different
 races and different religions." That senti-
 ment was the keynote of the speech.

Dealing with the much discussed labor
 question, Mr Chamberlain said he be-
 lieved every inducement to labor should
 be held out to the blacks, but he said
 no scheme of compulsory labor would
 receive the slightest Government sup-
 port. There was no intention of pack-
 ing the country with Britishers, but so
 much Transvaal land was lying idle that
 the colonies could only be made a great
 corn producing factor by bringing in
 British settlers. Lord Milner, the
 High Commissioner of South Africa,
 had telegraphed spontaneously that he
 did not think further legislation necessary
 to make the banishment proclamation
 effective. The Government, however,
 reserved to itself the important right in
 the new colonies to refuse to allow the
 return or to keep watch over persons who
 showed themselves inimical to good
 order and peace. "We are not going to
 allow the result of the war to be un-
 dermined," said Mr Chamberlain, "by in-
 trigues carried on by nominally consti-
 tutional means."

Regarding the future status of South
 Africa the Colonial Secretary said the
 Imperial Government had established a
 Crown colony in the strictest sense. The
 next step would be to add a nominated
 official element. Thereafter there would
 be an elected official element, and then
 nothing but circumstances and time
 would separate the new colonies from
 self-government, the ultimate goal of their
 ambition. That consummation would
 not be delayed if for no other reason
 because it might relieve the government of
 the tremendous burden of responsibility
 involved in the present situation, but all
 must understand that the Government
 would not be rushed or hurried into any
 action which circumstances did not war-
 rant.

The speaker said he was one of those
 optimistic enough to believe that the new
 colonies would reach the ultimate goal of
 their ambition much sooner than many
 persons now thought possible. So far as
 the government was concerned, the sur-
 render promises would be kept in
 spirit as well as in letter. The govern-
 ment, he said, was bound both by honor
 and by interest to this course.

There remained many questions to be
 dealt with; a new tariff must be arranged
 involving intricate questions concerning
 which experts must be consulted, and the
 taxation of mines must be settled, but he
 wished to say nothing would be done to
 punish owners of mines, as had been sug-
 gested in many quarters. The Govern-
 ment would do nothing to interfere with
 a quick revival of development of the
 country. Subject to that consideration
 Mr Chamberlain continued, no man was
 more anxious than he to recover some
 considerable part of the cost of the war
 from South Africa. He thought it would
 be perfectly fair to lay a fair part of the
 cost of the war on the principal industry
 of the Transvaal, but what amount, it was
 too soon to say.

clude this sketch with an anecdote
 which will display Sir Edmund Barton's
 character better than a long-winded
 panegyric. At the last great electioneer-
 ing fight, whose issue was understood to
 practically decide whether or not New
 South Wales should join the Common-
 wealth, Mr Barton was opposed by
 gentlemen whose adherents resorted
 to every trick and artifice known even
 to Australian politicians. Lies were un-
 blushing promulgated, and personal
 abuse of the most cowardly, foul and
 malignant type was utilized to excite
 Mr Barton's defeat. Shortly before
 the polling day Mr Barton's
 friends met together, and so doubtful
 was the issue that the majority declared
 for reprisals in kind. A scheme pre-
 viously prepared, was recited—a
 scheme which, if put into practice, would
 undoubtedly have turned the scales in
 the statesman's favor. Mr Barton
 listened to his advisers with his usual
 courtesy; but when the scheme was
 completely unfolded he got to his feet.
 "Gentlemen," said he, "if I cannot
 win clean-handed I prefer to lose."
 The phrase has become a proverb.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S SON.
 London, July 30.—Mr. J. Austen
 Chamberlain, Financial Secretary to the
 Treasury, son of the Colonial Secretary,
 will, it is announced, succeed Mr. Gerald
 Balfour as President of the Board of
 Trade.

The office of President of the Board of
 Trade carries with it a salary of \$10,000,
 and in recent Ministry a seat in the
 Cabinet. Mr. Gerald Balfour, who re-
 signs the post in consequence of the
 change of Premiership, is the brother of
 Mr. Arthur B. Hour, the new Prime
 Minister. He was Chief Secretary for
 Ireland in Lord Salisbury's 1895-1900 ad-
 ministration, and has lately suffered from
 poor health.

