

Several English and French Medical Gentlemen

And Their Opinions on Diseases.

HIGH SCIENTIFIC OPINIONS.

Several medical gentlemen from the Eng- lish and French countries having recently be- come associated with M. Bonville, of Paris, and ex-aid surgeon of the French army, at his International Throat and Lung Insti- tute, Phillips Square, Montreal, and 173 Church Street, Toronto, where thousands of people are yearly treated successfully for diseases of the Head, Throat and Lungs by the present opportunity is en-joyed of making known to the people of Canada this fact, and also the opinions of these specialist surgeons connected with the International Throat and Lung Institutes on the symptoms attending the following preva- lent and dreadful diseases, in language devoid of technical difficulties:—

Hemorrhage of the Lungs.

As a general thing hemorrhage from the lungs is looked upon as a fatal symptom. There is seldom a patient who recovers from lung disease who has had severe hemorrhages without the very best care and treatment. In many cases have recovered fully under properly directed treatment who have had several severe attacks of bleeding from the lungs. In the majority of cases the hemor- rhage occurs early in the disease, and is con- siderably amenable to treatment. But when it occurs late in the course of the disease the prognosis is very unfavorable.

Consumption.

This dreadful disease is seldom developed in a few months. It is slowly and gradually creeping upon the patient, sometimes very insidiously, but often as a result of other dis- eases of the air passages of which the patient is perfectly cognizant, but foolishly allows to go on and advance until the fatal disease, con- sumption, has the lungs so fairly grasped that earthly power can restore them to health. After the positive symptoms of consump- tion have been developed, there is al- ways an uncertainty in the prognosis. We find cases even advanced in the second stage, where recovery has taken place from proper treatment by inhalations suitable to the individual case and such constitutional treatment as the case demands. We also find cases in the first stage that the best directed plan cannot make any impression upon the disease, and the necessity of applying early, either before the disease has reached what we call consumption even in the first stage, or if that plan has already been reached, less no time in applying for treatment to those who make specialty of disease of the air passages.

Causes.—The most important causes are: 1st, Irritation and bronchitis being al- lowed to run their full course; 2nd, In- flammation of the lungs, or both, debility of the system, hereditary predisposition, syphilis, chronic, self-abuse, or anything that lowers the tone of the system, or even poor living and unsanitary clothing.

Symptoms.—The most important symptoms are: a regular cough, it may be very little, but it is a sign of the disease, generally in the morn- ing, upon rising, sometimes upon lying down, expectoration of white, frothy mucus, or a yellowish substance, sometimes mixed with blood, shortness of breath upon exertion, night sweats, chills and fever, the pulse is very irregular, but the fever abates at a certain time every day. The appetite is slowly but surely in con- sumption. The pulse is frequent and feeble, the patient becomes emaciated and weak, there are spasms, the nose bleeds, and general appearance is given to the mouth advanced cases which cannot be mistaken as experienced eye, and lastly, but not least, the voice has a changed and peculiar quality which speaks very positively to the specialist (who sees so many cases), and who comes so familiar with the sounds at- tending. This is a disease not to be trifled with. On the first indication of anything that would lead to consumption, have it attended to. And don't despair even if your family physician tells you that you are beyond help. With our present knowledge of the new and scientific modes of treating dis- eases, applying the medicine directly to the part affected, instead of pouring drugs into the stomach, hundreds of cases are being cured that are even far advanced in consump- tion and pronounced beyond the skill of man to cure.

Asthma.—Our treatment for asthma has for its object the removal of the cause, the principal of which is a catarrhal inflammation of the mucous membrane lining the bronchial tubes and cells, and of the nasal mucus membrane and larynx in many cases, and not simply using anti-spasmodics to relieve the pa- tient. This latter will only relieve the symptoms—not cure. Our applications contain medicines which will not only relieve the pain, but also remove the inflammation, which is the principal cause. When the inflammation is complicated with development of the food, the stomach or the heart, we give suitable remedies to remove those causes also. Our treatment will cure asthma, not simply relieve it.

