Described George e Charm markable Quaint,

H. WILLIAMS & CO.

he Toronto World

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO. 38 King St. E.

TWELVE PAGES-MONDAY MORNING FEBRUARY 8 1915-TWELVE PAGES

VOL. XXXV.-No. 12.507

GREAT BRITAIN ASSERTS THE RIGHT OF SHIPS TO FLY NEUTRAL FLAG AFTER LUSITANIA, FLYING STARS AND STRIPES, AVOIDS SUBMARINES

800 GERMANS REPULSED

LONDON, Feb. 7-The Pretoria correspondent of Reuter's says that a force of 800 Germans attacked the village of Kakamas, in the Kenhart district, Cape Colony, and was repulsed. The German casualties were nine killed and 22 wounded, and 15 prisoners. The British losses were I killed and two wounded.

TURKISH FORTS BOMBARDED

LONDON, Feb. 7-Four torpedo boats of the allies have bombarded the Turkish forts in the Dardanelles, according to an Athens despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. One hundred and seventy-four shells were discharged and two ammunition depots were set on fire.

ANOTHER TURKISH JOKE

CONSTANTINOPLE, Via Amsterdam to London, Feb. 7-An official statement issued today says:

"Our vanguards arrived in the region east of the Suez canal and drove back the British outposts against the canal. Battles took place around Ismailia and El Kantara.

Were Dislodged From Strong Position on La Bassee Canal.

ARTILLERY WAS DEADLY

Effective Fire of Guns En abled British to Make Victorious Advance.

Canadian Press Despatch. hic description of the trench war-

He says:

"The Germans again attacked south
of La Bassee canal, but not in such
strength as on previous occasionsFighting began in the early hours of

attack then was delivered and our men, rushing forward, not only drove the Germans from the trench they had captured, but seized another post on the enemy's side of it on an embankment of the canal. There were a succession of German posts on this embankment, and we now had established ves in one of them.

Threw Hand Grenades.

"Our supports then came up and passing thru our firing line holding the first of the enemy's posts, rushed on to the second, driving out the garrison at the point of the bayonet. Thence our men were enabled to take in the flank of one of the enemy's transhes to the south. Along firis in the flank of one of the enemy's trenches to the south. Along this they fought their way, throwing hand grenades until they had dislodged the Germans on a considerable length. We thus established ourselves firmly in an advantageous position on the canal bank and in adjoining trenches. During this action we cantured 14 prisoning this action we captured 14 prisoners, many wounded and two machine the enemy suffered heavily especially from our artillery fire."

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actresses of as ame), and more medy like Julia and Margaret acquiring new not suited

from our artillery fire."

Few Germans Survived.

Speaking of three "singularly gallant but unsuccessful" attacks on the French, south of the Bethune road, the "eye-witness" says the Germans reached the French trenches and there literally were almost wiped out, 75 bodies being counted in front of the defenders' line. It was reported that not more than two or three of that not more than two or three of them escaped. He continued:

that not more than two of three of them escaped. He continued:

"The enemy's losses in La Bassee area appear to have been very heavy. The reason for their activity along the canal was that they had suffered severely from an enfilleding fire brought to bear upon them by one of our machine guns from a post they attacked. In two days one of their companies had lost 30 men from shell fire alone."

and you will surely save

RIGHT OF LUSITANIA TO FLY FLAG OF U.S.

British Liner Off Coast of Ireland Received Wireless Notification From Admiralty to Hoist Stars and Stripes and Reached Liverpool Safely.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—(10.25 p.m.)—The following statement was issued
the foreign office tonight:
"The use of a neutral flag, is, within certain limitations, well established Stopping of Contraband Sup-

lished in practice as a ruse de guerre. The only effect in the case of a merchantman of wearing a flag other than her national flag is to compel he enemy to follow the ordinary obligations of naval warfare and satisfy simself as to the nationality of the vessel and the character of her cargo as a satisfy property of the response of efore capturing her and taking her into a prize court fo LEGITIMATE RUSE.

description of German attacks on "In instructions to British consuls in 1914 it is stated: 'A ship is British lines and British counter-at- liable to capture if a British character is improperly assumed, except for acks which were made last Monday. the purpose of escaping capture. PROTECTION AGAINST PIRACY.

"As we have in practice not objected to foreign merchant vessels using the British merchant flag as a ruse for the purpose of evading capture at sea at the hands of a belligerent, so we should maintain that in the converse case a British merchant vessel committed no breach of international law in assuming neutral colors for a similar purpose, if she thought fit.

