The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES | CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1919 | VOL. XLVII. No. 31

Canadian-West Land Regulations

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, who was at the commencement of the present war and who has since continued to be a British subject or a subject of an allied or neutral country, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for District. Entry by proxy may be made on certain conditions. Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of land in each of three years.

In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter-section as pre-emption. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Reside six months in each of three years after earning homestead patent and cultivate 50 extra acres. May obtain pre-emption patent as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

A settler after obtaining homestead patent, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

Holders of entries may count time of employment as farm labourers in Canada during 1917, as residence duties under certain conditions.

When Dominion Lands are advertised or posted for entry, returned soldiers who have served overseas and have been honourably discharged, receive one day priority in applying for entry at local Agent's Office (but not Sub-Agency). Discharge papers must be presented to Agent.

W. W CORY,

Deputy Ministerof the Interior

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In Barrels Casks.

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MINARD'S LINIMENT USED PHYSICIANS.

Legislative Assembly.

Prince Edward Island.

Rules Relating to Private Bills.

36 All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within fourteen days after the commencement of the season exclusive of adjournment.

37 No Private Bill shall be brought in to the House, but upon a petition first presented, truly stating the case at the peril of the suitors for such Bill, and such petition must be signed by the said parties.

38 A committee shall be appointed at the commencement of every Session consisting of five members of whom three shall be a quorum, to be denominated. The Private Bills Committee to whom shall be referred every Private Bill, and no proceedings after the first reading shall be had upon such Bill until such Comimttee has reported thereon to the House.

39 So soon as the Committee has reported any Bill, such Bill together with any amendments that may be suggested by the Committee, shall be printed at the expense of the parties who are suitors for such Bill and printed copies thereof delivered to the members before the second reading, if deemed necessary by the Committee.

40 No Bill for the particular interest of any person or persons, Corporation or Corporations or body or bodies of people shall be read a second time until all fees ba paid for the same into the hands of the Clerk of the House

41 No Bill having for its object the vesting in or conferring upon any person or persons, Municipality or Body corporate the title to any tract of land shall be received or read in the House unless at least four weeks notice containing a full description of the land in question has been published in the Royal Gazette and one other newspaper in this Province of the intention of such person or persons Municipality or body Corporate to apply for such Bill.

H. E. DAWSON,

Clerk Legislative Assembly

On 279 Special Trains, C. G. Railways

Up to March 1st 757,400 Troops have travelled over Government Railways.

Thousands arrive each week at Halifax and are sent forward to Dispersal Areas.

Since the war began in 1914 up to March 1st, when S.S. Belgic disembarked her returned soldier passengers at Halifax 757,400 troops have been carried on special trains over the Canadian Government Railways.

The first train which carried troops over the Government Railways the year the war was declared was numbered one and all special troop trains to and from Halifax since that time have been numbered consecutively. The last train from the Belgic on Saturday was No. 1279. Each train averages about twelve cars with an average of 50 men to a car, which figures up a total of 767,400 men carried. Of course in addition to this thousands of soldiers have journeyed between Montreal and Halifax by regular trains during the past furo years.

The movement of troops back to Canada is now approaching its greatest activity. Last Sunday 5000 arrived at Halifax by the transports Lapland and Belgic, and fifteen special trains were despatched westward inside of fourteen hours.

S. S. Megantic with soldiers and dependents arrived Wednesday and S.S. Adriatic is due Sunday. The movement of returning men is to be kept up actively all summer.

The process of disembarkation at Halifax is being carried on without a hitch, and there is a fine system of co-operation between the Military and the Railway officials.

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS
Prince Edward Island.

Time Table in Effect June 2nd, 1919

ATLANTIC STANDARD TIME

Trains Outward, Read Down.						Trains Inward, Read Up			
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
4.30	3.30	12.50	6.15	Dep.	Charlottetown	Arr. 10.35	1.40	7.05	11.20
6.20	4.30	2.17	7.11		Hunter River	9.00	12.42	5.47	10.20
7.10	5.05	2.55	7.45	Arr.	Emerald Jct.	7.40	12.10	5.05	9.50
	6.20	4.00	8.35	Arr.	Borden	Dep. 6.40		4.15	9.00

P.M.	P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
9.00	4.15	6.40	Dep.	Borden	Arr. 8.35		4.00
10.00	5.15	8.00		Emerald Junction	8.00	12.10	2.55
10.30	5.40	8.40	Arr.	Kensington	7.15	11.45	2.15
11.00	6.05	9.20	Arr.	Summerside	Dep. 6.45	11.20	1.30
						A.M.	P.M.

