THE TORONTO WORLD.

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W. F. MACLEAN, Publisher.

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TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 21 1885

TO THE PUBLIC.

One W. D. Doran and agents of his have been to the business men of Toronto saying that they represent THE WORLD, and that this paper was getting up a Business Exhibit, for which they solicited cards. THE WORLD does not intend to publish such a Business Exhibit, and the public are warned against paying money to any of these men, as their representations are false. W. F. MACLEAN.

Where the Honors Go.

The honors taken by the first twelve schools at the recent matriculation examinations of Toronto university are distributed as follows: Toronto collegiate institute, which passed 15 candidates, took 38 honors, 20 first and 18 second; Upper Canada college with 15 men took 35 honors, 20 first and 15 second; St. Marys collegiate institute with 8 candidates took 17 honors, 2 first and 15 second; Perth collegiate institute with 4 candidates took 14 honors, 10 first and 4 second; Uxbridge high school with 6 candidates took 13 honors, 3 first and 10 second; St. Catharines collegiate institute with 9 candidates took 9 honors, 4 first and 5 second; Brantford collegiate institute with 5 candidates took 9 honors, 3 first and 6 second; London collegiate institute with 3 candidates took 9 honors, 3 first and 6 second; Strathroy high school with 4 candidates took 9 honors, 3 first and 6 second; Barrie collegiate institute with 5 candidates took 8 honors, 7 first and 1 second; Bowmanville high school with 2 candidates took 8 honors, 4 first and 4 second, and St. Thomas collegiate institute with 3 candidates took 8 honors, 4 first and 4 second.

Is it so?

The talk among the liberal politicians on the inside is that Archbishop Lynch has made the removal of Warden Massie from the Central prison a condition absolute of his continuing in the Ontario government. The archbishop has filled the portfolio of Minister of Religion with credit to himself and his colleagues, and during occupancy he has been a source of strength to Mr. Mowat. We take it, however, that Mr. Hardy's reverend colleague is too astute a man to commit himself to such a step until he has first heard the evidence taken by the commission appointed to investigate the conduct of the warden.

Canadian Divorces in Michigan.

A Daniel has come to judgment at Detroit. It has long been the custom for ill-assorted couples to cross the line from Windsor and seek that dissolution around the securing of which their own country throws so many obstacles. But Judge Chipman has arrived at the conclusion that the time has about come for this kind of thing to be stopped. The other day Sophia C. Thompson, of London, Ont., aged 20 and beautiful, appeared before him after the year's residence required by the laws of the state, and asked that she might be released from her vows to love, honor and obey John P. Thompson. Judge Chipman allowed that Mr. Thompson had been guilty of conduct sufficiently bad to entitle his lovely wife to a decree, but it suddenly occurred to him to cross-examine the applicant thus:

"Where did you say you lived?"
"In London, Ont."
"When did you come from there?"
"About a year ago."
"Why did you come here? Was it for the purpose of getting a divorce?"
"Yes, sir, it was!"

The learned judge looked over the rim of his spectacles at the youth and beauty before him, considered for a moment the artless simplicity of the answers, and then made up his flinty old heart to deny the application for a divorce. The lady burst into tears, but the edict had gone forth and was irrevocable. Judge Chipman is undoubtedly right in his conclusions that the clause in the statute providing that a year's residence in the state is necessary should be interpreted in spirit rather than in letter; that the intention was that a residence should be had in good faith, not for the purpose merely of getting a divorce, and that there was no justification for making the state of Michigan an asylum where disgruntled couples can secure divorces which would not be given to them at their actual homes. His honor however struck an awkward time for enforcing his convictions, but the result will doubtless be a warning to Canadians that the release from voluntarily assumed bondage is not quite so easily effected as they might desire.

A cable despatch from Paris says it will cost thirty million francs, or six million dollars, to repair the damages caused to the French navy during the recent war with China. During the war the despatches, official and otherwise, rarely admitted that the Celestials did anything except waste gunpowder. But then it was a question of glory; now it is a question of indemnity. The desire for peace was probably not entirely on one side after all.

