f, if there

white) of

Ont.

May 30th, Jane F. Woods, in the

through misat all the ciring the case trial court and this province of Canada ortrial.-Globe.

correspondent 28th: The big

about 3,000,000 feet is far the largest steamer Niths-

ETIN.

of mackerel: few rel average fifty bsters taken; too ort plenty of fish of cod and a few rout very good :

ters poor. erel in traps; few good; cod and few mackerel in lobsters and a

haddock and lobf haddock; few bsters plenticul; cod, herring and

_Cod plentiful; s; no cod-sea sters fair. plentiful; lobsters and lobsters. Manan—Hake and cod fair; haddock

quantities; sal-Herring and cod plentiful. traps can be ob-so. Ice at Digby, y and Georgetown.

ST.JOHN SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

VOL. 22.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1899.

NO. 45.

Did You Call

at Frasers' when you were in town? Run in any time as often as you can and see through their clothing establishment No. better clothing can you find, nor no lower prices.

Fraser, Fraser & Co, - Foster's Corner, 40 and 42 King Street, St. John, N. B.

PARLIAMENT.

Col. Domville Appears Before the Public Accounts Committee.

An Expensive Enquiry That the Government Now Admits Was Unnacessary.

Some More Light Cast Upon Blair's Iniquitious Railway Contracts-Sir Wilfrid and the Alaska Boundary.

OTTAWA, June 2 - Colonel Domville appeared before the public accourts committee this morning and demanded that investigation be resumed into the affair of the \$300 cheque received by him in 1887, ostensibly as payment of armory rent to J. Milton Barnes. This investigation was carried on last session, but when the committee was about ready to report, Sir Louis Davies and other members asked that the final conclusion be not reached until Col. Domville be heard. The colonel was then in British Co-The colonel was then in British Co-lumbia, and it was not convenient for him to attend. It was therefore, exceed that the matter should stand over to give the colonel a chance. When he appeared today desiring to be confronted by both his accusers, he was informed that it was only necessary to get the house to refer the evidence back to the committee.

This afternoon Colonel Domville, in a manner displaying some new cause of excitement, offered his motion. He informed the house that Mr. Foster had made these charges against him, and that he would hold Mr. Foster responsible for them. Mr. Foster must make good these charges. The colonel declared that he would not allow Mr. Foster to escape. He would have to prove all the charges made by some newspapers, which spoke of the affair as the Domville scandal. Mr. Foster could not hide behind Colonel Markham, who had provided him with certain papers. These charges must be prosecuted to the end, for the sake of the grand name of Kings county, from which Domville said he had driven Mr. Foster. The colonel appeared to be rather jerky and hysterical in his

No one else thought it necessary to offer observations, and the motion The Drummond railway contract bill was then called up for its second

Mr. Kaulbach stated in a short speech his objections to the measure. He referred to the evidence to show the property could have been bought for less money. He was sure that this extension would not afford an escape from outlay by the government toward the construction of the bridge at Quebec. Mr. Kaulback would not be surprised if he house were this year or next asked to vote money for this enterprise. There were other large prospective expenses connected with this transaction. Incidentally, Kaulbach paid a high tribute to the advantages of Halifax as a winter

Mr. Pope (conservative), who always supported the Drummond bill, re-marked that he was still in favor of the extension to Montreal. He could not understand why Mr. Blair could not give the results of the first year's operation of the extension. He did not think the Intercolonial had ever been so well managed under other governments. He would be willing now to take over the road and pay the government \$200,000 a year the first ten years, \$300,000 a year next decade, and \$400,000 for the third decade. He thought that the city of St. John had been greatly benefitted by the Canadian Pacific extension to that city by reason of the fact that the road was managed on business A purely business management of the Intercolonial would have the same result.