Persons and others are invited to try our treatments at the office free of charge. Persons unable to visit the Institute can successfully be treated by letter addressed to the International Throat and Lung Institute Phillips Square, Montreal, or 173 Church Street, Toronto, where French and English specialists are in charge. 12-45-2.

THE GUELPH OPEBA HOUSE CO. TRUST, which many papers have pronounced a thin- glesed Lottery Scheme, is still flourish- ing. It appears admitted to be a successful scheme of the law though the Scheme is a very simple one. The Company sells shares at \$3 each and nobody denies that it can do this. Then, by a simple contract, a purchaser direct a division by lot, with capital prize or allotment of \$30,000, on Oct. 30th next. This kind of divi- sion is said to be exempt from the Lottery Act, and joint owners, or the Shareholders are to divide their property by Lot or Chance, independently of it. The Company then, to redeem or take back the property, paying the value in Cash, thus making the result like a Cash Lottery. Parliament, it is said, will be asked next session to in- terfere with the Scheme like the present one, and the Toronto Evening Canadian pertinently suggests that "At the same time the Stock and Grain Lotteries which have ruined and impoverished more people than all the regular schemes the world ever saw" be also pro- hibited. The management committee of the Guelph affair, including many of the leading names, are pushing it vigorously and will doubt make it a success.—Ado.

MARTIN LUTHER.

Real Character of the "Re- former."

SOME PLAIN FACTS.

Now that the Protestant world is exercised over the Luther celebration, the following from the London Weekly Register shows what manner of man: the sects expend their energy on: The collection of Luther relics, made by Dr. Ginsburg at the British Museum, has re- ceived further additions, and it is now, we are told by the daily papers, quite unique in its interest. Thousands of people throng to see it, endangering thereby that dogma of Pro- testantism by which the veneration of relics is denounced as a folly or a crime. The collection is, nevertheless, an incomplete one, with an incompleteness which prac- tically deceptions. As we are told in the letter which Pope Leo XIII. has just ad- dressed to three of his Cardinals, the duty of History is that it shall not dare to lie; and the second duty is that it shall not fear to speak the truth. Judged by this noble standard, the Luther collection at the British Museum, must be judged a sorry and sectarian affair, unworthy of habitation in a national museum, which is supported for educational purposes, by Catholics and Protestants alike from the public funds. "The Museum authorities," we are informed, "took up the idea in the spirit in which it was conceived, and no time was lost in putting it into execution." As to the nature of that "spirit," we are cautiously kept in the dark, both by Dr. Ginsburg himself and by those who have fallen in with his plans. But if it was a spirit of bigotry, the Catholic part of the nation has a right to be indignant; and if it was a supposed spirit of historical inquiry, our Protestant fellow-countrymen have every reason to complain.

It is to the omission in the collection that we desire the attention of the candid visitor to be called. The indulgence which Tetsui promulgated is there; but where is the dis- tinct document in which Luther gave his sanction to the violation of Philip of Hesse's marriage? An illuminated Bible which be- longed to an Elector of Saxony is on view—to keep alive, if possible, the old superstition that the Bible was Martin Luther's gift to men; but we ought also to have—we do not say a table of the Reformer's perversions of the sacred Text, but at least a copy of those aspirations of his soul which we yet can- not call by the divine name of prayer, in- scribed on the margin of his own Bible: "My God, of Thy goodness, provide us with coats, hats, hoods and cloaks, with good fat calves, oxen and sheep; with many women and few children!" His "Letter to Henry VIII.," is here, but not his letter to Jerome Weller—a fellow-Reformer, who is constantly asked for spiritual direction. "Poor Jerome Weller," wrote Luther, "you have temptations; but you must have done with them. When the devil comes to tempt you, drink, my friend, drink deep, forget your- self, be merry and sit in very spots of the Evil One. If the devil says to you, 'I beware, give up drinking,' answer him, 'I will drink deeper just because you forbid me; I will drink bumper to honor of Jesus Christ!' Imitate me; it is only out of contempt for Satan that I drink so well and eat so much and enjoy myself so powerfully at table. I should really like to find some good man in which I might prove to him how I laugh at all that is sinful, and how entirely I con- sider my conscience unburdened. Down with the Decalogue when the devil comes to torment us. He breathes in our ear, 'But you are sinning, you are worthy of death and of Hell.' Oh course I am! I know that only too well. Is that all you have to tell me? But you will be condemned in the next life.' That I shall not; I know one who has suffered and satisfied for me. He is named Jesus Christ, Son of God. There 'where He is, I shall be.'"

