Margaret Jane Currie, Montreal; Christopher Healy Christie, Montreal; John Albin Hamilton, Montreal; Frederick Wilmot Mann, Maine, U.S.; Joseph William Davis, Windsor, Ont.

To those students who had distinguished themselves by winning prizes and medals, hearty applause was accorded as they stepped forward to receive awards, viz.:—Histology, W. H. Still; first year practical anatomy, Jas. McGregor; second year practical anatomy, E. H. Brown; David silver medal, Miss Florence Evans; Chancellor's prize, A. C. Lopez; Wood gold medal, F. O. Anderson.

The following gentlemen received the degree of D.D.S., being presented to the Chancellor by Dean Kerr, of the Dental Faculty:

G. H. A. Stevenson, F. W. McKenna, F. E. Skinner, J. B. Morrison, William Watson.

The Chancellor then addressed the audience, after which the convocation was declared closed.

HYDROFHOBIA.

The Chicago Pasteur Institute has published a brief report of its work since its organization, July 2, 1890. Number of patients treated, 780. 709 persons were bitten by dogs, 29 by cats, 26 by horses, 7 by skunks, 5 by wolves, 2 by cows, I by calf, I by rat, I by mule, I by pig and 3 by hydrophobic individuals. 268 were persons who had been bitten by animals known positively to have been rabid, 358 were bitten by animals recognized as rabid by their symptoms, and 161 were bitten by animals strongly suspected as infected with rabies. Three deaths are reported, a mortality of 0.38 per cent. Before the Pasteur treatment the mortality was 88 per cent. for bites of the face, 67 per cent. for bites of the hands, and 30 per cent. for bites in other portions of the Of the number treated 377 persons suffered from bodv. severe and multiple bites on hands and wrists, 92 on head and face, 110 on arms, 173 on legs and thighs and 28 on trunk. The report is certainly a very gratifying one for the Institute and an excellent testimonial to the eminent scientist who established this mode of treatment.