In committee Mr. Blair stated that the Drummond County rolling stock had not been bought, except a snow plough and some tools. He did not appear to be clear as to whether by agreement the government was required to purchase this plant. Mr. Blair also explained that under his new agreement the \$6,000 a year which by the first agreement was to be paid to the Grand Trunk for use of their property at Chaudiere, would not be payable. The escape from this charge

of \$200,000, is another favor conferred on the country by the senate. Before the next order of business was called, Sir Charles Tupper read Monfreal Star's cable about the condition of the Alaska boundary ne-

\$6,000 a year equal to capital sum

Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated in reply to the opposition leader, that Lord Salisbury had kept the Canadian government fully informed as to the dis-cussion with Mr. Choate. The premies regretter that the rules of diplomacy cussion with Mr. Choâte. The premies regretter that the rules of diplomacy prevented him from stating the exact condition of affairs, as such statement would remove a cloud of misapprehension. He hoped that before the session closed ne would be in a posi-

tion to bring down the protocols in the Alaska boundary negotiations. It was nearly midnight when the

house went into supply and resumed discussion of Sir Louis Davies' esti-mates for the fishery protection ser-

House adjourned at one o'clock in the morning.

On the motion to go into supply, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper moved a resolution condemning the course of the government in regard to an alleged inquiry into the conduct of Judge Spink of British Columbia. This prosecution was undertaken apparently to satisfy the malice of certain politicians in British Columbia. It failed miserably. and Solicitor General Fitzpatrick admits that Spink came out without a stain on his character. But it cost a good deal of money, paid to the government heelers. The whole prosecution was abandoned for want of evidence, but not until some grit lawyers had got a fairly good thing out of it. Sir Charles Hibbert reviewed the whole circumstances during the after-

noon and evening. Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick, replying, admitted that the charges were unfounded, but claimed that the charges were so serious as to justify the government in authorizing an investigation. Mr. Bennett of East Simcoe continued the debate.

OTTAWA, June 5.—The first thing that happened when the house met today was the production and reading by the premier of the Alaska and Yukon boundary protocols. The statement read by him is the same as was presented last week by the im-perial government and printed in Canadian papers of Monday morning.
Sir Wilfrid referred to the documents only so far as to show the difference between the British and United States proposals. These differences are two. As to the tribunal of arbitration, the British commissioners proposed arbitration by three men, one chosen by each party and the third by the other two. The United States proposed a commission of six men, half appointed by each side. Objection is made to this tribunal that as there is no referee it would afford no guarantee of finality. The other difference relates to matters to be arbitrated. The British side was willing to account fifty years! States proposed that all territory now occupied by that country shall be assigned to the United States, whether conveyed by treaties or not. The British commissioners could not accept this preliminary and so the whole negotiations were arrested, and this subject removed from discussion by

Sir Charles Tupper asked whether a modus vivendi had been reached as to the possession of disputed territory in the meantime.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that provisional boundaries had been established at White Pass and Chilcoot Pass, and it was proposed to establish one on Dawson Trail.

Sir Charles pointed out that the authorized statement at the time negotiations ceased was that the proceedings had been adjourned.

ings had been adjourned. More recently it had been discovered that the negotiations had been entirely arrested, with the intention of not resuming unless the Alaska boundary question was removed. This fact, now disclosed, placed the Canadian commissioners in a better light than their previous statement. Sir Charles could not possibly imagine why the United States should have declined to accept as a basis of negotiations the principles accepted in the Venezuela arbitration. His own fear was that Canadian interests would suffer by the adoption of the fifty years' rule. Last year Mr. Sifton, in spite of warnings on the opposition side, had admitted that the settlements on the Lynn canal coast had been in occupation adverse to Canada from "time imme-Sir Charles could not see that the United States or Russia could have acquired a just title by occupation of territory which the Russian treaty of 1825 distinctly assigned to

This, private members' afternoon, was devoted to the Georgian Bay Mr. Poupore, M. P. for Pontiac, con-servative, addressed the house for the whole afternoon in favor of the scheme, which includes the establishment of a navigable water route from Georgian Bay to the Ottawa river, and thence down that stream to the

St. Lawrence and Montreal. McLeod Stewart, ex-mayor of Ottawa, has just returned from England, where he has organized a company to undertake the work. The company estimates the cost of this waterway at twenty-five million dollars. It ask the dominion government to give a two and a half per cent. guarantee on twenty millions dollars of bonds, or five hundred thousand a year, for thirty years.