The portrait of Melancthon (with his sug- gestion of Mr. Gladstone) is curious enough; but a still more instructive exhibit would be the text in which Melancthon records his own observation of the effects of such teach- ing as that contained in Luther's letter to Jerome Weller. Melancthon's testimony, and that of many others, has already been quoted in our columns; but more remains be- hind. This same Jerome Weller learned his lesson from Luther so well, that he denounced a fellow-Reformer who maintained the necessity for personal holiness; yet even he com- plains that men joined the Lutherans to escape from the Ten Commandments, and to "the malice and perversity of the world is 'the malice' it was under the Papacy." It greater than Jones, Luther's companion at the Diet of Worms, who confesses that "those who call themselves Evangelicals have, for the most part, adopted the Gospel to obtain carnal liberty, and have become impious, not fearing God, and despising their pastors as ranting, sweepings and dust to be trodden under foot." A Prince's evidence does not differ much from that of one of these despised pas- tors. "Our people use the World," says Prince George of Anhalt, "not for mending and sanctifying themselves, but for cloaking their errors, their frivolity, leasorbor- nation, and fleshly liberty. It must be owned, however humiliating the confession may be, that our doctrine is far from having produced in hearts or lives or words, the fruits expected of it." John Balzins is said to have died of the depression caused by this same kind of humiliation and disappoint- ment. Paul Eber complains that "our Evas- gelical Church is disfigured by disorder and scandals." Sebastian Froebel found his flock at Wittenberg "brutal and savage." Cruciger, himself in despair, allowed that many persons had in disgust already "separated themselves from the Gospel." Bugen- den, who organized the Lutheran Church in Denmark, lamented that "the majority of the Evangelicals had become worse than when they were Papists;" and Neocorgus, whom Luther loved because he sacrificed the most august Priest in Christendom, surely never used his pen with more effect than he unwillingly did against his own fellows when he wrote that "the world is full now-a- days of men who, under the name of the Gospel, lead a most guilty and scandalous life." These, and such as these, are the docu- ments we miss from the collection which Dr. Ginsburg "conceived," and his friends "car- ried out" in a "spirit" rather difficult to divine. We beg to offer them these sugges- tions while there is still time. Perhaps, be- fore the larger Luther celebrations are upon us, they may be able to consider whether at least some of them should not be carried out.

POSDAM, N. Y., Dec. 21, 1881. Gentlemen:—I have sold DOWNS' ELIXIR, the great remedy for coughs and colds, for twenty-one years, and I have to-day a large and steadily increasing number of customers who have used it, and whose trade in cough remedies could not be retained if I did not keep it in stock. While I am exceedingly cautious what I state, I will ask the reader if in his judgment it could be possible to so long retain and increase the sale of a pre- paration that did not possess real merit. H. D. TRATNER, Druggist.



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Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also cure all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver, and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

As they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortun- ately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valu- able in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. Buy at all sick head

Is the bane of so many lives that there is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make dis- tress. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action, please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for 1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

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For Inflammation of the Urinary Organs, caused by Indiscretion or Exposure. Hotel Dieu Hospital, Paris, Treatment. Positive Cure in one to three days. Local Treatment only required. No nauseous doses of Cubeb or Conium. Available, Hygienic, Curative, Preventive. Price \$1.50, including Mail Syringe. Sold by all Druggists, or sent free by mail, securely sealed, on receipt of price. Descriptive Treatise free on application.

