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## CONTRIBUTION TO THE KNOWLEDGE OF NORTH AMERICAN SYRPHID.E.

BY W. D. HUNTER, ASS'T IN ENTOMOLOGY, UNIV. OF NEBRASKA.

[The material mentioned in this paper (with the exception of the type of Chilosia Townsendi, n. sp., from the collection of the Cal. Acad. of Sciences) is in either the collection of the University of Nebraska or of Prof. C. W. Johnson, of Philadelphia. In each case I have taken care to mention in which one of these the specimens may be found.]

Callicera Johnsoni, n. sp.

Male.—Eves contiguous for about two thirds their width above, densely long, white pilose, with a sharply defined vertical black band about one-fifth their width; above, the two bands are confluent. Occiput shiping olivaceous, white pilose. Ocellar area with a tuft of ferrugineous pile. Spot above the antenna bare, shining black. Face shining black, except the tip of the indistinct tubercle, which is opaque; covered, except an indistinct median stripe, and more densely below, with abundant ong light yellowish pile; very indistinctly concave below the antennie. Cheeks shining olivaceous, except an anterior velvety cross-band and an ndistinct spot below the lowest margin of the eyes; long yellow pilose. Palpi clavate, testaceous at base, apical half black. Antennæ entirely black, with short stiff black hairs on the first and second joints; first joint cylindrical; second expanded at apex, less than half as long as the first; third joint bare, over twice as long as the first and second together, expanded on basal half, flattened, bent outwardly at middle. obtuse. Thorax: dorsum shining olivaceous, with five opaque, very indistinct, longitudinal bands; pile obscure yellowish, abundant. shining, with more distinctly yellow pile. Wings a trifle tinged with vellow anteriorly, veins testaceous. Anterior cross-vein distinctly before the middle of the discal cell. Last section of the fourth vein with the inse third straight, distinctly sinuate inwardly. Tegulæ white, ciliate. and omen entirely covered with moderately long yellowish-white pile; is segment entirely opaque; second, except a broad cross-band, xpanded medially into a large triangle, the apex of which reaches