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Domestic Wilfiefy two-tone zesy only, 11.3x 3.6. Regularly 15.00. January 10 and 14.75.

Rug, refering for hard Sale prices, 27 0, \$1.79; 36x36, 2.99

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china, rich c. To clear 15

in assorted 0. Wednesday 2.69

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ican pressed Wednesday, 29



APARTMENT HOUSE PROPOSITION \$11,000—Large, solidly built, brick house, central. Plan for remodeling at office. H. H. WILLIAMS & CO. 35 King Street East.

PROBS: Fair and moderately cold to-day. Higher temperature on Thursday. Senate Reading Room—14nov11—

CIVIL WAR IF HOME RULE IS FORCED

So Declares Henry Chaplin at Big Rally in London in Opposition to Nationalists' Demands—Parliament Would Be Failure, Says Austen Chamberlain.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—(C.A.P.)—At a large and enthusiastic meeting of anti-home rule to-night, Henry Chaplin, referring to the situation in Ulster, congratulated Sir Henry Carson, Lord Londonderry and Ulstermen for their noble stand in the cause of union. He said they've made it clear that despite the conspiracy to break up the constitution and enslave the powers of the house of lords, home rule without a direct mandate from the people never will be carried without civil war in Ireland.

The government forgot to reckon with the courage and patriotism of Ulster, I believe the leaders of Ulster party have killed home rule before its birth and that it will be found to be stillborn. Austen Chamberlain said if the claim of Irish Nationalists for home rule was good, the claim of Ulster for a separate treatment was equally good. Account must be taken of the different kind of history between two sections of the Irish people. A home rule bill, he said, was useless. The history of the Irish parliament was an inglorious one. It gave people no peace or prosperity; in short, there was no practical grievance to which they can have made, he declared, his demand for breaking partnership in a united parliament.

LISBON STRIKE ROYALIST PLOT

Eight Thousand Troops Suppress Disorders — Bomb Outrages Continue — Many Arrests.

LISBON, Portugal, Jan. 30.—(Can. Press)—Owing to the grave situation because of the general strike, the constitutional guarantees have been suspended and martial law has been proclaimed in the district of Lisbon. The city has been handed over to the keeping of Gen. Carvalhal, and troops surround the town. Reinforcements are constantly arriving, but because of the presence of the troops there were few disorders to-day. Liberty to work is absolutely guaranteed by the government.

There are 3500 troops under arms in Lisbon, where the strikers declare they will be able to annihilate the soldiers. Several bombs have been made and thrown with terrible effect. The government is desirous of preserving a moderate and prudent attitude and offers to concede part of the strikers' demands, which include the release of all the strikers arrested during the course of the disturbances in the Evora district, and the dismissal of the governor of Evora.

Arrests Made, Arms Seized. But the situation to-night was such that it was deemed expedient to proclaim martial law in the capital. A large number of agitators have already been arrested. The troops are under orders to make raids on all suspected places, with the result that wholesale arrests have been made and innumerable three-arms seized. The prisoners are being placed aboard warships in the harbor. Towards evening strikers assembled in various quarters and bombs were thrown at mounted Republican guards in Rocio Square, and in the suburb of Alcantara troops were obliged to charge the mobs with drawn sabres.

Royalists' Plot. The government has now ascertained that the strike was fomented by Royalists, who supplied the strikers in Evora with \$600,000. The intention of the Royalists was to send 1500 armed men across the frontier into Eastern Portugal, that region being favorable to a monarchy, and start a general rising, but the government hurried reinforcements there.

Commission on Phones and Telegraphs.

OTTAWA, Jan. 30.—(Special.)—To-morrow in the house of commons the question of the nationalization of telephones and telegraphs will be brought up by J. E. Armstrong, East Lambton. It is considered likely here, in well informed circles, that the government will proceed to the appointment of a royal commission to investigate the whole matter of the nationalization of telegraphs, telephones, cables and wireless telegraphy.

