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The Toronto World.

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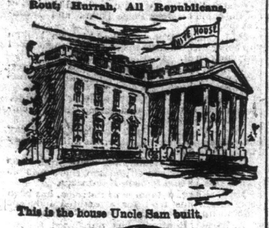
NINTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 7, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT

BEN! HARRISON!

The Man Who Will Live in the House Uncle Sam Built.

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

As Heard in the Land for Harrison Triumphed O'er Grover Cleveland; Free Trade Has Been Beaten, It Was a Great Rout; Hurrah, All Republicans.



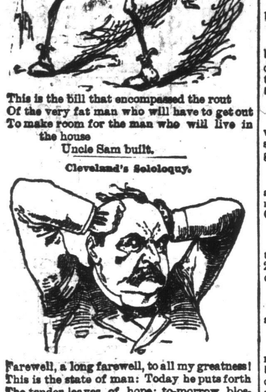
This is the house Uncle Sam built.

This is the man who will live in the house Uncle Sam built.

This very fat fellow has suffered a rout, And much to his sorrow will have to get out To make room for the man who will live in the house Uncle Sam built.

This is the bill that encompassed the rout Of the very fat man who will have to get out To make room for the man who will live in the house Uncle Sam built.

Cleveland's Soliloquy.



Farewell, a long farewell, to all my greatness!
This is the state of man: Today he puts forth
The tender leaves of hope; to-morrow blossoms
And bears his blushing honors thick upon him;
And when he thinks, good, easy man, full surely
He's good for four years more, the campaign ends,
And then he falls, as I do.
* * * * * * *
Daniel, I charge thee fling away ambition.
By that sin fell the angels; how can man then,
The image of his Maker, hope to win by it?
Love thyself last, cherish those hearts that hate thee,
Corruption wins not more than honesty.

Something Has Dropped.

G. C.—Daniel, did you hear anything drop?
D. I.—Yes, sire.
G. C.—And what was it, do you think?
D. I.—I fear, sire, that it was grandfather's hat.

IT LOOKS LIKE HARRISON.

The Result Depends Upon New York Which is Probably Republican.

The returns of yesterday's election in the United States received up to the hour of going to press leave the result involved in considerable uncertainty, with a strong probability, however, of Harrison's election.

There is nothing to indicate that any of the states counted upon as "sure" for either party have furnished any surprises.

The South is solidly Democratic and the North, with the exception of Connecticut, Indiana, New Jersey and New York, is certainly Republican.

Of the four states which have been classed as doubtful, New Jersey has probably given the Cleveland electors a plurality. The Democrats claim 8000 plurality. Since the organization of the Republican party New Jersey has always been Democratic in a Presidential election except in 1872, when Gen. Grant received a majority of 14,570 over Horace Greeley.

The returns from Indiana are meagre, indicating Republican gains, and the state is claimed by both parties. The New York Herald says there is every indication that the state has gone Democratic.

The vote of Connecticut is close, but the returns point to the success of the Republican electors by a narrow majority.

As so often before New York determines the result. Returns from New York and Kings Counties complete and from half the balance of the state indicate that Harrison has carried the day by about 12,000 majority and is elected President.

If the results are as indicated above the ballot of the Electoral College will be cast as follows:

Total Number of Votes 401
Necessary to a Choice 201

Harrison.		*Cleveland.*	
California	8	Alabama	10
Colorado	4	Arkansas	7
Connecticut	6	Delaware	3
Illinois	22	Florida	4
Iowa	13	Georgia	12
Kansas	9	Indiana	15
Maine	6	Kentucky	13
Massachusetts	14	Louisiana	8
Michigan	13	Maryland	8
Minnesota	7	Mississippi	9
Nebraska	5	Missouri	16
Nevada	3	New Jersey	9
New Hampshire	4	North Carolina	11
New York	36	South Carolina	9
Ohio	23	Tennessee	12
Oregon	3	Texas	13
Pennsylvania	30	Virginia	12
Rhode Island	4	West Virginia	6
Vermont	4		
Wisconsin	11		
Total	224	Total	177

A UNIQUE FEATURE.

The Vote in Cleveland's Home—How it Looks at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N.Y., Nov. 6.—A unique feature of the contest which closed this evening was the vote of this city and county. This, Erie County, is reckoned as safe for 3000 Republican majority. It gave Harrison for President about 2000, but Hill, the Democratic candidate for Governor, carries it by 5000, receiving the solid saloon vote.

