THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, March 14th, 1900.

SUBSCRIPTION—$1.00 A YEAR,
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
JAMES McISAAC,
Editor & Proprietor.

Position of the Government.

IT is intimated by the Government press that the Provincial Legislature will meet within a short time. But the official notice of the meeting has not, so far as we are aware, yet been published; consequently there is no certainty as to the time of assembling. The Government have of late struck so many snags that there is no telling what may yet happen before they can see their way clear to meet the Legislature. If all reports be true the Premier and his colleagues and auxiliaries have been engaged in considerable intriguing in order to render possible the meeting of the House, without the defeat of the Government. This contingency appears to have been hoped for, in the first place, by entering protests against the return of the Opposition members elect for Belfast and Murray Harbor. Evidently these protests promised little comfort to the Government, and we hear nothing about them now. This trick failing, it became necessary to have recourse to some other subterfuge in the hope of clinging to power a little longer, contrary to the wishes of the people. In his dire extremity the Premier evidently appealed to Sir Louis Davies, and Sir Louis in turn appears to have laid the difficulty before his colleague, Mr Tarte, that prince of political mountebanks, who has made his way in public life by betraying and sacrificing everyone who had befriended him in his days of adversity. It is not wonderful that the result of appeal to such an opportunist political proteus should be something most contemptible. The outcome of these secret negotiations is, we are given to understand, that Mr. Pineau Opposition member elect for the first district of Prince County has been induced, for a consideration, to absent himself from the forthcoming session of the Legislature, but not to resign his seat; so that the constituency cannot be opened. Mr. Pineau's reward for selling out to the Government is, we are informed, a trip to Paris at the rate of ten dollars a day as one of Mr. Tarte's assistants in the management of the Canadian department of the great exposition to be held in the French Capital during the coming summer. This being so, the Opposition must confess that they have been deceived, and those who elected Mr. Pineau have the disagreeable truth forced upon them that they have been betrayed. But if it was the intention of Mr. Pineau to deceive his party and betray his constituents, it is well that he availed himself of the first opportunity of so doing; so that he will forever be deprived of a chance of betraying any further confidences of honorable men. While the conduct of Mr. Pineau, if what we have indicated be true, is contemptible beyond the power of words to express, are the reputed tacties of the Government in the matter such as would be employed by statesmen; by honorable men? It appears to us that neither Liberal nor Conservative can have anything but supreme contempt for a party or a Government capable of employing such means in order to gain a temporary political advantage. Mr. Pineau will probably be employed in some very obscure corner of the exhibition and few visitors will know that he is there solely in consequence of his betrayal of a sacred trust. In consequence of this obscurity our Province will be spared some humiliation, as the producer of such a man. Another report regarding the position of the Government is that Mr Wise, who threatened to vote against them, was induced to tender his resignation; but that the resignation was accompanied by certain conditions which have not been fulfilled. What the upshot may be we will probably know when the House meets. Finally it is said that Mr. Frederick Peters is coming back from British Columbia to take his seat for Fort Augustus. All these reports show that the Government are leaving nothing undone to hold on to power dispite the will of the people. They know that they dare not appeal to the electorate with any hope of success; consequently they seek to hold on by sending one member out of the country, by inducing another to resign and by importing a third. In addition to this an Attorney-General is retained in office who has been rejected by the electors. And all this is done by a Government calling itself Liberal. Is it possible to imagine a greater travesty on the word "Liberal?"

FIRE was discovered in Weeks & Warren's boot and shoe store Saturday night just before eleven o'clock. The store had been closed shortly after ten by Mr. Weeks, who supposed everything was safe. The fire was discovered by Mr. Hutchison who occupies the adjoining store, and who thought he heard boxes falling and smelled smoke. He soon found that there was fire in the shoe store and promptly gave the alarm. The firemen were not long in extinguishing the fire, but not before considerable damage was done. It is not known how the fire started but is thought to caught from the stove.

Every druggist in the land sells Pain-Killer. The best liniment for sprains and bruises. The best remedy for cramps and colic. Avoid substitutes, there's but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c. and 50c.

Dominion Parliament.

THE INQUIRY CHOKED OFF.

