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BORDEN SENDS FOR WHITNEY, LEADER OF ONTARIO TORIES

Election Soon, Perhaps at Once, Is the Way Situation Is Read in Ottawa

Labor Men in Line With Liberals, Mr. Verville Sets Out Their Position—Hazen Admits Having Information People Wants, But "It Was Not in the House"

Ottawa, Ont., Mar. 8.—The hurried summoning of Sir James Whitney to Ottawa for consultation gives rise to the belief that there will be an election within a very short time. In some quarters it is insisted that dissolution will take place immediately.

(Special to Times) Ottawa, March 8.—Premier Borden is now confronted with a real emergency. The life of his government is at stake. The Liberals concluded the last long night vigil of the week in eager confidence. As day dawned and the relief shift came in to take their places the temper of the men who had carried through the long vigil found hearty and yet serious expression in the singing of "O Canada" and the national anthem, immediately after leaving the chamber.

Hazen Again Withholds Information When Dr. Mulloy concluded at twenty minutes after six o'clock, Hon. Doctor Pugsley and Chief Whip Pardee made another application to the government for the promised information. Hon. Mr. Hazen replied that he had the information but it was not in the house. Doctor Pugsley reminded him that he had had "a long day of 100 hours" in which to procure it. Mr. Pardee called attention to the fact that the Liberals were being deluged with messages from all parts of the country assuring them that the people were with them.

Mr. Verville, Labor member, said he would join forces with the Liberals to force the government to submit this question to the country. He said that labor men all over Canada were opposed to the Borden plan.

Ottawa, March 8.—At noon today, with the close of a historic week in Canada's common parlance, parliament had been sitting 120 hours, with no outlook of a close to the struggle over the naval bill. The belief was expressed in Liberal circles this morning that an election is coming and that the dissolution of parliament will come in a few days.

The absence of the senate, it was said, would not prevent prorogation, as Earl Grey set a precedent by dissolving the last parliament on a Saturday when the senate was away from Ottawa and the common sense of the situation.

Sir James Whitney, the premier of Ontario, came down from Toronto last night. Add. Lapointe of Montreal, at midnight, raised a point of order that there was no authority for parliament to sit on Saturday, and that the house must rise. The government declared that this was still the law, and that the sitting had opened on Monday and therefore the day, so far as parliament was concerned, had not changed.

Premier Borden and his cabinet hurried down to vote that Saturday was Monday.

ST. DUNSTON'S IS DESTROYED

Charlotteville Cathedral Loss Quarter Million Dollars Insurance Is \$100,000

Charlotteville, P. E. I., March 8.—A little after midnight fire was discovered in the beautiful St. Dunstan's Catholic cathedral and by half past two o'clock the building was totally destroyed. This edifice was erected at a cost of more than \$250,000 and represented approximately twenty years of labor on the part of the parishioners, who were congratulating themselves on having reduced the debt on the whole equipment to less than \$10,000. With the coming of Bishop O'Leary in a few weeks efforts were to be made to wipe out the debt entirely.

The loss of the cathedral is a stunning one to so many who have seen it grow till it had reached such a stage that the building and interior were classed with the foremost of its kind east of Montreal and looked upon with the people of the city with pardonable pride.

The origin of the fire is as yet unknown. Some of the hoodlum players, returning home after a banquet following a game of football, were seen to enter the cathedral and it is believed that the fire originated in the boiler room. The flames were on the scene immediately but it was found that the fire had been smoldering and with an increasing west wind the building soon became a seething mass of flames.

A strong northwest breeze fanned the flames. Nothing was saved. The bishop's palace adjoining caught, but the fire there was extinguished.

Considerable damage was done by water. The cathedral was built of Nova Scotia freestone with slate roof. It was regarded as practically fire-proof. The interior was finished six years ago. The seating capacity was more than 2,000. It was started in 1886 and finished in 1907. Services tomorrow will be held in the convent chapel. A subscription list has been started and is headed by a Protestant dry goods firm, Provee Bros., with \$5,000. The bishop, Dr. O'Leary, was to have dedicated the cathedral on May 18.

