Agricultural.

Our Woods and Forests.

(From the Colonist.)

Canada is celebrated for the production of cereals. Its wheat especially is much sought after by the people of other countries. Under the facilities afforded by the operation of the Reciprocity Treaty, and owing to the unusual demand in Europe, our farmers are reaping a rich reward for their labour. We are glad to see it. The prosperity of the farmer is the prosperity of Canada. No class of society has done more for the improvement of this Province than these faithful Knights of the Plough. At one time—and that not long since—they as a class were poor, needy and struggling. This was natural in a new country populated chiefly by the poorer classes from Europe, in search of a better home. Honest industry and strict frugality have rendered their possessors the proud lords of the cultivated soil. It is a pleasing duty to chronicle such success.—The needy laborer has become the affluent farmer. Thousands of respected and wealthy farmers now filling responsible offices of civic trust, entered this Province with no other property than an axe—with no other intention than to dwell. Ripe in years and frosted with age they now live in comfort, surrounded by their rising progeny. The children of the present generation have an easy time of it compared with the toils—the sufferings—and the cares of their progenitors. The hoary sire who accompanies his children to the Village Church, in a carriage neat and fastidiously elegant, is none other than the venerable pioneer of the forest. He is the man who walked his twenty miles with his bag of flour on his back, received in exchange for a modicum of wheat—the first fruits of his industry. He is the man who toiled with the sweat of his brow, to earn in honesty his daily bread. He is the man who, unprotected, braved the backwoods with all its dangers and deprivations. He is the man who is now the centre of a happy circle. Friends, kinsfolk and acquaintances bear testimony to his worth. The morning of his business has kindled into the evening of his happiness. The noonday sun with him is past, but the balmy evening of old age is present. In a word, the penniless adventurer stands before us the wealthy—happy—contented—respected agriculturist.

But the progress of the farmer is destructive to our forest. It is daily falling before the resolute arm of the vigorous axeman; besides, the lumberer is also busy in the work of destruction—between them the giants of the forest are levelled to the dust. The lands of Canada are for the most part of good quality and well timbered. The timber is of great value, and the land deprived of its indigenous growth, is in some places of greater value still. The sale of the timber realizes a handsome return, and at the same time improves the marketable value of the lot from which it is taken. In this particular we have something of a paradox—the more that it is taken from a thing the more valuable it becomes. Of course this does not hold good universally, but without doubt many localities bear witness to the truthfulness of our remark. In some districts land is of little value, save for the timber only. Rapid fortunes have been made in the lumber trade: but more still remains to be done. Fortune, though sometimes fickle, smiles upon the diligent, and showers her bounties upon the willing. The lumbering trade may fluctuate—adversity for a time may damp the struggles of the enterprising—but eventually the cloud blows over and all resume their wonted employment. The great secret of supply and demand governs the agricultural and commercial world. A year of depression is always followed by years of prosperity. The war in Europe has disappointed manufacturers and exporters of lumber and timber of all sorts. At first an impression prevailed that the war would close the Baltic ports and increase the demand for Canadian timber. Unfortunately the impression was not well grounded, and the very opposite has been the result.—Many of our manufacturers, deceived by the spring prospects, have miscalculated and find themselves suffering in consequence—some have already experienced heavy losses. Merchants of Quebec and of Ottawa have fallen victims to the unexpected change.—The war, instead of increasing the demand for our timber has had a contrary effect. The reason is plain. Ships well paid for transporting stores from France, England, and other European countries, to the seat of war, were enabled to return with cargoes of Baltic timber at freights unusually low; and not only that, but it is further to be remembered, that our imports during the past year were not at all large—few vessels landed at Quebec—so that as a sequence there were not many return cargoes. In the meantime, timber intended for exportation was allowed to lie unexported. There was no sufficient demand for it in the home market. Supplies, if anything, increased, and the result has been a general depression in the business. The market is, comparatively speaking, stagnant. We are not, therefore surprised to learn that the quantity now wintered at Quebec is very great. Those who have large pecuniary sources to fall back upon, may weather the tempest; but we fear there are many who have suffered both in mind and pocket. The reverse was unexpected, and has fallen heavily upon all engaged in the trade. But after darkness comes light. It is thought that next season our merchants will be in a position to import largely, and by so doing encourage ships which, when homeward bound, will carry away enormous quantities of timber.

A demand for timber is springing up in the United States. Ready purchasers are found there, and their number is steadily increasing. Such a trade is under existing circumstances very consolatory. Upon reference to Charlton's review of the timber market, we find that the demand from the United States "has increased 200 per cent in five years." "Chicago," he says, "has become almost in a day the greatest market for lumber in the world." It is gratifying to learn these savory facts. We, in the west, have especial reasons to be pleased. There is now a market almost at our very doors. Timber, when sawed into lumber, may be delivered within a few miles of the place of growth. It is consumed in the United States, and the consumption cannot retrograde. The wider the market, the better for manufacturers generally—so long as there is enough for home use and to spare. A new and additional demand is therefore welcome. With increased demand there will be increased production; capital will be more freely expended, and labor more universally encouraged.