In a previous letter it was shown that the motion made by Borden, of Halifax, to resume the inquiry into the West Huron and Brockville ballot stuffing charges had been deferred by action on the Government side. Since then a determined effort on the part of the Premier and his followers to prevent the inquiry altogether, has revealed itself. When Mr. Borden brought the matter up last year the Premier professed a desire for the fullest investigation. Some facts were brought out which seem to have changed the attitude of the Government. Even last year it was charged that after the committee had obtained clear evidence of the stuffing of several ballot boxes and of a large use of bogus ballots, the inquiry was delayed and obstructed by Government supporters and by ministers. At all events it was brought to an abrupt end for the session by the ministers on the committee, while nine witnesses were out in the corridor waiting to testify for the prosecution. Every assurance was then given that opportunity would be allowed to resume the enquiry this session. Doubtless the ministers felt safe in giving the assurance, for they then intended to have a general election before the session. The committee reported up the evidence taken, and informed the House that the investigation had not been concluded.

FURTHER OBSTRUCTION.

At the first sitting after the Privileges and Election Committee of the year was struck Mr. Borden moved, as a question of privilege, that the papers and charges be referred to the Committee so that the inquiry should proceed. He brought the matter up exactly as he did last year. But instead of the ready acceptance that the Premier gave him last session he was met with technical objections, and was compelled to give formal notice. This delayed the matter for a week. The order was next reached last week when the House was running through the unopposed motions. The Premier this time interposed, ordering the motion to "stand," thus placing it in the list of opposed orders. By this means Sir Wilfred forced the motion to the twenty-sixth place on the order paper, placing it after many matters which call for long discussion. Then, so that no Conservative member could further the inquiry by allowing a previous order to stand over, the Premier gave an unusual notice that if members who had orders on the paper did not take them up at the first opportunity he would move that they be struck off the paper. The Government intention to burke the inquiry was now becoming clear, but Mr. Borden did not give it up. The next day he rose to a question of privilege, pointed out that the inquiry had gone a long way, that the Committee had reported it unfinished, that the Premier himself was pledged to assist the investigation, and that it was the obvious duty of the Government and the House to send the matter back to the privileges Committee as soon as possible. It was no use. The Premier refused to allow a step to be taken.

SHOWING THEIR HAND.

A long discussion arose. Sir Louis Davies, Mr. Britton, Mr. Casey and Mr McClure and other members, even the Premier himself, claimed that the inquiry should have been left to the court and had no business before parliament. Other members were easily able to prove that both Sir Wilfrid and Sir Louis as well as the late Sir John Thompson, had often affirmed the right of parliament to deal with these matters. But the chief point was the matter had come before parliament, with the approval of the Premier last year. He had professed to welcome it. He promised assistance. He allowed it to be half finished. He and his friends appeared to be perfectly satisfied with it until the evidence of the bogus ballots came out, and until returning officer Farr's exploits were disclosed, while Farr himself was a fugitive from the summons of the committee travelling in a foreign land on money furnished by government organizers. Since then the inquiry has been headed off at every stage. At Toronto they destroy ballots before the investigation. In Ottawa they destroy the investigation itself In the discussion Mr. Powell, who had conducted the examination of the bogus ballots, expressed the opinion that the Government supporters who sat for West Huron, at Brockville, did not get a majority of votes cast, and that their seats were stolen. It is openly stated that the ministers have reason to believe that more damaging evidence is at hand, and that on no account will the inquiry be allowed to proceed. But time will tell.

THE INCREASED TOBACCO TAXES.

Mr. Gilles thinks that the present tariff which has given the government very near an extra million dollars out of tobacco, is too high. He does not see why a party which before it came into power promised to redue the duty on the necessaries of life, should have added another 100 per cent to the duty on tobacco which he holds to be almost necessary to the life of those fishermen and others who have become accustomed to its use. Mr. Gillis representat that all the tobacco commonly used by the laboring men and fishmen has been increased in price fourteen cents a pound or one cent a fig by the new Fielding duties. Instead of being increased, he thought the duty should have been reduced. It is his opinion that imported tobacco will always be used and even the increaced home product will not cause the people in the east to give up the use of the foreign articles. But in any case the home grown tobacco pays an enormous tax, which if the government desires to protect it, might be reduced along with the foreign articles.

