St. John Chronicle.

AND COLONIAL CONSERVATIVE.

VOLUME III. | SAINT JOHN, New-Brunswick, Friday, September 22, 1854. | NUMBER 4.

THE St. John Chronicle,

is published every Friday morning, at the Printing Establishment of the Proprietors, L. H. Deveber & Son, West side Prince William Street.

Terms—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents, (when sent to a distance, Three Dollars) payable half-yearly, invariably in advance. No paper discontinued until all arrears are paid, except at the discretion of the Proprietors.

☞ Price—Two Shillings and Sixpence, if paid within the first month; Three Shillings, if paid before the expiration of the first quarter; and Four Shillings if payment be delayed beyond that period.

All Letters, Orders, Communications, &c., must be post-paid, and addressed to

WILLIAM DUNN,
Chronicle Office, Saint John, N. B.

☞ The Chronicle is filed, and may be seen free of charge at Professor Holloway's Establishment, 244 Strand, London.

☞ N. R. PALMER, the American Newspaper Agent, is the only authorized Agent for the Chronicle in the cities of Boston, New York, and Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to collect Advertisements and subscriptions at the rate as described by him. His receipts will be recognized as payments. Address—Palmer, Sculley & Bunkley, New York, Tribune Buildings; Philadelphia, N. W. corner Third and Chestnut streets.

National Insurance Company,

Joseph Fairweather, Esquire, President.
J. W. Lawrence, Zachariah Reed, } Directors.
S. L. Tilley, S. K. Foster, }
J. M. Robinson, Esquire, Solicitor.
Isaac Woodward, Esquire, Secretary.

Applications for Insurance against Fire to be made at the Office of the Secretary North Market Wharf.

Protected Insurance Company,

TORONTO, CANADA WEST.
For Marine and Fire Risks.

ST. JOHN N. B. AGENCY:
LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Charles McLaughlan, } Esquires.
George Thomas, }
Thomas Beer, R. N. }
I. WOODWARD, Agent.

Office—Wiggins' Brick Building, Princess-street, over the Telegraph Office. Aug. 18.

CHARLES W. WELDON,

Attorney at Law & Notary Public
OFFICE—Over Messrs. Hanney, Sturdee & Co
Prince William-street, St. John, N. B.
May 28, 1853.

SOAP & CANDLE MANUFACTORY.

GEORGE WOODS,
West side Water Street, between the Ferry Landing and Fish Market,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
August 26.

WM. SLEETH,

MANUFACTURER OF MONUMENTS, TABLETS AND Architectural Ornaments,
IN MARBLE, FREESTONE AND SLATE.
may 1 Duke Street, St. John, N. B

DOOLEY'S

MERCHANT'S EXCHANGE HOTEL,
Post Office Building, State Street, Boston,
Terms—ONE DOLLAR per day.

We have obtained the Velocity.

KENNAY & SCHIRNER,

PIANOFORTE MANUFACTURERS
South side King Square, St. John, N. B.

HAVING taken the First and Second Prizes, and the Diploma for their instruments, at the Provincial Exhibition, beg leave to inform the public that they can supply Pianofortes at the following prices:

Square Front Mahogany Piccolo,	£30	0	0
Rosewood O. G. Piccolo,	35	0	0
Do. Elegant do.	40	0	0
Cottage,	42	0	0
Semi-Cabinet,	45	10	0
Full Cabinet,	50	0	0
Elegant, with French front, tuns legs, and circular bottom,	65	0	0

The whole of the above instruments are 6 4-3 Octave to A above.

N. B.—All instruments manufactured by K. & S. will be warranted for three years.

Every description of English and American Pianofortes tuned and repaired. March 18th.

THOMAS DOW,

Plumber and Gas Fitter,
NEXT ADJOINING MERRITT'S BRICK BUILDING,
WATER STREET.

HOUSE and SHIP-WATER-CLOSETS; Hot Cold, and Shower BATHS; Forcing, Lifting, Diamond, and Engine PUMPS; SHIPS' SCUPPERS, &c. &c.—on the most approved principles LEAD PIPE of all sizes, and SHEET LEAD constantly on hand.

☞ LEAD BENDS made to order.
Nov. 2, 1853. THOMAS DOW.

Landing ex the Middleton.

CRUSHED and Bastard White SUGAR;
Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL;
Cases of Salad OIL; bags Black PEPPER;
Cream of Tar, and Blue and White SEARCHS;
Dried CURRANTS and COOKING RAISINS;
Bath Brick and Black LEAD;
ARROW ROOT and Caraway SEED;
Candle WICK and BORAX.
For sale by JOHN KINNEAR.
April 14. Prince Wm. street.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

1854. 1854.