The Wyandot Corn.

This truly singular production was first introduced to the notice of the public in 1823, by Mr. J. R. Thomas of Waverly, Illinois, who received nine grains from the Wyandot Indians through a California emigrant, which he planted in a sandy soil, and the product was fifty-eight full grown ears. In 1851 there were raised from twenty-five grains planted on the 10th of May, one hundred and thirty-two ears, and from one-fourth of an acre, thirty-two bushels and three pecks of shelled corn. It only received the common cultivation given to other kinds of corn.

The corn is represented to possess these peculiarities. We copy from the circular of Mr. Thomas:—

"First, it requires but one grain to be planted in each hill; more than one is useless. Second, each grain yields from three to eight full grown stalks, equal in length and strength, being from nine to twelve feet high, proceeding directly from the grain.—Third, each stalk bears from two to four ears of a large and beautiful pearl white corn, the meal of which is equal in appearance to flour manufactured from wheat. Each hill will yield from eight to twenty ears. From an equal quantity of seed planted, it will produce double the quantity of ears that can be raised from any other kind of corn grown. The quantity of fodder which it bears is immense, and for stock feeding it is superior to all other varieties. The kernel is shaped similar to the 'yellow flint,' the grain soft, twelve rowed, and small cob. Ear from twelve to fifteen inches long.

"If planted five feet apart each way, (and which is near enough,) it will require about 2,500 grains, or one quart of the seed, per acre. Allowing each grain to produce but six ears, (and my yield for the present year, 1855, will average ten ears to the hill,) and the produce of 2,500 hills, is 15,000 ears, and, allowing 120 ears to the bushel of corn, the result will be 125 bushels per acre. By actual measurement it has been conclusively proved that three of the average sized ears of the Wyandot corn, will make one quart, or ninety-six ears to the bushel, say one hundred ears, and the result is changed from 125 to 150 bushels per acre, the latter being nearest correct."—*American paper.*

THE RUTA BAGA.—The Ruta Baga or Swedish Turnip, furnishes one of the most available sources for supplying green food for cattle and sheep during the season of foddering, and its culture has annually been commented upon and commended to the reading of the Rural. Importance of root culture, both as a means of supporting a greater stock of animals, and in the increase of manure thus supplied, is well understood in European husbandry; but no very general attention has been paid to it in this country. It is true that many farmers grow them occassionaly, but it is not made a part of their regular rotation, or accounted matter of that importance which it really deserves to be. The ruta baga may be sown any time during the month of July, but the earlier part of the month is, in medium seasons, to be preferred. Many recommend sowing them as early as the 20th of June, but this year we think later sowing will do as well if not better. The best turnips are those that grow rapidly from the commencement, if back ward weather occurs in the earlier stages of their growth, its influence seems to mark the root for life. A rich and mellow soil is required for turnips, they delight in deep, sandy moulds, and new ground, grass-swards or clover leys are well suited to their production. Liberally manured and carefully and cleanly cultivated, such soils will produce heavy crops. From eight hundred to one thousand bushels per acre have often been raised in favourable seasons.—*Rural New Yorker.*

Canada Company.

A half yearly court of proprietors was held on Thursday, the 20th inst., at Canada House, St. Helen's Place, London; Mr. C. Franks in the chair.

The chairman said, some doubts having been expressed at the last general meeting as to the right and form of voting, the question had been submitted to Mr. Roundell Palmer for his opinion. He then read the case and opinion of Counsel, the latter being to the effect that the right to vote in respect of shares transferred could not be claimed in any case until the shares had been held six months; that five shares entitled proprietors to one vote, ten to two votes, twenty to three votes, and twenty-five and upwards to four votes; and that members having less than five shares, though not qualified to vote, might attend and speak at the meetings of the company. The Chairman added, that the solicitors of the company said it followed from this opinion that when a question arose in future, it must be decided, not by show of hands, but by a poll.