A GRIT PROTECTIONIST SPEECH.

Sir Henry Joly made a protectionist speech which would have been a pleasure to the founders of the National Police if they had heard it twenty years ago, Sir Leonard Tilley never made any address that went half as far in support of protection as this. Sir Henry told how the increased protection was stimulating the growth of the Canadian product. It increased three fold in one year after 1897, and was increasing with tremendous rapidity still. He maintained that while the native tobacco had not yet reached perfection, because the industry was not yet fully understood, it had a glorious future before it. He scorned the suggestion that an additional cent on a fig of tobacco should stand in the way of this great movement in agriculture which he reguards as perhaps the most promising of all our recent farming experiments. As to the friends of Mr. Gilles, who are credited by the member for Richmond with consuming a fig of tobacco a day, Sir Henri has no pity for them. Any man who uses a pound of tobacco in a fortnight, he affirms, does not deserve the sympathy of the house. But Mr. Gilles maintains that Sir Henri Joly, who sits comfortably in his splendid office and smokes choice tobacco, is not capable of entering into the life of the fisherman who in his lonely boat finds in his plug of tobacco companionship and comfort, and with the healthy salt air blowing about him, is able to absorb a great deal more tobacco than the constitution of the Ottawa official can stand. At all events he says that the fishermen do use that much and that Mr Fielding is compelling them to pay three dollars a year on extra taxes, and that it ought to be stopped.

TAXING A NATIVE INDUSTRY.

There is a defect in Sir Henri Joly's plea. Suppose it to be true that the tobacco growing industry should be protected. Does it follow that the Canadian grown leaf should pay the heavy excise duty and that an additional import tax should be levied on the imported product? So far as the protection of home grown tobacco is concerned it could be easily secured by allowing the duty to remain as Mr. Fielding found it, and reducing the excise charges on tobacco made from home products. That scheme might not give Mr. Tarte so much money to spend on his contractors, but it would be just as good for the farmers, and would afford a great relief to the consumers of tobacco. Such is the claim made by the advocates of a reduced duty. They add to this the statement that smuggling is greatly on the increase and that honest traders are placed at a disadvantage, while the morals of the business community are undermined.

A SINGLE FACT

Is worth a shipload of argument." What shall be said, then, of thousands of facts? Every cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla is a fact, presenting the strongest possible evidence of the merit of this medicine. Thousands and thousands of such facts prove that Hood's Sarsaparilla will cure all diseases caused or promoted by impure blood. It is the best medicine money can buy.

HIndigestion, nausea are cured by ood's Pills.

Conservative Convention at Bradalbane.

Vigorous animation, concordant unanimity, and business-like enthusiasm were the characteristics of the Liberal-Conservative Convention at Bradalband, on Tuesday, 6th inst. The convention was composed of five representatives from each poll in the First District of Queen's and many other interested parties, and the object was to nominate two candidates to contest the district at the coming local election. Animated by the zeal that is always displayed by energetic workers in a good cause, the delegates transacted the business of the meeting so vigorously and so unanimously as to place this convention on record as one of the most significant that the First District has seen for years. Hon. Wm. Campbell and Mr. D. B. McLeod were proposed as candidates for the coming election, and when the proposition was put to the large and representative meeting not one voice was heard to dissent.

Before and after the nomination, speeches were made by the candidates named and by Messrs W. H. Hogan, Hope River, J. J. Bradley, Kelly's Cross, Dr. R. McNeill, Stanley, and Arthur Simpson, Bay View. All were strong in their condemnation of the scandalous and ruinous policy of the party now in office (but not in power,)—the party that has saddled on this beautiful Island a load of debt under which it for years must groan; the party that has made a scandalous bungle of the Public Works Department, leaving roads and bridges in an almost impassable condition, and allowing the inmates of the insane asylum to be badly fed and almost frozen; the party that has turned the Education Office into a political machine; the party that has employed every means of bribery and corruption to secure the election of their "heelers" and to induce desertion from the ranks of their opponents; the party that has the impudence to hang on to office after it has lost the support of the electorate and in its dire extremity has to send one man across the ocean and bring another across the continent with the desperate hope of being able to face another session; in a word, the party that has proved itself so false to all promises and to the few good traditions of its ancestors and that must, at the next local election, betake itself to the winter quarters of feeble opposition where its political thermometer will sink to 0; then the noble, the grand and the true Conservative party will ride in, in the full bloom of good government, to relieve the wants and woes of a long suffering and downtrodden country and to restore contentment and prosperity to the people of Prince Edward Island. In the course of the proceedings the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, the large and important sections of country lying between the main line of the P. E. Island Railway and New London on the north side, and Crapaud on the south side, are still without railway accommodation;

