POOR DOCUMENT

SUPPLEMENT

TEACHER'S COLUMN.

Devoted to The Interest of The Provincial Teachers.

In Which We Publish the Entrance, Monthly and Final Examination Papers Used in the Normal School

This Column is Open For Communications, and Will Contain Articles of Special Interest to Every Teacher.—Teachers Wishing for Information on Any School Question Can Obtain the Same by Enquiring Through This Column.

Owing to the demand for last week's issue containing the examination papers given in the Normal School we republish them again this week by request. The teachers will please remember that this column is open for all communications from them concerning school matters and its success will depend largely upon the teachers: Address all communications to P. O. Box 315.

Professional Knowledge.

Time 2 hrs 1. What are the sources from which a teacher's knowledge of his profession is to be obtained? Estimate the value of each and show their relation to each other.

2. Why is a knowledge of Psychology a necessary part of a teacher's preparation?

3. Trace, in a general way, the developof fifteen years.

4. Attention. - What is it? Its conditions? Its value in education?

5. What part is played by the senses in quisition of knowledge? Which are the most valuable senses from the point of view of edncation and why?

6. The Memory-its functions-its educational value-kinds of-conditions of its proper development.

7. What is the essential process in Reasoning? At what age does a child begin to reason? Trace the unfolding of this faculty as far as you have studied it

8. Distinguish between Inductive and Deductive Reasoning.

9. Explain the scientific basis of the following maxims of method viz-"We learn to do by doing" "Teach the abstract through the concrete" "Step by stepstep after step" "The normal order in teaching is See, Know and Do."

Physics and Chemistry.

Time 2 hrs. Any four of the first six and the last two questions make a full paper.

1.-(a) Account for the attraction of pieces of paper and metallic foil by an electrified glass rod. (b) Account for the formation of icicles and for their obconical form.

2.—(a) Explain the action of the instrument—a bottle half full of water with a tube running in through the cork, force air in and water will come out in jets. The cause? (b) Calculate the specific gravity of mercury from data obtained in your Physic lessons and explain the

3.—(a) Account for the rise and fall of the mercury in the therometer and barometer respectively, and show what the rise and fall indicates in each case. (b) Why is a vaccum in each of the aforementioned instruments necessary? How would the action be affected if an opening were made in the vaccum so as to establish communication with the at-

4.—(a) Why does heating the lower both teactions. portion of a body of still water destroy its equilibrium? Why does cooling the water at the upper surface destroy its aqua fortis, caustic soda and hydric oxide, equilibrium also? Explain fully and men- and write their formulas. tion natural penomena (of frequent occurrence in many parts of the earth) dependent upon each of the facts explained. (b) Why is it possible for some insects to walk upon the surface of brooks and The young ladies in the class may an-

thirds of its volume below the level of the waters surface. Determine the specific gravity of the body. Exhibit

kind of therometers hang on the walls o I, Lycurgus.

and fully explain its action. (b) Ex- 3. Book 2.—Enunciate three of the sections. Give their relative position cracks when a drop of cold water falls on the two segments of the line in terms of unites them.

the course of reasoning by which you of the following persons, Cyrus the great sides proportionally. reached the determination. (b) What Solon, Nebuchadnezzar, Solomon, Darius

the class rooms in this building? How 2. Give a brief outline of the principle can you tell by the instruments them- changes or turning points and most im- position of bone, how many bones are portant events in the history of Egypt there in the human structure? Name

plain the fact that a hot lamp chimney six propositions giving the relations of and state what kind of articulation that rectangle and square.

7.—(a) Write the reactions that occurr of the four propositions relating to a move upon another? when aqua ammonial and nitric acid are straight line divided into two equal and mixed and when caustic potash and unequal segments external or internal. the larnxy. What is the use of the vocal hydrochloric acid are mixed (giving both | 5. Book 2. Enunciate and prove one of chords? names and formulas.) (b) Write the the two propositions which are naturally

Physiology and Hygiene.