The chairman then read the following report of the Directors:

The directors have given full consideration to the question of declaring half yearly dividends, as required by the charter. The profits and gains of the company arise chiefly from two sources. The first, and by far the largest, is the surplus price obtained for the land disposed of beyond the original cost thereof, and the expense of holding and improving the same until completion of the sale. The second consists of the rent or other revenue which is derived from the land remaining unsold, including what is leased. This revenue was formerly of little consideration, but since the leasing system has been adopted has become an important annual amount. Part of the price obtained for the the land sold may be considered as properly applicable to repayment, of capital whilst the rent can only be treated as annual income. It would be attended with no little difficulty to make out an exact yearly account in this shape of all the transactions of the company. It has not hitherto been attempted, nor does it seem necessary, in as much as all the gains and profits of the company, whether arising from the sale of lands, or otherwise, must ultimately be divided amongst the shareholders, whether called profit or payment of capital. It has been the wish of the directors, believing that such would be acceptable to a large body of the the proprietors, to endeavour to fix on some moderate dividend, with the prospect of the same rate being continued half yearly. But, on fully considering the fluctuations which must from time to time take place in realizing assets of the company, the directors do not see that they could name a rate of dividend with confidence that the same could be regularly paid hereafter, unless a considerable sum could be reserved in London to be applied to the payment of dividends in years when receipts from the colony are deficient; and the directors are disposed to think that the best course under the circumstances, and having regard to the expressed wish of many of the proprietors, would be to divide in future, half yearly the sum in hand, after reserving sufficient to provide for all the liabilities of the company, and to meet current expenses. But, as it is doubtful whether this course is strictly in accordance with the conditions of the charter, the directors believe that it will be necessary to apply to Parliament for further powers, and for this purpose have given notice, in order to get an act passed in the ensuing session. From a statement in the circular of the 13th instant, it appears that the available assets then in hand amounted to £74,413, since which a further remittance of £2,000, has been received, making together, £76,412, from which, deducting £7,500 for liabilities, there remains £68,913. A payment of £7 per share will amount to 62,405 to meet any further demands which may arise amongst the company, which does not appear to the directors more than it would be prudent to keep in hand at present.

On the motion of the Chairman, seconded by a proprietor, the above report was most unanimously adopted, as was also a resolution requesting the directors to prosecute a bill in parliament in the next session for the objects contemplated in the notice.

Mr. C. M'Garrell moved that the dividend for the half year ending the 10th January next be at the rate of £7 per share, clear of income tax, on 8,945 shares.

This resolution having been seconded by Mr. Tite, M. P.,

A proprietor asked whether income tax was to be paid on the full amount, a considerable part of the dividend consisting, he said, of capital repaid?

The Chairman said, although it might be considered capital it was not so in reality, a sufficient amount being still reserved to repay the capital at a future period. If the income tax should last till the capital was about to be repaid, they must of course then protest against any portion of the capital being taken from them as income tax. He added, that it must not be supposed that the rate of dividend now declared, would, as a matter of course be continued. When the last half yearly meeting was held the large sum of £40,000 lying at interest was not divided, and this now entered into the dividend.

The resolution having been carried,

On the motion of Mr. Tite, a vote of thanks was given to the chairman and directors, and the meeting then seperated.

LUDICROUS INSTANCE OF QUACKERY.—Dr. F', a physician of Montpelier, was in the habit of employing a very ingenious artifice. When he came to a town where he was not known, he pretended to have lost his dog and ordered the public crier to offer with beat of drum, a reward of twenty-five louis to whoever would bring it to him. The crier, according to direction, took care to mention all the titles and academic honors of the Dr., as well as his place of residence. He soon became the talk of the town. "Do you know," says one," that a famous physician has came here: a very clever fellow and very rich, for he has offered twenty-five louis for finding his dog." The dog was not found, but patients were.

Mr. Ralph Waldo Emerson, lecturing in New York, set his audience agape, by declaring that "we eat gas, drink gas, tread on gas, and are gas!" Then it is a great shame, cried a calculating Yankee, that gas is so cheap.

CLINTON.

Kertland & Gilkison,

CIVIL Engineers, P. L. Surveyors, and Land Agents, Clinton and Elora.
W. S. GILKISON, Clinton.
H. KERTLAND, Elora.
September 14, 1855. 10-m

Frederick Wilson,

CONVEYANCER, Auctioneer and General Agent, Clinton, C. W.
☞ Agent for the Division Court. 2-m

J. Stewart,

BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Stratford. 1-tf

Dr. Cole,

CLINTON, Huron Road, (Mr. Thwaites's former store.) late of Stanley,
August 10, 1855. 1-tf

GEORGE M. TRUEMAN,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Clinton and Goderich;
Licenced Auctioneer

FOR the town of Goderich and for the Townships of Goderich, Hallet, Stanley, Tuckersmith, Hay, Usborne, Biddulph, Stephen, Colborne, Ashfield, and Wawanash.
N. B.—Sales respectfully solicited and all orders by Post will receive prompt attention.
Clinton, at Rattenbury's Hotel, every Wednesday.
Goderich, Office at Market Square. 2-m

CITY HOTEL, CLINTON.

