THE TRUE WITNES'S AND CATHOLIC CHRONICLE.

the sacredness of the place, and the respect due to the house of God, prevented the frequent outbursts of applause which certainly would have greeted the reverend gentleman in a public hall, still we could see from the bland smile of the audience how much they appreciated the lecture. In the course of his lecture Father McKeogh gave a graphic description of the ancient Abbey of Cashel, for the reconstruction of which he was commissioned by his venerated Diocesan, the Archbishop of Cashel, about two years ago-to collect funds in America. The Abbey of Cashel, remarked the lecturer, was one of the proudest monuments of Ireland's ancient faith, and a standing memorial of the piety and zeal displayed by her children in their exertions to sow broadcast the Seed of Christianity throughout the length and breadth of the land. Having glanced rapidly at the early history of the Irish Church, and the many sacrifices which her children made for the preservation of her faith, Father McKeogh concluded his brilliant lecture by paying a wellmerited compliment to the Irish in America who had nobly and generously responded to the call of the illustrious Archbishop of Cashel. We were pleased to notice among those present at the lecture many of our esteemed and worthy townspeople of other denominations, who expressed their entire satisfaction at the very able manner in which the Reverend gentleman handled his subject. Immediately before and after the lecture, the audience was agreeably entertained by the singing of some select pieces of sacred music prepared for the occasion by the choir of the church under the supervision of our talented organist Mrs. Cameron.

Father McKeogh has, by his affable manner and gentlemanly deportment made for himself many friends in America, and we trust that a continuance of the generous patronage and warm support that have marked his charitable mission during the past few years, await him in the future.

PICTON, Jan. 20, 1872. SPECTATOR.

THE MESSENGER OF THE SACRED HEART of Jesus.-February, 1872.-This monthly Bulletin of the Apostleship of Prayer come to us as usual filled with good things. It has the memory. It can be truly said of him that he was a Approbation of His Grace the Archbishop of of the church. Loved and revered he has passed Bultimore and is an excellent magazine for away and his memory shall long remain engraven young people, the monthly reading of which is upon the hearts of those who knew him.—Kingston an efficacions means of fostering and developing in their souls the spirit of true devotion to 3 the Sacred Heart of Jesus. The contents of the Current number are as under :- The Paradise of God; St. Blasius and his Companions; Historical Scenes of the Fourth Century of the Church; The Wanderer's Return, (Poetry); Thoughts before the Altar, (Poetry); Sonnet on the Sacred Heart, (Poetry); God our Father; The Saints Canonized by Pius IX; Solemn Consecration of the Society of Jesus to the Sacred Heart; General Intention; Graces Obtained; Affiliations to the Apostleship. The Subscription to this magazine is only \$2 per annum in advance. Parties desiring to subscribe will please andress Rev. B-Sestini, S.J., Woodstock College, Howard Co., Md., enclosing the Amount of their Subscrip-

THE CATHOLIC WORLD-February, 1872. ly contains the following articles :- 1. The Duties of the Rich in Christian Society, No. 1; 2. The House of Yorke, c. 21, 22; 3. The acknowledged to be far superior to any others to be New Outspoken Style; 4. Popular Objections and fairer treatment from the Protestant majority. to Papal Infallibility; 5. The Foxes of Foxville; 6. The Martyrs of Arcueil; 7. Veiled; 8. A Visit to Mammoth Cave; 9. Our Epiphany; 10. The Cosmic Philosophy; 11. St. Cecilia's Day in Rome; 12. Fleurauge, part i., c. 1, 2, 3; 13. Several Calumnies Refuted: or Executive Document, No. 37; 14. Affirmations; 15. An Afternoon at St. Lazare; 16. The International Association; 17. Our Catholic Libraries; 18. New Publications.

The Catholic World is sent free by mail on receipt by the Messrs. Sadlier of 45 cents per number, or \$4,50 for yearly subscription.