HAVANA, June 5.—Many burglaries have been committed recently in hotels, stores and private houses here and the police believe an organized gang of American crooks are at work. On Saturday night the house of Mr. Griffiths, the acting British consul general, was entered and money, jewelry and clothing were taken.

Mr. Poupore was followed by Mr. Belcourt, liberal M. P. for Ott w., who was speaking when the speaker left the chair at six o'clock.

left the chair at six o'clock.

The order of business changed in the evening, and the Georgian Bay scheme stands over till next Monday. In June there will be five Issues of The Youth's Companion. Among the many contributions to them will be a story in three parts, "Four Charms," by C. A. Stephens, "Klondikes, Old and New." by Prof. N. S. Shaley, of Harvard, "Authors and Animals," by Andrew Lang, "Robert Louis thevenson and Children," by Edmund Gosse: "At the North Pole," by Admiral Markham, of the British navy, "What Funston Did Before," the account of an incident in General Funston's travels in Alaska; and more than twenty short stories.

After private bills this evening, the house was in committee on Fortin's

house was in committee on Fortin's bill to amend the winding-up act, which was reported with amendments. which was reported with amendments.

Mr. Maxwell then moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Chi-nese immigration act by increasing the tax on Chinamen from fifty dollars to five hundred dollars. The reverend gentleman supported his measure by a long speech in vigorous protest against the encouragement or even toleration of Chinese immigration.

When he closed, Mr. Ellis raised the point of order that the bill imposed a tax and therefore could only come in by resolution and with the consent of the governor resolution. of the governor general.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper suggest-

ed that as this levy was not made on the people of Canada the rule might not apply, but the premier thought the point was well taken. he point was well taken.

The speaker was absent and the decision of the chair was reserved, when Mr. Britten moved the adjournment of the debate, and the house adjourned at eleven o'clock.

NOTES.

The supreme court today gave judgment in the case of McPherson v. Fra-ser, dismissing the appeal with costs. An Intercolonial train of new cars has been brought here for exhibition to members of parliament and others. It consists of baggage, first and sec-ond class cars, dining and sleeping cars, the latter being the product of the Wagner Company of Buffalo, New York. Luther Archibald, Mr. Allison and W. K. Reynolds are here with the train, which they claim to be the finest outfit ever put together in Canada. Hon. Mr. Sifton gives notice that he will introduce five bills to amend the acts respecting the geological survey, department of the interior, the unorlands act, and the land titles act.
Mr. Ganong will introduce a bill to
amend the weights and measures act

respecting the sale of fish. respecting the sale of fish.

Col. Domville gives notice of a resolution affirming that the benefits of Canadian tariff preference should be confined to goods imported through Canadian ports from the country of

FREDERICTON.

Trinity Term of the Supreme Court to Open Today.

FREDERICTON, June 5.- The following is the docket for the Trinity term of supreme court which opens MOTION PAPER.

MOTION PAPER.

Charles W. Fry v. Henry Fry-Mr. Earle, Q. C., to move to enter judgment for defendant nunc pro tune, by order of itis Honor Mr. Justice McLeod.

John Welton v. Municipality of Kings Co. Asa Sprague, Humphrey Davidson and Thomas Martin. The attorney general to move for judgment as in the case of non-instit J. Chipman Hadley v. John Carlton—W. P. Jones to support order for review ordered by His Honor Judge Landry,
CROWN PAPER.

Ex parte David Grant-Mr. McKay to show Ex parte Troop-Mr. Carrey, Q.C., to show cause.

Ex parte Atlinson—The like.

The Queen x. John Nevin ex parte E.

Flannagan—The like.

Ex parte John Gale—Mr. McCready to show cause.

Ex parte Simeon Jones—C. J. Coster to show cause.

SPECIAL PAPER.

SPECIAL PAPER. Whittaker v. North Queensland Insurance Co.—Mr. McLean to support demurrer. PROBATE PAPER.

