Andrena metallescens, n. n. - Andrena metallica, Radosz. Horæ Soc. Ent. Ross., 1876, p. 83. (Not of Fabricius, 1793.)

Andrena succincta, Imhof, 1832.—This name is a homonym, because of A. succincta, Fabr., 1781, Petagna, 1786 (= Dasypoda), but the species is quite uncertain, and being now nameless, may be consigned to oblivion. Apis dorsata Binghami, n. n. - Apis zonata, Smith. Jn. Linn. Soc.

III, 1859, p. 8. (Not of Gravenhorst, 1807.)

Apis mellifera Lamarckii, n. n.—Apis fasciata, Latreille. An. Mus.

Hist. Nat., 1804, p. 171. (Not of Linné, 1767.)

Crocisa Frieseana, n. n.—Crocisa atra, Friese. Z. f. Hym. u. Dipt., 1905, p. 7. (Sunda Archipelago.) (Not of Jurine, 1807.)

The following are also homonyms, and must be given new names: Megachile pruinosa, Friese, 1903. Texas. (Not of Perez, 1897.)

Friese (in litt.) holds that pruinosa, Perez, is argentata.

Sphecodes gracilior, Perez, 1903. Algeria. (Not of Morawitz, 1894.) Nomada superba, Perez, 1903. France. (Not of Cresson.) Prof. Perez writes that his superba is a remarkable variety of N. chrysopyga, Morawitz; it may stand as N. chrysopyga Pereziana.

Colletes brevicornis, Perez, 1903. (Not of Robertson, 1897.)

Halictus testaceus, Nurse, 1902. India. (Not of Robertson, 1897.) Nurse has proposed the name H. orpheus for his species.

Halictus nigricornis, (Fabr.) Say, 1837, does not invalidate H. nigricornis, Morawitz, 1886 (from Tibet), because the Fabrician insect was originally described under Andrena, and is an Agapostemon. It is a generally accepted (I believe) and very excellent restriction of the rule regarding homonyms, that secondary references (i. e., subsequent to the original description) do not count, unless the species referred is still considered to belong to the genus to which it was transferred.\*

Eulæma, Lep.—Lepeletier, Hist. Nat. Ins., Vol. 2, 1841, spells this name Eulema, giving Eulema as the vernacular (French) rendering. Curiously, all authors have used the latter spelling instead of the former. Scudder (Nomenclator Zoologicus) has the correct spelling.

Epeolus interruptus, Rob.-Boulder, Colo. At flowers of Townsendia grandiflora, July 5, 1905. 3 9's. (W. P. Cockerell.) Previously known only from Illinois.

<sup>\*</sup>Incidentally, it is to be noted that some of the names of our Noctuid moths are homonyms. Thus Lycophotia congrua is based on Agrotis congrua, Smith, 1890, not of Walker, 1865. Triphæna confusa is based on Agrotis congrua, Smith, 1887, not of Alpheraky, 1882.