And Whereas, the railway bill of 1896 provided for the construction of branch railways to the aforesaid places;

And Whereas, the building of these branch lines has, at different times and places, been endorsed by Sir Charles Tupper, Hon. G. E. Foster, Hon. J. G. Haggart and Senator Bowell as the policy of the Conservative party;

And Whereas, the bringing of branch lines to the aforesaid localities would greatly increase the traffic on the main line of the P. E. Island Railway as well as give the much needed accommodation to the inhabitants of the localities through which they would pass;

Therefore Resolved, That our representatives both in Local Legislature and in the Dominion Parliament be urged to use their best endeavours to the end that these branch railways may be speedily constructed.

The following officers were elected: President, Mr. D. B. McLeod, Bradalbane; Vice President, Dr. R. McNeill, Stanley; Secretary, Mr. M. Ready, Irishtown.

The meeting closed with cheers for Hon. D. Gordon, Hon. Wm. Campbell, Mr. D. B. McLeod and the Canadian Contingent.—COM.

DIED.

At Roxbury, Mass. March 4, Emily E. Feehan.

At Savage Harbor, on March 1st Captain David Pigot, aged 90 years.

At Pisquid East, March 3rd, Mary Alice daughter of W. Thomas Rogerson, aged 16 years.

At Ruggles Street, Roxbury Mass. on the 5th inst, Angus J. Murphy, formerly of Charlottetown. R. I. P.

At Roxbury, Mass. 2nd, Mary Agnes, daughter of the late James and Jane Murphy, aged 11 months.

In Charlottetown, on the 13th March, Bridget Smith, beloved wife of Peter McGonnell, aged 40 years. R. I. P.

At Armadale Lot 42, on the 5th inst. Mrs. James B. McDonald, at the advanced age of 78 years. She died fortified by all the rites of the church. R. I. P.

At Peake's Station, on the 22nd ult, after a somewhat lingering illness, Mary Isabella McDonald, wife of Dougald McDonald, in the 51st year of her age, leaving a large family to mourn. R. I. P.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's friend.

Pain in the bowels, Diarrhoea and Dysentery are cured more quickly and effectually by Dr. Fowler Extract of Wild strawberry than any other remedy. Beware of substitutes.

A CABLEGRAM from London announces that Lieut. Weldon McLean, son of Col. McLean of St. John, N. B., who sailed with the first Canadian Contingent has been gazetted a Lieutenant in the Imperial Royal Field Artillery. Another cablegram from Col. Otter states that Lieut. McLean is acting as aide-de-camp to Gen. Colville. The double honour conferred on Lieut. McLean is a distinct compliment to the Canadian militia and the first contingent.

A physician is not always at hand. Guard yourself against sudden coughs and colds by keeping a bottle of Pain-Killer in the house. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c. and 50c.

Croup, coughs and colds are all quickly cured by Pain-Pectoral. It lessens the cough almost instantly, and cures readily the most obstinate cold. Manufactured by the proprietors of Perry Davis'. Pain-Killer.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

Wrappers

:o:

Our New Wrappers

ARE HERE AND

Ready for your Inspection.

Latest Styles. Newest Patterns, best workmanship, lowest prices. We'll mention a few.

95c., $1.45, $2.00

Come in and see them. It's no trouble for us to show goods.

The Store That Mother Likes.

Perkins'

SUNNYSIDE.

SLUMP IN PRICES.

2365 yards of

OXFORD TWEEDS.

