

HUNS FAIL IN ATTEMPTS TO SOW SEDITION IN INDIA

From the First of the War German Agents Have Plotted There

Simla, India, Jan. 23.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—For a time early in the war right up to the present moment Germany has never ceased attempts to stir the Indian Empire to revolt, according to Sir Charles Cleveland, Director of Criminal Intelligence in this country, who made this statement to a correspondent of The Associated Press.

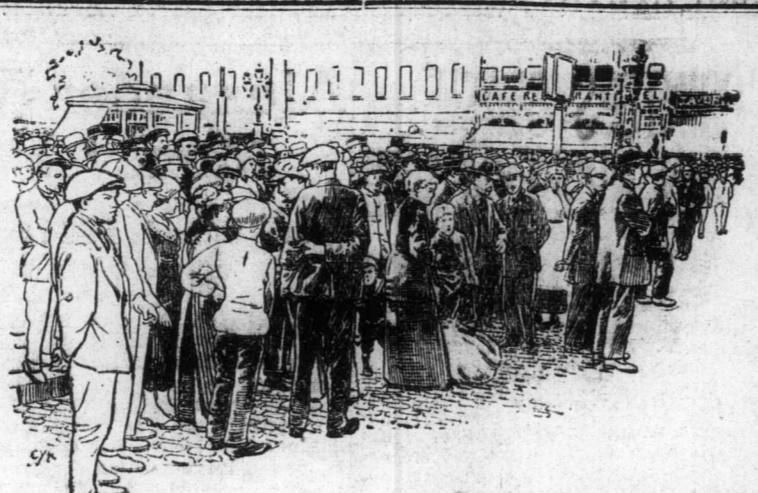
Sir Charles characterized the plots as "clumsy, belated, too theoretical, and based on a misunderstanding of Indian character," and declared that the scheme failed chiefly because of "the sanity of the Indian public which has withheld its support."

Sir Charles is reputed to know more about those in whom the Secret Service naturally would be interested than any other man in India. For years he has made a study of that class which favors the darkness of night for its comings and its goings, and now as head of the secret service, the government relies upon him to check untoward occurrences in any section before they have grown into a serious menace.

"There has been some trouble in India," said Sir Charles, "but it has fallen very far short both of the picture drawn in enemy publications and of the enemy's desire. The state of India all through the war seems to have exposed a very big miscalculation on the part of the Germans."

"It would be interesting to examine how far this miscalculation was due to a misunderstanding of normal Indian affairs and how far to a miscarriage of plans for causing trouble in India and among Indians outside India during the war. My own impression is that Germany thought India would need very little extraneous prompting and assistance to rise against the British if the latter were in serious embarrassment owing to a big continental war and that therefore not very much attention was paid by the German government to instigation in India before the war. Where and how did the German government get that idea. Was it conveyed to them by secret unknown agents or by their consular officers in India or by some over confident Indian Extremist or by British panic mongers? It is difficult to say for certain but I remember that some years ago an Indian Extremist leader used the following words to me:

"We shall certainly try to embarrass you actively in India if you have a war with a continental power or with Afghanistan. Our feelings are firm on that point unless, indeed self-interest or some special reason



SAFE SO FAR BUT WHERE NOW

This is the problem to-day of hundreds of thousands of Belgian refugees. The people shown in this photograph have succeeded in fleeing from the deadly clutch of the German invaders, but what are they to do now? Where to go? How to be fed?

These questions the Belgian Relief Committee is trying to answer, and thanks to their untiring devotion and to the generous support given their work by the people of North America and Great Britain, they have been able to answer them.

But this is not one of those problems that is solved as soon as the answer is found. It has a disconcerting way of bobbing up and demanding to be solved all over again, and as time goes on and the Germans become more ruthless in their disregard of the rights of small nations, the solution becomes ever more difficult.

Of Belgium's seven million people, hundreds of thousands are actually destitute. With their men killed or taken into Germany, the women and children and aged people are left to shift for themselves.

One of the demands the war makes on Canada, then, is to feed these people. This is no less a duty than it is for Canada's sons to fight for the Empire or for Canada's industries to give financial support to the cause. Belgium stopped the first mad rush of the Germans, and she may call on Canada, as of right, to help her now in her extremity.

Canada is doing so. And the appeal goes forth to her to do even more, that these noble people may survive their hardships until at the end of the war, when their country has been restored to them by the victorious Allies, they may be able to take up the task of re-establishing it. Contributions may be sent either to the Belgian Relief Committee at 59 St. Peter Street, Montreal, or to the local committees in every community or district, and whatever their size, they will be gratefully received.

lieve in them very strongly.

"I should like to be able to say that the frustration of the plots has been due to the sanity of the great Indian public which has withheld its support. Plots and conspiracies are very severely handicapped when the public environment is apathetic or hostile to the conspirator. At the moment, we of the Secret Service are feeling very uncomfortable but professionally we are disappointed with the German plots for India. We had hoped to learn a great deal from their system and methods but they seem to us to have been clumsy, belated, too theoretical and based on a misunderstanding of Indian character. At the same time I believe that the British Empire owes a great debt to the Indian police in all its branches for its unswerving loyalty and zeal during the great war."