Mr. Armstrong believes that the trunk lines of the telephone should be owned at least by the federal government, so that in Ontario the various rural systems would be independent of the Bell system.

Hon. Adam Beck Elected.

Hon. Adam Beck has been elected a director of the National Capital Horse Show Association of Washington, D.C. in the membership of this association are Senators Wetmore and Watson, General Leonard Wood, William F. Bono, R. M. Thompson, Edward McLean, J. W. Henry and Major Henry T. Allen.

An invitation has also been extended to Mr. Beck to take part in the preparations for the spring horse show in Washington, which is to be held in the first or second week in May.

DETECTIVE TO TELL ALL

Franklin, Leading Witness in Bribery Charge Against Darrow, Denies Making Confession.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 30.—(Can. Press.)—Bert H. Franklin, the McNamara detective, who is to be tried here on a charge of having bribed members of the McNamara jury, probably will prove to be an important witness in the case of Clarence Darrow, the McNamara attorney, who has just been indicted for jury bribing. When Franklin was asked to-day whether he had made a confession to the grand jury on which the Darrow indictments were based, he declined to discuss that feature of the case. Franklin, however, in reply to questions said: "If I am placed on the witness stand I shall tell the truth. I will not perjure myself for anyone."

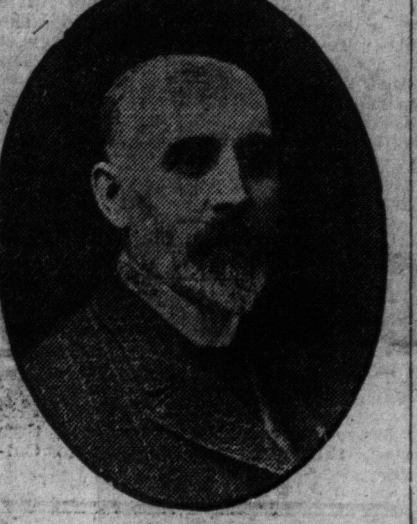
At the same time he declared there was no understanding between himself and the district attorney's office regarding possible immunity should he become a witness for the prosecution. Regarding a confession Franklin is said to have made, he declared he was before the grand jury too short a time for this.

PROTEST MEET'G PROGRAM IS ARRANGED

Many Prominent Speakers Will Be at Massey Hall To-night to Oppose Proposal to Close Toboggan Slides on Sundays.

Arrangements have been made for the handling of a large crowd at the mass meeting in Massey Hall to-night to protest against the passing of the bill to prohibit the use of the civic toboggan slides on Sundays. Mr. J. S. Willison will occupy the chair. Sir Edmund Oster finding it impossible to attend on account of other urgent engagements. He is strongly opposed to the passing of the bill, however, and has prepared an address to be read at the meeting. Addresses will be delivered by Messrs. M. K. Cowan, K.C., George Goodenham, M.L.A., F. W. Strachy, Toronto manager of Traders' Bank; W. F. Maclean, M.P., R. Home Smith, harbor commissioner; T. C. Robinette, K.C., J. W. Curry, ex-crown attorney; E. F. B. Johnston, K.C., and representatives of the local labor organizations.

In order to avoid confusion tickets have been issued and while they last may be obtained at the ticket office in the hall. A full regimental band of the Royal Grenadiers has been engaged for the evening. The band will play



KEEP STRING ON TARIFF BOARD

It Will Merely Gather Information for Government's Use — Opposition Not Pleas'd.

OTTAWA, Jan. 30.—(Special.)—Two important measures were under discussion in parliament to-day. Hon. W. T. White introduced his bill to provide for the establishment of a tariff commission of three members, holding office for five years. It would not have the power to negotiate or fix rates, but merely to gather information, he said. Hon. George E. Foster's grain bill passed its second reading and made some progress in committee. By the appointment of a commission of three and giving the government power to acquire terminal elevators—it sought to cure the complaint of the middlemen "mixing" grain. Some discussion took place on the desirability of making the commission independent of the government, the opposition speakers generally taking this view. Mr. Foster, however, was firm in his adherence to the principle that the commission should be responsible to the government, and the government should be responsible for the commission.