It would seem that Harrison has carried New York State by 12,000 and is elected President. Returns from New York and Kings Counties complete and from half of the balance of the State are to this effect and there is nothing in the returns as they come to hand to indicate that places yet to report will alter the estimate given herein.

Connecticut is very close and is claimed by both sides with the possibility that it will take the official vote to decide.

Indiana sends meagre returns but these indicate that Harrison has secured the State by a small plurality.

New Jersey is Democratic.

The Western and Northwestern States, including Michigan have on the face of light returns received remained true to their Republican allegiance.

There is some doubt as to Virginia and West Virginia, but the Democrats claim both states.

THE MAJORITIES.

Latest Returns from the Various States—The Solid South.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 6.—Returns have been received from different points in all the districts and show a solid Democratic delegation to Congress. Cleveland's majority will be as large as in 1884, when it was 32,457.

North Carolina.

RALEIGH, N.C., Nov. 6.—The vote in this state was by far the largest ever polled. The returns so far show that the Democrats are making gains.

South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, S.C., Nov. 6.—No disturbance at the polls and nothing to indicate a decrease in the Democratic majority of 1884, when Cleveland's majority was 48,031.

Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 6.—Indications are that Cleveland's majority in his State is about 25,000. The solid Democratic congressional delegation is elected.

Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R.I., Nov. 6—Harrison's plurality is 4000.

New Hampshire.

CONCORD, N.H., Nov. 6.—Harrison has carried New Hampshire. Goodell (Rep.) has been elected Governor; the Republicans have carried both congressional districts and have secured control of the Legislature.

Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Ct., Nov. 6.—Returns received by The Evening Post from 114 towns show a Republican gain of 1324 over the vote of 1884. The same ratio of gain in the remaining towns will give the State to Harrison by about 450.

Maine.

AUGUSTA, ME., Nov. 6.—Blaine has sent the following telegram to Gen. Harrison: Returns thus far received indicate that Maine has given you a majority of 23,000. It will be more rather than less.

New Jersey.

JERSEY CITY, Nov. 6.—The Hudson County Democrats made almost a clean sweep. Their Presidential electors will have fully 6000 majority, thus assuring the State for Cleveland.

Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 6.—Returns are coming in slowly. On the basis of gains shown by the returns from 20 precincts the Republicans will have a plurality of about 3500 in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 7.—Thirty precincts in Indiana show net Republican gains of 575. At this rate the plurality for the Republican ticket will be over 25,000. Republicans at the committee rooms now claim the state by 12,000.

Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 6.—Fifty-one towns out of a total of 1200 in Wisconsin show a net Republican gain of 344.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—Returns coming in slowly. Much scratching, nothing can be given at present.

Florida.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The Herald Bulletin says Florida is probably Democratic by 1500.

Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—Chairman Cooper of the Republican State Committee claims the state for Harrison by about 90,000 majority. This would be a Republican gain of 9000.

New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—850 election districts out of 2108 in New York State, outside of New York and Kings County, give Cleveland 263,615, Harrison 205,258, Fisk 9863. Same districts in 1884 Cleveland 151,961, Blaine 184,498, St. John 9023.

In the Cities.

Cleveland's plurality in New York City is 56,000.

Boston gives Cleveland a plurality of 8847.

Cleveland carries Chicago by from 5000 to 6000. In 1884 Blaine carried the city by 2890.

Brooklyn gives Cleveland 11,541 plurality.

Buffalo gives a Republican majority of 1509, a gain of 456 over 1884.

The Next President.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 7.—The city is wild with enthusiasm over the reports from New York. Gen. Harrison is receiving the returns in his library surrounded only by his family. Gen. Miller, his law partner, and a few intimate friends. He is being deluged with despatches congratulating him on his prospects but will not make them public to-night.

Congress Republican.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The Tribune bulletin says the next House of Representatives will be Republican by 20 to 25 majority.

Gotham's New Mayor.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The New York City Press Association says Grant's (Tammany Democrat) election is assured by from 20,000 to 25,000.

Election Notes.

Of the five great morning papers of the City of New York four of them were strong advocates of the re-election of Cleveland. Only one of them, The Tribune, favored the election of Harrison. The World, The Herald, The Times and The Sun were all Cleveland papers.