The cathedral contains the remains of the late Bishop McDonald and several other bishops.

Waterbury, Me., March 8.—Notre Dame Catholic church, completed only a year ago, was practically destroyed late last night by a fire which is supposed to have started in the altar. The loss, \$80,000, is partly covered by insurance.

Indifference to Turkey that the British should not carry out a long postponed promise, was practically destroyed late last night by a fire which is supposed to have started in the altar. The loss, \$80,000, is partly covered by insurance.

CHARGE MADERO PLOT AGAINST AMERICANS

Huerta May Give Out the Correspondence—Attack on Agua Prieta Threatened

Mexico City, March 8.—During the closing days of the Madro administration, it is asserted the late President Francisco I. Madro made strenuous efforts to bring an American settlement throughout the republic and to prove his Provisional President Huerta's government is considering the advisability of making public the fiscal returns and letters despatched by the late president.

Douglas, March 8.—Constitutional rebels camped in hills ten miles to the south last night, formally demanded the surrender of Agua Prieta, a Mexican border town opposite Douglas. General Ojeda has not more than 300 Huerta's federal regulars under his command. The rebels number about 500. The federalists refused to recognize the Huerta's government, and were invited with joining the revolt headed by "Feminista" Carranza.

Mexico City, March 8.—Rafael Capela, former Governor of San Luis Potosi, has been arrested in San Luis. He will be brought here for trial on a charge of rebellion.

The Spectator TO UNCLE SAM Stop Lynching and Keep Nation's Good Faith Above Suspicion

London, March 8.—The Spectator discussing in an editorial way the administration of President Woodrow Wilson, proclaims that the United States government has been guilty of a number of serious errors in its conduct of the war.

Wife of Persian Official Murdered

Twenty-one Deaths

GLOOM AGAIN OVER EUROPE

War Menace Again is Said To Rise

London, March 8.—The European outlook is again taking on a gloomy tint. The expected announcement of demobilization by Russia and Austria, seem to be stiffening in their demands on Turkey, and are even rumored to be taking steps which will make it impossible for mediation by the powers. Meetings, all reports from Constantinople, show that the situation there is very precarious, and indicate that there is an imminent likelihood of revolution or civil war.

The writer continues: "The jarring notes of the European concert which hitherto have been so subdued, are now growing even louder. A number of serious events constitute unmistakable evidence that Europe is relaxing into chaos."

Among these symptoms, he enumerates unpleasant occurrences between the congresses in Albania and in Serbia, and the capture of Janina which would create a single which could not be unraveled. He adds that a pacific settlement depends on the presence of half a dozen influential individuals at three points.

Rejoicing in Janina

Seven Companies in a Canadian Gasket Merges

Change for Other Than Rich Men's Sons as Navy Officers

Treaty is Ratified

Paris, March 8.—The chamber of deputies has ratified the Franco-Spanish treaty on Morocco. It defines the zones which the French and Spanish shall occupy in Morocco. The Spanish Chamber of Deputies ratified the agreement last December.

BORDEN POLICY A BLOW AT ST. JOHN

Hazen Already Has Prevented us Getting Great Ship-building Plant—Now His Organ Makes Mean Attack on Dr. Pugsley—Facts Versus Insinuations

St. John is vitally interested in the naval question. If the Hon. J. D. Hazen and the Hon. H. L. Borden had taken up the work where Hon. William Pugsley laid it down, and awarded to Cannon Laird & Co. the contract as recommended by the government of which Dr. Pugsley was a member, St. John would have got a great shipbuilding plant.

