Calls on Resign

in the legislature, the man mier, when informed of the e at his home in Edmunds. harges had been sustained. et," he said, "I would hav but to accept the de

Mr. Flemming with regar ully directed the extert chief counsel for Mr. Dage

te the proper thing. In the giving credence to the evi-ect evidence that the latter believe that Premier Flan

transaction. savs that the findings are what any man who found Twenty five years legal ex-

ted to the extent that he is He is not the first man in ntention in the hope of se

the extreme, although much tainly did not expect of him the as his challenge to single

the findings of the commis-political atmosphere of New wn of a brighter day in pro-

ENUINE

ited, Toronto

The Semi-Meekly Telegraph

& The News

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1914.

EARL KITCHENER HAILS RUSSIAN VICTORY AS GREATEST OF WAR; GERMANS HELD IN WEST BUT MORE MEN NEEDED

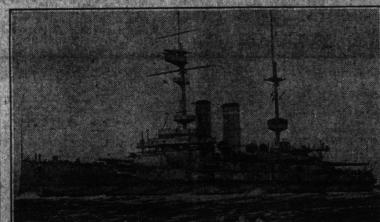
NO CHANCE FOR MEN ON

Most of Officers and Crew on H.M.S. Bulwark at Breakfast When Explosion Came

SMALL PARTY ON SHORE LEAVE SAVED

Only Twelve Survivers Picked Up in Water and Some of These Horribly Wounded - Glass Blown Out of Other Warships in Harbor, and louses Roll as in Earthquake.

COMMISSION TO REPORT ON LOSS OF BULWARK



H. M. S. Bulwark, an older type of battleship, 15,000 tons, des

Sheerness, England, Nov. 26, via London, 10.30 p. m.—As the British bat-chip Bulwark was lying off here this morning, there occurred a terrible ex-sion which completely destroyed the ship. Of the crew of 700 or 800 men who were aboard at the time, only fourteen survived. The cause of the explosion is not known for a certainty, but it is believed that it occurred in her forward magazine, whether by accident or design is a question to be determined by the commission which has been appointed to investigate the

whole affair.

In the opinion of naval men it was an internal explosion that put an end to the old battleship which for tweive years had done service at home and abroad and lately had been doing her part in guarding England's shores. There was no great upheaval of water such as would have occurred if she had been torpededed or struck by a mine.

Considering the size of her navy, Great Britain has been singularly free from disasters of this character. Nevertheless, when the French warship Jena was destroyed by an internal explosion in 1907 all cordite ammunition was taken from all the British ships and carefully examined, and refrigerators were installed in the ships to keep the powder cool.

The Bulwark, which was one of the older battleships, cost \$5,000,000.

(See also page 3)

HAS ROOM FOR MEN

General Military Situation Reviewed by War Secretary Who Sees Cause for Encouragement-No Gains by Germans in Last Six Weeks-30,000 a Week Rolling Up in Old Country—Russian Victory Greatest Yet Inflicted.

London, Nov. 26, 5.13 p. m .- "The Russians have defeated the Germans with the heaviest losses yet suffered. The Germans have made no advance sinc

At once the harbor was in commotion. On board all the ships the officers and men rushed on deck some of them half stunned by the terrible explosion. I am told indeed that on some of the vessels near there was not a piece of glass or crockery left whole, even the half-inch plate glass in the port holes being shattered and men on decks being hurled several yards and thrown down.

In a few moments boats were being lowered from the various warships and rescue boats soon steamed up from all directions. They came, however, on an almost fruitless errand. A warship cleared for action is so closely stripped of woodwork that there is 'nothing left to float and the vast mass of metal that had been a battleship a minute before

of woodwork hat there is nothing left to float and the vast mass of metal that had been a battleship a minute before had vanish.* almost as completely as though site, mere had figured on the navel list. Here and there were floating a few living men allowed may be to the severe terrificating a few living men allowed most of these were terrificating a few living men allowed most of these were terrificating a few living men allowed most of these were terrificating a few living men allowed may be to the only eight of the disaster.

