

LIBERAL FORCES ARE CERTAIN TO WEED OUT THE OLD BRUNSWICK

Ring of Victory in Speeches

Strong Arguments for Reciprocity Enthusiastically Applauded

A. F. Bentley, M. P. P., A. B. Copp, M. P. P., Mr. Lowell, Dr. Alward and Others Cheered to the Echo as They Denounce False Canvass of Conservatives—Only a Question of Majorities for Liberal Candidates

Saturday, Sept. 9. That Mr. Lowell's majority will be very large was the impression that was forced on those who were present in Temperance Hall, Fairville, last night and saw the almost unparalleled demonstration of cheering enthusiasm which marked the Liberal rally. The hall was filled to its utmost capacity and many who were anxious to take part in the demonstration were unable to gain admission to the meeting. Every mention of Mr. Lowell's name was the signal for deafening cheers and the whole atmosphere of the meeting was permeated with the certainty of victory.

A. B. Copp, M. P. P., was heard in one of the best speeches of the campaign. He handled the opposition without gloves, showing up their false and contradictory canvasses, pointing out the weakness of their position which made it necessary for them to seek votes by appeals to the worst passions of their followers and by endeavoring to breed suspicion and distrust among the people of Canada. He appealed to one of the best speeches of the campaign. He handled the opposition without gloves, showing up their false and contradictory canvasses, pointing out the weakness of their position which made it necessary for them to seek votes by appeals to the worst passions of their followers and by endeavoring to breed suspicion and distrust among the people of Canada. He appealed to one of the best speeches of the campaign.

A. F. Bentley, M. P. P. Amador Anderson was chairman of the Fairville meeting. He introduced the first speaker Mr. Bentley, who was received with applause. In opening, he said that it was the first time that he had seen a man who was so full of life and energy as Mr. Bentley. He said that he had seen a man who was so full of life and energy as Mr. Bentley. He said that he had seen a man who was so full of life and energy as Mr. Bentley.

The issues in the campaign were clear cut, well and clearly defined, in fact one of the most important issues before the country since confederation. In discussing reciprocity, he said that it was simply a trade agreement, simply a bargain to give certain things and get certain things in exchange. If it had been a trade agreement, it would have been a trade agreement, simply a bargain to give certain things and get certain things in exchange.

Something Wrong. "If after a trial it was not found satisfactory, say so, and the agreement will be null and void. In spite of the great prosperity of Canada, during the past fifteen years, the maritime provinces have not had their share. There is something wrong in the matter. There was never a prosperous country with a stationary population, and in this respect it will be found that the trouble can be traced to the farming districts. A drive over the country will show good farms with the buildings in

The only difference between the R. L. Borden of today and the R. L. Borden of the campaign of 1908 is that then Mr. Borden had Foster and Fowler, while today he has Foster and Fowler—Bourassa.

Very well. Let us glance at some exceedingly frank and spirited advice given to Mr. Borden in 1908, during the Federal campaign, by the Montreal Star which is now offering so much advice to the people of the Maritime Provinces. Speaking of Mr. Borden in an editorial on Oct. 24, 1908, the Star said:

"If he is called upon to form a ministry, he cannot afford to give Mr. Foster a seat in it. Especially ought Mr. Foster to be kept outside that high position of trust, the department of finance. He has utilized one position of trust for private profit, and it would be criminal folly to permit him to enter another where the 'trust funds' are counted by the five hundred millions."

MORE HOT SHOT FOR FOWLER

In an editorial on that same day the Star said: "Mr. Borden should not call to his councils a man like Mr. Fowler, who did not think it a breach of trust to put himself under the heaviest obligations to two of our greatest railway magnates when he was a member of the Parliament which would adjudge between the demands of these railways and the interests of the people."

FOSTER AND SIFTON

Again, on Oct. 22, the Star said editorially: "Mr. Foster is himself one of the chief issues of the campaign, and his presence

REMEMBER THAT MR. FOSTER TODAY IS THE SAME MAN HE WAS IN 1908. REMEMBER THAT MR. FOWLER TODAY IS THE SAME MAN HE WAS IN THE LAST CAMPAIGN.

REMEMBER THAT MR. BORDEN TODAY IS THE SAME MR. BORDEN HE WAS IN 1908, EXCEPT THAT, IN ADDITION TO FOSTER AND FOWLER, HE NOW HAS BOURASSA.

real and the building of the Grand Trunk Pacific met with the same opposition and much prediction. So far as I am concerned on this matter of reciprocity, if the measure had been introduced by R. L. Borden and opposed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, I would have voted for it just the same, so firm am I convinced of its success.

