

county: there was no restraint or reserve. Characters were pulled to pieces; sermons criticised; friends sneered at; ladies rallied; the doctor quizzed to his face; and O'Connell abused, just as usual in every such assembly, and with perfect freedom, in the most good-natured way in the world.

When the fair sex had withdrawn, on which occasion the white-waicoats could not restrain a sigh of relief) the party closed up round their host, and their comfort seemed only increased by the occasional gusts which swept past the windows, and bellowed in the chimney. They talked of politics, of literature (slightly), of agriculture, of petty sessions, of nauticals, of proposed systems of poor laws (at large), of wine, of lunatic asylums, of women. At last, one of the younger of the party proposed a song turning, at the same time, to the most contempt of the white-waicoats. He expected the challenge, and was evidently an old offender, for his excuses were only protracted till he had decided upon the key, and then, having touched his forehead with the hand which had most rings on it, by way of giving notice to his memory that it was about to be taxed, he sang the following stanza to a fine old Protestant tune, lapsing strongly, and swelling out each note in the middle, like the down stroke of a capital letter, in the fashionable, "now imperfect" style of half a century back:—

"As Chloe fled the other day,
And holly I pursued,
The breeze it rent her veil away,
And oh, what charms it showed!

"So round her cheek, so full her lip,
So snowy white her skin,
That, coming near a stream, I trip,
And tumble headlong in.

"I shout and flounder—saw, oh saw!
But no—the cruel fair,
Runs laughing off, content to leave
Her Damon drowning there.

"I rise at length walk calmly out,
Forwear the heartless lass,
And now, to put it past a doubt,
I'm wedded to my glass.

"We live from hand to mouth, 'tis true!
And frail the jade may be,
But then she's kind, and comic, too,
And that's enough for me.

"Curst be the Chloe who would cast,
In public, him who sought her!
If drowning be my fate at last,
The liquor shan't be water!"

Here ceased the vocal effort of the plethoric bon vivant. Effort it might be called, for his red face grew redder as he proceeded; his full veins more swollen; his breath shorter, and more thick; and had there been another verse, it would most probably have proved the truth of the preceding stanza, by setting his frown in another way. The conclusion was drawn in a shout of applause, on the part of the listeners, and, on his own, in a glass of port of such ample dimensions, that it might have been mistaken for a tumbler at any less hospitable board. Upon it he floated all the melody that might have stuck to his lips back to his heart, to be ready there for further use.

(To be continued.)

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, FRIDAY, 8TH NOV. 1839.

It is not often that we can agree with *Le Canadien* in his observations upon public affairs, but, in a late number, he has stated some objections against the system of prohibiting the free ingress of foreign journals into this country, which we conceive to be well founded. Our readers are probably aware that *Le Patriote Canadien*, conducted, ostensibly, by Ludger Duvernay, the *Spirit of '76*, which is under the editorial management of the notorious Theller, Mackenzie's *Gazette*, (by the way he should like to know if this precious article is still in existence) and another or two of the same stamp, are, when received at the frontier post offices, denied further progress, and sent back whence they came. We certainly do not wish to promote the circulation of such productions in this country, and would offer no objection to the system now pursued if it kept them entirely at the other

side of the line. This effect, however, is not prouced, for numbers of the papers find their way into the country. The means employed are insufficient for the desired end, and if the old proverb be true, that stolen fruit is the sweetest, and that it applies in this case, which we believe it does, the interdicted journals obtain an importance which they would not otherwise possess. The government need not be alarmed at the loud thunders of these papers, while it evinces perfect apathy for the insidious and, therefore, more dangerous, writings of *Le Canadien*, which are calculated to do more injury than the unmasked statements and appeals of *Le Patriote Canadien*.

From the *Canadien* of Wednesday we find that good news may sometimes be obtained from the papers above alluded to. A stray number of the *Patriote* has come into the hands of the *Canadien*, and an extract copied from it informs us that the refugee rebels who have lately returned to this Province entertain no idea of remaining, their object being merely to settle their affairs here previous to taking up their residence in the United States. This is gratifying information, and we heartily wish that all entertaining opinions in accordance with theirs would go and do likewise.

New York papers of Saturday evening were received by yesterday's mail. They are almost filled with appeals to the electors, and details of preparation for the election, which was to commence on Monday. The "Loco Focos," on Friday night, paraded through the streets of New York, with martial music and incendiary flags; after the manner of the *sans culottes* marching into Paris, from the *fauve-bourgs*, to the tune of *La Marseillaise*. This party in the republic has organized a number of gangs of ruffians, in New York, which are, by themselves, designated in the following elegant style:—

- 1. Buttenders.
- 2. Pointenders.
- 3. Indomitables.
- 4. Hugs Paws.
- 5. Hard Fists.
- 6. Ball Rollers.
- 7. Ninth Ward Roarers.
- 8. Up Town Boys.
- 9. Old Hunkers.