LA REVUE CANADIENNE-January, 1872. moire d'un Vieux Maitre d'École, (Roman Canadien), suite; 2. Les Canadiens et Les Americains; 3. Le Saint Maurice, note de voyage; 4. Ballade, Poesie; 5. Louis Joliet, suite; 6. Chronique du Mois.

TESTIMONIAL TO DETECTIVE CULLEN.-We have much pleasure in publishing the following :-

To Mr. Andrew Cullen, Detective of the Montreal Police

Sir,-We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in presenting you with the amount opposite our names as a testimonial of your efficiency and ability, as shown by your arrest of Quellette on the 21st inst. Nelson Wood & Co., J. E. Mullin & Co, Ogilvy & Co, D. Robertson, D. Musson & Co, Kingan & Kinloch, W. T. Benson, James Popham & Co, Henry J. Gear, M. Cuvillier, Ames, Millard & Co, W. R. Ross & Co, Laslett & Russell, John Duncan & Co, J. Ferrier & Co. G. Childs & Co. N. Leslie, Ovide St. Marie & Co. A. Urquhart & Co. and Smith, Cochrane & Co. Each \$5.

Montreal, Jan. 23rd, 1872.

a new paper which is to make its appearance on the 28th of next month in the City of Ottawa, and of which a Prospectus has been forwarded to us. Its aim will be to encourage immigration, by giving full and correct information to the emigrant classes of the British Empire of the resources of Canada, and the advantages which it presents.

DEATH OF THE VERY REV. OLIVER KELLY

It is with the deepest sorrow we have to announce the death of the Very Rev. Oliver Kelly, Vicar General of the Diocese of Kingston, and parish priest of this city. The Very Rev. gentleman was born at Minca House, near Westport, County of Mayo, Ireland, in 1815, and was in his 57th year at the time of his death. He commenced his studies at St. Jarlath's, under the distinguished auspices of his uncle, the Most Rev. Dr. Oliver Kelly, the late Archbishop of Tuam. Having finished his collegiate course at that Institution, he went to Rome and entered the Propaganda, where he remained for seven years and returned to Ireland, one of the ripest scholars of his day. He was shortly after ordained a Priest by the late Right Rev. Dr. O'Higgins, Eishop of Ardagh, and appointed to the curacy of Castlebar. His father and mother having immigrated to Canada a few years before his ordination he could not rest contented until he followed them in 1845. He shortly after his arrival was appointed to the Parish of Brockville, where he by his great exertions erected a Church, to day the fairest monument of his zeal and devotion to the service of God.

He officiated afterwards at Peterborough, where he left, in the schools and convents, built during his incumbency of that parish, further evidence of his zeal and usefulness. The Bishop of Kingston with whom he had been for years on the most intimate terms, persuaded him to take charge of the parish of Kingston only a short twelve months ago. He entered on his duties with the good wishes of his new parishioners-who were not unacquainted with his merits-and to whom he soon endeared himself by his zeal, his piety and unassuming manners. He was not fond of display, and many of the virtues that distinguished this good and learned priest were only known to those who were the recipients of his charity and the witnesses of the efforts he daily made to assuage the sorrow and alleviate the sufferings of those afflicted by sickness or poverty.

Few if any in this country perhaps were aware that when he left his native diocese and followed the fortunes of his parents whom he loved and revered as only could such a son, he was presented with a most flattering address-accompanied by a very substantial token of regard-signed by the present most distinguished Archbishop of Tuam, the clergy and gentry of Mayo. He was also favored by a letter from His Grace containing the most affectionate expressions of his friendship, and assuring him that if ever he returned to his native land a place would be reserved for him in his archdiocese. Alas! he is now no more, and the people who knew him best will ever mourn his loss and revere his

HIS LORDSHIP THE BISHOP OF ST. JOHN'S N. B. ON THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