Per steamer "Arabia" the Subscriber has received from London a supply of the following SEEDS warranted fresh and true to their kinds:

BEET—Long Blood and Early Turnip;
CARROT—Long Orange, Early Horn, White and Yellow Belgian, Long Surrey, Altringham;
CABBAGE—Early York, Drumhead Savoy, Early Green Globe Savoy, Morning Star, King of Germany;
CELERY—White Solid;
CUCUMBER—Early Frame, Long Prickley;
CRESS—Curled;
LETTUCE—Drumhead, Victoria Cabbage, White Dutch;
ONION—Strasburg, Blood Red, Yellow;
PARSNIP—Long Hollow Smooth, Long Round;
PARSLEY—Curled, Fine Curled, Plain;
RADISH—Scarlet Short Top, White Turnip, Long Black Spanish;
TURNIP—A large assortment of sorts.

☞ Gardens will be laid out and Seeds sown on the most reasonable terms.

N. B. Fresh Seeds will be added to the above as the season for sowing arrives.

C. W. SMITH.

MARKET SQUARE.

WE YET AND NO MISTAKE!

J. M. [illegible] Clothing Establishment, [illegible] Market Square, [illegible] in large letters, he is prepared to make it for one.

[illegible] 1th. June 23.

ANTHRACITE COAL AND LOPPES.

1854. 1854.

Incorporated by Royal Charter of Queen Victoria, by the authorities of Liverpool, Extended society of the Accountants of the Court of Chancery.

Subscribed Capital, £1,500,000.

Instalments called in,	£197,197 10 0
Accumulated funds,	346,972 4 0
	£544,169 14 0

THE 19th annual General Meeting of this company was held at Liverpool on the 16th February last, when the following Report of the Business of the Company during the past year was submitted:—

"The increase in the Fire Insurance Business continues satisfactory to the Directors, as showing the sound and safe progress which the Company is making. The receipts for the first year have increased considerably over those of 1852, while the losses have materially diminished.

	1853.	1852.
Receipts,	£99,654	£112,612
Losses,	59,091	42,846
Profits,	£39,563	£70,766

These results show, notwithstanding the very numerous and destructive fires that have occurred both in this country and especially in America, that great caution has been exercised in taking risks, on the part of those on whose judgement the Directors must necessarily in a great measure rely. The reserved fund now amounts to £143,712.

The Officers for the current year at Liverpool are:

TRUSTEES:
Sir Thomas Bernard Boden, Bart., M. P.
Adam Hodgson, Esq., S. H. Thompson, Esq.

DIRECTORS IN LIVERPOOL:
T. Brocklebank, Esquire, Chairman.
Francis Haywood, Esq., } Deputy Chairmen.
Joseph C. Ewart, Esq., }

Thomas Booth, Esq.,	Harold Littledale, Esq
Francis C. Brown, Esq.,	William Lowe, "
William Earle, Esq.,	Alex. McGregor, "
George Grant, Esq.,	John Marriott, "
Francis A. Hamilton, Esq.	Thomas Sellar, "
Thomas Haigh, Esq.,	Charles Saunders, "
Robert Higgin, Esq.,	John Swainson, "
Jas. Aspinal Tobin, Esq.,	George Holt, "
Geo. H. Lawrence, Esq.,	Hugh Hornby, "

SWINTON BOULT, Esq., Secretary.

The Agents at St. John, N. B., beg the attention of parties desirous of effecting Insurance against Fire on their property, to the position of the Company, as shown from the foregoing extract from the annual report, and to the important fact that every Shareholder of the Company is liable to the extent of his means for claims on the Company.

EDWARD ALLISON, } Agents,
ADAM JACK, } St. John, N. B.
August 18, 1854.

S. K. Foster's

HOME MANUFACTURES,

For Spring and Summer Trade.

GENTLEMEN'S best Walking BOOTS—English Leather;
Boys' Calf and Kip BOOTS;
Youths' Calf, Kip, and Grain BOOTS;
Gentlemen's Patent Wellington Dress BOOTS
Gentlemen's Elastic Side Walking Boots;
Gentlemen's Patent Calf Elastic Side Dress BOOTS;
Boys' and Youths' Patent Elastic Side Boots;
Boys and Youths' Calf, Kip, Patent and Grain BOOTEES;
Gentlemen's Calf, Patent, Kip and Grain Bootees;
Misses' and Children's Patent and Fancy Boots and Shoes;
Women's and Girls' Strong BUSKINS;
Women's Cheap House SLIPPERS,
Wholesale and Retail.
April 7. S. K. FOSTER.