There seems to be good reason for believing that a deal was made between the local managers in the City of New York to this effect, namely, that if the Democratic managers could induce their followers to vote for Harrison certain other Republican managers would bring their followers over to Hill for governor of the State of New York. Practically this was what was called "knifing" Cleveland, and it seems to have been practised very largely throughout the State.

The election of Grant as Mayor of New York is a triumph for Tammany Hall and gives that institution the large patronage of the city.

William D. Hoard, the Butter candidate for Governor of Wisconsin, is elected by a large majority.

HOOSIERS ARRESTED.

Prominent Citizens Charged with Deceiving Voters by Scratched Ballots.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 6.—Among the prominent citizens arrested to-day by the United States Deputy Marshals were A. H. Nordyke, D. W. Marman and Brainard Rorison, composing the well-known manufacturing firm of Nordyke, Marman & Co. They were arrested for having scratched ballots in their hands, which they were distributing, the charge being that they were deceiving voters. They were taken before the United States Commissioner and released on their own recognizances. They declare they will institute suit against United States Marshal Hawkins for damages.

Harry S. New, son of Col. John C. New and one of the proprietors of The Journal, was arrested by a Deputy United States Marshal for interfering with an officer. The Deputy Marshal arrested a negro and Mr. New asked the officer what the charge was against the man. The officer is said to have replied; "None of your business," whereupon New said, "I'll make it my business," and the officer took him in. He was released by the Commissioner.

CANADA AND THE STATES.

Clarke Wallace, M.P., in the West and Monday Night.

Canada was at the present day passing through one of the most momentous periods of its history, a fact which many did not appear to realize. It reflected credit on Canadians that they were not disposed to bow submissively to the demands of their neighbors south of the line. He then went on to speak of the abrogation of the Washington treaty and the difficulties regarding the fishery question. Commissioners had been sent to Washington to negotiate a treaty which both political parties in the Dominion Parliament had ratified. This was rejected later on by the United States Senate—a body politically opposed to President Cleveland. Then Mr. Cleveland took a peculiar course. He asked for increased power to enable him to retaliate on Canada. Canada should not expect friendship from either political party in the United States, for the reason that each is bidding for the Fenian vote. Canada need not be afraid of the threat on the part of the United States. (Applause.) Let them try it and see who will be the greater sufferer. They forget that the Dominion has one of the finest water-courses to the sea and a railway from ocean to ocean. There are, of course, a few disaffected ones here who are succoring the enemy. For the present they are being tolerated only. Should they go too far the people will show them how few they are and how slender their chances are for the consummation of their desires. Commercial Union, he said, means annexation pure and simple. Erastus Wiman, in his speech at Huntsville, said that Canadians were making a mistake in not joining their fortunes politically with those south of the line.

DINNER-TABLE FASHIONS.

Some Idea of What the British Call a "Dinner Wagon."

A writer in the American Analyst, who seems to know, tells us of some dinner-table novelties.

No law will govern flower decorations this winter. The arrangements of flowers will be according to fancy. Scarfs of satin and plush will be discarded by those who keep space of fashion's latest dictates. Linen will be plain, but fine, as if loomed in fairyland. It will not be spun in flowers or geometrical designs, but unmarked, as one of our great grandmam's best pocket-handkerchiefs, and, like that, hand hemstitched. The piece of furniture known in England as a "dinner wagon" and in France as an "etegere" has obtained recognition on this side of the Atlantic as a desirable accessory. It consists of a series of open shelves on which are placed the extra napkins and serviettes to be used. The first heavy napkin is taken away and a more delicate one brought with the Roman punch, or whatever is offered in its stead. With the game comes a fresh one, and when the dessert arrives so does a new napkin. The "etegere" holds the salad bowls spoons and plates, the dessert dishes and finger bowls. The jellies for the meats, relishes, radishes and celery come on the vehicle which our British friends designate by the cumbersome name of "wagon." A handsome china dish in three compartments is sometimes used for the cheese, butter and biscuit passed with salads.

Everything Imported But The Hole in The Ground.

An Atlanta editor tells the following curious story of the burial of a man in Georgia: In digging a grave for him they dug through three feet of marble as pure as any Parian sculptor ever moulded, and yet the marble slab that went at the head of his grave was imported from Vermont. Although pine forests were all around him, the pine coffin in which he lay was imported from Philadelphia. Although iron was in the hills within 100 feet of his grave, the nails in his coffin came from Pittsburg. Although there was hard wood in the same forest, the handles of the shovels and picks that dug his grave were imported from Cincinnati. The truth is that his own county, as rich or richer than any in the State, furnished nothing for that funeral but the hole in the ground and the corpse. He was clothed in shoes from Massachusetts, a suit from Chicago, a shirt from Cincinnati, a hat from Lynn, and his own county furnished nothing but the marrow in his bones and the blood in his veins.