On Sunday morning his Lordship the Bishop addressed the congregation at the 9 o'clock mass on the School question. He said that he had abstained from speaking to them on that subject for some time past, in the hope that the Government or the Trustees for the City and Portland might grant them some small instalment of justice by taking, on some reasonable terms, the large graded schools in both sections of the parish, under the care of the Christian Brothers and Sisters of Charity. But in this vain hope he had been disappointed. It would indeed have been only an instalment of what the Cathelies claimed in justice by their petition to the Legislatur when this School Law was under consideration; that is, the right under the law to have Denominational Schools, with their own taxes to support them, and their fair share of other public moneys, in every district where they were sufficient in number to form a School. This is granted all over the two Canadas-to the Protestant minority in Lower Canada and to the Catholic minority in Upper Canada. But in the Province of New Brunswick the claims of the Catholic minority, forming one-third of the whole population and over, are to receive no consideration at the hands of the Protestant majority, their fellowcitizens. After the great sacrifices Catholics had -The current number of this excellent month- made in this City and other parts of the Province in the establishment of Schools for the education of their children, and Schools which were virtually free-Schools which the Trustees in this City and Portland found here-they had a right to expect more justice Several members of the Government came to him, while the School Bill was under consideration, and assured him that justice should be done to the Catholics at least with regard to their schools already established the same as in Halifax. But when preparations began to be made for carrying out the law, we saw enough to make us fear that the declarations and promise of the Government members regarding our schools were easily forgotten by them. Nearly all their appointments in connection with the carrying out of the law indicated this, and part of the regulations issued by the Board of Education appear ed expressly directed against the Christian Brothers and the Sisters of Charity and the schools in which they taught; whilst at the same time the Chief Superintendent is said to be a Protestant Minister and Protestant Ministers are appointed to offices under him, and nearly all the Protestant schools in this city connected with Protestant churches are taken by the Trustees, and the Grammar School, the Principal of which is a Protestant elergyman, the Chairman of which is the Rector of Trinity Church, is also taken. -The contents are as under:-Helika: Me- Of all this we would not complain if equal justice were meted out to us, because this is really the denominational system for Protestants whilst it is injustice and persecution against the conscience of Catholics. At the same time he was happy to be able to say that numbers of fair minded Protestants think as we do on this all important subject, and sympathize strongly with us in the injustice we are subjected to. Many had so expressed themselves to him. And this liberal feeling must continue to grow and increase as people come to understand the question better and its important hearing on the welfare of society and the country. The Attorney General, the author of this law so unjust towards Catholics, declared that our schools under the Christian Brothers and Sisters of Charity could be taken on by the Trustees under the law and that it had been so intended, and he made this declaration to the Chairman of the St. John Board of Trustees; but the majority of the Trustees by the direction of Mr. Rand, as you have seen by the papers, refus d to act in accordance with the opinion of the Attorney-General And another strange inconsistency is that this same Mr. Rand, some time previously, had told Mr. Barker, Chairman of the Portland Board of Trustees, that the schools of the Sisters of Charity and Christian Brothers could be taken as they were in Halifax. Ontholics asked for no unreasonable privileges; they

"WESTWARD Ho!"-This is the title of fellow citizens of other denominations; but they claimed that in New Brunswick, as in every other part of the Dominion of Canada, their conscientious claims in this most important question of the educ ation of their children should be respected, and they should never cease urging their claims by every legit mate means in their power until they were granted. It would be a grevious injustice and wrong to take money out of their pockets by process of law to support and build up Protestant schools, whilst, the; , the Catholics, were obliged to impose a second heavy voluntary tax upon themselves to support their own schools established long before this unjust law was thought of. However, for the sake of conscience and their children, they would do it. The Bishop then said he would not say more to them at present ; but that in a few days a public meeting of the parishioners would be held to make arrangements for supporting the schools and even increasing the accommodation if necessary. - St

> At a meeting of the Catholics of Frederiction, N.B. held in St. Dustan's Temperance Hall, on Thursday evening, the 11th ult, at which the Rev. J. Mc Devitt was unanimously chosen Chairman and Patrick C. McManus Secretary, the following Proambles and Resolutions were moved and unanimously adonted :--