P.M.	A.M.				A.M.	P.M.
6.30	11.05	Dep.	Summerside	Arr	10.30	12.35
7.28	12.51		Port Hill		8.56	11.39
8.17	2.22		O'Leary		7.36	10.50
8.58	3.31		Alberton		6.17	10.04
9.35	4.30	Arr.	Tignish	Dep.	5.15	9.30
	P.M.					A.M.

P.M.	A.M.				A.M.	P.M.
3.05	6.50	Dep.	Charlottetown	Arr.	10.00	5.50
4.15	8.45		Mount Stewart		8.45	4.15
4.42	9.22		Morell		8.17	3.17
5.02	9.52		St. Peters		7.55	2.40
6.05	11.25	Arr.	Souris	Dep.	6.55	1.15

P.M.				A.M.
7.20	Arr.	Elmira	Dep.	5.35

P.M.	A.M.				A.M.	P.M.
4.15	9.00	Dep.	Mount Stewart	Arr.	8.45	3.55
5.04	10.10		Cardigan		7.47	2.39
5.25	10.50		Montague		7.23	2.10
6.00	11.30	Arr.	Georgetown	Dep.	6.45	1.00

Sat. Only P.M.	Daily ex. Sat. & Sun. P.M.				Daily ex. Sat. & Sun. A.M	Sat. Only A.M.
4.00	3.30	Dep.	Charlottetown	Arr.	10.40	10.05
5.15	5.15		Vernon River	Dep.	8.45	8.51
6.45	7.25		Murray Har.	Dep.	6 45	72.0

H. H. MELANSON,
Passenger Traffic Manager
Toronto, Ont.

W. T. HUGGAN
District Passenger Agent,
Charlottetown, P.E.I.

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We cater to the men's trade, and no other. If you were sick you wouldn't call to see a Tailor, or a Blacksmith, about the condition of your health. Of course not; you would call to see a Doctor

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WELL, there's where we shine!!!!
We study the business. We know what suits a young man

we knowwhat suits a middle-aged man, and we know what suits the old gentleman—both in goods and in style. It does not make any difference whether you want your clothes Ready-to-Wear, or Made-to-Order. We are equally in a position to suit you. We do not let a suit or overcoat leave our establishment until it suits and fits the mar who is buying. Our prices are always right when you take the quality into consideration.

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Overcoats, Made-to-Order-from.....**$30.00** to **$48.00**

Overcoats, Ready-to-Wear.....**$15.00** to **$36.00**

Success Is a Habit

Our habits make us. We are creatures of habit. Whether we are a success or a failure is a question of how we do things without thinking. To Save is the only way to Success

Gloves

We have just the kind of Gloves you need, lined and unlined. Also Wool Gloves for this time of year. Suedes and Tans—both combination. Priec.....**$1.00** to **$4.00**

Underwear

Come and get your Underwear before it is all sold. We have all kinds—two-piece and light and heavy weight. Prices per suit **$1.90** to **$5.50**

MacLELLAN BROS.

Common Sense About The Crusades

(By Mr. J. W. Poynter.)

A little while ago, in the weekly paper, "Common Sense," there appeared the following passage: "Politicians who believe in crusading abroad should turn to Gibbon, who says, 'The lives and labors of millions who were buried in the East would have been more profitably employed in the improvement of their native country.'"

Common Sense is behind the times. In the first place, would my person of critical sense quote Gibbon as an authority in regard to the ethics of such events as the Crusades? Cold and skeptical by temperament, religious enthusiams were as far from him as the North Pole is from Pernambuco; moreover, he lived amidst (and wrote for) a confirmed anti-Catholic people. Perhaps, however, the idea of Common Sense is that the Crusades were Papal, and, as the Pope must always be wrong, the Crusade can safely be condemned out of hand.

