The Calgary Grain Exchange is now in running order.

The Colonial Weaving Company, of Peterborough, have expanded and spent $20,000 on new machinery.

Mr. J. H. Hughes has sold Mr. J. Dillon some Brandon property at $400 per foot for 25 feet.

A delegation from Saskatoon has offered inducements to the Ogilvie Milling Company if they will erect a flour mill there.

The Rat Portage Lumber Company have decided to erect a sash and door factory in Vancouver, employing 200 men and to cost $100,000.

Mr. F. O'Connor, of the Canadian Chicle Company, says that the business is growing to such an extent that they are about to establish a plant at Buffalo.

St. John, N.B., is likely to have a cement plant soon. The city council have set conditions and Mr. H. L. McGowan has agreed on behalf of the company.

Leather is high. Hides that last year sold for 5 or 7 cents are bringing 15. The demand greatly exceeds the supply and leather is being imported from the United States.

Last July Mr. J. Young, of North Bay, bought seventeen acres of mining property from the Ontario Government for $10,500. Since then he has spent $2,480 on it. On September 30th he sold it for $400,000.

A group of lower town merchants of the City of Quebec have organized a shipbuilding company. They are organized with a capital of $1,000,000 and will apply for incorporation under the name of the Dominion Dry Dock & Shipbuilding Company. Their object is to build a dry dock, wet dock, ship yards, and own steamships.

Tested samples of pulp manufactured spruce in British Columbia show that where 25 per cent. of Norwegian pulp is required to give the requisite strength to newspaper, only 17 per cent. of British Columbia sulphite fibre is necessary. The first samples of the output of the Canadian Pacific Sulphite Pulp Company's mill at Swanson Bay are now to hand and they are pronounced good. The outlook for the pulp industry in British Columbia is promising.