Mr Austen Chamberlain, who is thirty
 nine years of age, is the son of Mr Joseph
 Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, to
 whom he bears a remarkable likeness.
 He entered Parliament in 1892 as a
 member for East Worcestershire, and
 was Civil Lord of the Admiralty
 from 1895 to 1900, when he was ap-
 pointed financial secretary to the
 Treasury, both of which offices entail
 much acquaintance with the inside prac-
 tice of parliamentary business. As head
 of the Board of Trade the president is re-
 sponsible in the House of Commons for
 passing great bills of domestic commercial
 importance, such as the proposed Water
 Supply and Dock Unification Board for
 London bills.

WATCH CAST UP BY THE SEA.
 After having been tossed up by the
 waves of the Pacific for probably more
 than a year, a gold watch, its hands gone
 and its dial figures almost obliterated by
 the wash of the sea, was found yester-
 day at high tide on Baker's Beach. The
 finder, Mrs. O. Haldeman, wife of a
 collector for the telephone company, who
 lives at 437 O'Farrell street, thinks the
 timepiece may be a relic of the wrecked
 Rio de Janeiro.

Mr. and Mrs. Haldeman were strolling
 along the beach when Mrs. Haldeman
 observed what she thought was an un-
 usually bright shell. She stooped to
 pick it up, and found that it was a watch
 which the incoming tides had cast up.
 The timepiece is of French make and
 undoubtedly was at one time valuable.
 Although its mechanism is rusted and
 clogged with sand, the case is as bright
 as the day it left the watchsmith. The
 case is hand-carved. On the back are
 traced two doves. Inside the case are en-
 graved the numbers 22,164 and 8,659.

Haldeman says a local jeweler has al-
 ready offered to buy the watch from him,
 but he will not sell it.

It might be a priceless memento to
 some one who lost a friend or a relative
 at sea, he says: "If any one can prove
 his right to it I am ready to give it up."
 Charles C. Horton and J. P. Hofe
 filed notice with the clerk of the United
 States District court yesterday that they
 had located the wreck of a vessel off the
 shore of Martin county. The wreck
 which may be that of the Rio de Janeiro,
 is 600 feet of the shore line, between
 Cavallo and Sausalito.—San Francisco
 Examiner.

Unmistakable Signs of Catarrh.
 If you have ringing in the ears, dropp-
 ing in the throat, bad breath, headache,
 morning weakness, bad taste in the mouth
 —then it's catarrh. Use Catarrh's In-
 haler four times daily and eradicate this
 awful disease from your system. Catarrh-
 ozyme kills the germs, heals the inflam-
 med membrane, clears nose, throat and
 air passages at one application. Ferro-
 cyane quickly remedies the head noises
 and deafness, prevents drooping, and is
 warranted to absolutely cure all forms of
 Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma and Lung
 Troubles. Two months' treatment costs
 \$1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists or N. C.
 Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Dr. Ham-
 ilton's Pills Cure Headache.

A NARROW MAJORITY.
 London, July 31.—After being sub-
 jected to vigorous attacks from the
 Liberal leaders, one of the most impor-
 tant sessions of the government's education
 bill was passed in the house of commons
 last night by 230 votes to 189. This
 small government majority was greeted
 with prolonged cheers from the opposi-
 tion.

Previous to the vote Sir William Ver-
 non Harcourt (Liberal) made a speech
 which was characterized by all his old
 time vigor. He declared the present house
 did not reflect the opinion of the country
 and that if the government did not know
 this it would soon learn it. The speaker
 said Mr. Balfour, the premier, demanded
 unconditional surrender but that he would
 never get it, that the education bill was
 the negation of popular control and a vi-
 olation of every principle of sound finance.

**THE WHIRL OF SOCIAL
 AND BUSY GOSSIP.**
EASILY DIGESTED.

FRIDAY'S DAILY.

The schooner *Paeders*, M. A. Holder,
 master, cleared today for Salem, Mass.,
 for orders, with a cargo of hemlock lum-
 ber belonging to A. F. Randolph & Sons
 of this city.

John McGilvery who has always been
 considered a first class barber, is soon to
 go into business on his own account, in
 the rooms recently occupied by T. J.
 Carter, just below the Queen hotel.