DON'T think because you have taken many remedies in vain that your case is incurable. How's your appetite? Many seemingly hopeless cases of scrofula, rheumatism, kidney complaint, dyspepsia, and general debility, take Hood's

Sheriff's Sale of Lands

On Saturday the 10th day of February, 1917, at the hour of two o'clock, p.m. I will offer for sale by public auction, in the Court House in the city of Brantford in the County of Brant, by virtue of an execution issued out of His Majesty's County Court of the County of York, wherein the James Goodall Estate are the Plaintiffs and the Standard Seed & Grain Company are the defendants, and to me directed against the lands and tenements of the defendants, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the defendant W. E. Mino to and out of those properties hereinafter described.

(1) Fryer Farm. All the singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the said Township of Brantford and being composed of a part of Lot Number Five in the Second Range west of the Mt. Pleasant Road in the said Township of Brantford described as follows: Commencing at the northeast angle of said lot; thence south along the east line of said lot fourteen chains twelve and one-half links, thence north sixty-two degrees and thirty minutes west parallel with the northerly limit of said lot forty-eight chains and seventy links; thence south fourteen chains west parallel with

the east limit of said lot six chains and eighteen links more or less to the southerly limit of said lot, thence westerly along the said southerly limit twenty-four chains and twelve links to the south-west angle of said lot; thence north fifty degrees and fifty minutes east along the westerly limit of said lot, twenty-one chains and thirty-four links to the north-west angle of said lot; thence easterly along the northerly limit of said lot fifty-eight chains and eighty-six links more or less to the place of beginning containing one hundred acres.

(2) All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Oakland in the County of Brant, more particularly described as follows: Being composed of Lot Number One in the Third Concession of said Township of Oakland and being bounded as follows, that is to say: Commencing in the rear of the said Concession and at the north-west angle of the said lot; thence south sixteen degrees east thirty-nine chains eighty links more or less to the centre of the lane running in an easterly direction across said lot; then north twenty-four degrees ten minutes east twenty-nine chains eighty links more or less to the limit between Nos. One and Two; thence north sixteen degrees west thirty-four chains thirty links more or less to the north-east corner of the said lot; then south seventy-eight degrees thirty minutes west twenty-nine chains eighty links more or less to the place of beginning save and except thereon the fifty acre part thereof sold and conveyed to one Constant Eddy by deed registered as Number 6660 in Block A for Oakland.

(3) All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Oakland in the County of Brant, more particularly described as follows: Being composed of a part of Lot Number Two in the Third Concession of the Township of Oakland described as follows: Commencing in the limit between the said Lot Number Two and Lot Number One and in the centre of said Concession; thence north seventy-eight degrees thirty minutes east twenty-nine chains eighty links more or less to the limit between the said Lot Number Two and Lot Number One; thence north sixteen degrees west sixteen chains eighty-five links more or less to the limit between the said Lot Number Two and Lot Number One; thence south sixteen degrees east sixteen chains eighty-five links to the place of beginning.

(4) All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Brantford in the County of Brant, more particularly described as follows: Being composed of a part of Lot Number One in the Second Range west of the Mount Pleasant Road in the said Township of Brantford described as follows: Commencing at the north-east angle of said

lot; thence southerly along the east limit of said lot fourteen chains twelve and one-half links; then north sixty-two degrees and thirty minutes west parallel to the north-west side of said lot forty-eight chains and seventy links; then south twenty-one degrees west parallel to the south-west angle of said lot; then easterly along the southerly side of said lot; then westerly along the said southerly side twenty-four chains and twelve links to the south-west angle of said lot; then north fifty degrees and fifty minutes east along the west end of said lot twenty-one chains and thirty-four links to the north-west angle of said lot; then easterly along the northerly side of said lot fifty-eight chains and eighty-six links more or less to the place of beginning.

(5) All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Brantford and being composed of part Block Letter "G" in the Wilkes tract according to the plan made by John Fair, P.L.S., for Louis F. Heyer, registered in the Registry Office for the County of Brant, which part of said block may be better described as follows:

Commencing at a point in the said block which is two hundred and forty-nine feet northerly from the north-east angle formed by the intersection of Brook and Alice streets, said point of commencement being where the east limit of Brook street would if produced northerly intersect the north limit of a strip of land forty feet wide laid out and known as Curtis street; thence northerly along the east side of Brook street so produced northerly a distance of one hundred and sixty-four feet to a point which is the north-west angle of a parcel of land conveyed by Charles Curtis to Ward Foster by Deed registered as No. 44989, this being the south-west angle of the parcel intended to be conveyed hereby thence along the said East side of Brook street produced northerly a distance of thirty-four feet, thence easterly parallel with Curtis street one hundred and fifty-six feet six inches; thence southerly parallel with Brook street produced thirty-four feet; thence westerly parallel with Curtis street one hundred and fifty-six feet six inches to the place of beginning.

JOHN WESLEY WESTBROOK,
Sheriff of the County of Brant,
Brantford, Ont. 24th, 1916.
S. P. FITCHER, Auctioneer.