In the matter of the estate of John Chrystal, Mr. Gregory, Q. C., to support appeal from Kent county probate court.

COUNTY COURT APPEALS. Jane Calder, administrator of William Calder, appellant, v. John McPherson, respondent—Mr. Phinney to support appeal from York county court.

John Young (defendant below), John Raymand Young (claimant appellants), v. John Morrisey (plaintiff below), respondent.—Mr. Tweedie, Q. C., to support appeal from Gloucester county court.

ANOTHER ANDREE STORY.

CHRISTIANIA, June 5 .- According to a despatch from Mandal, the most southern town of Norway, two boys on May 14th last, found on the north coast of Iceland a shall cork case containing a slip of paper, dated July 11, 1897, signed "Andree, Strindberg and Fraenckel," and bearing the words, "All well. Thrown about longitude 81, latitude unknown." Prof. probably one of the letter buoys with which the Andree expedition was pro-

HAILSTONES KILLED CHICKENS.

rators in Place of Ice.

A terrific heil storm struck Hastings, Neb., the other afternoon and continued for lifteen minutes, during which time over two thousand panes of glass were broken, fruit and grain destroyed and several persons hurt. The hall stones were as large as hen's eggs, and came down with such force as to kill many chickens, knock birds out of the trees and break shutters on windows.

After the storm people scooped up hall-stones by the pallful, and some filled their refrigerators.

DR. BRUCE'S FAREWELL

Congregation of St. David's Say Fond Good Bye.

Clergymen of Various Denominations Join is the Expressions of Sorrow at His Departure.

(From Monday's Daily Sun.)

The lecture room of St. David's
hurch was growded to the doors last of Dr. Bruce, who had come to wish hits God-speed on the eve of his de-Parture to a new sphere of labor.
Visitors were met and welcomed at the door by Mrs. W. J. Fraser, Mrs. A. Binning, Mrs. D. Jameson, Mrs. J. P. C. Burpee and Dr. W. S. Morrison. Alderman James Seaton occupied the chair, and after prayer by Rev.

Dr. Bruce, called on Andrew Malcolm who read the following address to the retiring pastor:

ment of practical Christianity Throughout the congregation.

As to your public ministry, we gladly bear testimony to the faithfulness with which you have fulfilled the promise nade at the opening of your work for you have ever lovingly presented to the waiting ungregation Jesus Christ and Him crucified.

Layalty to the Bible as the Word of the living God and the resurrection of Jesus Christ, has been a marked feature of your public discourses and teaching; and practical and convincing has been your application of its precious truth to the whole of life.

In referring to the closer and personal

production.

Mr. Blair will be asked whether W. Interest and wise counsel of true friendship.

H. Trueman has been appointed to a which you have ever extended to all.

In all our intercourse with each other, even as we have seen Christ in your public ministry, we have seen and felt His gra-

In all our intercourse with each other even as we have seen thrist in your public ministry, we have seen and felt His gracious presence in your private life and work. We desire to refer with deep gratitude to your work amongst the young. We believe to your deveted and untiring labors, a work has been done touching the heart and life of the young people of this congregation from which the fruitage is only beginning to be reaped. We rejoice in the rich promise of this new life as we look out upon the days to come and see in it a strength and hope of the future.

Since you came among is you have established a home for yourself, your children were born here, and most of them are now in communion with this church.

We would make special reference to the good work done in this congregation by your ar ner in life, Mrs. Bruce, and we desire to convey to her our heartfelt appreciation of the devoted service she has rendered in every feature of our work, and would in particular bear record to the great impetus she has given to foreign mission work in our midst.

And now in saying farewell, we assure you we shall ever cherish the memory of your work among its and pray that you may fully realize your most sanguine hopes in your new field of labors. May our fleavenly Father grant His richest blessing to rest on you and yours, giving you all things richly to enjoy both in this life and that which is to come.