The officers and men of No. 4 Company
 now parade in their shirt sleeves and
 wearing cow branks turned up at the
 side. It is a common cause outfit for the
 hot weather, and is seen like the change
 very much.

J. M. Johnson, of Calais, has sold to
 George Leavitt, of Boston, the well
 known stallion *Kayton*, reported price
 \$2,500. *Kayton* has a record of 2:20 and
 many predict a much lower mark for this
 handsome horse.

A late militia order states that
 Capt. P. E. Thacker, having returned from
 service in South Africa, resumes duty
 with the Royal Canadian Regiment and
 is posted with No. 5 Company at Quebec.
 Capt. Thacker was formerly adjutant of
 No. 4 Company of this city.

A young son of Allan Russell, of New-
 castle, was drowned off Point Au Car
 yesterday afternoon. He was a passen-
 ger on the steamer *Miramichi* and was
 accompanied by his mother and family.
 In playing he stepped overboard. The
 body has not been recovered.

The contract for the new skating rink,
 to be erected on Carlton street in rear of
 the post office, has been awarded to Wm.
 Minue, of Gibson. He is to commence
 work at once and undertakes to have the
 building completed by November 15th.
 The building is to be 200x103 feet in size.

Premier Tweedie writes from London
 under date of 15th inst. that he had ex-
 pected to leave for home by the *Parisian*
 on the 14th inst., but as the coronation
 was likely to take place on the 9th of
 August, he had decided to remain and see
 it, as most of the other premiers intended
 to do so.—*Chatham Advance*.

Miss Millie Robinson, daughter of
 Policeman Donnan Robinson of Marys-
 ville, died this morning at 2 o'clock
 of consumption. She was but 16 years of
 age but for some time has been declin-
 ing health. Besides her parents seven
 sisters and four brothers survive her.
 The funeral will take place on Sunday,
 Rev. W. E. Robinson officiating, and
 Undertaker John C. Adams in charge.

Work on the new fountain on
 Parliament Square, has been completed
 and the water was turned on last even-
 ing. The fountain is a large one of
 splendid design, and notwithstanding the
 adverse criticism of a few people who evi-
 dently know not a good thing when they
 see it, adds materially to the beauty and
 attractiveness of the square. The flower
 beds on either side of the fountain also
 look well, but would be better appreci-
 ated by the public if the wire fences
 which surround them, were taken away.

The funeral of the late Thomas San-
 som took place from his son's residence
 at Nashwaak this afternoon and had a
 large attendance. An impressive service
 was conducted at the house by Rev. S.
 Sykes, of this city, in the presence of a
 number of friends and relatives of the de-
 ceased. The remains, which were incased
 in a beautiful chamois cloth casket with
 drop shrine sides and textile mountings,
 were afterwards taken to the Pickard
 burying ground and interred. Robert B.
 Adams, the well known undertaker of
 this city, was in charge of the arrange-
 ments.

Mr. L. W. Bailey, jr., of the Bank of
 B. N. A., who is spending a few days
 here before resuming his duties at Hal-
 ifax next week, has just returned from a
 delightful outing on the St. Lawrence
 with a party of friends. Mr. Bailey, so
 the Herald hears, contemplates commit-
 ting matrimony at an early date, the pro-
 spective bride being Miss Gale, daughter
 of Dr. G. Goldworthy Gale, a prominent
 resident of Quebec. Mr. Bailey is a high-
 ly esteemed young man, who has made
 excellent progress in his employ, and his
 numerous Fredericton friends will wish
 him every success in his domestic
 venture.

Policeman J. A. Simpson of Amherst,
 N. S., arrived here this morning on the
 train and will return home this evening,
 taking with him, Lena Adams, the girl
 arrested by the Fredericton police yester-
 day on the charge of theft. It appears
 that the girl is wanted for the theft of a
 pocket book, containing \$100, from a
 Mrs. Aboud, who lately removed to
 Amherst from St. Mary's, this county,
 with the object of locating there. The
 Adams girl was in Mrs. Aboud's employ
 as a domestic, and took her departure
 rather suddenly from Amherst, on Satur-
 day. She bought a ticket for Portland,
 Maine, and seemed to have plenty of
 money when she left Amherst, though
 when searched after her arrest here not a
 cent could be found. The police think
 that, fearing arrest, she handed her
 money over to some friend here for safe
 keeping.