Woman Confesses to Murder To Save Life of Her Brother

Jas. McDermott, Hunted and Brought Back From Denver, Understood to Have Admitted Crime—Dramatic Scene in Court-room When Sister Revealed Guilt.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—(Can. Press.)—The woman spent an hysterical hour on the stand this afternoon, hesitating to tell more than that on the night of the murder she had a quarrel with Muldoon, and that during it she went to her brother, James P. McDermott, who was accused of Muldoon's murder. The victim of the stabbing, who was Mrs. Martin's former sweetheart, was stabbed to death in an east side saloon in March, 1911. McDermott fled to the west, and, after being captured in Denver, it was alleged that he confessed to the murder. The state was pressing the case against him when the sister unexpectedly appeared yesterday and confessed to guilty knowledge, so surprising the court that the case was halted until to-day.

EMBARRASSING



ORGANIST JAFFRAY (in low, tense whisper): Gang awa', ye loon. Dinna ye ken the meenister does no' contrecbute?

NO SENATORSHIP FOR LANCASTER

Senator Cloran's Curiosity Satisfied—No Temere Benign Influence, He Argues.

OTTAWA, Jan. 30.—(Can. Press.)—Senator Cloran based a speech and question to-day on the report that Mr. Lancaster, M. P., had been offered a senatorship to modify his position on the temperance bill, and was then told by the government that no such offer had been made. Senator Cloran asked: "Is it true, as reported in the press, that a certain Mr. Lancaster, a member of the house of commons, was offered a senatorship by a member of the government on certain conditions? Also, if it was stipulated that if the said Mr. Lancaster accepted the said offer he would allow the question of abolition of the senate to remain in abeyance for the term of his natural life, and would likewise extend the same consideration to the decrees of the council of Trent?"

Senator Cloran said it was not to the discredit of the government if it asked Mr. Lancaster to drop his objections to the senate and to the marriage decrees of the Roman Catholic Church. Binding on Conscience. The marriage decrees of the Roman Catholic Church were designed to purify social conditions. People seemed to know very little about these marriage decrees. They did not effect the civil status of anyone. They were simply binding upon the consciences of Roman Catholics, who, if they objected to the laws, could leave the church and go to others where both marriage and divorce were easier.

There was complaint because the decrees of Rome were regarded as law in the Province of Quebec. At the time the decrees of Rome were regarded as law by every nation, France enacted them and from France they came to Canada. England gave the right to continue them in Canada. It was complained because the courts of law registered the decrees of Rome, the courts of Quebec had no other course. Decees Carry No Authority. That might be found hard by those who took a different view, said the senator, and added that the more Rome was opposed in Quebec, the less would those who opposed her succeed. Rome issues its decrees and in Quebec they have authority. Senator Cloran said and thought that the government had done well if they had succeeded in inducing Mr. Lancaster to withdraw his opposition to the marriage decrees of the Roman Catholic Church, which church did not seek to interfere with the decrees of other churches and only asked to be let alone.

Senator Lougheed, replying for the government, said: "To the senator's first question, the answer is 'No,' and the second question is answered by the reply to the first."

FIRE INQUEST NOW BEING HELD

Proprietors of National Boys' Clothing Company Were Seen Leaving Their Premises at the Time the Alarm Was Given Altho They Both Deny Being There.

An investigation into the fire at the National Boys' Clothing Co., 18 Sheppard-street, on Jan. 23, was opened at the city hall yesterday morning by Joseph E. Rogers, chief of the provincial police, and Crown Attorney Greer. The enquiry resulted from information given Crown Attorney Corley by Detectives Taylor and Miller, who made a thorough investigation of the affair the day after the fire. Messrs. Goldberg & Speigel, the two members of the firm, were present at the opening session, but as they had neglected to engage a legal adviser, the case was adjourned until Saturday afternoon, when J. W. Curry will represent them.