An old citizen writes wanting to know why the by-laws against cow-byres and the driving of cattle on the street are not enforced. Perhaps the mayor or some of the aldermen will explain at the next meeting. Quite a number of citizens would like to know.

The following is said to be the record of disasters in the British navy for one day: "One torpedo boat destroyed by explosion of her boiler, one boat dismasted by collision, one ironclad set on fire by careless packing of ammunition, and another ironclad lost her rudder through structural weakness." Taking this report to be true, it would seem to be safe to conclude that the result of a modern naval war would not depend upon the bravery of the mariners, or even upon the skill of those in command, but almost entirely upon the honesty of the contractors.

John Roach, the bankrupt shipbuilder, attributes his failure to too much patriotism. He says he spent a million dollars in building his shipyard and employed 2500 American workmen. He established a rolling mill to prepare his own steel and iron. It is in truth rather hard that the selfsame patriotism that enabled Mr Roach to obtain the wherewithal to invest in his works did not provide him with a perpetual pension equal to the payment of himself and the 2500 men under him. Notwithstanding this remarkable exhibition of a nation's ingratitude, Mr. Roach says, if rightly managed, his estate will yet pay two dollars for every one dollar of liabilities. So it would appear that in spite of his grumbling Mr. Roach's patriotism paid all right, but there was a screw loose in the management. The ships leaked, as it were.

The agony is over. The house of commons at Ottawa after a protracted session of six months has been prorogued. The event occurred yesterday, Monday, the 20th of July. Why it did not happen on Saturday, the 18th, was probably because the members who live at a distance would have been tempted to take the night train, and consequently would have to travel on the Sabbath. The intentions in this respect were most praiseworthy, but we fear the wicked members did not fall in so readily as they should have done with the views of the paternal government under which we live, for the despatch announcing the prorogation significantly says: "Although there were many visitors present the attendance of members was meagre, the majority having taken advantage of their release to escape from the scene of their labors." To practice is one thing and to preach is another. It is only lately that we saw members hastily gulp down their whisky and beer to go and vote for prohibition out-and-out. There is, therefore, nothing very wonderful in their advocating the enforcement of blue laws in public and encouraging their violation in private. Really, though, hasn't the time about arrived for Canada to expect her paid legislators to consider other things besides their own personal comfort?

There was a story copied in the World from a Winnipeg paper that Mr. Van Horne, of the C. P. R. was a great poker player. His friends say that the item is misleading: while he may play a quiet game with an old acquaintance for a nickel he never bets at cards. One of his friends in Toronto says that Mr. Van Horne is a regular mind-reader, and that if he played cards he would down his opponent easily, as his ability to read their minds, and through them their hands, is something marvellous. It is only fair to Mr. Van Horne that those papers which copied the poker story should withdraw it. In the United States a man is rather proud of the reputation of being a good poker player; in Canada it seems to be otherwise. The Mail however is continually trumpeting the merits of two of the Ontario ministers as experts in the seductive game.

The Commissariat in the Northwest.

Editor World: By a Port Hope paper I see that one Col. Tyrwhitt, an M.P., has remarked that the transport service in the Northwest has been perfect, that provisions have always been plentiful, and that those who complained should have remained at home with their mothers. The paper adds that some one on hearing this remarked that perhaps their mothers would not have them. The latter is evidently an editorial remark and deemed smart by the editor. Whether it is or not, the gratuitous insertion of the paragraph endorses the M.P.'s sneer, and places editor and M.P. on a par in the matter.

If perfection consists in carelessness, waste, loss and evident jobbery, then the transport service has most assuredly been perfect. That the men have most always had plenty of provisions is but half the truth. The pork, hard tack and canned meat allowed the men, but not drawn, wasted, traded off (getting little for it), and returned to store (I doubt if the government will benefit much by this), would undoubtedly have kept the men in plenty of good, wholesome fare.