Whereas we believe religion is the true basis of education, without which no system, however plausible

can be sound and fundamental; and Whereas the present system of education in New Brunswick is not established on religious principles, God and revelation having been excluded therefrom

by special Act of Parliament; and Whereas such a Godless system is fraught with danger to the faith and morals of our children

ognise a system so obstructive in its tendencies, not only to our own children but to society at large Resolved, That we consider it arbitrary and unjust and an infringement on the rights and privileges of

Resolved, That we will neither encourage nor re-

a free people to compel us to support a system of education to which were are conscientiously oppossed · and further Resolved, That we will use every constitutional means to repeal or modify a law which we believe was conceived in iniquity, begotten in perfidy, and is

being fostered in hypocrisy; and further Resolved, That we regard the 20th clause of the egulations of the Board of Education as a direct insult to the whole Catholic body of New Brunswick, an indelible disgrace to those who conceived it, and an indestructible monument of their bigotry and

intolerance. Resolved, That a copy of the above resolutions be sent to the Colonial Farmer, New Brunswick Reporter, St. John Freeman and Globe for publication.

P. C. McMANUS,

The pernicious habit that some medical men have of indiscriminately prescribing alcoholic beverages to their patients, is well and strongly condemned in the following article which appears in the British Medical Journal, over the signatures of some of the most eminent medical practitioners in the British Islands:-

As it is believed that the inconsiderate prescrip tion of large quantities of alcoholic liquids by medical men for their patients has given rise, in many instances, to the formation of intemperate habits, the undersigned, while unable to abandon the use of alcohol in the treatment of certain cases of disease, are yet of opinion that no medical practitioner should prescribe it without a sense of grave responsi-They believe that alcohol, in whatever form, should be prescribed with as much care as any pow erful drug and that the directions for its use should be so framed as not to be interpreted as a sanction for excess, or necessarily for the continuance of its use when the occasion is past.

They are also of opinion that many people immensely exaggerate the value of alcohol as an article of diet; and, since no class of men see so much of its ill effects, and possess such power to restrain its abuse, as members of their own profession, they hold that every medical practitioner is bound to exert his utmost influence to inculcate habits of great mede ation in the use of alcoholic liquids.

Being also firmly convinced that the great amount of drinking of alcoholic liquors among the working classes of this country is one of the greatest evils of the day, destroying more than anything else, the health, happiness, and welfare of those classes, and neutralizing to a large extent the great industrial prosperity which Providence has placed within the reach of this nation, the undersigned would gladly support any wise legislation which would tend to restrict, within proper limits, the use of alcoholic beverages, and gradually introduce habits of temper-

George Burrows, M. D., F.R.S., President of the Royal College of Physicians, Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

George Busk, F.R.S., President of the Royal College of Surgeons.

3G. E. Paget, M.D., D C.L. Oxon., President of the General Council of Medical Education. Thomas Watson, Bart., M.D., F.R.S., Physician in

Ordinary to the Queen. Henry Holland, Bart., M.D., F.R.S., Physician in

Ordinary to the Queen. Casar H. Hawkins, F.R.S., Sergeant-Surgeon to the

William Fergusson, Bart., F.R.S., Sergeant-Surgeon to the Queen. Jas. Paget, F.R.S., Sergeant-Surgeon Extraordinary

Richard Quain, F.R.S., Surgeon Extraordinary to

John Hilton, F.R.S., Surgeon Extraordinary to the

W. White Cooper, F.R.C.S., Surgeon Cenlist in Or-

dinary to the Queen.
E. H. Sieveking, M.D., Physician in Ordinary to the

Prince of Wales.

George D. Pollock, Surgeon in Ordinary to the Prince of Wales. Thos. King Chambers, M.D., Honorary Physician to

the Prince of Wales. Henry W. Acland, M.D., F.R.S., Regins Professor

of Medicine, Oxford; Honorary Physician to the Prince of Wales.

Arthur Farry, M.D., F.R.S., Physician-Accoucheur to her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales.