The Globe's New News Editor.

Mr. John S. Willison, the new news editor of The Globe, assumed charge yesterday. Mr. Brebner remains on the staff. His engagement has three months to run.

A VOLLEY OF COMPLAINTS.

THE TOWNS ALONG THE GRAND TRUNK RAISE A ROW

At the Inferior Train Service Put in Force by the Railway Last Week—Business Disturbed all Along the Line—A Change Demanded.

The World yesterday wired its correspondents in the towns along the Grand Trunk East to obtain the opinion of the people on the recent change of time-table. By that change, as we have pointed out already, the 9 o'clock fast train to Montreal was taken off and the 7 o'clock train was altered to 8.25. The two trains being fused into one, this latter has to bear a double amount of traffic and is obliged to stop at every way station no matter how small. It is not surprising then to find that our correspondents have nothing but complaints to chronicle from all along the line. Mr. Hickson's attention is directed to the following despatches:

The Change is Abominable.

KINGSTON, Nov. 6.—The change of time in the G. T. R. time-table by which mails from Toronto reach here about 3 o'clock caused considerable annoyance to business men. The short time between arrival of mails and the departure of them for the west makes it impossible for answers to be sent to urgent letters. When the mail reached here about one o'clock, answers were possible the same day. Besides commercial men feel it a hardship to remain in the city for nearly half the afternoon waiting for express, thus cutting off engagements in Gananoque, Brockville and other eastern towns for the afternoon and night. The change is abominable and should be tolerated as short a time as possible.

A Resolution to Remedy the Grievance.

OSHAWA, Nov. 6.—Business men here are indignant at the change made in the time of running the eastern bound morning train train on the Grand Trunk, inasmuch as they are greatly inconvenienced thereby. Formerly the mail arrived at 8.18 a.m. By the change it is now due at 9.45, but as this is a through train it is often late, and several days of the past week it was nearly noon before the mails were distributed. The intense feeling of the business men was voiced at a meeting of the council last evening, when a resolution was passed requesting the Postmaster-General to have the grievance remedied.

No Mails Till Night.

NAPANEE, Nov. 6.—The change of time table on the Grand Trunk is a serious inconvenience to the people of Napanee, and more so to those of the villages to the north of us. This is all the more regretted as we have had a brief experience of the advantages of an early mail. We have been accustomed to receiving our mail from the post office on return from dinner. Now it is two and three o'clock before the mail is distributed, necessitating extra trips to the post office and a very brief time in which to attend to correspondence before the return mail. The people north of us are even worse off, for they do not now get their mail till night, while formerly it was received shortly after noon. The people feel that they have a right to the earliest possible mail service from Toronto and the West and the G. T. R. in piling all the work on one train is undertaking too much. We look forward with misgivings to the effect of such a service during the winter.

It Affects the Back Villages.

COLBORNE, Nov. 6.—Your editorial to day regarding the recent change in the Grand Trunk time table has attracted attention here. The change has probably affected this place and surrounding country as much as any along the line. As it is now our mail is not distributed till after noon and much dissatisfaction is expressed. Another greater inconvenience lies in the fact that the stage running to Castleton, seven miles north, and Warkworth, sixteen miles, is compelled to wait distribution of mail here, then to proceed to Warkworth, leaving there to return about 4 p.m., and reaching Colborne too late for the night mail train going west, thus causing it to lay over until morning. Some change must be made.

Would Gladly Welcome a Change.

BELLEVILLE, Nov. 6.—The change in the time table of the Grand Trunk is unfavorably regarded here. For many years our western mail has arrived at or about noon, and business men could take their correspondence and Toronto papers with their midday meal. Hence the recent change is unwelcome because the mails cannot now be got until after 1 p.m., and great inconvenience is caused. The reduction of the speed of the train, caused by its stoppage at so many stations, is also a grievance which is generally felt. Belleville would gladly welcome a return to the former time table.

Joint Action of the Towns Suggested.