Dedicated (by Special Authority) to the Queen of England.

In Parts at 1s., 2s., and Divisions, handsomely bound in Morocco cloth, gilt, 9 4-2

The British Colonies,

THEIR HISTORY, EXTENT, CONDITION, AND RESOURCES;
Illustrated with Maps of each possession, and Portraits of the most celebrated Promoters and Defenders of the Colonial Empire of Great Britain.

Adapted for the use of Statesmen, Merchants, Manufacturers, and intending Emigrants, containing the best authenticated statements relating to the geography, geology, climate, animal and vegetable kingdoms, character, customs and social state, religion, education and crime; agriculture, manufactures, mines, and fisheries; the most recent official details concerning the population, government, taxation, and expenditure, imports and exports customs' duties shipping, defences, staple products, live stock, cultivated and waste lands, banks, coins, paper money, weights and measures, wages, &c., with a copious Colonial Gazetteer, and every description of useful and interesting information.

BY R. MONTGOMERY MARTIN, ESQ., Editor of "The Illustrated Atlas, and Modern History of the World."

It has been deemed that full and correct information concerning the Extent, Condition, and Resources of the British Colonies would be acceptable to all classes of the community, and strengthen the natural ties arising from Kindred Common Origin, and Language.

Published by JOHN TALLIS 100 London. Office in St. John over Kipp & Adams's Market Square.
ROGER HUNTER, Agent.
Saint John, April 21, 1854.

TO ARRIVE

Per Lisbon and Barbara from London—

300 KEGS Brandram's No. 1. White LEAD; 100 kegs Red, Yellow Green, Black, and Blue Paint; 10 casks Cream Yellow, Prussian Blue, Brunswick Green, Vandyke Brown, Italian Red, Quaker Green, Raw and Burnt Sienna, Raw and Burnt Umbre Sienna 4 casks Raw and Boiled Linseed Oil;
1 cask INDIGO; 1 bbl. NUTMEGS;
20 cwt. Carbonate of Soda, in 1 cwt Kegs;
10 cwt. Cassareep SODA; 1-2 cwt. ALUM;
10 cwt. Cream of Tartar; 10 cwt. Blue Vitriol;
4 cases Jamaica GINGER;
4 cases Jamaica PIMENTO; 600 lb CLOVES;
2 cases Cassia;
2 cases Isinglass; 1 case GLUE;
2 cases Mustard; 1 case Cayenne; Mustard;
1 case Sheet Tin; 1 case Gold Leaf.
2 casks Hemp and Canary SEED.
May 5. J. L. TILLEY.

Rye Flour and Cow Heel.

ARRIVED this Morning, from New York
100 BARRELS Rye FLOUR, from New York:
[illegible] OIL; [illegible] WOOD.
[illegible] FLOUR, from Philadelphia;
[illegible] MEAL.
Will be sold on reasonable terms by
G. N. BURNS.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber has removed his STONE CUTTING Establishment, from King Street, to the premises recently occupied by Mr. Kent, R. L. Hazen, Union street, and immediately opposite the residence of Hazen Lawton, Esq., where he will be happy to receive a share of patronage, and desirous of his friends, as well as the public, to take notice that he has on hand, in addition to his former Stock, a lot of

MONUMENTS,

varying in price from £8 to £60, suitable for the New Cemetery, or other places of burial in town or country; which he will certainly dispose of at a cheaper rate than any other establishment in the city to parties disposed to make the most of their ready money.

M. FITZGERALD.

St. John, April 29, 1853.

N. B.—All kinds of STONE CUTTING for building and other purposes executed to order at the cheapest possible rates.

JOHN MINTY,

Silver Smith, Jeweller & Engraver,
North side of King Street, St. John, N. B., a few doors below the Waverley House.

MANUFACTURER of all kinds Silver Plate viz: Tea, Table, and Dessert Spoons; Forks, Ladles, Fish and Butter Knives, &c. &c.; also, Silver Cups of different patterns, which he will for ready Cheaper than any other House in the City. The above work is warranted to be made of Sterling Silver, and for neatness of style and superiority of finish challenges competition.

JEWELLERY made to order and repaired.

—All kinds of Engraving neatly executed.

Teachers, Pedlers, and others furnished with plain Gold Finger RINGS cheaper than can be imported. In all cases punctuality may be relied on. Cash and the highest price given for Old Silver.

New Brunswick Hotel.

Charlotte street, nearly opposite the Country Market, Saint John, N. B.