The military M. P.'s adroitness in conveying false impressions by telling the truth, but concealing the vital point and trying to silence more than justifiable complaints by sneering, proclaims his profession. He don't need M. P. attached to his name, but P. P. would be better. Had he been afflicted with the disagreeable and distressing afflictions a good many of the men have undergone from the wretched and unwholesome fare, to say nothing of more serious things, he might have talked differently.

I have noticed that officers who talked like him did not deem the fare and cooking good enough for their stomachs by any means, even though they had neither work nor duty to perform; but no doubt they deem their stomachs higher toned or differently constructed from those of the base noncommisioned and baser privates; nor am I sure some of them did not at times keep themselves in sugar at the men's expense, and that, too, when the men had not half enough.

Perhaps the M.P. is interested in silencing complaints. I am pretty sure he would not be alone in this by any means. Speaking for the corps I have been with, the fare, providing for cooking and cooking arrangements could not well have been worse. A good deal of the time the men had to either go hungry or eat stuff hogs would sicken and die on. River drivers, farm laborers or shantymen would not put up with such twenty-four hours, to say nothing of the abuse, insults, unnecessary privations and aggravating tomfoolery they have been subject to. Besides this some of them have been prevented, so far as they well could be, from utilizing the wretched stuff furnished them to the best advantage and supplementing it with other things.

Moreover, not only no regard for their physical welfare has been shown, but about all has been done that well could be to ruin their health and kill them off. But for the fine dry, cool weather most of the time, and the invigorating, vitalizing atmosphere in the Northwest, there would have been more cemeteries started there than there has been, and a good portion of at least our corps would have been physically ruined. A good many of the men have not deserved better treatment, and a great deal of what I allude to has been due to their conduct, but that conduct has been chiefly due to some of those over them, especially some of the quixotic and pedantic muttonheads (to speak mildly) who display medals or sport cocked hats. That such men should be given command up there when such a man as Major Walsh was available is enough to make the most thoughtless think.

The men should at least surely have been allowed to draw sugar and coffee in place of the stuff allowed them that they could not eat or use, or else given credit for it. Save officers, servants, fellows who played off sick, or those whose absence was desirable during certain investigations held, men of our corps who wished to remain the rest of the season in the Northwest could not get off, though they did not ask to be paid off. The powers that be evidently wanted to give all they could the benefit of their providing for and management to the last, and heaven knows they have done so with a vengeance.

The government surely never intended the men should be fed as they have been, much less treated as some have. The writer has ceased to think that the shameful neglect to provide fare and shelter for the men along Lake Superior last spring was accidental. There has evidently been a scheme all round to make money at the expense of the government and men and rings within rings. Instead of their hitherto querulous and contemptible conduct let the opposition probe this whole business to the core and at least prevent corporations, contractors, and some of the military gentlemen alluded to from fattening at the expense of the men and the risking of their lives and health.

VOLUNTEER.

Port Arthur, July 17, 1885.

None Better.

—There is no more wholesome or delicious fruit on earth than the Wild Strawberry, and there is no more effectual remedy for cholera, dysentery, cramps and other summer complaints of infants or adults, than Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

The Halifax Battalion.

MONTREAL, July 20.—The Halifax battalion will arrive Wednesday morning. On arrival at the tanneries they will be breakfasted and then take the train to Lachine for a run down the rapids. Landing at the Island wharf, they will march to the city hall, where they will be addressed by the mayor. Thence they will march to Victoria square, where an exhibition of the water power of the city will take place. They will afterwards march to the mountain and return to the tanneries, where a hot dinner will be served. The battalion will be brought back into the city and disbanded for the afternoon to amuse themselves after their own fashion. Later on supper will be served, and they will leave for home on Wednesday evening.

It is expected that the Montreal Garrison artillery will arrive on Thursday.

The Munster Bank.