The great aim of the board of trade is to get new industries. Here was the greatest of industries for a seaport city within our reach when the Hon. J. D. Hazen went to Ottawa and handed back their decision to Cannon Laird & Co. An attempt has been made to show that Sir Wilfrid Laurier declared that ships would not be built at St. John, but the correspondence and Sir Wilfrid's own statement in the house recently gives the lie direct to those who make any such assertion.

The Borden naval policy would rob St. John of a great industry. The Liberal policy would build great ships at this port. Hon. William Pugsley, who induced the government to take over the wharf-building at West St. John, enters upon extensive dredging work and adopts a complete plan for new wharves, which is now being carried out; who also brought the development of the great works at Courtenay Bay to the point of awarding the contract; who got for St. John the new army and the new post office, as well as the new post office in Fairville and other needed public works in St. John, would have got the shipbuilding plant as well, had not the government been defeated and Hon. J. D. Hazen, of Harris car works memory, taken into the new cabinet.

Every working man and every citizen of St. John knows that the era of expansion has come to St. John as a result of the development of Liberal policy with regard to transportation, and that the greatest possible good and best come in an industrial way would be the establishment of a great shipbuilding plant. That was Dr. Pugsley's aim, and he brought it to the point of receiving tenders and recommending the acceptance of that of Cannon Laird & Co. to the new cabinet of which Mr. Hazen was a member.

And yet the St. John Standard has the hardihood to print the following in its Ottawa correspondence: "Protecting that he did not wish to detain the House, Hon. Wm. Pugsley rose at 2:00 and made the request for details regarding the cost of draughts built in the United States, presumably with a view to having Canada's warships constructed there."

Dr. Pugsley does not wish to have Canada's warships constructed in the United States. He is merely trying to prevent the government of which the Hon. J. D. Hazen is a member from depriving St. John of a great industry, which would benefit the city more than any other that could be established here.

There is not a workman in St. John who does not realize the difference between the Pugsley policy and the Hazen policy, so far as this city and province are concerned. The one would build up a great industry, the other would strangle it at its very birth.

MAINE BILL ON CHURCH LAW IS DECLARED NOT SATISFACTORY

French Americans Say The New Legislation Does Not Meet Their Wishes

Baltimore, Md., March 8.—The outcome of Anne Arundel county started this morning to emanate a jury, and this probably will complete the number of inquiries to attempt the fixing of blame for the disaster which resulted in the loss of more than forty lives when 200 tons of dynamite exploded in the hold of the British tramp steamer Alton China, lying at anchor in the lower harbor. Besides death to more than forty persons, it brought serious injury to three scores more, and caused property loss of more than \$200,000. One investigation already has been completed by the city authorities but no definite conclusion reached because the accident occurred outside the city limits.

Authorities who have made a partial examination express the opinion that the real cause of the explosion will never be definitely learned, chiefly because those who might give information are among those dead or are so grievously injured that they will never be in a position to make a statement regarding the accident.

Because of most of the crew of the destroyed steamer being subjects of Great Britain, the British consul in Baltimore, Gilbert Fraser, also will inquire into the explosion with the view of protecting the interests of the families of the killed and wounded Welshmen, and to make a report to the British admiralty.

The general theory which seems to be borne out by the statement of eye-witnesses to the tragedy is that the cook, vessel's bunkers was set off by spontaneous combustion, and the flames were communicated to the dynamite.

WE ARE GROWING Here is a Twenty Million Dollar Company for Canada

Ottawa, March 8.—Notice of the incorporation of the International Light and Power Company with a capitalization of \$20,000,000 and head offices in Toronto, is contained in the Canada Gazette. The usual powers are granted. The incorporation is made through Toronto solicitors. The principals are not mentioned.

That the mining industry in Canada would, as the result of legislation to be enacted probably this session, be regulated by statute, instead of by order-in-council as at present, is the assurance given by Premier Borden to members of the Canadian Mining Institute at the annual banquet of that body last night in the Chateau Laurier.

The premier said that the bill drafted by the institute several years ago would be taken up by the government.