For Prices
and terms of sale of the following brands apply:—
MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT
National Biscuits Limited
Room 24 36 Chaboulay Square
MONTREAL

W-DOW
INDIA PALE ALE
CROWN SCOTCH
PALE MALT ALE
DOUBBLE MALT EXTRACT

Dawes
EXTRA INDIA PALE ALE
BLACK HORSE ALE
INDIA STOUT
BLACK HORSE PORTER
Lagers—KINGSBEEB PLUS SPECIAL
HOMEBREW

EKERS'
INDIA PALE ALE
PORTER
BOHEMIAN LAGER

The above goods are all full strength and are supplied to consumers direct from the Brewery ONLY in localities where no licensed traders reside.

ON GRAND CIRCUIT
By Courier Lensed Wire.
Atlanta, Ga. Jan. 23.—Philadelphia was added to the list of Grand Circuit cities by the schedule committee of the circuit stewards at the annual meeting here to-day. That city's application was the only one of the four favorably acted upon.

The season will open at Cleveland July 15, for one week, and close at Atlanta during the week of October 15.

"There," said the wife, triumphantly. "I've invited to the Char..."

"Why?" asked the other.

"There'll be terrible cards are two dollars this year instead of two account of the war. I suppose that's true."

"I know that," said the man's wife. "I shouldn't ordinarily, but it's such a chance to wear my..."

The authorman laughed.

"I don't see anything that," his wife protested.

"I was thinking, dear, what you said to me just bought the gown."

"What?"

Like Flora McFlimsy, Nothing to Wear.

"That you had to have so many important things in your wardrobe to get a gown for."

"Well, they did."

"And now you are planning to something that you usually are interested in, you can have a chance to gown."

"I suppose that's true," said the authorman's wife as I have often told you, humor isn't masculine."

First She Wants Something Then—

"My dear," said the wife, "as if you needed to tell really, can't you see that pressed the whole of your woman's attitude towards she wants a dress to wear and then she wants some wear the dress. It's an idea. Which ever way the who wants to cut the co

SIDE
& RUT

The First
In
By Its Min

THREE years ago a national Convention, Montreal, representative of the Methodist Episcopal Church in this country, was held in Toronto, not far from what the polity of the United States was to be. It was thereupon the Church at St. Paul's created its own form of organization. We, after careful consideration, decided that the officers had a sign of the spiritual inter-est of the congregation "be called" "These were the members of the Church from amongst it. They were to hold office for a definite period of time, and being upon their duties were to be called "Elders."

It was agreed also, having to do with the financial affairs of the congregation, that the "Managers," who were to be elected for a definite period of years. Besides these two organizations of the congregation, to make reports concerning the Pastoral work of the Church not at the Sabbath school.

In the Sabbath school "Responsive Readings" printed on Communion Sunday for the dispensing of the communicants present.

In the Sabbath School churches mentioned are: So much for the government—How has union in answering this inquiry quite true, like all live, we to be differences of opinion, nominal lines. Never little and ordinary differences. Service and truth are regular organization, having the property of any church. The members of the United which should be given a when the principle behind rousing our churches in unite and work together intelligence in religious service.

(2) The second thing has been in the student interest in the welfare of numbers our services and come members. At the Schools of Agriculture are an exception of five or six we had practically the same schools for Teachers and Superior.

In connection with the Lecturer Macdonald College with a staff of four teachers and religious service.

Among the subjects of Church School organization graded lessons.

Primary equipment an Expressional activities. The school endeavors to solve many of the problems in religious education last year eighteen (18) examinations were passed are taking the lectures besides these courses, two years conducting no Y. M. C. A. when the fall of religion and the problem. The social and economic The rural problems of The aim of these studies.

Service.

to all the courses are seen. Truth knows nothing. The deeper we set to the united in the things we know.

Now the things to which here done if there was no is due to Union, but and exercises the same to have and destroy the glory of Christ and His particular "service."

What has taken place of these in our part of security much the same eve

DOLLAR DAY

Youths' Blucher Cut in Box Calf, and Tan Calf, extra good, sizes 11 to 13, for... **\$1.75**

Women's Dongola Cut Lace Boots, Patent top, sizes 2 1-2 to 7, price... **\$1.50**

Women's High Grade Boots made by Empress Shoe Co., is good value at \$5.00, for... **\$3.00**

Misses' Dongola Lace Boots, sizes 11 to 2 for... **\$1.25**

See our **Child's Boots**, sizes 8 to 10 1-2 at... **\$1.00**

Supply your Family with Footwear and provide yourself with a couple of extra pairs---it will pay you. Shoes are advancing.

Men's Light Working Boots, worth \$2.25 for... **\$1.75**

Men's Fine Calf Blucher cut Lace Boots worth \$5.00 for new goods sale price, pair... **\$3.50**

Men's Winter Calf Blucher Double sole throughout, welted waterproof, reg for... **\$5.00**

Boys' Light Weight Lace Boots, sizes 1 to 5, for... **\$1.50**

Boys' Good to Wear School Boots, sizes 1 to 5, for... **\$2.00**

Trunks and Valises on Sale Dollar Day

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