"By the rules of international law, the customs of war and the dictates of humanity, it is obligatory upon a belligerent to ascertain the character. of humanity, it is obligatory upon a belligerent to ascertain the character of a merchant vessel and cargo before capture. Germany has no right to

of humanity, it is obligatory upon a belligerent to ascertain the character of a merchant vessel and cargo before capture. Germany has no right to a merchant vessel and cargo before capture. Germany has no right to a merchant vessel and cargo before capture. Germany has no right to a merchant vessel and cargo before capture. Germany has no right to disregard this sobligation.

"To destroy a ship, non-combatant crew and cargo, as Germany has no right to a merchant vessel and cargo before capture. Germany has no right to disregard this sobligation.

"To destroy a ship, non-combatant crew and cargo, as Germany has no right to a merchant vessel and cargo before capture. Germany has no right to disregard this sobligation.

"To destroy a ship, non-combatant crew and cargo, as Germany has no right to disregard this sobligation.

"To destroy a ship, non-combatant crew and cargo, as mounted her intention of doing, is nothign less than an act of piracy of the high seas."

WARNED BY ADMIRALTY.

WARNED BY ADMIRALTY. The Press Association has issued the following, under a Birminghan

"Passengers from the Lusitania, who arrived her Sunday, state that when off the coast of Ireland the Lusitania received a wireless message from the admiralty that it was to hoist the American flag. It did so, and sailed under that flag to Liverpool.

(Continued on Page 3; Col. 1).

GERMAN NAVY TO

Be Suicidal to Venture

AWAIT OPPORTUNITY

Fleet Must Only Give Battle

Under Conditions Assur-

ing Victory.

KAISER ORDERS REPAIRS RUSHED

Derfflinger Must Be Ready for Von Koester Admits It Would Sea Again in Six

RETREAT REHEARSED

Half an Hour Was the Time Needed for the Germans to Retire.

ROTTERDAM, Feb. 7.-The Derfflinger and Seydlitz, two of the German battle cruisers engaged in the recent North Sea fight, are now on Closing Out Fur Stocks at Enormous

Price Cuts.

Without hesitation and regardless of cost of making, the Dineen Company, 140 Yonge street, are closing out their see the damage to the vesels, ordered that the Derfflinger must get ready for sea again in six weeks. For this purpose 1500 men are now working on her day and night. The damage to the German lust for battle so highly that they had said to themselves:

| Played by the German navy in the present war. He declared that the relative strength of the German fleet compared to the Anglo-French-Russian fleet is perhaps one to four. The British he added, perhaps estimated the German lust for battle so highly that they had said to themselves: are closing out their can week to repair. To keep up entire stock of high-grade Dineen ever, an illustrated paper publishes a gh-grade Dineen ever, an illustrated paper publishes a drawing of the torpedoing of the Lion by a German destroyer at fifteen yards' range.

The Germans carried out on a big

of trashy, inferior skins but right up to the trustworthy reputation of this half-century old house. Values here bear the half-mark of "genuine worth" and most people realize that Furs must be bought where confidence can be placed. To overlook these wonderful saving would be reckless—come in and you will surely save.

The Germans carried out on a big scale a rehearsal of a retreat at Salsacte and other places in Belgium near the Dutch frontier on Friday evening. All church bells were rung and no one was allowed near the frontier. Then followed a test as to how quickly everything could be got in order for a possible retreat. Within half an hour everything was ready; soldiers had hit packed and Belgian horses carts and other vehicles temporarily requisitioned were standing in the market square. Two companies of soldiers actually marched away in the direction of Ghent.

Official Memorandum Orders Neutral Ships to Keep Away From British Waters.

BRITAIN'S TIGHT HOLD

plies Urged as Reason for Latest Decree.

Canadian Press Despato BERLIN, Feb. 7-(By wireless ernment concerning retaliation against the measures taken by England in violation of international law to stop

"Since the beginning of the present war, Great Britain has carried on a mercantile warfare against Germany in a way that defies all principles of international law. It is true that the British Government has announced in a number of decrees the London de claration concerning naval warfare to be binding on its naval forces, but in realty she has renounced the declaration in its most important particulars, altho her own delegates at the London conference on naval warfare had recognized its conclusions to be valid as international law.

Cannot Get Contraband.

