

supra indicatis, sed & Certificatoriiis, continentibus Species Oneris, Locumque unde Navis discessit, & quo tendere instituit, ut sic dignosci queat an Merces ullæ vetitæ, seu Contrabandæ, Articulo decimo nono hujus Tractatus enumeratæ, eadem vehantur; quæ Literæ Certificatoriæ ab Officialibus illius Loci unde Navis solvit, Formâ ibidem solitâ expendantur; & si cui consultum visumque fuerit in ejusmodi Literis exprimere ad quem Merces pertineant, liberum hoc ei erit.

XXII.

Naves Subditorum & Incolarum Serenissimarum Regiarum hinc inde Majestatum, venientes ad aliquas Oras Maritimas intra alterutrius Confœderati Ditionem, non tamen Portum intrare volentes, aut ingressi, nolentes exponere aut distrahere Onera suarum Navium, non tenebuntur Onerum suorum rationem reddere, nisi certis indicis suspectæ fuerint transferendarum ad hostes alterius Confœderati Mercium prohibitarum de Contrabandâ Nuncupatarum.

XXIII.

Et casu dictæ suspitionis manifestæ, dicti Subditi & Incolæ Ditionum Serenissimarum Regiarum

such Ships being laden, are to be provided, not only with Passports, as abovementioned, but also with Certificates containing the several particulars of the Cargo, the place whence the Ship sailed, and whether she is Bound, that so it may be known whether any forbidden or Contraband Goods as are enumerated in the 19th Article of this Treaty, be on Board the same, which Certificates shall be made out by the Officers of the Place whence the Ship set Sail, in the accustomed Form. And if any one shall think it fit or adviseable to express in the said Certificates, the Person to whom they belong, he may freely do so.

XXII.

The Ships of the Subjects and Inhabitants of Both Their most Serene Royal Majesties coming to any of the Sea-Coasts within the Dominions of either of the Confederates, but not willing to enter into Port, or being entred, yet not being willing to shew or to sell the Cargoes of their Ships, shall not be obliged to give an Account of their Lading, unless they are suspected upon sure Evidence, of carrying to the Enemies of the other Confederate Prohibited Goods, called Contraband.

XXIII.

And in case of the said manifest suspicion, the said Subjects and Inhabitants of the Dominions of both

hinc