WILLIAM RATTENBURY begs to inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to supply all the Luxuries and comforts of Canadian Life, to such travellers as shall honor him with their company.
Wm. R. has just completed a large House sufficient to satisfy the most fastidious in the land. It is situa ed in the centre of the unequalled Town of Clinton.
Clinton, Aug. 10, 1855. 1-m

VICTORIA HOTEL,
BY
WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

THOSE who travel the road from London to Goderich, cannot avoid noticing the new Hotel on Victoria Street, known as the Victoria Hotel. This house is conducted by William Campbell. Its stable is superior; with a careful hostler in attendance. Its bed rooms are airy, spacious, and kept clean, and its table is furnished with whatever the season and country can produce. Those who love retirement, fair dealing, and economy, are respectfully invited to call.
Clinton, August 17, 1855. 2-m

BRIDGEWATER HOTEL.

JOSEPH WALKER—2½ miles from Clinton, will be happy to accommodate travellers and those inhabitants of Clinton who will favor him with a call will find a most agreable place of recreation in his extensive gardens and very superior Trout stream.
N. B.—The attention of Anglers is called to the above. The board is cheap, and there is also excellent shooting n the neighbourhood.
2-m

THE CLINTON DISTILLERY AND STEAM MILLS.

LUMBER sawed to order. Whiskey, Lumber, Wheat, Flour, and Bran always on hand.
RANCE & BROTHER.
Albert Street, Clinton, Huron. 2-m

O. S. Doan,

TANNER and Currier, Main street Clinton.—Cash for Hides. 2-m

Dr. Burnham,

CLINTON, Victoria Street.
August 10, 1855. 1-m

CLINTON PUMP FACTORY by Daniel Mulloy.
August 17, 1855. 2-m

King & Henderson,
CLINTON,

HOUSE PAINTERS and Decorators. All orders executed with neatness and despatch.

Wm. Rowel,

HORSE-SHOER and general Blacksmith.—All work done promptly and in a superior manner.
Clinton, Aug. 1855, 2-m

The Clinton, Paris and London TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

IS now opened with a large assortment of goods of a most superior description.
Fashions regularly received. Fits guaranteed easy and graceful for Court, Ball-room or City.
M. M'KINNON
16-m

Isaac Grigg,
CLINTON,

LATE of Montreal Professed Horseshoer.—The anatomy of the foot having for many years formed his chief study, he feels fully confident to give entire satisfaction to those who intrust their horses to his charge. 2-m

James McDonald,
CLINTON,

CARPENTER, Joiner, and Builder, Victoria street, Clinton, C. W. 2-m

Henry Johnson,

HORSE-SHOER and general Blacksmith.—All orders promptly attended to.
Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

Charles Dayment,
CLINTON,

CARPENTER and Builder, Sash and Blind Manufacturer. A large assortment of the above articles on hand.
Dinsley Terrace, Clinton, Aug. 1855. 2-m

Clinton Brick and Tile Yard.

PARTIES about to build can obtain Bricks of the very best quality, and above the standard size, for $6,00 per thousand at
T. EASTS.
Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

West & Rumble's
WAGON, CARRIAGE, AND PLOUGH MANUFACTORY.

PERSONS requiring any of the above articles can be supplied with the very best of the kind at the well known establishment, formerly occupied by Messrs Denslay & Sons, Main Street, Clinton, C. W.

Henry S. Lines,

FROM London, England, Cabinet Maker, Carpenter, and Builder. Plans and Specifications drawn up. Estimates made out and Contracts taken.
Woodland Villa, Clinton, C. W.
Aug. 16, 1855. 2-m

Clinton Livery Stables.

JAMES LEE still supplies the public with Horses, Carriages of the best description as heretofore.
Victoria St., Clinton, C. W., 2-m

Wm. Butcher,

BRICKLAYER and Builder. Stucco work done in the most approved moderd style.—Houses built by Contract.
Main Street, Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

JAMES CARR,
CLINTON BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.

J. C. Engages to supply Ladies and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes of every decription, of the best quality, and at the lowest possible prices.
Clinton, Aug 17. 1855. 2-m

Wm. Rowel,
CHAIR AND BEDSTEAD FACTORY.

A LIBERAL per centage will be given to Agents A good Turner and Chair Maker wanted, to whom high wages will be paid. Apply at the Robinson Hall Saloon, London.
Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

FOR SALE AT CLINTON.

A FRAME HOUSE 22 by 32 feet and 20 feet high and corner Lot, in the remarkably thriving town of Clinton, and near the Railroad Depot.
Apply at the Robertson Hall, Saloon, London, C. W. 2-m

ROYAL WESTERN HOTEL, Clinton.

H. J. MIDDAUGH, lately of Goderich, having rented this well known and popular House, situated in the central part of Clinton, had refurnished it throughout, is prepared to accommodate his guests in as good and comfortable style as any Hotel in Canada West.
Clinton, Nov. 5, 1855. 25-tf

CLINTON.