At a regular meeting last evening of
 Woolastock encampment, No. 17 I. O. O. F.,
 the following officers were installed into

Golden's where refreshments were served
 and a pleasant hour spent.

Messrs. J. M. Torrance of this city and
 George Hulme of Marysville are the
 representatives to the Grand Encamp-
 ment which meets at Charlottetown, P.
 E. I., on the 12 h inst.

MONTHLY STATISTICS.
**Substantial Increase in Customs Returns
 and Savings Bank Deposits.**

Judging by the Savings Bank returns
 it is quite evident that there are some
 people in Fredericton and vicinity who
 are making money and saving it as well.
 During the month just ended no less than
 \$24,076 was deposited in the government
 savings bank here and only \$7,403.93
 withdrawn, making the net deposits for
 the month, \$17,273.07. The amount
 due depositors on July 31st was \$919,475.41.

The value of goods entered for con-
 sumption at the port of Fredericton dur-
 ing the month of July was \$21,396,
 against \$19,102, for the corresponding
 month last year. The duty collected
 during the month just ended was
 \$2,446.19, against \$1,713.06 for July
 1901.

Ten burial permits were issued at the
 city clerk's office during July as follows:
 Heart failure.....2
 Alcoholism.....1
 Accidental.....1
 Pneumonia.....1
 Drowning.....1
 Cancer.....1
 Bright's Disease.....1
 Paralysis.....1
 Cholera Infantum.....1
 Total.....10

The amount collected in fines at the
 Fredericton police court during the
 month just ended was \$210, which in-
 cludes penalties in four Snot act cases.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.
**Movements of People in Whom Our
 Readers are Interested.**

(Friday's Daily.)

CH Baird of Toronto, is a guest at the
 Queen.

RA Austin of Ottawa, is stopping at
 the Queen.

CDillon of Fort Fairfield, is a guest at
 the Queen.

AMcN Shaw of St. John, is a guest at
 the Queen today.

ND Hooper of St. John, is a guest at
 Windsor Hall today.

JW Godard and son of St. John, are
 guests at the Queen.

EG Evans of Hampton, is among the
 guests at the Queen.

JM Robinson of Toronto, is among the
 guests at the Barker.

George E. Miller and wife of St. John,
 are guests at the Queen.

DD MacLaren of St. John, is among
 the guests at the Queen.

WG Lee, of Truro, N. S. is among
 the guests at Long's hotel.

John Stewart of the CPR, Woodstock,
 registered at the Barker yesterday.

Policeman J A Simpson of Amherst, is
 among the guests at Windsor Hall.

Eugene A. Raw and wife of Bethle-
 hem, Pa., are guests at Windsor Hall.

Inspector McKeenzie of the Bank of B.
 N. A., is among the guests at the Queen.

Mrs Carlisle of Douglas, is visiting her
 daughter, Mrs A E Hanson, St. John
 street.

CB Foster, district passenger agent of
 the CPR, registered at the Queen last
 night.

WH Fry, equity court stenographer of
 St. John, is among the guests at the
 Queen today.

W Max Aitken of Halifax, is among
 the visitors to the city today. He is a
 guest at the Queen.

CE Higgins and wife, and Charles R
 Hayes of Boston, were among the guests
 at the Barker yesterday.

Miss Blanche Whitehead of Boston,
 who has been spending her vacation here,
 leaves for the Hub tomorrow afternoon.

Capt A G Morris, R A, of Bermuda,
 and Capt O Lincoln of the Imperial army
 service, Halifax, were at the Queen yester-
 day.

Robert Turner of St. John, who served
 in South Africa with the 2nd C. M. E.,
 is a guest at Long's hotel with Mrs.
 Turner.

Capt H F McLeod, who has been en-
 joying an outing on the headwaters of
 the southwest *Miramichi*, returned home
 last evening.

Mrs. B. H. Thomas, and Mrs. Er-
 merson of Dorchester, who have been
 visiting friends at Magerville, return
 home tomorrow morning.

RF Black, of F B Edgewood's estab-
 lishment, left last night for St John where
 he joined Rev Willard Macdonald for a
 vacation trip to Grand Manan.