Non-sense.

"The slogan of 'let well enough alone' is the worst kind of nonsense. I say this great dominion must stand still, worse than madness, and this is from the man who aspires to be premier. Is that what you people want? (Cries of no, no.) 'Has this town of Fairville grown so much that you want it to grow any more?' (Cries of no, no.) Then do not elect Dr. Daniel, or Mr. Powell who has been the stumbling block of humanity. (Laughter.)

"Do you want to stop the great work being done by St. John by Dr. Pugsley and 'let well enough alone?' (Cries of never.) He has still other work to do." (Cries of no, no.)

"The responsibility for reciprocity had been upon the shoulders of Sir Wilfrid Laurier but he had been prevented from carrying it out and had laid the responsibility upon the people in order to turn them from the real question. In taking up the matter of reciprocity, he asked if any business man would consider it disloyal to seek to widen out his business and seek larger markets. (Loud cries of no, no.)

He said that the Conservatives were coming those who were in favor of the new trade relations disloyal but it was a shame to set up a cry of disloyalty against those who were in favor of broader trade relations. (Applause.) A great responsibility rests on every elector, and the speaker asked everyone to forget party and vote for what he considered was the right. Anyone could compare the past records of the Liberal government and those of the Conservatives when they were in power, and the people would find that under the Laurier government Canada had enjoyed its full share of prosperity. (Cries of no, no.)

Mr. Copp in Great Form.

As Chairman Anderson introduced Mr. Copp, the aggressive member of the provincial opposition was received with vigorous applause. It was some minutes before Mr. Copp could make himself heard and when he did he thanked the audience for their enthusiasm and hoped that it would remain for Mr. Lowell, their next member at Ottawa. (Applause and cheers.) "It is not necessary for me to speak for Mr. Lowell," said Mr. Copp. "His interests are yours and his whole life is wrapped up in the city and county of St. John. (Prolonged cheers and applause.)

South End Meeting

The St. James street meeting was one of the most enthusiastic ever held in that part of the city.

W. J. Mahoney in Able Speech.

W. J. Mahoney, the first speaker, was accorded a fine reception. In opening, he paid a great compliment to James Lowell, the candidate for the city and county, and said that since Mr. Lowell was a man of the common people he was deserving of their united support. His record in the local legislature, he said, was one of which he might well feel proud and that he was sure that the city of St. John could do better fitted man to help the minister of public works carry on his great work of development at this port. Turning to the question of reciprocity, he went into the history of it very fully and showed how the attainment of it had been the goal of all great Canadian statesmen. Taking up the disloyalty cry raised by the Conservatives, he pointed out the inconsistency of it by showing the enormous extent of trade being carried on between the two countries at present. The Conservatives themselves are doing business at the present day with the United States and yet as a result of it they do not consider their loyalty in any way affected. One of the great advantages that would follow the endorsement of the trade agreement, he considered, would be the equalizing of trade. This would mean that in a position to sell just as much as

ignites all the inflammable materials that may be present. Both parties know that if they can rivet attention upon such champions of the other side as Sifton and Foster, they are bound to make votes for their own candidates.

"Both these men may survive in their own constituencies. Party feeling is strong. But their presence in this campaign is costing their respective parties scores of votes in every constituency throughout the country, for both have REPUTATIONS CALCULATED TO KILL THEIR POLITICAL FRIENDS AT THREE THOUSAND MILES."

ONCE MORE

In an editorial advising leaders to select clean lieutenants, the Montreal Star, on Oct. 21, 1908 said:

"If Mr. Borden would definitely announce a similar intention on his part, he would greatly strengthen his position with those who are today apprehensive lest a Borden ministry would be weighed with such mistakes as Foster in the finance department, Hughes in the militia department, and Fowler as minister from New Brunswick."

On Oct. 19, the Star said:

"Then, Mr. Borden promises 'honest administration of our public revenues.' How is this to be accomplished? By making Foster minister of finance? By giving the militia department to Col. Sam Hughes? By appointing Fowler and Lefurgey to deal with the railway magnates? It is useless to talk to the people of giving them a more honest administration if the work of that administration is to be left in such hands as these."

REMEMBER THAT MR. FOSTER TODAY IS THE SAME MAN HE WAS IN 1908. REMEMBER THAT MR. FOWLER TODAY IS THE SAME MAN HE WAS IN THE LAST CAMPAIGN.