AGED MAN AND THREE CHILDREN BURN TO DEATH

Huntington, March 8.—Henry McConville, aged sixty-five, and three children, aged nine, ten and twelve years old, were burned to death in a fire which broke out last night in the house of Oliver Robidoux, near the Chateaugay River.

Mr. and Mrs. Robidoux were able to escape from the flames with a two year old child, who was sleeping with them.

Desperate efforts were made to get the old man and the remainder of the children out of the building. The high wind blowing sent the flames roaring through the house, which was of frame construction, so that it soon was impossible to stand within fifty feet of it.

McConville was Mr. Robidoux's father. It is believed that the fire was started by an overheated stove.

CHURCHES BID KEENLY FOR NEW PRESIDENT

Washington, March 8.—Keen rivalry has sprung up among the Presbyterian churches of the metropolitan area for the effort to enroll the membership of President and Mrs. Wilson during their four year stay in Washington. So keen has the competition been that the president has declined to his time to make any announcement of his affiliation. The same holds true in the case of Vice-president and Mrs. Marshall, also Presbyterians.

WEATHER BULLETIN Issued by the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. St.upart, director of meteorological service.

9 A. M. WEATHER REPORT. Max. Min. Dir. Vel. Toronto... 14 4 N.W. 4 Snow Montreal... 0 -2 S.W. 14 Clear Quebec... 4 -12 W. 12 Clear Chatham... 26 -12 W. 4 Clear Charl'ton... 28 -2 W. 4 Clear Yarmouth... 24 8 N.W. 14 Cloudy St. John... 16 -5 W. 12 Clear Boston... 22 10 N.E. 8 Fair New York... 20 12 W. 10 Cloudy Bermuda... 70 56 N. 10 Cloudy

Forenoon Bulletin from Toronto. Springy—Mild weather prevails throughout the western provinces and chinooks in Alberta have occasioned maximum temperatures of more than fifty degrees in that province yesterday. The cold weather has spread to the maritime provinces, while in Ontario conditions are moderating.

Warmer On Sunday. Maritime—Fresh northwesterly winds, fair and very cold; Sunday rising temperature.

Local Weather Report at Noon. St. John N. B., March 8, 1913. Highest temperature during last 24 hrs 19. Lowest temperature during past 24 hrs 5 below zero. Temperature at noon... 10. Humidity at noon... 85. Barometer readings at noon (sea level and 32 degrees Fahr.), 30.23 inches, clear. Wind at noon—Direction south-west, velocity ten miles per hour. Same date last year—Highest temperature 34, lowest temperature 36; cloudy.

D. L. HURTHINSON, Director.

BRITAIN SOON TO ANNEX EGYPT IS LONDON REPORT

London, March 8.—The report current a few months ago that Great Britain was about to annex Egypt, is renewed and with a particular tone which suggests that before long the formalities needed to accomplish this purpose may be carried out.

Neither in form nor in fact, is Egypt really one of the Sultan's tributaries. For the last quarter of a century, a Turkish commissioner has resided in Egypt as representative of the Sultan, but he has been under strict orders not to interfere in the slightest degree with the British administration and the British administration in turn gravely pretends to do all things in the name of the Khedive. The Khedive has his ministry and the ministry puts into decrees the memoranda passed by the British resident commander, who is the source of all general authority.

It may seem at first glance a matter of indifference to Turkey that the British should not carry out a long postponed promise, was practically destroyed late last night by a fire which is supposed to have started in the altar. The loss, \$80,000, is partly covered by insurance.

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Princess Victoria Louise, only daughter of the Kaiser, walking in the park, at Berlin with the Prince of Cumberland, whom she is to marry.

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GERMAN PRINCESS AND HER LOVER HOLD HANDS JUST LIKE OTHER FOLKS



Princess Victoria Louise, only daughter of the Kaiser, walking in the park, at Berlin with the Prince of Cumberland, whom she is to marry.