THE Proprietor of the above Establishment thankful for past favors, would respectfully inform the travelling Public, that having erected a large addition in rear of the main Building, he is now prepared to furnish ample accommodation to 70 or 80 Boarders. The Proprietor is determined to leave no means untried to merit the patronage of the community.

Travellers arriving late at night will find the House always open and ready to receive them.

The Sleeping Rooms are large and well ventilated, and the improvements and conveniences which have been made render it emphatically the House of the stranger.

It has always been a Temperance House and the Proprietor is determined to adhere strictly to the Total Abstinence principle.

This House is centrally located, and is well supplied with well furnished apartments, clean beds, good fare, the best attention, and reasonable charges, which should render it worthy the support of Travellers.

A Large STABLE has been erected on the premises, capable of accommodating 70 Horses.

Good Hostlers are always in attendance.

July 8, 1853. E. W. FLAGLOR

Halifax Tailoring Establishment.

New opposite Mr. Seirs' Residence, and First Shop from the corner of Princess and Germain Streets.

THE Subscriber begs leave to return thanks to his numerous friends, and the public generally, for the handsome support that has been extended to him, and assures them he will ever be ready to attend any order that may be given him for execution. He further wishes the attention of the public to his unrivalled Stock of CLOTH, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c., &c.

Having carried on business in the West of England, he has had extensive experience in Cutting both Military and Naval uniforms as well as every other kind of Fashionable Dress. Subsequently he has been employed as Cutter in the first Establishment in Halifax for seven years, where he took the premium for Cutting Coats; and it was admitted by one of the best Cutters in New York that he is the best Cutter of Spring Bottom Pants in North America.

Persons wishing to learn the most scientific mode of Measuring and Cutting Coats may obtain information at this Establishment.

☞ Garments Made and Trimmed on the most reasonable terms.

August 19, 1853. C. H. BARTLETT.

At Wholesale Only.

300 DOZEN low price Shawl Pins, various patterns; 80 dozen Coat Links; 60 gross Agate Buttons; 180 dozen Cathedral Pictures, in neat glass frames; 8 dozen Ladies' Leather Satchels; 40 dozen Berlin Bracelets; 10 gross Silk Purses; 120 bundles Fiddle Strings; 1,200 bundles Steel Beads and a variety Steel Purse Fittings, just landed ex John Barbour, for sale at the Fancy Arcade, Corner King and Cross Sts.

April 28. J. CHOUCH.

Coal, Sneads, and Scythes.

50 CHESTS fine Congo TEA, "Reindeer;"
50 do. do. do. "Sea Witch;"
25 Chests do. do. "Hogua;"
40 Bs. extra Souchong do. "Living Age"
50 Bs. superior Breakfast do.
5 Cases Madras INDIGO;
75 Dozen Grifin's SCYTHES;
50 Do. American ditto. Now landing and for Sale by

July 7. L. H DEVEBER & SON.

Flour, Tea, Tobacco, &c.

The Subscriber has in Store and offers for sale the Following Goods, viz:—

50 BBLS. Canada S'ne FLOUR;
10 chests best quality TEA;
10 boxes Tobacco, best brands;
4 hhds. Bright Porto Rico SUGAR;
4 hhds. Muscovado Molasses;
4 hhds. Hennessy's BRANDY;
4 hhds. Gin, Lilly Brand;
10 casks PORT WINE;
10 Baskets Champagne;
5 cases Green and Blackwell's Pickles;
5 cwt. fast Nova Scotia Cheese;
10 firkins Prime Butter, from Smith's dairy;
500 bushels OATS; Soap, Candles, Ginger, Pepper, Rice, Barley and all that is required in a retail Grocery. THOS. CURRAN,
No. 3, Crosby's New Buildings, Union-street.
July 21.

WASHING POWDER.—Received per Packet Victoria, and sold at one sixth the usual price.
April 14. FELLOWS & CO.

CLOVER & TIMOTHY.—100 Bushels Domestic Clover, 100 do. best in Market; 3000 lbs. Northern Clover SEED. For sale by
April 18. FELLOWS & CO.

[illegible]

[illegible] McALLISTER.

[illegible] ADES.—This week a large [illegible] Company [illegible] proving [illegible] for wholesale.
August 8. THOMAS WILSON.

MDCCCLIV. 1854.

NORTH AMERICAN CLOTHING STORE.

SEARS' BRICK BUILDING, NORTH SIDE OF KING STREET.

M. HUNTER,

HAVING Removed his place of Business from the South side of King-street, to his present Stand, and having received per late arrivals from Great Britain and the United States his Spring and Summer Goods, now offers for sale to Wholesale and Retail Purchasers, the largest, cheapest, and most varied assortment of Goods ever previously exposed for sale by any Clothing Establishment in this market.