George T. Gream, M.D., Physician-Accoucheur her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales. Francis Hawkins, M.D., Physician to the Queen's

Household. T. Spencer Wells, F.R.C.S., Surgeon to Her Ma-

jesty's Household. Army Medical Department, Honorary Physician to

Thomas Longmore, C.B., Deputy Inspector-General, Army Medical Staff; Professor of Military Surgery, Army Medical School; Honorary Surgeon to the

J. Ranald Martin, Knight, G.B., F.R.S., Inspector-General of Hospitals; Physician to the Sceretary of

State for India in Council. H. H. Massy, M.D., C.B., Deputy Inspector-General; Head of Sanitary Branch, Army Medical De-

. Thomas Crawford, M.D., Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals; Head of the Medical Branch, Army asked to interfere in no way with the rights of their | Medical Department.

T. Graines Ba, four, M.D., F.R.S., Deputy-Inspector-General of A. spitals; Head of the Statistical Branch, Army Medic al Department.

W. C. Maclean, C.B. M.D., Deputy-Inspector-General; Professor of Military Medicine, Army Medical

School, Netley.
E. M. Parkes, M.D. F. S., Professor of Hygiens,
Army Medical School, Netle, v.
William Aitken, M.D., P. ofessor of Pathology,

Army Medical Schoot: William Johnstone Fyffe, M.L., Surgeon-Major Assistant Professor of Medicine, Army Medical School.

to metropolitan and provincial hospitals.

Weekly Report of the St. Bridget's Reduge, anding Saturday, 3th inst. :--Males 374 Females 90 Ireland 355 Scotland 3

BRESHEAST, -- EPP'S COCOA, -- GRATEFUL AND COMFORTixa.—" By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." -Civil Service Gazette. Made simply with Boiling Water or Milk. Each packet is labelled - "James Epps & Co., Homo opathic Chemists, London." Also, makers of Epp's Milky Cocoa (Cocoa and Condensed

FATAL Accident .- Yesterday morning about ten o'clock, a man named Prudent Bertrand, 46 years of age, while working on a scaffolding of a new house in Sydenham street, fell to the ground, a distance of about fourteen feet; and striking his head upon the ice, fractured his skell and broke his neck. was conveyed to his home, where the last rites of the Church were administered to him by Rev. Mr. Campion. Every thing which could be done to save his life, was without avail, and he expired in about half an hour. He leaves three orphan children, the class a boy of 19, the second is a little girl of 13 who had kept the house since her mother's death, which occurred about two years ago, and the youngest a child of about eight years old.-Gazette 25 ult.

We have been shown a spurious \$5 bill on the "Union Bank," which institution has no existence at the present day, if it ever had. The front of the note is of a pale color, and the back is printed on in red with a series of discs. It is easy to distinguish the spurious bill from the \$5 note of the Union Bank of Lower Canada," as the whole of the "fives" of this bank have the word "Onebee printed thereon immediately under the words five dollars, with the name of the bank printed on the back in French, with a series of irregular green discs.

The people of the Maritime Provinces are determined not to be behind with schemes for new railways. Besides those in course of construction. others are projected between Annapolis and Yarmouth Annapolis and Liverpool, New Glasgow and the Strait of Canso, from the Strait of Canso to Louisbourg, and others in Cape Breton. These are all Nova Scotian projects, but New Brunswick is also

VALUE OF REAL ESTATE IN MONTREAL .- Mr. John I. Arnton has placed in our hands a list of the sales of property effected by him in the last eleven months. The transactions in this line for the past year have been more numerous and probably more important, than those of any former year. An interesting circular has been published, showing an average increase of over 50 per cent, in the value of real estate in this city almost within a twelve-month.

A very malignant type of scarlet fever is at present affecting the ordinary healthy village of Hayner. Attended by "black throat" it runs its course in a four deaths occurred within a week. The violence and rapidity of the disease seem to baffle all medical trentment.