REMEMBER THAT MR. BORDEN TODAY IS THE SAME MR. BORDEN HE WAS IN 1908, EXCEPT THAT, IN ADDITION TO FOSTER AND FOWLER, HE NOW HAS BOURASSA.

products. What he did look for, and what he was sure would come, would be a greater and a steadier market. Mr. Lowell next told of the evils which would result from the repeal of the Pike law, and said that the only salvation for the lumbermen now was the endorsement of the present reciprocity treaty. He told how in the event of the trade agreement not being endorsed, the firm of Sifton, Cutler & Co., who at present pay \$140,000 in wages, would have to remove their mills from St. John. In closing, he took up the disloyalty cry, and showed how Canada in fifteen years had greatly increased her trade with the United States, and still the Canadians were never more loyal than they are to day. The only way to make people loyal, he said, was to make them prosperous and happy, and this was what the Liberals proposed to do. (Cheers.)

Dr. Alward's Rousing Speech.

Fired by his enthusiasm for the welfare of the port of St. John and for the doctrine of reciprocity, in which he has always been a consistent believer, Dr. Alward rose to a rousing speech. When introduced by the chairman, he was greeted with hearty cheers that showed how sincerely his independent and manly attitude in this campaign is appreciated by the people. He spoke of the vigorous assistance of Dr. Pugsley in a position to do much for St. John. (Cries of no, no.)

"The Conservatives had a chance to do something for St. John and did they do anything? Cries of 'No, no.' What a sorry contrast eighteen years of Conservative rule makes with fifteen years of Liberal rule." (Cheers.)

"It was a period of depression compared with a period of continued prosperity. The Conservatives made no attempt to do anything for St. John and did they do anything? Cries of 'No, no.' What a sorry contrast eighteen years of Conservative rule makes with fifteen years of Liberal rule." (Cheers.)

Shameful Neglect of Conservatives. As one of his chief reasons for supporting the Liberal party he outlined the history of this port, showing the shameful neglect of the Conservatives and the immense development which had taken place under Liberal rule. He gave a summary of some of the things that Hon. Wm. Pugsley had accomplished for St. John in light of its prospects as a winter terminal for trans-oceanic trade, and said that those who denied that he had done anything worth while must be long to the class who have eyes but see not, and ears but hear not. (Cheers.)

Sifton was telling an audience on the outside that it would be the consumers who would suffer. (Cheers.) While Mr. Borden advanced the theory that the local markets were going to be swamped, Mr. Tilley was of the opinion that the markets were going to be drained. (Laughter.) Up to six months ago, Mr. Lowell said, there was scarcely a man in Canada but favored any move that would result in fostering better trade relations between Canada and the United States. In 1908 when the French treaty was brought up in the house of commons Messrs. Borden, Foster, and in fact all the Conservatives, were then very solicitous about the friendly relations with the United States. "Hesitate," they said, when called upon to pass the French treaty. "Let us not go too hastily into this matter lest we might do something which would result in destroying the friendly relations which exist between Canada and the United States." How remarkable, said Mr. Lowell, are the wonderful changes.

A Weak and Foolish Argument.

Dr. Alward showed clearly the weakness of the argument that the transatlantic trade would be diverted from St. John as a result of reciprocity. He said that Mr. Sifton had been put forward as an exponent of that theory, and as an opponent of reciprocity, and he dismissed Mr. Sifton with a question from Sir Charles Tupper to the effect that "there is no constituency from Sydney to Victoria that would disown itself by electing such a man as Sifton." (Prolonged cheering.)

In dealing with reciprocity, Dr. Alward showed that he had given the subject the most careful and conscientious study, and his remarks readily exposed the weakness of the arguments advanced in opposition to it. He showed that the trade

NEW BRUNSWICK NORTH SHORE SOLID FOR RECIPROCITY

SURPRISED AT OPPOSITION TO MINISTER

Former Resident, Now in the West, Wonders at Action of St. John People

DIFFERENT OUT THERE

Announcement of Such Works as Hon. Wm. Pugsley is Giving St. John Would Cause Big Boom—Greatest Thing Ever Offered This City.

Fred H. Hale, formerly well known politician and member of parliament for Carleton county in this province, and who is now located in Vancouver, is authority for the statement that there are close upon 12,000 New Brunswickers in the province of British Columbia alone. Everyone of these former easterners is enthusiastic in the up-building of their western home land and not a few of them have attained positions of prominence through their efforts to secure for British Columbia public works necessary to the success of the province.

Writing to a relative in this city recently, a former New Brunswicker, resident in Vancouver, expresses much surprise that St. John City has seen fit to give battle to the Minister of Public Works whose efforts, in behalf of the province, are well known throughout the country, and particularly noticeable to former New Brunswickers residing in the western provinces.