The stock in part consist of—

BROADCLOTHS, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Russel Cords, Alapacas, Moleskins, Heatsepuns, Tweeds, Cottonets, &c. &c.

VESTINGS—A rich and splendid assortment, in various materials.

The Clothing Department comprises

COATS, VESTS, PANTS, in every description of material in use, and of all qualities and prices. Cut in the most fashionable styles, and made up on the premises by the best Workmen the city can supply.

OVERALLS, Or Clothing.

☞ To the FURNISHING Department particular attention is invited, as it comprises a very general assortment of Shirts, Collars, Shirt Fronts, Neck Ties, Hosiery, Gloves, Braces, Gents' and Ladies' Carpet Bags, Trunks, Umbrellas, Hats, Caps, &c.

☞ Gents who would prefer selecting the Cloth and leaving their orders, can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, by the best of workmen, and the shortest notice.

No second price—all Goods marked in plain figures.

☞ Please observe that it is the Brick Building you go into.

May 12, 1854. R. HUNTER.

NEW GOODS.

Just received per Ship "Aquatic," and now in course of opening—

LADIES superior Black Cloth BOOTS;
Ladies Spring Instep Merino Walking Boots
Ladies White and Black Satin Slippers;
Ladies Bronze Kid Slippers;
Ladies Black and Bronze "Schottishe" SHOES;
Ladies Enamelled Exhibition Slippers;
Misses Bronze and Black Kid Slippers;
Misses Enamelled Exhibition slippers;
Misses white and black Satin Slippers;
Misses Cashmere and Prunella Boots;
Ladies Bronze Kid Polka Boots;
Children's Bronze Kid Shoes;
Children's Boots and Shoes, in great variety;
Gentlemen's Patent Dancing Boots;
Youths' Patent Dancing Pumps;
Boys' Patent Dancing Pumps;
Boys and Youth's Patent Elastic Side Boots.

DOMESTIC WORKS.

The Subscriber would call especial attention to his Gentlemen's Dress BOOTS, City make; also to his Men's Boys' and Youths' BOOTTEES, of every sort required for Town or Country wear Women's and Girl's House SLIPPERS; Children's Boots and Shoes, of various styles.

For sale wholesale and retail.

February, 1854. S. K. FOSTER.

ELLISON & CO.'S Daguerreotype Rooms,

BARLOW'S CORNER, KING STREET.

$10,000 Worth of Daugerreotype Stock!

THE Proprietors of the above magnificent Establishment would respectfully invite the Ladies and Gentlemen of St. John, and strangers visiting the City, to inspect their Establishment, where they have opened DAUGERREOTYPE STOCK to the amount of $10,000, in the shape of CASES of the most costly description; Frames of various patterns richly carved and gilt; Gold LOCKETS, RINGS, &c. &c.

The Proprietors have spared no expense in fitting up their Rooms. The Receiving Rooms have been furnished with Furniture, &c., at a cost of not less than £500, and has been stated by strangers who have visited their Rooms that they are equal, if not superior to any in the United States.

The latest inventions in the Art of Daugerreotyping, has been secured by Mr. Ellison, one of the proprietors who has lately returned from the United States, and they confidently assure all who favor their Establishment with their patronage a true life-like LIKENESS, and satisfaction.

☞ Daugerreotype Apparatus and Stock furnished to parties in the Trade, at prices lower, than can be imported.

July 7. ELLISON & CO.

Elegance and Economy.

PERSONS furnishing house are respectfully invited to examine the Stock of New Styles for this season now opening at HORSFALL & SHERATON'S, "COMMERCE HOUSE," King street.

H. & S. have this season imported very largely of the newest styles of GOODS, suitable for every class of dwellings.

Rich French DAMASKS, Silk and Wool, direct from the looms of Lyons, with Fashionable Trimmings, manufactured expressly to match.

MCREENS and DAMASKS, every colour and style, with suitable Trimmings; Rich gilt Poles and Cornices, warranted to stand the colour, and wear better than anything made here.

Two Setts Rich Satin Drawing Room Chair COVERS.

Utrecht Velvets, for fitting up Steamboat Carriages, &c

Velvet Pile, Tapestry, Brussels, three-ply, Kidderminster, and Scotch CARPETINGS; Hearth Rugs, and door Mats; Floor Oil Cloths, in all the useful widths;

Stair CARPETS and Droggets;
Table Covers and Table Linens;
Sheetings, Towellings, and Osnaburgs
Table Napkins and Doylies;
Curtain Nets and MUSLINS.
May 12, 1854.