FALLING IN OF THE ROOF OF THE DRILL SHED .- A few minutes before nine o'clock last night the large roof of the Drill Shed on Craig st., fell in with a erash. Several minutes previous to this a mun coming down St. Gabriel street heard a noise like the report of a gun, which was quickly followed by another. Not knowing how to account for the unusual sounds, he proceeded on his way, but was soon stop ped by hearing a succession of sharp reports, and looking towards the Drill Shed he was surprised to see nearly the entire roof disappear in the building with a crash. Crowds began to assemble, and a batch of policemen soon arrived, who took charge of the rains. The roof, with the exception of a small portion at the North-East end, had fallen in and lay crumbled on the floor of the sized. The Band of the P of W. Rifles had a narrow escape from death. They were assembled in their band-room, according to custom, for the purpose of practice, when they were disturbed first by the gas going out, and after-wards by several loud reports, followed by a shower of stones thrown through the window. Thinking they were being attacked by a mob, they continued to play louder, but another shower of stones, and the appearance of a man at the window so enraged them that they rushed out of the Armory into the Drill Shed, where they at once discovered the state of affairs. Remaining quiet for a few minutes, they were rescued from their dangerous position by some persons outside, who broke the rear door of the Shed. The towers of the building, especially those on Craig street, are partially ruined, and will, we believe, require to be taken down. It is, of course, hard to say what was the cause of the accident, but there is It le doubt that the sudden change of temperature yesterday had something to do with it .- the French and English languages. A liberal Salary Witness 24 alt.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE MONTREAL CORPORATION FIREwoop.-The Corporation Fuel Committee have decide I to distribute the fuel in the following manner: -The Protestants will be able to obtain wood from the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge on the same terms that it was formerly sold at by the Council. French Catholics in the Eastend will be served by the St. Vincent de Paul Society, through the Rev. Father Campion, and in the West end, by the same Society, through the Rev. Mr. Versailles, of St. Joseph street. Irish Catholics, will apply to the St. Patrick's Society. The principle has been observed in the distribution that two-thirds of the population are Catholics, and the other third Protestants. The esty's Household.

T. G. Logan, M.D., K.C.B., Director-General of the distributed gratis on the above system.

We see by the Hamilton Standard that the nine hour movement is on foot, and that a mass meeting of the working men of that city will be held at the Mechanic's Hall on Saturday evening next, for the purpose of taking into consideration the possibility of the nine-hour movement.

A Model Magistrate -According to a Brantford (Ont.) telegram, the Mayor and other prominent citizens of that place were up before the Police and Europe. We want large bodies of land for the Magistrate on Thursday morning last, and fined European market. We have small tracks of 50 to \$1 25 each for not clearing the snow off their sidewalks. We would recommend to the City Council here, to make a bid for the services of that Magistrate immediately-if not sooner,

DR. STERRY HUNT.-The Engineering and Mining Journal, published in New York, says that all American disciples of science will rejoice at the news that Dr. T. Sterry Hunt has accepted the chair of Geology in the Massachussetts Institute of Technology. A son of New England by birth, Dr. Hunt has been for many years an exile from his native land, though not under circumstances of particular discomfort or woe. Certainly the world has treated him well; the laurels which he won in his youth have clustred more and more thickly around his prime; and he returns to abide among us, bringing with him a ripe and fruitful fame. We say candidly And 237 other physicians and surge ons attached that in our opinion his strongest points are not the ones which controversy has made most prominent. Many persons who know of him as a brilliant theorist are perhaps not aware of his remarkable familiarity with all the technical applications of science in chemistry, mining and metallurgy, of which his recently introduced and highly successful copper extraction process is an illustration. But all these qualities could be exhibited in Canada as well as L'ere; literature and invention and scientific research ha ve no nationality. What we gain by his return to this country for permanent residence is the advantage of his personal teaching at the institution which has see ured his services, and the great social pleasure of his me bre frequent intercourse with his professional brethre, n-a term which is synonymous with his

> Wood FOR THE POOR .- The inhabitants of St. Therese are going to follow the good example of the inbitants of St. Jerome, and will send in a quantity of wood to be dis, 'ribited among the poor of the city

