granted, the level at which under Article 3 the rate of total discharge of water from the lake becomes subject to the approval of the International Lake of the Woods Control Board may, upon the recommendation of that Board and with the approval of the International Joint Commission, be raised from elevation 1061 sea level datum to a correspondingly higher

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ARTICLE 6

Any disagreement between the members of the International Lake of the Woods Control Board as to the exercise of the functions of the Board under Articles 3, 4 and 5 shall be immediately referred by the Board to the International Joint Commission whose decision shall be

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The outflow capacity of the outlets of Lake of the Woods shall be so enlarged as to permit the discharge of not less than forty-seven thousand cubic feet of water per second (47,000 c.f.s.) when the level of the lake is at elevation 1061 sea level datum.

The necessary works for this purpose, as well as the necessary works and dams for controlling and regulating the outflow of the water, shall be provided for at the instance of the Government of Canada, either by the improvement of existing works and dams or by the construction of additional works.

ARTICLE 8

A flowage easement shall be permitted up to elevation 1064 sea level datum upon all lands bordering on Lake of the Woods in the United States, and the United States assumes all liability to the owners of such lands for the costs of such easement.

The Government of the United States shall provide for the following protective works and measures in the United States along the shores of Lake of the Woods and the banks of Rainy River, in so far as such protective works and measures may be necessary for the purposes of the regulation of the level of the lake under the present Convention, namely, the removal or protection of buildings injuriously affected by erosion, and the protection of the banks at the mouth of Warroad River where subject to erosion, in so far in both cases as the erosion results from fluctuations in the level of the lake; the alteration of the railway embankment east of the town of Warroad, Minnesota, in so far as it may be necessary to prevent surface flooding of the higher lands in and around the town of Warroad; the making of provision for the increased cost, if any, of operating the existing sewage system of the town of Warroad, and the protection of the waterfront at the town of Baudette, Minnesota.

e agairanal of the International Lake of the Woods Control

The Dominion of Canada and the United States shall each on its own side of the boundary assume responsibility for any damage or injury which may have heretofore resulted to it or to its inhabitants from the fluctuations of the level of Lake of the Woods or of the outflow there-

Each shall likewise assume responsibility for any damage or injury which may hereafter result to it or to its inhabitants from the regulation of the level of Lake of the Woods in the manner provided for in the present Convention.

ARTICLE 10

The Governments of Canada and the United States shall each be released from responsibility for any claims or expenses arising in the territory of the other in connection with the matters provided for in Articles ed noiseigned done 17, 8, and 9, ment of band forther bernission be

In consideration, however, of the undertakings of the United States as set forth in Article 8, the Government of Canada shall pay to the Government of the United States the sum of two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars (\$275,000) in currency of the United States. Should this sum prove insufficient to cover the cost of such undertakings onehalf of the excess of such cost over the said sum shall, if the expenditure be incurred within five years of the coming into force of the present Convention, be paid by the Government of Canada.

referred to II savina Lake of the Woods Control Board for an

No diversion shall henceforth be made of any waters from the Lake of the Woods watershed to any other watershed except by authority of the United States or the Dominion of Canada within their respective territories and with the approval of the International Joint Commission.

ers above Namakan ARTICLE 12 ade notemo

The present Convention shall be ratified in accordance with the constitutional methods of the High Contracting Parties and shall take effect on the exchange of the ratifications, which shall take place at Washington as soon as possible.

In faith whereof the above-named Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Convention.

Done in duplicate at Washington, the

ENCLOSURE 3 EN NOVIES

Canadian Lake

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, 1923.

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PROTOCOL accompanying Convention to regulate the level of Lake of add more rate of the world wischarge of water from the Woods

At the moment of signing the Convention between His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, and the United States of America, regarding the regulation of the level of Lake of the Woods, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have agreed as follows:-

The plans of the necessary works for the enlargement of the outflow capacity of the outlets of Lake of the Woods provided for in Article 7 of the Convention, as well as of the necessary works and dams for controlling and regulating the outflow of the water, shall be referred to the Inter-O slaura to seems national Lake of the Woods Control Board for an engineering report upon and has aistract to their suitability and sufficiency for the purpose of permitting the discharge ovad sotet between of not less than forty-seven thousand cubic feet of water per second (47,000 c.f.s.) when the level of the lake is at elevation 1061 sea level datum. Any disagreement between the members of the International Lake of the Woods Control Board in regard to the matters so referred shall be immediately submitted by the Board to the International Joint Commission whose decision shall be final.

hake god of the boundary waters flowing into and from Rainy

Should it become necessary to set up a special tribunal to determine seconds and to see the cost of the acquisition of the flowage easement in the United States provided for in Article 8 of the Convention, the Government of Canada shall be afforded an opportunity to be represented thereon. Should the cost be determined by means of the usual judicial procedure in the United States, the Government of Canada shall be given the privilege of representation by counsel in connection therewith.

W.L. Mackenzie King Papers Memoranda & Notes

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