"The British Government has put a number of articles in the list of contraband which are not, or, at most, are only indirectly useful for military purposes, and therefore, according to the London declaration, as well as according to the universally recognized rules of international law, may not be designated as contraband. She has further actually abolished the distinction between absolute and relative contraband, inasmuch as she has subjected to capture all articles of relative contraband intended for Germany without reference to the harbor in which they are to be unlioded, or to the hostile or peaceful use to which they are to be put.

Seized Neutral Vessels.

"She does not even hesitate to violate the Paris declaration, as her naval forces have seized on neutral ships German property that was not contraband, in violation of her own decrees **REMAIN IN HIDING**

val forces have seized on neutral ships German property that was not contraband. In violation of her own decrees concerning the London declaration. She has further, thru her naval forces, taken from neutral ships numerous Germans liable to military service, and has made of them prisoners of war.
"Finally, she declared the entire

North Sea to be an area of war, and if she has not made impossible the pas-(Continued on Page 9, Column 1.)

TWO TORONTO MEN OF P.P.L.I. REPORTED KILLED IN ACTION

Names of R. C. Pepler and John Leach in Sunday's List of Casualties, Which Is the Heaviest Since Pats Reached the Firing Line-Deaths at Salisbury-100 Wounded Cana-

OTTAWA, Feb. 7.—The casualities which were reported here Saturday and Sunday are the heaviest since the lirst of the Canadians reached the firand Sunday are the heaviest since the first of the Canadians reached the firing line. Seven of the Princess Pats are killed, making 16 now alternatives killed, making 16 now altogether.

Mrs. C. Leach. 60 Hastings avenue.
Toronto.
Jan. 25: Lance-Corp. J. H. Murphy.
Next of kin. H. Murphy, Queen's Hotel, Calgary, Alta.
Jan. 26: Pte J. Meiklejohn. Next of kin. R. Meiklejohn. Myrtleville, Bridge of Alian, Sterling, Scotland.
Pte. Nicholson. Next of kin. — Nicholson, Kingsburg, Asstray. Scotland.
Charles Crook. Next of kin, Mrs. A. Crook, Thornboro, Bucks. Eng.
Died of Wounds.
Jan. 25: Pte. Charles Harding. Next of kin, Elizabeth Harding, 546 Simcoe street, South Oshawa, Ont.
Severaly Wounded.
Pte. George Grant; next of kin, J. Grant, Portsoy, Scotland.
Wounded.
Pte. John Cowie, in ear; next of kin.
Pte. John Cowie, in ear; next of kin.
Pte. John Cowie, in ear; next of kin.
Pten Stallsbury.

Mrs. C. Leach, wife reported killed. lived avenue until her husba

dians Admitted to Queen's Canadian Hospital.

Severely Wounded.

Pte. George Grant; next of kin, J. Grant, Portsoy, Scotland.

Wounded.

Pte. John Cowie, in ear; next of kin, Sarah Cowie, Kerrobert, Sask.

Pte. John Cooper, in forearm; next of kin, Mrs. J. Cooper, 23 Wood street, Princess road, Cannington, London, E., Eng.

Pte. W. H. Jennings, at St. Eloi, Jan.

24; next of kin, R. Jennings, Forest, Ont.

Pte. Charles G. Swain, admitted to No. 2 General Hospital, Havre, with gunshot wound in thigh; next of kin,

BRICKYARD GAINED GERMANY ON BRINK

Brilliant Charge.

FRENCH TAKE GROUND ISSUE BREAD PERMITS

District and Make Slight Advance.

Canadian Press Despatch.

RECLIVES PROMOTION

BERLIN, Feb. 7, via London, Feb. 7,
10.40 pm.—Grand Admiral Von Koesser

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ties and the considerate of the consideration of the considerate of the considerate of the consider

Favorable Position for Ger- Expropriate Amounts of Flour GARBALDI ON CRUTCHES Held by Residents.

Defeat Attack in Champagne Supply Cut Off by British Fleet, Maize Has Doubled in Price.

Long Line of German Trenches Also Captured Near Borjimow.

STRENGTHEN GROUND

Big Battle Developing in East Prussia-Austrians Checked in Carpathians.

BZUFA front to that region. In the Carpathians, while their right is advancing, the Russians are only able to report that their left has checked the Austro-German offensive. In this area they captured 2000 prisoners. With regard to all this fighting the German official report simply says:

"No essential events have taken

Turkish account of that which has already occurred there, refers to it as an encounter of vanguards, and adds that the battles are still in progress.

Son of Italian Patriot Greatly Touched by Demonstration, Confers With President.

Canadian Press Despatch.

PARIS. Feb. 7, 9.30 p.m.-General