BRIGHTON, Nov. 6.—Before reading your editorial I interviewed the leading business men of the town, and without an exception all condemned the present mail service. Our business men would be willing to place themselves on record as approving a change and that without delay. Let the matter be laid before the Postmaster General at once. We have been accustomed for years to receive the Toronto papers in time to peruse them before noon. We would heartily endorse a joint action of the towns east of Toronto in demanding a change. There is another matter in connection with passenger trains which ought to be remembered. The business men of Trenton, Brighton and Colborne are debarred from going to the city and returning the same day excepting Monday, which is a loss to the public in general as well as the business men. We hope that the time table may be rearranged at an early date.

Greatly Excited Over It.

PORT HOPE, Nov. 6.—The people of this town and vicinity are greatly excited over the Grand Trunk's action in taking the early mail train off this route, and consider that their business interests as well as convenience will suffer greatly. Your representative saw the principal business men of the town to-day and their expressions of opinion are not couched in the most complimentary words. We want daily morning papers before 11.30 o'clock, and consider it an outrage that the Grand Trunk has denied us this privilege.

Another Indignant Resolution.

WHITBY, Nov. 5.—In the Town Council here to-night F. B. Annes, seconded by Reeve G. G. Smith, introduced a resolution, which was adopted, giving expression to the general and strong feeling of indignation amongst Whitby's business men at the present mail service from the west in the morning given by the Grank Trunk under the new time table put in force last week. Mail cannot now be distributed here before 10.30, and once already it was noon when the papers and letters were first received. Mr. Hickson is urgently requested to have an early morning train run again. Mr. William Smith, M. P. for South Ontario, was asked to lay the matter of serious loss of time and inconvenience resulting from the Grand Trunk's present service before the Postmaster-General with a view to making better arrangements.

Still Another Condemnatory Resolution.

BOWMANVILLE, Nov. 6.—The Council last night adopted the following resolution: "This Council views with regret the action of the G. T. R. Co. in withdrawing their early morning train going east, thereby causing much inconvenience to our business men and the public generally."

Mr. Jeffery's Quarterly Board.

A meeting of the Quarterly Board of Rev. T. W. Jeffery's Church was to have been held last night. It was found, however, that the meeting could not be held until after the annual election of the seven representatives of the church to the Quarterly Board. The election will be held immediately.

The pastor and trustees are anxiously looking forward to this election, as it will clearly indicate the feelings of the church regarding the dispute.

CANADA'S INTEREST IN THE RESULT

The view for sensible Canadians to take is that they have little to expect from the triumph of either party. Neither a Republican nor a Democratic administration will knowingly inaugurate a policy advantageous to Canada. The same hostile element, that same anti-British sentiment that instigated Cleveland's retaliation message on one side and invented the trap for Lord Sackville on the other, will prevent any favors being sent this way.

Our duty is to preserve an even mind and to look to ourselves for our own development.

At one time Canada turned to Cleveland and his party as likely to reduce or abolish the tariff on Canadian raw products and thus give us freer trade with the States — not by treaty negotiation but by mere legislative action at Washington and at Ottawa. But when Cleveland wrote his threatening letter of retaliation those hopes were dashed to the ground.

Nor have we much to expect from Blaine and the policy toward Canada that he will inspire.

The great fact for Canadians is that neither party is well disposed toward this country.

The only comfort true Canadians can take out of the result is this, viz: that all the advocates of Commercial Union, of Unrestricted Reciprocity, of Annexation, of Canadian surrender to the United States, the Buntings, The Mails, The Globes, the Cartwrights resident among us, hoped for Cleveland's triumph. So did Mr. Ras Wiman. But their hopes have been shattered. In their despair they may attempt a new deal with the rising sun.

ALDERMANIC INFLUENCE.

As Brought to Bear on Yesterday's Court of Revision.

The Court of Revision yesterday heard appeals against St. Stephen's Ward assessment. Ald. Baxter presided as usual, but Ald. Swait and Irwin were absent. This left the burden of the work on the other two members, Ald. Verral and Johnston. Ald. Verral stood straight out against many of the appeals, but Ald. Johnston had the ear of the chairman on behalf of his ward. He was ably seconded by Ald. Bell and Barton, who were on hand to see that the right thing was done. Ex-Ald. Crocker got $4700 struck off his Queen-street west property, notwithstanding a vigorous protest from Assessment Commissioner Maughan. The reductions in the ward aggregated $45,000, the heaviest day's record yet.