WANTED IMMEDIANTELY, at GRANITE HALL,—20 JOURNEYMEN TAILORS.
Also—Pant Makers, Vest Makers, Shirt and Coat Makers.
Aug. 18 THOS. R. JONES.

SPARKLING CHAMPAGNE.—Now landing and in store—30 Baskets very superior Sparkling CHAMPAGNE—Pints and Quarts.
Dec. 16. RANEY STURDEE & CO.

Sugar, Cotton Warps, Grey Cot. Cloth, &c.

Ex Rudosta and Middleton—
6 CASES Madras INDIGO; 30 bales Cotton WARPS; 10 do Grey Cottons;
100 pieces Bagging CANVAS.
In Store—
100 Chests Congou and Souchong TEAS.
Aug. 18. L. H. DeVEBER & SON.

W. C. GUERAN,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, and Civil Engineer. Office—Indian Town.

[illegible] Just Received per "Rio Grande from Cienfuegos
[illegible] Muscovado Molasses very superior
March 4, 1854. ROBT. ARMSTRONG

Poetry.

A superb poem upon the death of Telfourd, which recently appeared in the London Punch, is challenging, we see, universal encomiums from the critics at home and abroad. A stanza or two will convey an impression of the poem as a whole:

Ere the war-clouds darkly closing,
Shudder to the rending flash,
Ere a world hold breath to listen
To the opening thunder crash:
Hear from yonder seat of judge,
Words of peace—the true—the best.—
Ah!—the noble words are stifled,
And a nobler heart hath rest!

Dead! He should have died hereafter!
Time had come for such a word,
When the day of fight was over,
And the triumph-bells, were heard,
Statesmen—Minister of justice—
Friend of all who needed friend,
Poet—Might not yet have tarried,
Seen our conflict to an end?

Ire fleet. Battle's signal
Sullen booms o'er sea and plain,
Wake ye at that fatal summons,
Fabled Choosers of the Slain!
Who, beside our red-cross banner,
Falls, its foremost champion there—
Flinging down a life, and winning
Name that Time himself shall spare?

Gallant heart! But happier, nobler,
Hold the doom 'twas his to meet,
Who,—declaring Heaven's own message—
Died upon the judgement seat,
On his lip that holy lesson
All his life had taught, he cried,
"Help the humble—help the needy—
HELP WITH LOVE." So TALFOURD died!

Miscellaneous.

THE LIEUTENANT OF THE TIGER AND THE CZAR.

There is a strange incident passed by in regard to the capture of the Tiger frigate. On his Imperial Majesty becoming aware of the capture, he dispatched orders that all the officers and men should be sent to Moscow, there to be detained, save the Captain, whom he ordered to be sent to St. Petersburg. The poor Captain, however (Captain Giffard,) died, and the Imperial Sovereign then required that the First Lieutenant, Lieut. Alfred Boyer, should be brought before him. The gallant officer was accordingly—somewhat to his regret—separated from his shipmates, and conveyed to St. Petersburg. On his arrival, he was received with much courtesy, and experienced the greatest possible kindness from the Russian authorities. An early hour was fixed for an interview with the Czar, who received the British officer in one of the grand apartments of the Palace. The Emperor, though somewhat emaciated in appearance, still preserved that clearness of voice and quickness of perception, which has throughout life characterised him. He entered into a lengthened conversation with Lieutenant Boyer, avoiding, however, to put any interrogatory likely to compromise either the national or professional honour of the British officer, who behaved with that firmness of tone and respect in demeanor so characteristic of the English sailor. The Emperor appeared highly pleased with Lieutenant Boyer, and, the conversation turning to the "domestic hearth," he asked the Lieut if he were married; upon which the latter made answer and said that he had a wife and four children in England. The Emperor rejoined, "Then, you would like to go back to England, and return to your wife and children? If so, to England you shall return, unconditionally." It is almost unnecessary to add Lieutenant Boyer, left St. Petersburg, in company of couriers specially employed for him by the Emperor, on the following day, and was soon in sight of his native land. On Sunday evening last, Mrs. Boyer and her children were leaving her house in the vicinity of the metropolis for the purpose of attending Divine service, and no doubt for the special intention of praying for the safety of the husband and father whom they believed to be in a Russian dungeon. Judge of Mrs. Boyer's surprise when she was handed a telegraph message from Southampton, stating that her husband might be expected in London in about two hours time. Mrs. Boyer did not go to Church, but with her family returned thanks to the Giver of all Good in privacy. The beloved husband and parent arrived in London at 10 o'clock, and was soon in the midst of his domestic circle.