Is it not time Catholics pointed out effectively their real significance? Pope Pius X. (letter rejecting an article on Union with the East, December 26, 1910), said that, to condemn them, one must "trample under foot the principles of history." Of course no one denies the evils which were mingled with the good in the Wars of the Cross. The same must, in the nature of things, necessarily be said of any war whatsoever. But taking the matter in globo, Catholics can take the high ground that, after allowing for all defects, the Crusades saved Christian civilization in Europe, and that the Church can claim, on behalf of our forefathers who "took the cross,' the meed of Europe's eternal gratitude.

Of course, the Crusaders fought primarily for a religious motive, and possibly did not realize the purely political importance of their acts. To rescue the Holy Places from the paynim was their first desire and the religious sanction and glory of their enterprises. But even from the point of view of modern sceptical "common sense" what was the position? "Even the most short-sighted politicians," says Hallam (Middle Ages, ed. 1880, p. 202), "were sometimes withdrawn from selfish objects by the appalling progress of the Turks." Again (ibid., p. 272): "Under the last of the house of Ommiyah, one command was obeyed almost along the whole diameter of the known world, from the banks of the Sihon to the utmost promontory of Portugal." Or, to quote Sybel (History of Crusades, p. 2) "Fifty years after his (Mahomet's) death, his followors were already ruling the land from the Indus in the east, the Caucasus in the north, to the coasts of the Atlantic in the west." Moreover, it was aggressively anti-Christian warfare. "Unbelievers (in Islam) were rebels, who were to be smitten with the edge of the sword, and forced to conform to his doctrines, or pay tribute." (Sybel, p. 3.) "When Moslem rule was established from Jerusalem to Carthage the Church was tolerated only to be humiliated.' (Robertson. Short History of Christianity, p. 193). At the time of Luther, Moslem rule reached (and blighted) from Belgrade to Persia, and from Armenia to the North-western Africa.

What would Europe have been had the Crusaders "stayed at home?" They would have little "country" (save as Moslem satrapies) to "improve." Let us honor and defend against all such ignorance our old Crusading forefathers who saved Europe.

To Care For Lepers

Sister Regina, the much beloved member of the Daughters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul, who since 1898 was in charge of the men's hall at St. Vincent's Hospital, Indianapolis, left for Carville Island, below New Orleans, where she will take charge of the work at the Louisiana Leper Home. This is an institution for lepers which is conducted by the devoted Sisters of the order to which she belongs. The institution is on an island in the Mississippi river, fifteen miles below New Orleans. There are eighty-six plague-stricken patients in the colony, and heretofore six Sisters of the order, under the direction of Sister Benedicta, have had charge of the great charity conducted on the island. The number of lepers has increased and from year to year there has been need of increasing the number of Sisters. It is understood Sister Regina goes to assume charge of the work of the institution succeeding Sister Benedicta, who has conducted it for many years.

When the Sisters go to this institution they generally expect to spend the remainder of their days there. Rev. A. V. Keenan of the diocese of New Orleans is the Chaplain in charge of the institution.

During her years of service at the hospital Sister Regina attended many famous men, among them Theodore Roosevelt, who, while President of the United States, was stricken while in Indianapolis.

Cardinal Boggiani

The new Archbishop of Genoa, Cardinal Boggiani, was welcomed to his See city with great splendor. The mayor of Genoa, the Prefect, all the municipal council, the general in charge of the army corps and all the grandees of the city of palaces assembled at the Cathedral of San Lorenzo to receive the new prelate.

The Cardinal drove from the Archiepiscopal palace in an automobile, which had been presented to him for use in his episcopal work by his people, and was loudly acclaimed in the city. The mayor and council of his native place, Boscomarengo, were also present in the Cathedral to do him honor. After kissing the Crucifix, blessing the faithful and receiving the incense, the Cardinal Archbishop intoned the "Te Deum," after which he received the obedience of the clergy and metropolitan chapter to the number of two hundred priests. He then gave the Apostolic Benediction and returned to the episcopal palace, where he was greeted by the mayor, who welcomed him formally and warmly on behalf of the citizens.

At Old Bardstown

During the centennial of the consecration of Old St. Joseph's Cathedral at Bardstown, Ky., which took place on Tuesday, August 5, a special feature of the celebration was the unveiling of a stately memorial monument of three bronze statues, representing Victory and Liberty, in honor of the valiant soldier boys of the parish who followed the colors of their country in the world war.