Mr and Mrs Norman McDonald and
 children returned by boat yesterday from
 a pleasant vacation trip to Prince Edward
 Island, Mr McDonald's former home.

H V Brown of Worcester, Mass., who
 was here last summer on his bridal tour
 and made many friends, arrived by boat
 yesterday, and is a guest at Windsor Hall.

Mr and Mrs Alfred Draper, Mrs Cath-
 erine Draper, Misses Mary E., Charlotte
 H., and Master Percy Draper of Baletos,
 arrived here by the noon train today,
 and are guests at Windsor Hall.

Rev Charles R McNally and Mrs
 McNally, of Lowell, Mass, are on a short
 visit to Halifax. They are guests of the
 proprietor of the Carleton. Rev Mr
 McNally is a former Frederictonian. Mrs
 McNally was formerly of Truro.—Halifax
 Chronicle.

**Remarkable and Alarming
 Disturbances in Cali-
 fornia.**
**PEOPLE FLEEING IN TERROR
 FOR THEIR LIVES.**

**Territory 15 by 4 Miles Full of
 Gaping Holes.**

San Luis Obispo, Cal., Aug. 1.—A strip
 of country 15 miles long by four miles
 wide rent with gaping fissures and dotted
 with hills and knolls that sprung up dur-
 ing Wednesday night as if by magic, a
 village in ruins and hundreds of people
 fleeing for their lives, are the results
 of Wednesday night's seismic distur-
 bance in the valley of Los Alamos,
 in the northern part of Santa
 Barbara country. During the last four
 days that section of the country has been
 shaken by a series of earthquakes that is
 without precedent in the history or tradi-
 tion of the Pacific coast, and the contin-
 uance of the disturbances and the increas-
 ing severity of the shocks have so terror-
 ized the inhabitants that they are leaving
 for other parts as rapidly as possible, and
 even now the village is almost entirely
 deserted.

The disturbances began Sunday evening
 with a shock which caused several thou-
 sand dollars' worth of damage to property
 in the village and the surrounding coun-
 try, being more severe and disastrous in
 the vicinity of the Western Union Oil
 Company's oil wells on the Carriga ranch.
 This shock was followed by a number of
 disturbances less severe and less disas-
 trous, continuing through the remainder
 of Sunday night and Monday.

The most severe shock of the entire
 series occurred Thursday. Hills were
 shaken and twisted to their foundations,
 and the valleys trembled and rolled like
 the surface of the ocean. Great fissures
 were run deep in the earth, hills and
 knolls appeared in level valleys, springs
 of water appeared in places that had been
 dry and the general topography of the
 valley was greatly changed in many re-
 spects. The disturbance had no general
 direction, but was what is known as a
 twister.

With the first warning of the sound o
 the approaching disaster the terror-strick
 en people rushed into the streets and
 sought places of safety in vacant lots and
 roads, while many fled toward the neigh-
 boring hills.

The earth trembled and rolled and
 twisted until it was impossible for people
 to stand erect, and the terror-stricken
 inhabitants crouched together in the
 darkness fearful that the earth beneath
 might open and swallow them.

When the most serious shocks had
 passed and the rambling noises had died
 away the people gathered in groups about
 the ruins. In the darkness of the night it
 was impossible to determine the full ex-
 tent of damage wrought, but with the
 dawn of day the stricken village had the
 appearance of the ruins of a city long
 deserted. A church had been levelled to
 the ground and not one brick building
 was left standing. Chimneys had top-
 pled over, frame buildings had been
 wrenched apart and thrown from their
 foundations, telegraph and telephone
 wires had been broken and there was
 not a building in town that had not been
 damaged more or less seriously.

A conservative estimate of the loss to
 property in the village is \$30,000, and
 this amount will probably be greatly in-
 creased by the damage in the surround-
 ing country.

The extent of the most severe portion
 of the disturbance is 11 miles long by
 four miles wide, but the shock was felt
 throughout Santa Barbara and San Luis
 Obispo counties.

The disturbances continued throughout
 the day at intervals of two hours; but
 none of the shocks were severe. The
 people have deserted the village, every
 conveyance has been taken and the pas-
 senger and freight trains that have left
 here since the severe shock of last night
 have been loaded