DUBLIN, July 20.—A large meeting of shareholders of the Munster bank was held to-day to consider means to settle the affairs of the concern and enable it to resume business. All the directors were present. The meeting appointed a committee to ascertain the exact financial condition and the best means of reviving the bank or reconstructing it on a solid foundation. The directors were authorized to oppose the liquidation proceedings. A resolution was adopted amid prolonged and unanimous applause heartily thanking Earl Carnarvon for his expressions of sympathy with the owners and depositors of the bank and his promise of assistance.

The Quebec Goes to the Bottom.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Ont., July 20.—The steamer Quebec, while coming down the Ste. Marie river on Wednesday evening ran upon a rock, where she remained until met by the Ontario. All efforts by the Ontario to get her afloat failed, and at ten last night she broke loose, sprang a leak and sunk in a few minutes. All the passengers and crew escaped to the Ontario. She was in command of Capt. Symes.

A Cannibal in Italy.

ROME, July 20.—Two hundred persons have been poisoned by ice cream at Reposto, Sicily, during a public holiday. A crowd severely punished a vendor, who narrowly escaped with his life. A madman has been arrested at San Dono, near Venice, on a charge of kidnapping. He confesses he has stolen and eaten a number of children because he was starving.

A Quarter of a Million Gone.

NEW BRIGHTON SOUND, July 20.—The extensive plaster of Paris mills of J. B. King and Co., located here, were burned this afternoon. Their destruction, it is said, will greatly advance the price of all plaster of Paris on the Atlantic coast. The fire started in a defective boiler or furnace flue. The loss will be about $260,000. The insurance is less than $120,000.

Dissensions in the League.

TRALEE, Ireland, July 20.—At a league meeting to-day a strong protest was made against the action of the Central committee in dissolving a branch of the league in connection with the case of Mr. Harrington's brother. Unless an inquiry be instituted the Tralee leaguers will form an opposition league and will demand the return of money forwarded to the committee.

Eighteen Thousand Cholera Victims.

LONDON, July 20.—The total of deaths in Spain to date from cholera is over 18,000, and the pest is spreading daily into new provinces. Officials are suppressing the news right and left and the reports of the mortality are far below the truth. The disease is spreading in Madrid.

Salvationists in Camp.

OLD ORCHARD, Me., July 20.—The Salvation army opened its national camp meeting here yesterday with a "knee" drill at 7 o'clock. About 2000 persons are in attendance. This is the first camp meeting ever held by the army.

A Hearty Endorsement.

—The people, the press and the profession all heartily endorse the merits of Burdock Blood Bitters as the best blood and liver regulator and purifying tonic now in use. 246

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY, July 20.

Hudson's Bay shares in London £17; Northwest Land unchanged at 35s.—Special cable to Cox & Co.

Posted asking rates of sterling exchange in New York, $4.85 for long bills and $4.86½ for demand.

The local stock market was fairly active to-day, the transactions aggregating 407 shares. 40 Ontario sold at 107¾; 16 Commerce at 125½ (after board), 2 Imperial at 121¾; Standard at 115¾; 10 Hamilton at 123½; 10 British America at 73½; 20-20 Western Assurance at 91; 15 Dominion Telegraph at 87; 20 Canada Permanent at 200¼; 66-130 Western Canada (new stock) at 184¼, 40 at 180; 10 Farmers' L. and Savings at 106½, 8 at 107 (new stock).

The receipts of grain on the street to-day were small and prices firm. One load of goose wheat offered and sold 73c, and spring and fall are nominal at 84c to 86c. One load of barley sold at 55c, and one load of oats at 37c. Peas are nominal at 64c. Hay in limited supply and prices firm; twelve loads sold at $11 to $12 a ton for new, and $14 to $18 for old. Straw is nominal at $9 to $10 a ton. Hogs unchanged at $6 50 for small lots for butchers' use. Beef, $4 to $5 for forequarters, and $8.50 to $10.50 for hindquarters. Mutton, carcass, $6 to $7.

In store at the Northern elevator: Flour, 3000 brls.; fall wheat, 69,414 bush.; spring wheat, 41,122 bush.; barley, 6376 bush.; peas, 7824 bush.; total grain, 124,736 bush. Shipments, 10,000 bush. spring wheat.