FOR 30 DAYS

We offer to those who have not tested the wearing qualities of the

Celebrated Oxford Tweeds

And those who have an opportunity to purchase their choice of 75 patterns at the following big reductions;

32 cents will buy 40 cent quality,
52 cents will buy 65 cent quality,
60 cents will buy 75 cent quality,
70 cents will buy 85 cent quality,
80 cents will buy $1.00 quality.

Ladies' All Wool Oxford Suiting, 54 inches wide, regular price $1.50 for $1.20. Many lines have a large percentage of Australian Wool. We consider them the best on the market for the price,

D. A. Bruce

Agent Oxford Manufacturing Co.

More Volunteers!

The enrolling of men to fill the vacancies in the first Canadian Contingent began at the drill shed on Friday afternoon. Although only fifteen men were wanted, there were over thirty applicants. The following have been attested and accepted:—

Wm. Coombs.	Wm. Cook.
George Arbuckle.	W. J. Proud.
Robert Cameron.	Robert Horne.
William Harris	James Pigott.
Wm. McEachern.	A. J. Hall.
T. Leslie McBeth.	D.R. Kennedy.

Marcellus MacDonald
L. Gurney (Cove Head.)
John W. Boulter (North Tryon).

There will be one hundred recruits taken altogether. Toronto will send 20; Kingston 10; Montreal 10; Ottawa 10; St. John, N. B., 10; Halifax 15; Charlottetown 15; and Quebec 10.

The Island volunteers selected are all big, strong, able-bodied men. On Sunday there was a military parade, in which about 200 men from the Engineers, Artillery and 82nd Battalion took part, the front ranks being occupied by the volunteer recruits. The procession headed by the Artillery band marched to the First Methodist Church, where an eloquent sermon for the occasion was preached by Rev. G. M. Campbell. The parade was witnessed by thousands of people.

On Monday afternoon, shortly after four o'clock, orders were received for the contingent to leave that evening for Halifax to sail with Strathcona's Horse on the Monterey, which sails to-morrow. This was very short notice, but notwithstanding, the news spread quickly, and that evening the drill shed and streets were crowded with people eager to catch a last glimpse of the boys whom perhaps they might never see again. At the drill shed the contingent were addressed by Lieut. Governor McIntyre and Premier Farquharson, the latter on behalf of the Government presenting each man with twenty dollars in gold. His Worship the Mayor also addressed them, after which he presented each man with ten dollars in gold. At 9.30 the contingent, headed by the Artillery Band and torches, left the drill shed. They were followed by the Artillery, the Engineers, the 82nd Battalion and the Boy's Brigade, and when the City Hall was reached they were joined by the Firemen in full uniform, with the Citizen's Band. Thousands of people lined the streets all the way to the station When the station was reached the crowd was so dense that it was some time before the contingent could make their way to the train. Shortly after ten o'clock the train left the station amidst tremendous cheering, the bursting of torpedoes on the track, and the playing of popular airs by the two bands. The contingent was under the charge of Lieut. Boulter till Halifax was reached.

The District Officer commanding will enroll thirty men for service at Halifax to replace the Regular troops now stationed there. The period of enrollment will be for a period not exceeding one year. The pay wil be the same as that of the active Militia. The qualifications are:—

(a). Age, between the ages of 18 and 45 years.
(b). Chest measurement, minimum 34 inches.
(c). Height, minimum, 5 feet 5 inches.
(d). To pass the required medical examination.
(e). To be unmarried.
(f). To be enrolled in a corps of active militia, and to have performed at least one annual training.

Enrollment began at the Drill Shed on Monday.

AN Ottawa despatch says that Col. Morris, of the Northwest Mounted Police, was to leave there for St John on Monday the 12th inst. He is coming to the Maritime Provinces to recruit for the police force, and will engage at least a hundred men before his return. It is understood that about 25 men will be recruited from P. E. Island, and that Col Morris will be in Charlottetown for that purpose in the course of a few days.

Caution.— Beware of substitutes for Pain-Killer. There is nothing "just as good." Unequalled for cuts, sprains and bruises. Internally for all bowel disorders. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c. and 50c.

Mortgage Sale.

TO be sold by public Auction, on Wednesday, the Eighteenth day of April, A. D. 1900, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, in front of the Law Courts Building, in Charlottetown, under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the third day of September, A. D. 1890, and made between Clement Gallant, of Tignish, Lot or Township number One, in Prince County, in Prince Edward Island, Farmer, of the one part, and Credit Foncier Franco Canadien, of the other part.