On behalf of the congregation,

On behalf of the congregation,

Rev. Dr. Bruce in response said that the occasion was altogether different from any previous one in which he had played a prominent part. When he came into the room, beautified as it has often been by loving hands, he forgot for an instant the reason for this gathering, but he immediately remembered its reference to himself and family; that it was not a welcome but a farewell. For sixteen years he had spoken in various forms to the people, and now he had nothing new come together he would express his affectionate farewell, and to those affectionate farewell, and to those whose feelings were expressed by the kind address he would give his warmest thanks. He would cherish the address, which contained so much. In its reference to increased financial prosperity they knew that he felt it was because of the deepening of the spiritual life. They had been pleased to refer to his presence at times of to refer to his presence at times of sickness, and he felt that the strongest cords which bound them were those entwined when wrapped together in the dark clouds of misfortune. While he regarded these things with deep gratitude, yet deeper than all was that with which he received the recognition of his work with the young. More valuable than a crown of gold is the thought that he had cared for the children and that the children loved him. He would implore parents to pray earnestly for guidance, for never would they write on a more sensitive tablet than the hearts of their children. He had taken up this work, the ministry to

He appreciated the kindness of all present, and said that he would count the address as a precious heritage, which he might hand to his children.

Mr. Malcolm then on behalf of the which he might hand to his children.
Mr. Malcolm then on behalf of the church said farewell to Dr. Bruce.

Letters were read by the chairman from Reys. W. G. Raymond, G. O. Getes, R. P. McKim and J. deSoyres, regretting their inability to attend, and expressing their appreciation of Dr. Bruce's work in this city. Mr.

Dr. Bruce's work in this city. Mr.

AUSTIN, Tex., June 5.— Governor Sayer today telegraphed all the governors and attorneys of the southern states a call for an anti-trust convention to meet in St. Louis, Sept. 20th, for the purpose of securing concerted action against trusts.

NEW YORK, June 5.—The National City "Begorra!" said that worthy, "but the chimney is leaning to the left."

"Begorra!" said that worthy, "but the chimney is leaning to the left."

"An Irishman having placed a new chimney on his cottage, called one of his neighbors to show him his handlwork.

"Now, what do yez think of it?" said Mike to his neighbors to show him his handlwork.

"Now, what do yez think of it?" said Mike to his neighbors to show him his handlwork.

"Now, what do yez think of it?" said Mike to his neighbors.

"Begorra!" said that worthy, "but the chimney is leaning to the left."

"Begorra!" said that worthy, "but the chimney is leaning to the left."

"An Irishman having placed a new chimney on his cottage, called one of his neighbors to show him his handlwork.

"Now, what do yez think of it?" said Mike to his neighbors.

"Begorra!" said that worthy, "but the chimney is leaning to the left."

"An Irishman having placed a new chimney on his cottage, called one of his neighbors.

"Now, what do yez think of it?" said Mike to his neighbors.

"Begorra!" said that worthy, "but the chimney is leaning to the left."

"An bedat!" replied Mike." if you wux to so round to the backyard an' look at it you'd sae it was laneing to the roight, "Answers.

said that it was with deep regret that he responded to his name to say farewell to the retiring pastor. He knew that the genial pastor of St. David's was enshrined in the hearts of the people of his church, and they with him had thought that Dr. Bruce was foreordained to remain as pastor of St. David's, but it was evident that he had fallen from grace. If there had been trouble or failure his departure would have been taken differently, but now it was the cause of unfeigned regret. Mr. Read tendered the ed regret. Mr. Read tendered the heartlest wishes of himself and people to Dr. Brace and his family, and would ask nothing more for him than

that he should be as successful Rev. J. A. Gordon, pastor of Main street Baptist church, said that he recognized in the movement of God's servants a plan deeper than human servants a plan deeper than numan mind could fathom. Therefore he heartily concurred in it, and wished Dr. Bruce all success in his new sphere of labor for the Master. No man cutside of the Baptist ministry, and very few in it, were more heartily es-teemed by that denomination repre-sented in this city than the ex-pastor of St. David's. Sometimes we can hardly understand, said Mr. Gordon, how these seeming reverses come, but nothing good does of can come without its shadowy background. He