Robert C. McMullen,

NOTARY PUBLIC, Law, Land, Insurance, General Commission and Division Court Agent—Conveyancing of all kinds executed with care, and titles examined.
Christina-st., Port Sarnia, County of Lambton. 12-y

CLOTHS! CLOTHS! CLOTHS!!

CAMPBELL & FRASER have just received an immense stock of cloths of this fall's importation, being the largest and most complete ever exhibited in this part of Canada, and consisting partly of West of England Broadcloths, Deeskin and Cassimers, Scotch and Canadian tweeds, Overcoatings of the latest style, Full Cloths, Satinetts and Vestings of superior quality, which we are prepared to sell by the yard or otherwise, as parties may wish, at a small per centage.
All garments executed in a style inferior to no house in Canada.
We earnestly solicit an inspection of our splendid Stock which we are confident possesses qualities sufficient to recommend itself.
CAMPBELL & FRASER.
Clinton, Oct., 16, 1855. 19-m

A BARGAIN.

10 ACRES of Good LAND to be disposed of, in the suburbs of Clinton, and on the high road to Goderich. and a good orchard and small house on the property, which is well calculated for a beautiful residence or a market garden.
Apply to Dr. BURNHAM, Clinton.
Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

CARS OFF THE TRACK!!
BUT NO ONE INJURED.

SMITH & FISHER may still be found at their Store in CLINTON, selling Goods even *Cheaper* than they have done heretofore.
Among their Stock may be found a large and well selected assortment of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware,
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE,
Ready-made Clothing, and Boots & Shoes,
The facilities which they possess of purchasing Goods will enable them to maintain the name which they have already gained of SELLING CHEAP.
They are now receiving their
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
and would invite all to call and examine for themselves. No charge made for shewing Goods.
A Branch of the Upper Canada Bible Society Depository. Bibles and Testaments with and without Psalms, at Toronto prices.
Clinton, Sept. 7, 1855. 8-m

GOLDEN SADDLE.

R. LEE,
Saddle, Harness, and Trunk Maker,
VICTORIA STREET, CLINTON, C. W.

R. L. RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Clinton and surrounding country, that he has always on hand a choice selection of British and American Sadlery, fancy and Team Harness, Trunks, Valices, Bridles, Whips, &c., &c., made of the best materials, and workmanship, which he can confidently recommend, and of which he respectfully solicits an inspection.
REPAIRING in all branches promptly attended to and on reasonable terms.
August 31, 1855. 6-m

CLINTON STORE.

THE Subscriber begs to inform his customers in Clinton and surrounding country, that he still continues doing business in the brick store on the corner of Huron and Albert streets.
Parties establishing a family trade with him will find a great advantage from the system he has adopted of marking all his goods in *plain figures* at the *lowest price.*
W. C. invites an inspection of his stock of **Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware Crokery** &c., all of which he guarantees of the very best description and at such moderate prices as sre sure to satisfy all who may favor him with their patronage
WILLIAM COATS.
Clinton, Aug. 1855 2-m

CLINTON.

Tailoring and Habit Making
ESTABLISHMENT.

MESSRS. JACKSON & BROTHERS still continue to receive the *Largest Selections* of the most approved
European Fashions,
in the *Huron District.* Every article bought at this establishment, warranted to fit or the money returned.
CLOTH HALL, MAIN ST., CLINTON.
July 24th, 1855. 1-m

George Wright,
BUTCHER &c., CLINTON.

G. W. BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Clinton and neighborhood that having purchased the business and premises of James Lee, Victoria Street, he hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of that patronage, which the public so liberally afforded to his predecessor.
Cash paid for fat Cattle and Pork.
All orders punctually attended to.
Fresh Sausages always on hand.
N. B.—An apprentice wanted immediately.
19-m

J. JACKON'
French Boot & Shoe Emporium.

THIS Establishment, where every article in the above line can be had of the *Best Material* and on the
Most Reasonable Terms.
The quality and variety of style and price never has been offered in Western Canada before.—All of which he *Warrants.* Our motto is
"Small Profits and Quick Returns."
CLINTON, July 24th, 1855. 1-m

Clinton Removal.

MOORE & HUNTER have removed their Business to the large New Store in the centre of Clinton.
Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

Clinton Wagon Shop.

THE Subscribers beg leave to announce to the inhabitants of Clinton and the surrounding country, that they have commenced the business of
WAGON MAKING
in all its branches, on the corner of Albert and Princes streets, opposite Rance & Brother's Steam Mill, where they are prepared to manufacture *Wagons, Carriages, Buggies,* &c., of the latest improved style, for service and durability equal in material and workmanship to any other shop in Western Canada, and on the most reasonable terms.
☞ Repairing done on short notice and low prices.
SIMMONS & Co.
N. B.—An *APPRENTICE WANTED* in the Blacksmithing department.
Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

CLINTON
Fanning Mill Factory.