Lieutenant Boyer is a promising officer, and one who thoroughly understands his profession. The coolness and intrepidity he evinced when the poor little vessel was taken, would have done credit to a Nelson or a Rodney. Since his arrival in London he has had several interviews with Sir James Graham and the Lords of the Admiralty, and it is expected that the gallant officer will soon be advanced to a higher rank in the service.

The subject of this notice passed his examination in 1834, and for his services on the coast of China was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant, his commission bearing date June 8th, 1841. On the 7th of September, 1841, he was appointed to the Belvidera, 33, under the command of Captain the Hon. George Grey, then stationed in the Mediterranean. In the early part of 1845, he was paid off, and returned home. On the 21st of March, 1846, he became senior Lieut. of the Favourite, 14, under Captain Alexander Murray, and was for some time engaged on the coast of Africa. His next appointment, the one to the ill-fated frigate, was made on the 10th of June, 1852. By the way, the Belvidera alluded to, is now on the non-effective establishment—a hulk at Portsmouth.

SENSIBLE HOGS.

Some years ago I made a visit to the Bay of Fundy, and finding a cozy place quite to my mind I spent a week or more in that vicinity. While there I had occasion to notice the movements of certain hogs, who came down to the beach at low tide to feed upon the clams that abound in the sand. You are aware that the tide rises thirty or forty feet in that part of the country. The consequence is that it must come and recede very rapidly; so swift, indeed does it rise, that cattle not acquainted with the state of things, not unfrequently get overtaken by the water, and are drowned. The old hogs in those parts, however, are accustomed to the tide. They find out exactly that it "waits for no man," but that it waits for no hog. One day while I was on the beach, I saw a regiment of hogs as many as they could be, tracing for clams and feasting on them. Watching them very carefully, I could not help noticing that several of their number were and kept pretty near to the margin of the water. They would venture in the direction of Fundy, but would then retreat in great consternation, whenever one or two of their number would venture a little further than the rest. At length, one courageous sow, taken, perhaps, by surprise, ventured into the extreme verge of water, but was in an instant in retreat on the rest, who had meanwhile, taken up a position on the top of the highest bank of the creek of which I spoke. Whether the sow was overtaken by the advancing tide, I was unable to tell, but I was very interested in watching the movements of the herd. They evidently did not know when the tide of the morning came, and I found it necessary to retreat about as speedily as they did, and done. What do you think of that reader?

THE KREMLIN.

The following description of the Kremlin is from the Marquis de Custine's new work on Russia:—

How am I to describe the walls of the Kremlin? The word wall gives an idea of quite too ordinary an object; it would deceive the reader: the walls of the Kremlin are a chain of mountains. This citadel, reared on the confines of Europe and Asia, is, as compared with ordinary ramparts, what the Alps are to our hills; the Kremlin is the Mount Blanc of fortresses. If the giant that is called the Russian Empire had a heart, I should say that the Kremlin is the heart of the monster; but, as it is, I would call it the head.

I wish I could give an idea of this mighty pile of stones, reared step by step into the heavens; this asylum of despotism, raised in the name of liberty; for the Kremlin was a barrier opposed to the Calmuks by the Russians; its walls have equally aided the independence of the state and the tyranny of the sovereign. They are boldly carried over the deep sinuosities of the soil. When the declivities of the hillocks become too precipitious, the rampart is lowered by steps; these steps, between heaven and earth, are enormous; they are the ladders of the giants who make war against the gods.

The line of the first circle of structures is broken by fantastick towers, so elevated, strong, and grotesque in their appearance as to remind one of the peaks in Switzerland, with their many-shaped rocks, and their many coloured glaciers. The obscurity no doubt contributed to increase the size of objects, and to give them unusual forms and tints, for night, like engravings, has its colouring. To behold gentlemen and ladies, dressed *a la parisienne*; promenading at the foot of this fabulous palace, was to fancy myself in a dream. What would Ivan III., the restorer, or it might be said the founder of the Kremlin, have thought, could he have beheld at the foot of the sacred fortress his old Muscovites, shaved, curled and dressed in frock coats, white pantaloons, and yellow gloves, eating ices, seated before a brightly lighted cafe? He would have said, as I do, it is impossible! yet this is now seen every summer evenning in Moscow.