wished to express the hearty goodwill and God-speed of himself and people, but he pitied Dr. Bruce's successor. Rev. J. L. Gordon, pastor of the Congregational church, faid he presumed there were twenty preachers present, and if they would all tell what they thought of Dr. Bruce there would still be something good to relate, for sixteen years' work cannot be told in one hour. The doctor had given himself to a splendid work, work among boys. The boy is a unfulfiled prophecy, and he who lays hold of the youth lays hold of the future. He therefore congratulated Dr. Bruce on his new work, and he loped that God would bless him in

the future as in the past. Rev. D. M. Gordon of Pine Hill sem-inary, Halifax, said he wanted to join in the kindly hopes for Dr. Bruce's the city of fog, and there they had clear views as to the value of Dr. Bruce's ministry. While here the pastor of St. David's had put his heart and hand into every department of church work. The grave responsibil-ities which he now assumes should be acknowledged. He had gone into a work second to none in its nobility and its consequent fruition. Dr. Gor-don desired to express his pleasure in being able to extend to the retiring

now to undertake a great work, the religious education of boys. He hoped that in the new sphere Dr. Bruce would have had no such painful experience as had come to him (Davenport) in this very work. He wished the ex-pastor of St. David's every success in the new department, and

success in the new department, and although he felt he was quite right in going, he deeply regretted to lose one whom he had learned to love.

Rev. J. W. Clark, pastor of Water-loo street Free Baptist church, said that no one would dispute the conviction that Dr. Bruce has in regard to being directed of God to this new field, and so we cannot do otherwise than bow submissively to the Providence which guides him away, but with Mr. (J. A.) Gordon he pitied the successor to the indefatigable doctor. For eight years he had known the pastor of St. David's, and now he deeply regretted his departure from the city and conveyed to

about the meeting, the departure of Dr. Bruce. As a representative of the Bible society and the Y. M. C. A., he gratefully acknowledged the help received from the retiring pastor. All regret that he leaves the city, but all earnestly pray that God's blessing may rest upon him and his family.

Rev. T. F. Fotheringham, pastor of Re Rev. T. F. Fotheringham, pastor of St. John's Presbyterian church, heard with pleasure the testimony given as to the esteem in which Dr. Bruce is held by all. It was indeed a pleasure to look back upon a long and successful career, and St. David's pastor had had both of these. He expressed his had both of these. He expressed his reeners. to look back upon a long and successful career, and St. David's pastor had had both of these. He expressed his heartiest good wishes for future work.

Rev. W. W. Rainnie, pastor of Calvin Presbyterian church, had known Dr. Bruce for about eight years, and now he was glad that he was going to minister to boys, a class which Mr. Rainnie felt had been greatly neglect-ed, while other folk had received too much attention. He did not believe with the other two clergymen that he pitied Dr. Bruce's successor. course it would be hard work, but St. David's people would make the yoke easy and the burden light. To Dr. Bruce he wished God speed in his new

At the close of the speeches, refreshments were served by the ladies of the congregation, after which many pressed around to shake hands for the last time with Dr. Bruce as a resident of St. John.

APIA, Samoa, May 31, via Auckland, N. Z., June 5.—Both native factions, the Malietonns and the Matsafans, are disarming. Matsafa has surrendered 1,800 guns.

Read, pastor of Centenary church. He said that it was with deep regret that There's Only One Paper

In the Maritime Provinces devoted exclusively to the interests of the Farmers. Sixteen pages, with a cover, every issue.

Free sample Copies. Co-operative Farmer SUSSEX. N. B.

ST. STEPHEN.