Bank Stock declined on Saturday from the rates of the preceding day; U. S. Bank shares were sold at 70 1/2 @ 71, cash. There was nothing doing in Exchange on England; \$3000 on Philadelphia sold at 86. Money continued very scarce, and the ruinous rates of 3 and 4 per cent per month were still being paid on first-rate paper. The *Commercial Advertiser* states that 1,500,000 barrels of Flour will be sent off, which will pay \$10,000,000 of the foreign debt.

By yesterday's Eastern mail we received papers from all the Lower Provinces, but they are unusually barren of news. In the *Woodstock Times* we find the following extract from the *Bangor Democrat*, respecting the boundary question, from which it could appear that the good people of Maine are by no means satisfied with the progress of the investigation so far. These people find it much more convenient and easy to resort to abuse and bullying than to argument, which is not their forte. They dislike a "Fair-field" for the calm discussion of a question.

THE ROYAL COMMISSIONERS.—We learn from a source we consider altogether responsible, that the British Commissioners have not been north of the St. John river in their exploration, to find the highland of the treaty of 83. The new account we have received is that the surveying party divided at the mouth of the Aroostook, one party proceeding up the St. John to the source of the Allegash, and the other party to the source of the Aroostook, where the two parties united, and came to the sage conclusion that the highlands causing the waters of the Aroostook and Allegash to flow in different directions, were the veritable highlands of the treaty. Having settled this question to their entire satisfaction, they drank their wine and departed for Quebec, having

finished the object of their mission. What a farce is this—what mockery! No exploration or survey—no examination of the line claimed by us—no fairness—no honesty. Can it be possible that after all their fair professions, the British have proved so false and dishonorable.

THE BRITISH ARISTOCRACY.

In a late London paper, we have perused an interesting article on the Peerage of the United Kingdom, from which we extract the following particulars of the longevity of a large number of its members. It will be seen that there is not a Peer in the list under three score and eleven, which will account for the omission of the brightest name in the Aristocracy, the DUKE OF WELLINGTON being only in his 71's year.

BARONS.—Grafton, 79—Bedford, 73—Cleveland, 74—Marlborough, 73—Norfolk, 72—Ayle, 71—Dorset, 72—Hamilton, 72—Manchester, 71—Portland, 71.

MARQUESSSES.—Camden, 80—Wellesley 79—Huntly, 78—Anglesea, 71.

EARLS.—Mergaverry, 84—Bantry, 72—Resborough, 81—Cathcart, 84—Cavan, 76—Cork, 72—Effingham, 72—Egmont, 72—Elgin, 73—Eniskillen, 71—Fetters, 79—Fetters, 86—Glasgow, 73—Grey, 75—Harcwood, 72—Harrowby, 77—Limerick, 81—Ludlow, 81—Macclesfield, 81—Mayo, 73—Mount Edgecumbe, 75—Potsmouth, 72—Ranfurlly, 85—Rosse, 81—St. Germain, 73—Seaford, 72—Shattisbury, 71—Somers, 79—Stanford, 74—Westmerland, 80.

VISCOUNTS.—Gort, 71—Kennure, 89—Sidmouth, 82—Strathallen, 72.

BARONS.—Arlen, 83—Ashtown, 84—Bexley, 73—Bloomfield, 77—Carberry, 74—Colville, 71—Delamere, 72—Dinorbin, 72—Duffres, 74—Dynevor, 74—Feversham, 75—Forbes, 74—Gray, 74—Lyndoch, 89—Manners, 83—Rolle, 83—Maryborough, 76—Mastyn, 71—Plunkett, 75—Polwarth, 81—Rossore, 74—Slaich, 71—Seynham, 71—Western, 72—Wynford, 72.

The united ages of the Dukes amount to 730, the Marquesses, 380, the Earls, 2,300, the Viscounts, 314, the Barons, 1,899 years; total, 5,633—the average age being 76. Though last not least, two Peeresses, the Countess of Dysart and the Countess of Mansfield, each enjoy a green old age; the former having arrived at the venerable age of 94, and the latter at that of 81. Who says the British Aristocracy is not like the British oak?

We have received nothing from Upper Canada since our last publication.

The *Pictou Observer* of the 22nd ultimo, contains an account of the fire at the coal mines, which corroborates the accounts we have already published, including that in Monday's *Transcript*, of the fire being extinguished. The *Observer* states that no material delay or deficiency in the supply of coal will result; and that the company will go on flourishing and prospering as if no untoward event had ever occurred to impede their praiseworthy operations.

At the last Criminal Term of the Court of King's Bench, of this District, Edouard Damas, Jean Vallières, James Moorhead, and Charles Charland, were convicted of burglary, and, on the last day of Term, sentenced to be hanged on the 8th November (this day). These individuals have, we suppose, obtained a reprieve, or a commutation of their sentence as, at ten o'clock this morning, there was no sign of preparation for carrying the awful decree of the law into effect. A number of persons had, however, congregated in front of the gaol.