As specifly as possible the living and dead were picked up and taken to other warships. A little later they were removed in boats to the Sheerness pick where motor boat ambiliances from Chatham were picked up and taken to other warships. A little later they were removed in boats to the Sheerness pick where motor boat ambiliances from Chatham when the manufacture of the German forces the British toops vigorously attacked and a limit of the standard of t

"On November 31, a supreme effort was made by the Germans. The Frustian displayed the displayer, most of the new were being displayed the displayer, most of the new were being at breakfast and only the displayer control of the displayer displayed in numbers. But this deeperate attempt fallow the significance was made by the Germans. The Frustian German army of the new were being displayed the displayer displayed in numbers. But this deeperate attempt fallow the displayer displayed in the region of the British forces and the explosion and everything seemed to rattle. The Austrians are not following up their with disaster. Eleven in German army on the mount of the British forces are always more earlier. The value of the enemy to maintain a footing in them were enabled to the time, told me that the whole house real-ed under the force of the explosion and everything seemed to rattle. The values of Shermess as fasher and the prople ran into the streets to indicate the prople of naval porty are easily and the pr

SECURE TO

Official Statement Modest, But Great Victory is Indi-

SIXTEEN GERMAN ARMY CORPS HARD PRESSED

Holding Advantage in Centre, Rus-Serious Reverse on Crown Prince's Army-8,000 Austrians Taken in One Day-Elaborate Campaign in Germans in Fear East Prussia to Avoid Lakes.

tions and have covered over difficult roads more than 600 miles.

"The Russians are now pouring through the easy passes of the Carpathians at Dukla, Galicia. The capture of these passes is tantamount to a full command of the plains of Hungary up to Budapest."

People Imagine

VON MACKENZEN IS GENERAL BADLY BEATEN.

London, Nov. 21, 8.85 a.m.—"The German army, which has been crushed and dispersed from the region of Lodz." says the Petrograd correspondent of the Daily News, "is General Von Mackenzen's army. A portion of this army is now hastening back due north, in the hope of being able to cross the Vistula, in the region of Plock.

"General Von Hindenburg has ordered the army of General Francots, which was engaged for some weeks in the Soldan-Neidenburg country, to redouble its efforts to break through the Russian army westward of Miawa. More reinforcements have been sent aim from Thorn, but the Russians still keep their grip on the railway inside the East Prussian frontier."

Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 26—Hon. Chonosuke Yada, Japanese consul-general of Canada, in an interview here today, expressed the opinion that the war with Germany will soon be over.

"Internal conditions in Germany will force that country to seek peace," he said, "and that, in my opinion, before very long."

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"Internal conditions in Germany will force that country to seek peace," he said, "and that, in my opinion, before very long."

"Germany is being drained of every ounce of strength it has while the resources of the Allies are inexhaustible. It seems to me that the end is nearer than people imagine."

Warta rivers.

The German turning movement against the left wing of the Russians in the region of Wie'un, to the north of Czenstochowa, also is said to have met with disaster. Eleven German army corps are reported to have suffered enormously, one entire division being captured.

Six inches of snow.

Police Deal With Cases of 120,000

Suspicious Alien

Entire German Army in Eastern Front, Consisting of Sixteen Army Corps. Hammered by Russians With Striking Success--- No Advance by Germans Since Reinforcements Arrived For Allies in France and Flanders Points Out Kitchener---Gaps in British Army Filled and Indian Troops Proving of Great Assistance---British Battleship Explodes and Turkish Mine-Layer Sunk

Accurate Work by British Aviator Blows Up Train

on was heard and felt for mil sion apparently was behind the sians March on Cracow Inflicting a British naval airman had dropped a bomb squarely on a German amn tion train, which blew up."

of Invasion on North Sea Coast

Allies is feared by Germany, according to the Copenhagen Evening News, which

ever, that it is only a matter of time when they must surrender or be annihilated.

"The magnificent marching power of the Russian troops is a feature not properly reckoned with by the Germans, come foot regiments have been in the Sea, it is said, are now closely guarded, and strongly fortified positions are being erected on the shores of Holstein and along the western side of the River part of the River

Jap Consul's View

frontier."

Petrograd, Nov. 26—The following official communication from general headquarters was issued tonight:

"In the battle ofe Lody, which contary dinner under the auspices of the Canadian Club at which Major-General SUNK IN BOSPHORUS. Sam Hughes was the chief guest,

Weather Topic of Berlin News Generally "Chilly" PERUVIAN CRUISER PATROLLING COAST.

London, Nov. 27, 3.52 a. m .- The Petrograd correspondent of the Times

London, Nov. 27, 352 a. m.—The Petrograd correspondent of the Times sums up the present situation in Russian Poland as follows:

"One group of the Russian forces fetters the Austro-German army on the Czenstochowa-Cracow front, inflicting heavy blows and capturing guns and prisoners. Apparently another group of Russians are holding at Wielun a German column which is endeavoring to go to the rescue of the Plock group.

"The main Russian force is exclusively engaged against the Plock group whose front is cut in half. Its right half is surrounded on all sides and is vainly struggling as in an iron vise and striving to break through to the left wing at Lowicz, which in turn is hattling unsuccessfully."