Destructive Fires That Were the Work of Tramps—St. John Fueillers Coming

ST. STEPHEN, June 5.-The fine farm dwelling and barns of Wm. Jackson, situated at the Bowery six miles from town, were totally destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. Practically all the contents of both house and barns were destroyed. Mr. Jackson was one of the streyed. Mr. Jackson was one of the farmers who had not learned the wisdom of keeping insured, and his loss is a heavy one. He attributes the origin of the fire to tramps. Henry McKay, one of the farmers burned out last week at Oak Hill, had carried insurance for twenty-two years but allowed to be supported by the learner to the surance for twenty-two years but allowed to be supported to be supported by the learner to the surance for twenty-two years but allowed to be supported by the learner to the surance for twenty-two years but allowed to be supported by the learner to the surance for twenty-two years but allowed to be supported by the learner to the surance for twenty-two years but allowed to be supported by the learner to the surance for twenty-two years but allowed to be supported by the supported by the surance for twenty-two years but allowed to be supported by the sup

lowed it to lapse about one year ago. The warehouse of S. S. Pineo, at the Maine end of the upper bridge at Milltown, was set fire to early Sunday Milltown, was set fire to early Sunday norning. Groceries and previsions valued at about four thousand hollars were destroyed, though the building was not greatly damaged. Burnt matches were found where the fire started, and the smell of kerosene was very manifest. Several attempts were made the same morning to burn other property in Milltown, Maine. Mr. Pineo was insured for about two-

property m Milltown, Maine. Mr. Pineo was insured for about two-thirds of his loss.

Major Dunning, Captain Smith and other officers of the 62nd haftalion, St. John, are registered at the Windsor, arranging for a visit here on Saturday next of their battalion. It is intended that the day next of their battalion. If is intended that the company shall arrive here at noon and hold a military tournament at the curling rink in the evening, Company K of Calais will be invited to participate. On Sunday they will hold a church narade. The battalion can be assured of a hearty welcome to the border.

Samuel Watts editor of the Carlo

pastor the sincere and fervent wish that "the best is yet to be."

Rev. J. M. Davenport, rector of the church of S. Iohn Baptist, said that although he and Dr. Bruce had never exchanged pulpits, they had always admirable work done by the pastor of St. David's, and had watched it grow other cities. Miss Watts conducted a with great interest. Dr. Bruce was now to undertake a great work, the

It will undoubtedly surprise many people who are inclined to under-rate the importance of patents, to learn of the great number of patents taken out by some of the

cessor to the indefatigable doctor. For eight years he had known the pastor of St. David's, and now he deeply regretted his departure from the city, and conveyed to him the kindliest feelings of his own people, and prayed to God that Ho would direct him and his family the rest of their days.

John E. Irvine felt that in one respect it was a pleasure to be there, but regretted that which brought about the meeting, the departure of the strength of the development of money making inventions. The following Canadians who have recently been granted U. S. patents are kindly reported by Marion & Marion, patents of the solicitors, New York Life building, Mantreal:

617, 117—Geo. R. Chisholm, Sault Ste. Marie.

618, 121—Thos. J. McBridgs. Brimley, Mich., car couplings.

618, 121—Thos. J. McBridgs. Brimley, Mich., car couplings.

620, 735—Richard C. Golf. Charlottetown, P. K. I. ice creepers.

620, 735—Richard C. Golf. Charlottetown, P. K. I. ice creepers.

620, 735—Joseph A. Diop, Montreal, cooking tressils.

LARGEST FAMILY ON RECORD.

In the Harleign manuscript, Nos. 78 and 980, in the library of the British Museum, mention is made of the most extraordinary family that has ever been known in the world's history. The parties were a Scotch weaver and his wife (not wives), who were the father and mother of sixty-two children.

the father and mother of sixty-two children.

The majority of the offspring of this prolific pair were beys-exactly how many is not known-for the record mentions the fact that forty-six of the male children lived to reach manhood's estate and only four of the daughters lived to be grown up women. Thirty-nine of the sons were still living in the year 1630, the majority of them then residing in and about Newcastle-on-Tyne.

It is recorded in one of the old histories of Newcastle that "a certyne gentleman of large estaytes" rode "birty-and-three miles beyond the Tyne to prove this remarkable story. It is further related that Sir J. Bowers adopted ten of the sons, and three other "landed gentlemen" took ten each. The remaining members of the extraordinary family were brought up by the parents.