The *Princess Victoria* now makes three trips daily to Laprairie, and, with the additional trip, can hardly keep up with the briskness in trade now prevailing. It is generally admitted that this briskness, during the last fortnight, has been from 30 to 50 per cent greater than it ever has been at the Port of Montreal, during the same period.—*Mont. Cor. Gazette de Québec.*

GIANT UMBRELLA.—An umbrella of the extraordinary dimensions of 66 feet in circumference, gaily fringed, and standing 12 feet high, was exhibited on our Exchange on Monday last. It was made by Mr. Howe, of Bristol, for one of the African Kings, and is to be sent out by the ship.—*Bristol Paper.*

The maker of the umbrella no doubt considers it his greatest chef d'œuvre (shade over!)

We understand that the members of the Special Legislative Council for Lower Canada, are summoned to meet at Montreal on Monday next the 11th inst. The ordinary Session it is said will be held only when the Governor General returns from Upper Canada, probably in January. Sir Richard Jackson, it is said, will administer the Government during the absence of the Governor General.—*Gazette.*

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—At an adjourned General Meeting of the Society, held on Tuesday, at St. Andrew's School-House, the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year:—

JOHN NELSON, President.
F. W. PALMROSE, 1st V. President.
ANDREW PATRICKSON, 2nd do.
JAMES BURNS, Treasurer.
ADAM BURNS, Secretary.
COLIN BAIRD, Assistant do.

Committee of Management:—L. Ballingall, R. H. Gairdner; Alex. Hadden; H. S. Scott; John McLeod; Andrew McGill; James Rodger; Ebenezer Baird; Arch. Campbell; Chs. Stuart, Dunbar Ross.
Chaplains:—Rev. J. Clugston and Rev. Dr. Wilkie.

Physicians:—Dr. Jas. Douglas and Dr. Morrin.

Committee for the Anniversary Dinner:—The President & Vice Presidents, and Messrs. Young, Campbell and Stuart.

[Communication.]

The Public will be gratified to learn, that the Hon'ble Messrs. Justices Panet, Vallières, and Bedard, have gratuitously obtained an agreement similar to that which they, and every of them, took so much pains to procure for the Hon'ble Mr. Kerr, who had spent a life of forty years in the service of the Crown.

RETIREMENT.

Joseph Bonaparte, ex-King of Spain, and suite, sailed yesterday in the Philadelphia for London. Bonaparte, for himself and suite engaged the entire cabins of the Philadelphia for which he pays \$5,000. Within the past five years he has crossed the Atlantic three or four times, and he has invariably done so in the same vessel. The ex-King seems to be very unsettled, for he is constantly on the move, but he don't make much noise in the world now—he moves quietly from place to place.—*New York Herald.*

RESUMPTION OF SPECIE PAYMENTS.—We find it stated in the Upper Canada paper that the Commercial Bank of the Middle District had resumed specie payments in Kingston, nor is there any good reason to doubt that the other Banks will also comply with the law; although, it must be admitted, the moment happens to be one so little favourable to the measure as can well be imagined. A week—a day may compel all the Banks in Canada to suspend their issues of specie—and the measure of justifiable and necessary defence.—*Montreal Transcript.*

We have much pleasure in announcing to our readers the arrival in town of the celebrated Irish Melodist, Mr. F. P. White, who intends to lecture on the divine arts of Music and Poetry. Mr. White is author of an exquisite melodies, as well as a celebrated musical composer.—*Montreal Herald.*

MONTEAL ASHES STORE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

31st Oct. 1839.			
Pots.	Pearls.	Total.	
Shipped, ..	14,650	8,371	23,021
In Store, ..	1,288	488	1,746
	15,938	8,859	34,797
31st Oct. 1838.			
Shipped, ..	16,084	8,380	24,374
In Store ..	1,466	985	2,451
	17,550	9,365	36,915
Decrease 1st Nov. 1839, .. 46			



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None at CLIA No
Bark Cato, Ormston,
Ship Calcutta, Brown,
Bark Jonah, Campbell
Brig Rebecca, Miligan,
Schr. Queen Victoria, I
Bark Joanna, Roberts
Bark Helen, Meares, I
Ship Napoleon, Monty
Bark Calypso, Peterb
Bark Bolivar, Richards
Schr. Mary Ann, Alla

PASSI
In the *Bellona*, sailer
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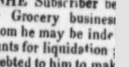
At Chambly, on the 11
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MAI
On Tuesday evening,
of this city, by the Rev
Lewis Montizian
Miss Lucy Lewin, third
Mr. Justice Bowen.

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Yesterday evening,
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are requested to attend
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THE Subscriber de
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Quebec, 6th Nov. 1839



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BELLS SLIGHTS AN
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Quebec, 8th Nov. 1839

STATIONARY

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They have also recei
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Quebec, 6th Nov., 183

AMER WINTER

JUST RECEIVED,
120 BARRELS
LIFLOWER
Fruit, and in good ord
Corner of St. J
Quebec, 6th Nov. 1839