Continuing, the writer said that out west the people looked upon the development of the country in public works as of such importance that political issues, community jealousies and rivalries are entirely forgotten, all citizens joining heart and hand in securing for their respective localities federal and provincial money that mean permanent up-building. During July the Canadian Northern Railway Company announced their intention to erect at Vancouver within the next three years, a large graving dock and terminal facilities. This news caused sensational rises in real estate values and was seized upon by the 150,000 citizens of that city as a great step forward in the development of the port. Each similar announcement of the building of public utility intensifies the buoyant spirit of the people, and the doubter within the province, who has been a man of no good whatever to his community.

The whole province of British Columbia is at present building great hopes upon the effect of the completion of the Grand Trunk Pacific line in that province, which is expected before the fall of 1913. Despite the vast wilderness of the interior of the province and its inaccessibility at present, except by primitive steamboat and portaging methods, numerous town sites have been mapped out and are being sold, and the hope expressed by the people for their eventual cityhood approaches firm belief.

Calgary and Medicine Hat are indulging in the most strenuous rivalry at the present time for the securing of the C. P. R. car works and real estate in each town is appreciating by leaps and bounds. Lethbridge, McLeod, Nelson, Fernie and other localities are also competing for the work, for federal grants and provincial expenditures. Even newly created towns along the Grand Trunk Pacific, Canadian Pacific, and Canadian Northern are being boosted because of their location as railway centres, junction points and distributing towns.

The ex-New Brunswicker in writing home seemed amazed at opposition in St. John in light of its prospects as a winter terminal for trans-oceanic trade, and says if Vancouver were in its position, the most pronounced sort of optimism and co-operation would obtain at the present time. As if offering an explanation to his own question, the writer concludes:—

"I wish I were a millionaire, and if I were, it would give me the greatest pleasure of my life to bring a half a dozen trainloads of St. John's young men and old men, two—with a fair sprinkling of mothers, daughters and wives—to this country. If by the time they had reached Port William they had not seen their home city in its true light; and by the time they had visited Winnipeg, then reached the coast, they were not convinced that the projected government works in dear old St. John were the greatest boon the place has ever enjoyed, I would lose faith once and for all time in the ability of my home people to know a good thing when they see it."

Reciprocity Would Stop This.

(Fredericton Mail.) A party of young men from Fredericton left this week for Aroostook to work in the potato fields. Among the number were Alvin Shanker, Richard DeLong, Angus Bentley and Harry Smith. All three of the party stated that he had been promised a job at \$3 per day.

agreement would result in the greatest good to the greatest number of the inhabitants of Canada, the only test by which the value of a Canadian policy can be measured. (Applause.)

At the close of his speech, Dr. Alward was again vigorously applauded, and the meeting was concluded with rousing cheers for the King, the Liberal candidates and Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Wm. Murray Retires in Restigouche

Hon. Mr. Pugsley Addresses Great Campbellton Meeting

Ovation to Minister Who Has Done So Much in the Way of Public Works for Ports and Towns—Dr. Pugsley Predicts Liberal Sweep in Canada.

Campbellton, N.B., Sept. 8.—Restigouche voters from far and near, lined up for Reid and reciprocity, in a magnificent meeting held at the new House, addressed by Hon. William Pugsley, minister of public works, and hailed tonight as the "Friend of Campbellton."

Probably 4000 were jammed into the meeting closed, the William Murray, who had been announced as an independent Liberal candidate, out of loyalty to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and a desire to have the issue of reciprocity put squarely before the voters, had definitely decided not to enter the contest. This was received with loud applause, and was a fitting climax to a great meeting.

Mr. Montgomery will run 500 votes behind that received by Mr. Mott, and will not have a ghost of a chance in a straight party fight, which he now faces.

A Great Audience.

A stranger at the meeting would have fancied himself in a city audience rather than at a gathering in a town which, like Campbellton, is a heap of smoking ruins. Dimock, new Opera House with graded floors and brilliantly lighted stage, was crowded to the doors. The aisles and entrance were packed with men anxious to hear Dr. Pugsley's message. The orchestra furnished entrancing music, and all the arrangements were most complete.

Mr. Pugsley, who is the son of the legend, "Welcome to Pugsley, friend of Campbellton," and another motto conspicuously displayed was "Reid, Reciprocity and Progress."

Flags were used with good effect in decorating the platform. In the audience were many out of town voters, and 300 people came by train from Dalhousie alone to hear Dr. Pugsley, a significant fact considering that Dalhousie is the home town of the opposition candidate.