One hundred and eleven young men of the congregation were in the service, four of whom made the supreme sacrifice on the battlefields of Flanders, Belgium and Chateau-Thierry.

It is the first memorial of its kind to be erected, and, while thus honoring the brave young soldier lads, it will reflect great credit upon the patriotism of the membership of St. Joseph's congregation, the members of which have been truly munificent in their contributions toward the erection of this beautiful memorial monument.

Four bronze tablets will form a part of the structure. One of these will be beneath the statue of Victory with an appropriate design and inscription.

Archbishop Cerretti

Mgr. Ceretti has had a great success in Paris, or rather Holy Church has had the success, and he has been the capable intermediary. No doubt was felt in Rome that the justice of the point of view of the Holy See was so clear that Paris should have no difficulty in amending the two badly drawn clauses of the treaty to meet it. The Corriere d'Italia Paris correspondent gives the text, in rough, of the amendments, which had been handed to Mgr. Ceretti by the British foreign minister, Mr. Balfour, officially representing the "Big Four."

One point states:

"Regarding the missions, the Allied and associated governments have decided that, in the dispositions of the mandates, the mandatory powers shall be instructed to give the most generous interpretation to Clause 22 of the League of Nations agreement, guarantying liberty of conscience and religion. Such dispositions, therefore, shall contain provisions allowing missionaries of all confessions to carry out their apostolate freely, maintaining their schools and all other institutions, and acquiring and keeping property of any sort."

UNSIGHTLY PIMPLES PAINFUL BOILS

Are Caused By Bad Blood.

When the blood becomes impure, it is only natural that boils, pimples, or some other indication of bad blood should break out of the system.

Ointment and salves will do you no good. You must get at the seat of the trouble by using a good internal blood purifying remedy such as that grand old medicine, Burdock Blood Bitters. This preparation has been on the market for the past 40 years, and is acknowledged by all who have ever used it to be the best blood cleansing remedy.

Mr. Emerson G. Goodwin, Cambridge, N.B., writes:—"For nearly two years I suffered from boils and pimples on my face and neck, and nearly all of my body was covered with the pimples. I tried almost everything, but got no relief. One day a friend advised me to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and after using three bottles the pimples and boils had left me, and there is no sign of them returning. I can heartily recommend B.B.B. to anyone troubled with Boils and Pimples."

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Future Is Bright

In Paris the Senatorial Commission held a meeting of some importance several weeks ago under the presidency of Leon Bourgeois, before which M. Millerand, the Commissioner of Alsace, spoke of the religious future of the reconquered provinces. He dealt at first with the results since April in the general reorganization of the administrative services. In what concerns religious worship, he said "status quo" will be maintained until the French Chamber, completed by the representatives of Alsace-Lorraine, shall make a definite decision on the matter.

The reorganization of the University of Strasbourg is well advanced, and the general situation as it concerns primary and secondary teaching is much improved.

Storm Damaged Church.

The recent storms damaged the Church of the Gesu in Milwaukee to the extent of $15,000. The great widow in the west transept, picturing the Ascension, was blown in by the gale, which accompanied the thunder storm, and this gave the wind full sweep upon the corresponding window at the east transept, and it was blown out bodily. These windows were the largest in Wisconsin and cannot be replacad for $10,000. The east window represented the adoration of the Magi and was presented by the Romadka family while the west widow, only half of which was destroyed, was given by the Lostorf family.

SICK HEADACHES AND CONSTIPATION.

When the bowels do not perform their functions properly the liver is sure to become affected and the inactive condition of the liver will cause constipation, sick or bilious headaches, heartburn, water brash, specks floating before the eyes, the tongue becomes coated, the breath foul, and the eyes have a dull, yellow glassy appearance.

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills will regulate any irregularity of the bowels and stimulate the sluggish liver into action.

Mrs. Malcolm McDermid, Cranton Section, N.S., writes:—"I have been sick for a number of years with sick headaches and constipation. I tried all kinds of doctor's medicines but none did me any good. I tried Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills, and after using four vials I am completely cured. I would heartily recommend them to all sufferers."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25c. a vial at all dealers or mailed direct by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.