THE Subscriber, (successor to Neil McTaggart & Co.,) continues the business of Making *FANNING MILLS* on the premises lately occupied by them in Clinton. His long experience in the business enables him to turn out Mills second to none in Canada.
Farmers, give them a trial.
MALCOLM McTAGGART.
Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

Clinton Cabinet Warehouse.

T. STEVENSON, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, begs leave to announce to the inhabitants of Clinton and the surrounding country, that he has opened his new establishment in Main Street, where he is prepared to furnish every article in his line of business, such as Tables, Bedsteads, Sofas, Sideboards, Bureaus, &c., &c., and hopes by strict attention to business, to meet a share of public patronage.
Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

CLINTON
TIN AND STOVE WAREHOUSE

EVERY variety of Tin-ware, Stove, Stove Pipes and Eave Troughs of all patterns at London Prices.
JOHN REID.
Clinton, Nov. 5, 1855. 25-m

CLINTON
Upholstery and Cabinet Manufactory.

THE Subscriber having opened his commodious premises on Victoria Street, is prepared to furnish the Palace or the Peasant's Cot with the newest fashions and at the lowest prices.
WILLIAM SHAW.
Clinton, Nov 5, 1855. 26-m

CLINTON.

Crown Inn, Brucefield.

S. BOGS would call the attention of Travellers to the above Hotel, it having been greatly enlarged and otherwise improved. Parties favoring him with a call, will find accomodation unequalled in the vicinity.
In his new and excellent stables, there is room for upwards of one hundred horses.
Brucefield, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

BRUCEFIELD, COUNTY OF HURON.

JOHN COPELAND informs the travelling public that he has completed his new and commodious Brick Hotel, where they may rely upon obtaining every possible comfort and accommodation.
Brucefield, C. W., Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

THE WELLINGTON ARMS,
BAYFIELD.

TRAVELLERS to and through Bayfield, and the public generally, will find good accommodation for man and beast, and a hearty welcome, at this Inn. No pains are spared to make people comfortable by the proprietor,
W. WELLINGTON CONNOR,
Bayfield, Sept. 21, 1855. 12-m

Look Here.

BUILDING and House Carpentering work done in all its branches, by
WILLIAM LITTLE.
Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

CLINTON AGAIN.

MOORE & HUNTER, thankful to the inhabitants of Clinton and its neighborhood for past and present support, beg to inform them that in consequence of the enormous increase of patronage they have received, since their removal to their new establishment, (being *second to none* in the united Counties,) beg to intimate that they have now received a large and
Valuable Stock of Goods,
suited for the present season, all of which have been selected with care, comprising every variety of articles required by their numerous Customers and which will be disposed of on their usual liberal system.
The Stock embraces an endless variety of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY &c. In which, having purchased on most reasonable terms, they defy competition,
WANTED TO PURCHASE,
50,000 Bushels of Wheat, and 10,000 bushels of Barley.
☞ Hurrah for Clinton. ☜
Clinton, October 13, 1855. 13-m

Competition is the Life of Trade.

J. D. SHARMAN,
(Successor to R. TWAITS, Clinton,)

IS now receiving a large and superior selection of
Shawls, Cashmeres, Cobourgs, Merinos, Plaids, Prints, &c.. Broad Cloths, Doeskins, Tweeds, Pilots, Full Cloths, Satinetts, &c.
Blankets, Sheetings, Tickings, and Flannels, Shirtings and Factory Cottons, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Flowers, &c.
Groceries and Liquors,
CROCKERY, GLASS, HARDWARE, &c.
J. D. S. is positively enabled to sell a large portion of the above goods at a *Price fully one-Fourth Less* than any house north of London. The Dry Goods have been selected with the greatest care, by one of the first buyers, in Canada and are calculated to give the highest satisfaction in every respect.
☞ STORE and TAVERN-KEEPERS supplied at the *VERY LOWEST LONDON WHOLESALE PRICES.*
Clinton, October 22, 1855. 21-m

Clinton.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a first class Watchmaker, where an excellent business is doing. Apply at the Robinson Hall Saloon.
Oct. 25, 1855

New Map of the Town of Clinton.

THE Subscribers have now in the hands of the Lithographers an entire New Map of this flourishing Town, which they will be prepared to issue in a few days. The Map is compiled from original survey, shows all the late additions, and may be relied upon as being correct in every particular.
To ensure a copy make early application at the office of the subscribers, Albert Street, Clinton.
Nov. 21, 1855. KERTLAND & GILKISON,
31-m E. E. & P. L. S.

CLINTON.