> CARRYING A Co. 1982.—Sumuel Hannah, licensed carter, No. 260, was on Saturday morning brought before the Recorder and fined thirteen dollars including costs for carry ing on the 21st ult, the corpse of a child in his sleigh. The carter pleaded that he was Lired by Octave Non and to take the body to the cenetery and he had d one so not knowing it to be against the law. The Re corder held that the case was too serious to be overlook ed and he would impose a fine that the next person who would come before him charged with a simi, ar offence would be sent to ja I without the option of a fine. The child, it was stated-at the time of its death was covered with a rash rery like small-pox. - "lazette,

Died.

We regret @ announce the denrise of Mr. Damier Cronin, Timber Merchaet, Limerick, which took place at his residence, William Street, Li, nerick, on Sunday, the 24th Dec. Deceased was an old and respected citizen, and sprung from the Cell ic stock, whose brave old sires shed a lustre on the In story of the City of the vislated Treaty. He was in the 24th year of his age, and leaves a large family to 200m the loss of a good lather and a true-hearted, honest

His remains were interred in the beastiful new Cemetery, Mount St. Laurence. May his soul restin

Deceased was a I rother of Mr. W. F. Cronin. of

JUST PUBLISHED:

THE

ENGLISH INQUISITION WORSE THAN THE SPANISH:

BY SACERDOS. FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE-PRICE 5 CESTS CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S SOCIETY.



GRAND CONCERT

ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

Monday Evening, 5th Feb., 1872. few hours. In one family, that of Mr. M. Sullivan, Doors open at 7.30 p.m. Concert to commence

> TICKETS 25 cents. RESERVED SEATS 50 cents. WM. J. BRENNAN, Secretary.

> PROVINCE OF QUEEEC.) In the SUPERIOR COURT District of Montreal.

> DAME ISABELLA ANNIE JOICNSON, wife of ISAAC EBBITT of the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, Saloon-Reeper, hereto duly authorized by Judicial authorization for

> the prosecution of this suit, Plaintiff, vs.
> ISAAC EBBITT aforesaid of the said City of Montreal, Saloon-Keeper, Defendant.

> The said Plaintiff has this day instituted an action en separation de hiens ugainst the said Defendant. Montreal, 22nd January, 1872

L. N. BENJAMIN,

Att'y for Plaintiff.

WANTED

Immediately for the Male Separate School of Belleville, A FIRST CLASS R. C. MALE TEACHER, must be of good moral character, and be well recommended by his Priest, Salary \$400 per annum. Application (if by letter, post paid) to be made

P. P. LYNCH, Sec.

R. C. S. S. Trusteys, Belleville Ont., Dec, 18th 1871.

TEACHER WANTED. A FEMALE TEACHER wanted in the Parish of

St. Sophia, Co. of Terrebonne, capable of teaching will be given; teaching to commence as soon as possible after New Year. Applications prepaid; address, P. CAREY, Sec.-Treas., St. Sophia, Terre bonne Co., P.Q.

TO CONTRACTORS:

TENDERS will be received until the 5th February next for the building of a Seminary at Lindsay; white brick; 72 x 54; 3 Stories high; Mansard roof. Lowest or any tender not necessarily necepted. M. STAFFORD, PRIEST. Lindsay, Jan. 12, 1872.

FOR SALE.

TWENTY-FIVE SHARES of the CAPITAL STOCK of the ST. PATRICK'S HALL ASSOCIA-TION. Apply at this Office.

UNITED STATES LAND AGENCY.

WE Prochase, Sell and Exchange Lands, in large or small tructs, in all parts of the United States. We make Surveys and Geological Examinations. We form Colonies. We find Capital for Mining and Developing Land. We examine Titles, Pay Taxes &c. We have Correspondents all over the Union 500 acres to sell on your own terms.

Address, UNITED STATES LAND CO.,

Central Office, 615 Broadway, N. Y.