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POPE LEO AT HOME.

SWAYING LIFE OF THE HOLY FATHER—A RE- CEPTION TO IRISH PILGRIMS.

The Capitan Francesco, of Rome publishes a conversation which one of its correspond- ents had with the Rev. Philip Barry, canon of the Castel Cathedral. The canon is said to have spoken as follows:—"Leo XIII. is now seventy-four years of age. He is tall, thin and bony. His face is of an ivory tint, and his eyes and lips are very expressive and smiling. He looks very firm. Bismont says he resembles Voltaire, but Leo XIII.'s smile is totally different to Voltaire's smile. The Pope wears his eye well and walks re- markably straight. He has snow white hair and very finely marked eyebrows. His eyes are wonderfully intelligent looking and his voice is extremely harmonious. He speaks several languages as well as an professor of languages. He never says a foolish thing nor does a foolish thing, like poor Pius IX, whose policy was fatal to the Pope's tem- poral power. He rises very early and spends the first hours of the day in prayer, and generally in his bedroom. At six o'clock he says Mass. At eight o'clock he breaks his fast with a cup of chocolate, reading his cor- respondence all the time. At nine o'clock he receives Jacobini and those chiefs of religious societies who may demand audience. At noon he receives those Roman patriots who have remained true to him and the Ambassadors. At one o'clock he dines, his dinner rarely costing more than two francs, or half a dollar." "And he keeps to many cooks?" said the cor- respondent. "He is obliged to keep up ap- pearance," answered the canon. "Once upon a time Popes were great eaters and drinkers and were given to every kind of extravagance, but Leo XIII. is nothing of all this."

IN THE GARDEN. "After dinner he takes a little walk in the Vatican grounds, or he visits the museums and galleries. Sometimes he is carried in a chair quilted with white satin. He is very fond of the garden. He frequently receives visitors in the garden and talks of flowers to them to avoid other subjects. The first and second time I saw him was in the gar- den. When I went with the pil- grims he was preceded by three noble guards, and at his side was Monsignor Macchi, his secret chamberlain. He wore a wide-brimmed hat and a large red cloak. We were presented to him one by one. He looked at us and scrutinized us well. I saw he recognized me, but he treated me like the others—so if you saw me also for the first time. 'Are you all Irish?' he said; 'I am happy to receive the faithful of that nation.' He then looked again at us as if he would have read into our souls. 'Your bishop,' he com- plained, 'brought me offerings from a people pressed with poverty.' 'Then, feeling me still on my knees, he offered me his hand to raise me. 'I had thought, he continued, 'that the offerings would have decreased, but it was not so. We live on charity' (and here he walked sadly), 'for all we had has been taken from us. Oh, these persecutions!' he cried with a loud voice. 'They punish us, even when the laud is pure and immaculate.'

AT AN AUDIENCE. "I seem to see him now," said the canon. "His head looked like a relief on the blue sky. The sun was setting, and he looked up to the sky, as if seeking an inspiration there. 'I have heard,' he then said, 'that, with- standing the general state of anguish in Ireland, the churches are full of people. May the Lord be praised and blessed, and may my prayers bring peace on the people! Lord, hear our prayers and judge us!' He then blessed us, and the audience was finished. I have never seen so much power united to so much sympathy. At four o'clock the Pope resumes his official audience in the Vatican. At seven o'clock only he takes a little rest, but at eight o'clock he returns to work in his private room, where he remains until ten o'clock, when he retires for the night not always to sleep, though for it is during the night that he reads and writes for his own pleasure, his favorite subject being the Science of St. Thomas' and essays on the works of that Saint, which he receives from every part of the world, whenever and wherever published."