Business troubles reported to-day: R. G. Colton, grocer, Lakefield, Ont., creditors to meet to-morrow; G. Darby, fancy goods, St. Thomas, assigned.

There were 185 failures in the United States during the past week, as compared with 170 the preceding week, and with 211, 140 and 131 respectively in the corresponding weeks of 1884, 1883 and 1882. About 90 per cent. were those of small traders, whose capital was less than $5000. Canada had 14, a decrease of 10.

Chicago despatches say the lake line boats have had to surrender to the one-cent grain rate to Buffalo. Corn was sent forward last week in very large quantities at that rate. The through rate, lake and canal to New York is 4½ cents, which makes one cent to Buffalo.

Saturday's New York bank statement shows that the surplus reserve increased $672,500 last week, and is now $64,583,615. The actual cash held by the banks is $161,544,300. Loans increased $1,035,900; specie, $131,100; legal tenders, $1,572,800, deposits, $4,124,600, and circulation $28,100.

The New York stock market was buoyant at the opening, then broke sharply, closing weak. New York Central opened ⅜ higher at 97, touched 97½ and 95¾, closed 95½; sales 18,500. Lackawanna opened ⅛ lower at 100½, touched 101¼ and 98⅝, closed 99; sales 23,800. Erie 2d's opened ⅜ higher at 60, touched 60½ and 58⅝, closed 58¾. Lake Shore opened ¼ higher at 69¾, touched 70¼ and 67⅞, closed 67½; sales 39,200. Missouri Pacific opened ¼ higher at 98, touched and closed 96; sales 4300. Northern Pacific preferred opened unchanged at 44¾, touched 44½ and 45¼, closed 45⅛; sales 9500. Northwest opened ½ higher at 99½, touched and closed 97⅞; sales 14,500. Pacific Mail opened ¼ higher at 50, touched and closed 49; sales 8900. St. Paul opened ½ higher at 80⅜, touched 80⅞ and closed 78½; sales 52,400 Union Pacific opened ¼ higher at 55, touched 51⅝, closed 51¾; sales 45,000. Western Union opened ⅛ higher at 67½, touched 67⅞ and 65⅛, closed 65¼; sales 25,000. Manitoba opened 1 higher at 100, touched 99½ and 104, closed 102½; sales 5800. Canadian Pacific opened ¼ lower at 45⅞, closed 45½; sales 600.

Oil City—The oil market was extremely dull and featureless to-day. Opened 94⅝, closed 93⅞ bid, highest 95, lowest 93⅞.

Consols opened unchanged at 99⅞, closed 99 5-16.

Canadian Pacific shares in London closed strong at 47.

Toronto Stock Exchange.

Montreal 195, 194½; Ontario 108, 107¼; Toronto 184, 183; Merchants', buyers 112¼; Commerce 126, 125½; Imperial, buyers 121; Federal, 94½, 94; Dominion 196½, 194½; Standard 116½, 116; Hamilton 124, 123; British America, 74, 72½; Western Assurance, 91, 90¾; Consumers Gas, 161, 160½; Dominion Tel. 87, 86½; Northwest Land Co. buyers 37; Canada Permanent, 201, 200; Freehold, 166½ 166; Western Canada, new stock, 180¾, 180; Canada Landed Credit, 123 121; B. and L. Ass. buyers 108½; Imperial S. and Invest. 109, 108½; Farmers' L. and Savings, buyers 111½; Lon. & Can. L. and A., 143¾, 140; London and Ontario, sellers 113; Ontario Loan and Deb., buyers 122½; Hamilton Provident, buyers 123; British Can. L. and Invest., sellers 104.

Montreal Stock Exchange—Closing Prices.

Bank of Montreal 195¼, 195; Ontario, 108, 107½; Toronto 186, 182; Merchants 113, 112½; Commerce 126½, 125½; C.P.R. 46, 45, Montreal Tel. Co. 124¾, 124½; Richelieu 59¾, 58½; City Passenger 120¾ 120; Gas 182½, 182¼; Northwest Land, offered 36s.