Policeman Harold E. Clark (365) noticed the reflection of the fire at 2:19 and a minute later turned in an alarm. Goldberg & Speigel claim that they were not in the premises of the Toronto Clothing Co. at 7:20, but the constable stated emphatically that he saw both of them run out of the building at the time he gave the alarm. Afterwards Goldberg was seen taking the books away, and when asked if he had not left the building at 7:30, denied it flatly.

Capt. W. Sweetman of Bay-street fire hall said his version of the fire was that it had been going for twenty or thirty minutes prior to the time the alarm was sounded, as clothing burns very slowly, and when the firemen arrived the flames were making rapid progress. Firemen Robert Foster and Joseph Miller bore out the statement that the fire had made good headway before assistance was summoned. They were going home on a street car and noticed the flames shooting out from the roof. The loss is estimated between \$6000 and \$8000, and insurance to the extent of \$3000 in the Keystone Insurance Brokerage Co. was carried by the clothing company.

PATIENT'S BODY TO BE EXHUMED

John Sterling Fell Out of Bed at Weston Hospital and Fractured His Skull but as Case Was Not Reported to Coroner an Inquest Has Been Ordered.

Coroner Hopkins of West Toronto will to-day open an inquest into the death of John Sterling, 60 years of age, a patient at the Weston Consumption Hospital who died there at 11:30 Saturday night. The old man, who had been in and out of the hospital for about a year, was in a ward with one other patient. This man says that Sterling was lying at the side of his bed as had been his habit, when he fell to the floor. The other patient immediately rang the bell summoning a nurse, who was on the scene in less than two minutes after the fall. She felt his pulse, but could detect no signs of life. The doctors believe that he was dead when he fell, as he had been in a very weak state. The body was to be buried at St. James Cemetery. The case was reported to the chief coroner yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Sterling and the police were present at the house at 250 Berkeley-st. They gave orders that the funeral was to be deferred until after the inquest. Right Off the Battery. Nearly everybody knows the tune of "Alma," but few in these parts have heard it "right off the battery." However, this is but one of the many catchy airs that the big musical play contains. "Alma, Where Do You Live" with delightful Vera Michelena as the brightest star, will be in Toronto next week.

Furnished House—Keesdale Thirteen rooms, three bathrooms, handsomely furnished and decorated, possession Feb. 28. Three servants will remain with tenant. H. H. WILLIAMS & CO. 35 King Street East.

FOURTEEN PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING JANUARY 31 1912—FOURTEEN PAGES. VOL. XXIII—No. 11,504

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BRYAN IS SELF-EFFACING

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 30.—(Can. Press.)—The following notice of withdrawal was served to-day on Secretary of State Addison Wait of this city: "Learning that it is not the desire of William J. Bryan that his name appear on the Democratic ticket as a presidential candidate, and learning that he desires to go to the Democratic national convention as a delegate at large from the State of Nebraska, I hereby withdraw the petition filed by me. (Signed) A. A. Arter."

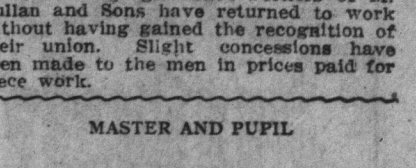
Smart Advance in Fur Prices.

The market in furs is in a decidedly unsettled state. Persian lamb and Alaska seal skins sold in London last week represented an advance of 35 per cent, and the outlook for the big sale in March points towards further high prices. The before-stock-taking sale now going on at Dineen's should offer a splendid investment, as nearly all the garments were made from the last trapping of furs and are being sold at very low prices.

Pullian's Strike Settled.

The striking garment workers of M. Pullian and Sons have returned to work without having gained the recognition of their union. Slight concessions have been made to the men in prices paid for piece work.

MASTER AND PUPIL



JAFF: Follow me at the Globe, John. I'll make ye a braw paper child. GIBB: Go ahead; age before beauty. The Globe's my daily landmark.