Time 1 hr. 30 min 1. State what you know of the com-6.—(a) Make a drawing of a force pump and Palestine, or Assyria or Babylonia, the bones in the second, third or fourth

> 2. What is a muscle? how does a 4. Book 2.—Enunciate and prove one muscle cause one part of the body to

> > 3. Name in order the cartilages of

4. Name in order the parts of the brain. What is the function of the brain?

5. What is the difference between crannial and spinal nerves, between motor and sentient nerves?

6. How may spinal curvature and deformity of the ribs be induced. What evil results arise from such deformities? What 'do you consider a deformity of the ribs?

7. Name seven rules of exercises as given in your text book.

Physics and Chemistry.

Time 2 hrs. The paper given the junior classes in physics was the same as the seniors.

Chemistry.

I. (a) Tell what you know about an atom of Hydrogen-an atom of Sodium-an atom of water.

(b) Write the graphic formula for water-Muriatic acid and Caustic potash. 2. Give the Chemical and Physical properties known to you of Muriatic acid, Sulphuric acid, Caustic Soda and Hydric oxide and write their formulas.

> Professional Knowledge. (METHOD Part 1.)

1. (a) What is the educational and what the practical value of the subject of

(b) How should it be taught, outline an illustration, a lesson of the sphere.

2. (a) Describe generally the various methods adopted to teach the first steps in reading,

(b) Which of them do you prefer, why and (c) in which order would you introduce the difficulties in teaching the first steps of reading? Give reason there-

(d) Show how you would teach a class of children to read a new sentence.

(SCHOOL DISCIPLINE, Part 2.)

1. The kind of school discipline which you will be able to secure will depend on certain conditions. What are they?

2. What is the relation, motives and 3. What is the use of rewards and

punishments in schools. What kinds 4. Discuss briefly the following rewards

and punishments giving your opinion of the use or uselessness of each as the case may be.

FAMELY.

Detention after school, Prizes, Certificates, Corporal Punishment, Home Lessons as Punishments, Suspensions. 5th.—On what general principles would you deal with offences,

Physiology and Hygiene.

1. Through what passages would the blood flow in going from one of the cavities of the heart to the stomach and

Where in the system is the blood changed from arterial to venous blood and

What is meant by inspiration and expiration. How are they brought about? 4. Explain how muscular exercise effects the circulation and other vital pro-

cesses effected in consequence? 5. Explain why pressure on the veins by the clothing is injurious, and give 9. Book 4.—Enunciate and prove the examples?

6. What waste matters leave the body by the skin-what by the kidneys and

what by the lungs. cutting two sides of a triangle and par- 7. What is the pulse, and why is there

The Proprietor of THE "FREDERICTON GLOBE" being ment of mind from infancy to (say) the age desirous of increasing his circulation, and at the same time making the "GLOBE"

A BENEFIT TO EVERY TEACRER,

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Yours Respectfully,

A. J. MACRUM, Prop. GLOBE

Fredericton, N. B.

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graphis formulas for the acid and salt in associated with the 47th, book 1.

Give the chemical and physical properties known to you, of muriatic acid

General History and Geometry.

Note:-Give references where you can.

swer questions in book 2 or in book 4 to-5.—(a) A body floats on water with two gether with that in book 3, the young men in books 4 and 6. Contractions may be used.

1. Write a short but definite account allel to the third divides the first two usually no pulse in the veins.

6. Book 3.—Define a chord and

secant and prove that a chord cannot be thence to the cavity from which it startpartly without the circle. 7. Book 4.—Arrange in natural groups

or in tabular form the substance of he where from venous to arterial. enunciations of the fifteen or sixteen propositions of this book. 8. Book 4—Enunciate and prove one

of the problems for describing a rectilinear figure about a circle.

last proposition in this book. 10 Book 6.—Prove that a straight line