SALES—Morning board—10 Bank of Montreal at 195; 10 Commerce at 126; 50 C.P.R. at 46; 50 Richelieu at 59; 120 Passenger at 121. Afternoon board—125 Bank of Montreal at 195, 10 at 195½; 35 Merchants at 112½; 5 at 112¾; 25 Richelieu at 59; 500 Passenger at 120½; 225 Gas at 182½.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Cotton quiet, middling uplands 10; New Orleans 10¼. Flour—Receipts 32,700 brls., dull; buyers favor; sales 12,800 brls.; No. 2 $2.40 to $3.50; superfine western and state $3.30 to $3.75, common to choice white wheat western extra, $4.75 to $5.25, fancy do $5.30 to $5.50, choice to double extra $5.50 to $5.60, patent Minnesota extra good to prime $5 to $5.50, choice to double extra $5.50 to $5.60. Wheat—Receipts 64,200 bush., exports 113,000 bush.; spot ¼c to ½c higher, options opened ⅛c to ¼c lower, later ruled stronger and advanced ⅝c to ¾c, closing firm at ¼c and ⅛c under best rates; sales 2,944,000 bush., future 130,000 bush. spot; No. 2 Chicago and Milwaukee 92¼c, store ungraded, red 83c to $1.05, No. 2 red $1.01⅝, No 2 red July $1.01⅝, August closing $1.02½. Corn—Receipts 208,000 bush., opened shade better, later declined ⅛c to ¾c, closing steady; exports 122,000 bush., sales 1,224,000 bush. futures 430,000 bush. spot. and arrive ungraded 51c to 53½c, No. 2 52c to 52½c, elevator low, mixed 53c, No. 2 July closing 52c, August 52½c. Oats—Receipts 77,900 bush., ⅛c to ¼c better, and more active; sales 350,000 bush. future and 116,000 bush. spot; No. 2 36⅜c to 36¾c, elevator; mixed western 37c to 40c; white do. 39c to 40c. No. 2 July closing 36½c. Eggs firm, Canadian 14½c. Pork firm; mess spot $11.50, family mess $11.25 to $11.50. Cut meats firm; sales pickled bellies 6½c to 7c, middles dull, long clear 6c. Lard dull, $6.85. Cheese quiet and firm; state 6½c to 8¾c, western flat at 4½c to 7c.

CHICAGO, July 20.—Flour quiet, unchanged. Wheat somewhat unsettled and nervous; market opened easy with free offerings on local account and prices ruled ⅛c to ⅜c lower, stronger feeling was however quickly developed and prices rallied again ⅛c to ¾c on reports of damage to crops. About noon markets became easier on rumors of anticipated increase in visible supply, and prices declined ¾c. Market during last half of session was weak, with more or less realizing, and finally closed about ⅜c lower than closing Saturday; closing sales: cash 89½c and 89¾c, July 89½c, August 90½c to 90⅝c, September 92½c No. 2 spring 89¾c. No. 2 red 89c to 89½c. Corn quiet and lower; cash 46c, July 45½c, August 45¾c. Oats quiet, No. 2 31½c to 31¾c, cash 31¾c, July 26¾c, August —. Pork quiet and lower: cash $10.30 to $10.35, August closed $10.30 to $10.32½, September $10.37½ to $10 40. Lard quiet; cash and August $6.65 to $6.67½, September $6.72½ to $6.77½, closed $6.75. Boxed meats quiet; dry salted shoulders $4.15 to $4.25, short rib sides $5 70 to $5.70½, short clear sides $5.95 to $6. Receipts—Flour 12,000 brls., wheat 49,000 bush., corn 25,000 bush., oats 133,000 bush., rye 1000 bush., barley 1000 bush. Shipments—Flour 8000 brls., wheat 52,000 bush., corn 256,000 bush., oats 66,000 bush.

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