When Dr. Pugsley and Mr. Reid came on the platform there were hearty cheers and enthusiasm was manifest throughout the meeting. Ex-Mayor D. Murray acted as chairman and referred in the highest terms to Dr. Pugsley and Mr. Reid. He said that the \$75,000 to aid the stricken Campbellton, and as a result the sum of \$75,000 was drawing interest in the bank to the credit of the town. The chairman also referred to Mr. Reid's practical matter of condolence, which simply stated: "Draw me for \$500 for the relief fund, James Reid." (Cheers.)

Mr. Reid was enthusiastically received. He had come on from a failing cancer, and in view of the fact that able speakers were present, he said he would not enter into arguments at any length. The meeting closed with the usual cheers, and was a signal success for the Liberal cause, and the endorsement of Mr. Reid's successful record as the representative of Restigouche.

Dr. Pugsley.

When Dr. Pugsley rose to speak he was greeted with cheers. He said it had not been a very long time since he had seen the people of this town, and that it was placed in the estimates was largely due to the energy, persistence and strong personality of Mr. Reid. (Cheers.)

Dr. Pugsley referred to the development of the port of Campbellton, and the plans of the government for providing further for the people of Canada. He said that the government was tempted by his own. The government would have a larger majority in Ontario than before dissolution. The majority in New Brunswick was likely to be increased by one seat at least. Gains will be made in Nova Scotia. British Columbia will split even, and the prairie provinces will be swept by the Liberals.

Hon. Dr. Pugsley's arguments on reciprocity were closely followed, and most heartily approved by the audience. The meeting closed with the usual cheers, and was a signal success for the Liberal standpoint. Mr. Reid will be given on old time majority on election day.

North Shore Counties Safe.

Of the election of the Liberal candidates in the counties of Restigouche, Gloucester and Northumberland, not the slightest doubt is entertained. All three, Messrs. Reid, Turgeon and Loggie, are old members and Dr. Pugsley, the Minister of Public Works, bore testimony to the fact that they have been earnest and faithful in presenting the needs of their respective constituencies, while all are able members and carry great weight in the house.

By Hon. Dr. Pugsley enjoyed every minute of his trip across north New Brunswick via the International railway, which stands as a monument to his far-sightedness. While a member of the provincial government, where five years ago (Continued on page 11, fifth column.)

From the Knox "New for the future Canada, but MAKE ANY BY THE PR From the 21, 19 "I ta arrangement John Herro nutsh "The The a dians, but i Conservativ agreement

VERY STRONG ARGUMENT RECI

MAKES STRANGE There's Sir Macdonald George E. Foster, for it Times.

THE RIGHT FAIR Give the farmer and turn. The Big Interest —Toronto Globe.

BORDEN AND A Vote for Borden is really a vote for the disruption of Canada.

IS TRYING INT The president of the fting Co. is trying to play off the country's reciprocity will lead to factories and destroy the Canada.

SIR WILFRID'S Seen by The Montreal frid said that his tour provinces had lent stre already expressed that erment will be returned jority than ever before.

THE ROORBACK (Montreal B The roorback season may expect to see one from now on. You can by their bright yellow load yards. They are short-lived.

AGAINST THE I (Sir Wilfrid Lauri "I will soon be sev long to live. I want a better health at 70 than I can fight your cause end. I shall defend mine against dangerous in Quebec and Ontario.

BARFACED The Ottawa Journal leged interviews with ber between Ottawa the Toronto News has word for word, with graphical changes, e lers on a train between onto.

A LUMBERMAN (G. C. Hurdman, Ott "Reciprocity is the m measures Sir Wilfrid L before the people of Ca man who is a man who monopolists who are the farmers a little price."

NOT LOSING SLEEP ARE "The great financiers claim that their interest reciprocity, but the pe any sleep over these been uttering for years the west."—Hon. A. L. Alberta, whose rich Borden, is stamping the reciprocity.

PREFERENTIAL T "As to the statement that preferential trade in Britain. I can tell you recent visit to Englan Lord High Cecil, one of Unionist party the taxation upon food, a proposed it would di party in two."—Mr. Eggarville.

MR. FIELDING IS Albert S. Swim of A. Clark's Harbor, N. S., servative, says:—"How can anybody to our fishermen? I an deny it, and him to v vince him that the agre Lord Shelburne and Mr. Swim: "There can about that. MR. FIE QUESTION WILL LARGER MAJORITY

A VOTE FOR BORDEN IS A VOTE FOR HENRI BOURASSA