THE Beacon Fire and Life Insurance Co., T. S. Byers, Esq., Clinton, has been appointed Agent for this Company with whom assurances can be effected 35-m
City Hotel, Clinton, Dec. 10, 1855.

CLINTON.

A RARE chance for a first-rate Blacksmith. The Shop and Business of the late Isaac Grigg, Esq., to be let with immediate possession. For position the shop is unequalled in this Flourishing town.
*** Apply at the Robinson Hall Saloon, Dundas street, London, 41-m

CONTINUATION SALE OF TOWN LOTS
Belonging to the
PUGH ESTATE, IN CLINTON,
COUNTY OF HURON.

G. W. TRUEMAN has the pleasure to announce that in fulfilment of the engagement made at the sale of Lots belonging to the
PUGH PROPERTY,
In the town of Clinton, in October last, and to accommodate the numerous intending purchasers who were disappointed by the interruption of the sale (owing to bad weather) on that occasion, he will offer to public competition, on
Wednesday, January 16, 1856,
FIFTY VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,
Comprising some of the most eligible portions of that splendid property, either for building or for investment. Several of the Lots which were sold at the previous sale will have HANDSOME RESIDENCES erected upon them during the coming season by merchants and landed proprietors of Clinton and the vicinity, by which the Lots now offered for sale will in a short time be rendered more valuable.
A FOUNDRY is also about to be built on North street, in the near neighborhood of some of the lots now to be sold. A number of lots on Erie street, between the Railroad and College Square will be offered at this sale, as well as some on Huron Street, between Erie and Maitland streets.
TERMS:—This being a continuation of the sale of October 31, 1855, the terms will be the same, viz:—Five Pounds currency on each lot to be paid at the time of sale; one fourth of the remainder, with interest, on the 4th of May, 1856, and the balance in three equal instalments with interest from the day of sale the interest to be paid half-yearly. Plans of the property can be seen at the Robinson Hall Saloon, London, Rattenbury's Hotel, Clinton, Middaugh's Hotel, Clinton, Wood's Hotel, Stratford, and at the Auctioneer's Goderich.
The sale will take place, weather permitting, on the ground; if not, at the Royal Western Hotel, and will commence at 12 o'clock precisely. 36-t.

STRATFORD.

John J. E. Linton,

CONVEYANCER, Notary Public, Com'r. Q. B., Stratford. 1-tf

Mitchell Hotel,

BY JOHN HICKS—Every attention paid to the comfort and convenience of Visitors.
Stratford, Aug. 1855. 1-tf

WOODS'
ALBION HOTEL,
STRATFORD.

THE Subscribers beg to announce that they have recently opened their LARGE BRICK HOTEL; and they trust that their experience in Hotel keeping, will enable them to give satisfaction to the travelling community and the public generally; and they will spare no effort to deserve and retain the reputation they have already gained of having not only the *"largest* but the *best* Hotel in the Huron Tract"
JAMES & PETER WOODS.
Stratford, Aug. 1, 1855. 1-tf

Town Lots in Stratford.

THE Subscriber offers FOR SALE several very desirable and beautifully situated Lots on the North side of the River, desirably suited for Cottage or Villa Residences.
He also offers for lease, several valuable building sites in the centre of the town, and well adapted for stores or other places of business.
Terms Reasonable. W. F. McCULLOCH.
Aug. 1855. 1-tf

TOWN LOTS IN STRATFORD.

THE following Lots are FOR SALE on reasonable terms:
Lots 106 and 107, on St. Michael Street;
" 31, 32, 60 and 61, Elizabeth Street;
" 7 and 8, Mornington Road.
The above Lots are situate on the North side of the Avon; and the beauty and healthy character of the locality, adapt them admirably for private residences.
W. F. McCULLOCH.
Stratford, Aug. 1855. 1-tf

Water Power.

CANADIAN LETTERS PATENT, 1854.

THE undersigned begs to inform the owners of Water Power, in the Counties of Huron and Bruce, that he holds the right to manufacture, vend and sell,
GATIS' PATENT CENTRAL DISCHARGE
WATER WHEEL,
and is prepared to execute all orders for the same.
In recommending this Wheel to parties using Water Power, the subscriber claims no more advantages for it than it possesses, feeling confident that it recommends itself wherever introduced.
Further information can be had on application to the subscriber, and any infringement on the right, will be dealt with as the law directs.
A. D. ORR.
Stratford, August 1855. 1-tf

HARRISON & CANA,

AUCTIONEERS for the town of Stratford, townships of Downie, Ellice, North and South Easthope, &c.
Orders received at their Office, Stratford Hotel, promptly attended to.
September 8th, 1855. 14-tf

GODERICH.

Tavern and Splendid Farm on Lease.

