of his Government, including measures the enactment of a stringent election law, with the trial of election petitions by judges and vote by ballot; the abolition of the real estate qualification of members; the better administration of Penitentiaries; the enactment of the marine Telegraph law, which virtually abolished the monopoly of the Cable Company; the establishment of a Dominion Military College, and improvement of the militia system; the enlargement of the Canals; the permanent organization of the Civil Service; the establishment of a Supreme Court for the Dominion; the reduction of postage to and from the U.S.; the free delivery of postal matter in cities and towns; the opening of direct mail communication with the West Indies; the construction of a trans-continental telegraph line; the better administration of Government railways: an improved copyright law; the adoption of a final route for the Pacific Railway; the opening of negotiations, conducted on our behalf by our own delegate in person, between Can. and the U.S., for the establishment of an equitable Reciprocity Treaty between the two countries: a new insolvent law; and the establishment of a Territorial Government for the North-West, have all been, more or less, moulded and directed by him. In addition, two very important questions, which for some time agitated the public mind and threatened the gravest complications—the Manitoba amnesty and the New Brunswick school questions—were satisfactorily adjusted during Mr. M's administration. A Liberal; and "has always held those principles—which by some in England may be considered peculiar-of the universal brotherhood of man, no matter in what rank of life he may have taken his origin. Has believed, and now believes in the extinction of all class legislation, and all legislation that tends to promote any body of men, or class of men, for the mere fact of their belonging to a body or class, to a higher position politically than any other class in the country. In our great colonies, while no fault is found with the political organization of the Mother Country, or any other country, we take our stand simply and completely on the ground that every man is equal in the eye of the law, and has the same opportunity, by exercising the talents with which God has blessed him, of rising in the world, in confidence of his fellow-citizens—one man quite as much as another. Believes thoroughly in party government, and that it is utterly impossible to conduct the government of a new country without it. earnest advocate and upholder of the present connection