Nov. 26, 9.35 p.m.—The Russian general staff is still withholdthe details of the victory which all other despatches from Petrograd say the Russians have won over the German forces which penetrated Poland. Tonight's official report simply says the battle continues to develop to the advantage of the Russians, and that the Germans are trying to extricate themselves from a position that is very unfavorable for them. The Germans on the other hand, claim that they have inflicted heavy losses on the Russians

between Lodz and Lowicz.

The military authorities in Petrograd, assuming that the unofficial ports of a victory are true, express astonishment that the Germans should have attacked Lodz, for they say defeat there was inevitable. The Germans, less intended to seize the railway between Skierniewice and Piotrkow, and interupt communication between the northern and southern Russian armies, but the Grand Duke Nicholas, with the enormous number of men at his nd, was able to sandwich them and direct his attacks from all points,

The reported failure of the German Crown Prince's army to advance on the Cracow-Czenstochowa front is considered by these military critics as con-tributing to the checking of the Germans.

It is said in Petrograd, that one, i not two, German army corps are almost completely enveloped and that they are making a desperate effort to light their way out to the north. Already a large number of prisoners are reported to have passed through Warsaw. This is considered in London to confirm the unofficial reports, and the statement of Lord Kitchener in the House of Lords today that "the Russians have defeated the Germans with the heaviest losses yet suffered" in the war, is also important.

The Russians are said to be continuing their advances through the Carling Calleia and against. Cancery, and Professor Bernard

Pares, the British government's representative with the Russian headquarters staff, says the Muscovite forces are forming a half circle around East Prussia, so as to avoid the well fortilled and difficult Mazurian Lake region. They also are declared to be operating with success again the Turks in the Caucasus RE-INFORCEMENTS TO THE FRONT.

Except for artillery fighting, the battle in the west remains virtually at a standstill, although in isolated attacks both sides claim to have made some progress. There is no indication where the next German blow is to be struck in their attempt to reach the French coast.

Lord Kitchener, in the House of Lords today, declared that all the gaps in the British army which for a long time had fought against great odds, now had been filled, and that both British and French reinforcements had reached

While Lord Kitchener expressed confidence in the result of the war, and asserted that 30,000 recruits were joining the British army each week, he warned the public that still more men would be required.

The Secretary of War added that an Indian force was in touch with the

Turks thirty miles to the east of the Suez Canal, while Indian and British troops were busy on the shores of the Persian Gulf and throughout Africa. He said the Indian government had announced its intention to continue to

support the Indian contingents fighting in France and elsewhere.

In dramatic interest the destruction by, an explosion of the British battleship Bulwark, at anchor off Sheerness, with a loss of between 700 and 800 lives, holds the chief place in the war news. Suddenly, without a moment's varning, the big sea fighter was blown to atoms, and only fourteen members of her crew escaped death. Naval men are of the opinion that it was the detonation of the battleship's own magazine that caused the disaster, but a commission has been appointed to investigate and ascertain the cause of the

The principal South American republics have requested the United States to join them in negotiations with the warring factions in Europe in an en-deavor to have them withdraw their warships from Americans waters, in order to safeguard the trade of the Pan-American countries with each other.

Paris, Nov. 27, 12.15 a. m.—A de-spatch to the Havas Agency from Ath-Loraine, the well-known English actor ens says advices received in the Greek and aviator, who is a second lieutenant capital from Mitylene, state that a Turk- in the British flying corps, is among the ish mine layer has been torpedoed and wounded, reported from army headsunk in the Bosphorus.

8,000 prisoners, including two regiments, with their commanders and other officers."

Berlin, Nov. 26, by wireless to London, 7.35 p. m.—In the eastern theatre of war the weather generally is clear that the country of war the weather generally is clear that the neutrality of the country of the Pirst. The newspapers of Petrograd, says a despatch from that city to the Havas Agency, affirm that the Germans suffered a terrible catastrophe in attempting an offensive movement, with five army corps, against the Russians between the Vistula and Warta rivers.

The German toruiser Coronel Bolognesi has been assigned to patrol the coast of Peru in order that the neutrality of the country of othe Pirst. Lima, Peru, Nov. 26—The Peruvian cruisers, narrowly escaped death in a dight across the Irish Sea three years ago.

Lt. Hon. E. A. Fitzroy, of the First. Another cruiser will sail tomorrow, Another cruiser will sail tomorrow, to do scout duty along the southern coast. Both cruisers are under orders from the temperature prevails in the Lorging movement, with five army corps, against the Russians between the Vistula and Warta rivers.

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Lt. Hon. E. A. Fitzroy, of the First.

Lordon more invisions, narrowly coast figure

THE NEUTRALITY OF SWITZERLAND RESPECTED.

Mr. Loraine, who was one of the earliest and most enthusiastic of the English

says:
"The news from Servia is optimistic. The Austrians are not following up their