TO be let for such term of years as may be agreed upon, that old Established Tavern known as Cook's Inn, with the valuable farm attached thereto. The farm has about
SEVENTY ACRES CLEARED,
and is in a high state of cultivation. The Tavern is situated on the Huron Road about ten miles from Goderich and 2 from Clinton.
Application to be made on the premises, or by letter (post paid) to Clinton Post Office to.
ROBERT COOK.
Goderich Township, Aug. 29th, 1855. 27-m

NEW DRY GOODS,
MILLINERY
And Clothing,
AT THE
MANCHESTER STORE,
WEST STREET, GODERICH,
TWOMEY & GOODING.
August 1855. 1-m

Dr. Hamilton,

REMOVED to the residence lately occupied by Mr. Sheriff McDonald, Light-House Point.
Goderich, Aug 10. 1855. 1-tf

IMPORTANT
To those who wish to buy Groceries Cheap.

THE Subscriber having purchased from S. Whitter, Esq. his Stock in trade &c., at an immese reduction under cost, will offer for sale the whole of the Goods, together with an excellent assortment of
Groceries, Wines, Brandies, Whiskey, &c,
recently bought expressly for the trade, at prices which cannot fail but help to produce a favorable impression on all who make Goderich their Market town.
☞ Call and examine prices and stock at the sign of the Tea Ghest, opposite the Huron Hotel, Kingston Street.
ANDREW JOHNSTONE.
Goderich, July 11th, 1855. 2-m

British & Canadian Insurance
AGENCY, GODERICH, C. W.

BEACON Fire and Life Insurance Company —Capital £150,000 stg., No. 6, Waterloo Place, London, England, Office next door to the Bank of Upper Canada.
W. A. S. WILLIAMS,
1-tf Agent at Goderich.

NEW GROCERY!!
ON KINGSTON STREET, GODERICH,
In the Store lately occupied by F. J. Ferguson, Opposite the "Huron Hotel."

THE Subscribers have received to-day Steamer "Canadian," a
NEW LOT OF GROCERIES,
Which will be open for sale in the above building, on Monday the 11th inst.. As they will sell only for
Cash or Country Produce,
The public may rely on Goods being sold at a small advance on cost. We are determined to adhere strictly to one price. Small profits and quick returns.
TWOMEY & GOODING.
N. B.—We have also received to-day a fresh supply of Dry Goods at the Manchester Store, West Street. T. & G.
Goderich, 6th June, 1855. 1-m

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between Armstrong & McGregor, as Waggon Makers in Bayfield is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
*** N. B.—All notes or accounts, against or for the aforesaid Firm will be settled by William Armstrong as he is authorised to do the same.
WILLIAM ARMSTRONG,
Witness. CHARLES McGREGOR.
JAMES ARMSTRONG
Bayfield, January 4th, 1856. 43-m

For Sale.

LOT 6 Con. 5, Township of Usborne, in the County of Huron. For particulars, apply at the Crown Land Office to
COLIN CLARK.
Goderich, Aug. 10, 1855. 1-tf

NEW BOOKS!

LEWIS ALLEN, begs to inform his friends and the public of Goderich and Clinton, that he has now ready for their inspection a large assortment of the
NEWEST PUBLICATIONS
which he will dispose of on reasonable terms.
L. A. has always on hand a quantity of Stationery and ROOM-PAPER.
Periodicals supplied monthly. 1-m

NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to A. LEYS, by Note of Hand or Book Account, are requested to call and have them settled immediately; otherwise they will be placed in the hands of the Clerk of the Division Court for collection.
JOHN STEWART.
Goderich, Aug. 10, 1855. 1-m

Just Received

A QUANTITY of Ladies' Fashionable Bonnets very cheap. For sale by
BENJ. PARSONS.
West St. Goderich, Aug. 10, 1855. 1-tf

COLBURN HOTEL,
GODERICH.

JOHN PATCH having leased the above well known Hotel from the proprietor, Robert Ellis, Esq., begs most respectfully to inform the public and travelling community that his Hotel is now open for their accommodation, and he would assure all his old friends and those who may favor him with a call, that nothing shall be wanting on his part to contribute to their comforts in every respect.
Excellent stabling and a good ostler.
Goderich Corner, Dec. 28th, 1855. 39

COAL.

SAMUEL MORLEY, Jr., has now on Sale some excellent coal grates, at his store Dundas Street

Establishment for Young Ladies

MRS. BRISTOW & MISS ANDREWS,

LATE from London, England, beg to announce to the citizens of London, C. W., that they purpose opening, on Monday next, the 27th Inst., an establishment for the education of young Ladies, which will offer every advantage and facility for the religious, moral, and intellectual training of the pupils committed to their care.
Mrs. B. and Miss A. feel confident that their method of imparting instruction will merit the