OUR HABITS AND OUR CLIMATE. All persons leading a sedentary and inno- cent life are more less subject to derange- ments of the Liver and Stomach which, if neglected in a changeable climate like ours, leads to chronic diseases and ultimate misery. An occasional dose of Colgate's Compound Bile Beans Pills, will stimulate the Liver to healthy action, tone up the Stomach and Digestive Organs, thereby giving life and vigor to the system generally. For sale every- where. Price, 25c per box, five boxes \$1.00. Mailed free of postage on receipt of price in money or postage stamps.—B. E. McGale, chemist, Montreal. 96 ft

A CATHEDRAL IN RUINS. ST. JOHN'S CATHOLIC CHURCH AT TRENTON, N. J., DESTROYED BY FIRE. TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 2.—The fire at St. John's Catholic Church last night broke out again after midnight and resulted in the destruc- tion of the edifice, causing a loss of about \$40,000, partly covered by insurance. The firemen worked hard for three hours endeavoring to subdue the flames, and there was great excitement among the large crowd which was attracted to the scene. The fire broke out in the vicinity shortly after eleven o'clock. Some suppose that it was of incendiary origin, as the services were held at eight o'clock in the evening, when candles and gas were lighted and fire was used for the censens. Others insist that the fire was purely accidental.

SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES. The sexton's attention was called to the appearance of an odd looking stranger who was in the church during the services, and it is his opinion that this man started the fire. A woman living in the street in the rear of the church says she saw a man jumping out through the basement window of the sacred edifice just before the fire was first seen. The sexton says he closed all the windows after the services were over, and this one in the basement was opened when he returned on account of the fire.

A MASS OF RUINS. The inside of the structure presents a mass of ruins. The roof is ready to fall at any moment, and no part of the edifice remains intact except the bare walls and the cupola. A bell weighing 1,000 pounds was not damaged. The altars, pews, altar service, organ, stationary oil paintings, and several vestments, were destroyed. Most of the costly vestments were saved, and the church records also, owing to their being in the pastoral residence. The sacred vessels were saved by two parishioners named Gallagher and Fury, who rushed into the midst of the flames and smoke and carried them out.

THE VENERABLE EDWIN. The pastor, Rev. Father Hogan, was in at- tendance at the Catholic Council in New York at the time, and arrived home this morn-

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The Date of Hamilton won about \$13,000 on the St. Ledger, but several of his friends "stood" with him, so that his net gains are reduced to \$10,000. Lord Allington won \$5,000 on the race.

HOW TO TELL GENUINE FLORIDA WATER. The true Florida water always comes with a little pamphlet wrapped around each bottle, and in the paper of the pamphlet are the words, "LAWSON & KEMP, New York," water marked or stamped in plain transparent letters. Hold a leaf up to the light, and if gen- uine, you will see the above words. Do not buy if the words are not there, because it is not the real article. The water mark letters may be very pale, but by looking closely against the light, you cannot fail to see them.

Mrs. Balston, the widow of the famous San Francisco banker, is living with her two sons at their new mining camp in California, where they have erected a house for her.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Jan. 31, 1879. GENTLEMEN—Having been afflicted for a number of years with indigestion and general debility, by the advice of my doctor I used Hop Bitters, and must say they afforded me almost instant relief. I am glad to be able to testify in their behalf. THOS. G. KNOX.

The first consignment of Russian petroleum reached Liverpool this month. The oil is described as of very high test. If the blood be impoverished, as manifested by pimples, eruptions, ulcers, or run- ning sores, eruptions, swellings or general debility, take Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Sold by druggists. MR

Prof. Rotstock of Philadelphia says that at the present rate of destroying American forests the country will be without woodlands thirty years hence. Eff's Cocoa—GRATIFY AND COMFORTING. "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of diges- tion and nutrition, and yet by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa Mr. Eff's has provided our breakfast tables with a deliciously flavored beverage, which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle miasmas are floating around us ready to at- tack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets and tins (1 lb and 1 lb) by grocers, labelled—"JAMES EFF'S & CO., Homoeopathic Chemist, London, Eng- land. Also makers of Eff's OROONATA ES- SENCE."

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