POPPING THE QUESTION.—What a curious sensation is that which troubles a man upon such a mission! Why does the elegantly arranged sentence, studied with so much care, in order alike to avoid formality and familiarity, begin to seem bald and bold, and bungling, just as it is about to be wanted? Why is it finally revised upon the coarse mat in the hall, and utterly rejected upon the silky mat in the landing? Why do you feel choaking, as with thirst, and yet could not drink the elixer of life if it were presented to you? Why would you pay a hundred guineas a step to have the staircase twice as long as it is, and yet you go up as hastily as if you were escaping from a poor relation? Why does that pleasing bow, with which you have so often stooped to conquer—you know it—seem to you at once a great deal too low, and a great deal too slight, and altogether abominable? Why do you wish you had put on that other cravat? In short why is your sense so keenly awakened to the outward man, and to the outside phrase, and why do you forget that you have hitherto looked like a gentleman and spoken like a philosopher, and generally done your duty in the state of life in which it has pleased Providence to place you, and that there is no particular reason why at one o'clock this fine day, you should make a failure? It is a satisfactory answer, to say that there sits in the low chair near the window, in that drawing-room, a bright-eyed young person of the other sex, who, if you could only see it, can hardly hold her crochet work for her tremor; who knows intensely what you mean, and what you come for, and who designs to make you the kindest possible answer, poor think! if she should be able to find proper words and who, in the meantime, is in about as fit a condition to criticise you as I am to correct the Jupiter Symphony or the Nautical Almanac.—*Shirley Brooke.*

WOOD PAPER.—A very excellent method of manufacturing paper and pasteboard pulp from wood, originally invented by M. Hartmann, has been improved upon by Mr. Schlesinger, of Bradford, who after taking much trouble to introduce the plan into this country, is now, as the working partner of the inventor, conducting the process with great success. As the manufacture of paper is a subject at present forcing itself upon the public attention, we think it right to give prominence to every good improvement relating to it. Process:—Cut a tree—say 9 feet long 2 feet in diameter—into nine lengths of 8 inches by 2 feet diameter each; place those blocks into the boxes, with the fibres running in the same direction as the stone turns, lever them, then start the stone at the rate of about 200 revolutions per minute. By the foregoing process a fibrous pulp is obtained equal to that of ordinary rag-pulp, and lower in price. Moreover this wood-pulp has the advantage of absorbing a greater quantity of mineral than ordinary rag pulp. According to Mr. Schlesinger's calculation, he produces a pound of dry wood-pulp at 1 penny, and makes no doubt that, in districts where wood and power can be had cheaper than at Bradford, it may be made at five-eighths or three-fourths of a penny per pound of dry pulp. The cheapest classes of wood, as Fir, Pine, Poplar, Willow, &c., suit his purpose best. We have had highly satisfactory specimens of the papers and pasteboards above enumerated submitted to our inspection.—*Mechanics' Magazine.*

NEW MATERIAL FOR PAPER.—We are glad to find that the inconvenience to which the newspaper and general press of the country has been of late seriously exposed is likely soon to approach its termination. We have had before us some observation upon this question from the pen of Mr. Sharp an old occasional correspondent of this journal, in which the subject is briefly but intelligibly treated. It appears that patents are secured for the process, and machinery necessary to convert the fibres of various plants, grown in our own colonial possessions within the tropics, into material calculated to supply the place of flax, hemp, and rags, for the use of textile manufacturers, rope makers and paper-makers. It is strange that, with such materials in our own colonies, stated to exist in unbounded quantity we should have been so long content to rely for important raw products upon foreign states, and especially upon that country with which we are now seriously embroiled; and which, we are told has drawn from us, "within the present century, nearly £100,000,000 sterling for flax and hemp alone."—*Mining Journal.*

SUBTERRANEOUS STREAMS.—A man named Morgan, while digging a well on his farm, near Hudson, Illinois, had sunk a shaft down fifty three feet, when he struck a rock, and in trying to loosen it, it fell with a quick plunge into a subterraneous stream of water, about four feet in depth, which flowed with great velocity. Mr. Morgan had hardly time to grasp the rope which hung down the shaft, to save himself from falling into the rushing waters. A similar phenomena is said to exist in Rubicon Township, Jackson County, in the same State, the water from which finds vent on the side of a hill, and is of sufficient force to turn 1 very machinery.

The Athenian orators spoke of an ignorant Arab, who, never, perhaps, had heard of any thing about the existence of a God, replied, that as I came by the moon in the most vivid manner, I should be pleased there, so, when I survey the heavens with the bright stars and the earth with its productions, do I feel the existence and the power of God.

In walking over our meadows, from which, if we mistake not, we have gathered, this year, [illegible] into a considering, the use of [illegible] plants should be planted [illegible] and all the fruit [illegible] than the [illegible]. The fruit will be larger and better.