All that piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in Lot or Township number One aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing on the West side of the Settlement Road at the North boundary of the Chapel land; thence (according to the magnetic meridian of the year 1764) running West eighty-one chains; thence North twenty-nine degrees East six chains and three links; thence East to said Settlement Road, thence following the course of the said Settlement Road Southwardly to the place of commencement, containing forty-two acres and two roods of land, a little more or less, excepting therefrom a plot of land of ten thousand five hundred and sixty square feet, in area conveyed by the said mortgagor to one Joseph Gallant by deed bearing date the eighth day of January, A. D. 1895, and also excepting therefrom a plot of land of forty-five thousand one hundred square feet in area conveyed by the said mortgagor to Francis Gallant by deed bearing date the seventeenth day of September, A. D. 1898.

If the said property is not sold at the time and place aforesaid, the same will thereafter be sold by private sale.

For further particulars apply at the office of Angus A McDonald, Solicitor, Charlottetown.

Dated this thirteenth day of March, A. D. 1900.

CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO CANADIEN,
Mortgagees.

March 14—51

TENDERS
—FOR—
INDIAN RIVER CHURCH.

Tenders are asked for the construction and completion of St. Mary's Church, up to the 19th March, next, to be addressed to the undersigned and marked. "Tender for Indian River Catholic Church."

Plans and specifications can be seen on Monday, 5th February, next at the Bishop's Palace and at the office of Mr. W. C. Harris, Architect, Charlottown for ten days; afterwards they can be seen at the Parochial House, Summerside. A certified bank cheque of $50.00 will be required to accompany each tender, which will be forfeited if tenderer fail to accept, if called upon.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

D. J. GILLIS, P. P.
Indian River, P. E. I., Jan 31, 1900
6i

CURE ALL YOUR PAINS WITH

Pain-Killer.

A Medicine Chest in Itself.
Simple, Safe and Quick Cure for
CRAMPS, DIARRHOEA, COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA.
25 and 50 cent Bottles.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
BUY ONLY THE GENUINE.
PERRY DAVIS'

EPPS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING

Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality and highly Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold in quarter lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

BREAKFAST SUPPER

EPPS'S COCOA

Oct. 5, 1898—30i

REMNANTS—You can buy remnants of print cottons, grey cottons, white cottons, remnants of flanneletts, cloths, dress goods, tickings, nearly half price. Come soon before they are all gone.—J. B. Macdonald & Co

A. A. McLEAN, LL B., Q C

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary,

BROWN'S BLOCK. MONEY TO LOAN.

Meet Me at the Always Busy Store.

1-3 OFF

SPECIAL OFFER

IN NEW

FASHIONABLE JACKETS

About 20 Colored and 20 Black.

Some Silk Lined, some not, but all perfect fitting.

$4.15 for $2.75 — $6.00 for $4.00
7.50 for 5.00 — 9.00 for 6.00
10.75 for 7.25

There is a long winter ahead of you yet—and a New Jacket! Buy now.

STANLEY BROS.

Cranky Men

Lose Their Cranks

When they see our beautiful stock of Hats. Over 5000 hats to choose from. We have studied your wants and anticipated your needs, and now invite you to come and reap the fruits of our efforts while everything is new and ready for inspection.

Hats, Hats, Hats.

Soft Hats,	Hard Hats,
Black Hats.	Brown Hats,
Grey Hats,	Fawn Hats,
Fancy Bands.	Plain Bands.

English Hats, American Hats, Canadian Hats. Get yours at once before the rush begins.

English Caps,

American Caps

Thousands of the nobbiest Caps ever shown by us, and that's saying a good deal. The style and beauty will appeal to you in a way that all the paper talk in this paper could not do. If you buy them here they're right.

Expensive Caps,	Cheap Caps.
Heavy Caps,	Light Caps,
Check Caps,	Plain Caps,
Men's Caps,	Ladies Caps.

Throw aside your old one, get one of these at once.

PROWSE BROS

New Shirt Waists, New Ready-to-Wear Skirts.