Assessment Commissioner Maughan is indignant over these wholesale reductions, and did not hesitate to express his views to The World. "To-day's proceedings," he said, "emphasizes my contention that no alderman should sit as the Court of Revision while appeals from his ward are being heard. It places them in a very compromising position and makes it difficult for them to stick to the close line of duty."

St. George's Ward appeals will be heard today.

Certain local improvement assessments will be heard for confirmation in the afternoon.

CHECKMATING BLACKMAIL.

The Postmaster-General Inhibits the Bad Debt Collecting Agency.

The Bad Debt Collecting Agency, in big letters, has received a set-back. The Postmaster-General has just issued orders to all the postmasters in Canada that these letters are not to be transmitted through the mails in future, but sent to the Dead Letter Office at Ottawa.

This decision will be hailed with joy by the public, as the use of the mails for the bad debt concern put a dangerous blackmailing weapons in the hands of those interested. The United States postal authorities some time ago refused transmission for the letters of these agencies.

FIRE AT BELLEVILLE.

Baker's Carriage Factory Burnt—Incendiarism Suspected.

BELLEVILLE, Nov. 6.—Baker's carriage factory, Mill-street, with all the contents, including tools, patterns and twelve vehicles in various stages of construction, was burned at about 3.30 this morning. The fire is thought to have been incendiary. Loss $4000, insured in the Western for $1400.

Don't Read This.

The reason that a certain clothing store in Toronto sells so cheap is that they are satisfied with small profits and sell for spot cash, so that their customers do not have to pay for other people's credits. The place is the British Arms Clothing Store, 221 Yonge-street, corner of Shuter-street. R. Baker & Company. 1356

St. George's Society's Concert.

The concert usually given by this society on Thanksgiving Day promises to be even more successful than usual. The services of Mr. Torrington's orchestra have been secured and a first-class concert may be expected; in fact, the name of Mr. Torrington as musical director is a guarantee of musical excellence. In addition to the orchestra, the following popular vocalists will appear: Miss Robinson, soprano; Mr. Sims Richards, tenor; and Mr. Fred Warrington, baritone. Also all the instrumental soloists of the orchestra, Mr. Arlidge, flute; Mr. Clarke, cornet; Mr. Spacey, horn, and Mr. Smith, euphonium. The plan opens on Thursday morning at Suckling's.

Temporary premises of the C. F. Adams Home Furnishing House, 181 Yonge-street. Carpets on credit. ed

Will Not Leave Us.

It having been rumored that Mr. W. H. Riddell, the able and popular secretary of the Ontario Mutual Life, had accepted a similar position in Toronto, we are authorized to say that the position of secretary of the Manufacturers' Life Assurance Company and manager of its head office, was offered to him, but for reasons not necessary to state he refused at present to become an applicant, notwithstanding the fact that the salary would be very handsome and that other very tempting inducements were held out to him.—Waterloo Chronicle.

A Canadian Heroine Injured.

London Free Press: Miss McCowan, a Canadian from Brucefield, county Huron, traveling companion for a wealthy Southern lady from New Orleans, accidentally fell against the dressing table in her room in one of the leading hotels in New York and internally injured herself. The young lady is said to be a Canadian heroine, having two years ago, at the risk of her own life, rescued from drowning at the Island, Toronto, a lovely young lady who accidentally fell out of a row boat.

A Rare Mexican Book.

The Public Library has just been presented by Rev. Dr. Tibbetts, of Port Hope, with a copy of Hernan Cortes' "Historia de Nueva-Espana, con documentos y notas par Archbishop Lorenzana," published in Mexico in 1770. The great conqueror's account of his marvelous conquest has been often reprinted, but the rare Mexican edition is of special value as containing many illustrations of objects which have since disappeared.

The Calendar.

Sharp—"What is the strongest day of the week, Ketchum?"

Ketchum (who is not on the eve of bankruptcy)—Friday, I suppose."

Sharp—"No. Sunday, all the others are weak days. See?"

HARRISON PRESIDENT.

The first great fact of Harrison's victory is the continued triumph of the principle of Protection. That was the great, the paramount, issue. Tariff Reform will come, but not on the line of the Mills Bill or of Cleveland's manifesto in his last message.

The manufacturers, the workers, even the farmers, are still protectionists. Sheep do vote and they have voted for a tax on wool.

Next is the triumph of Blaine of Maine. He almost overshadows Harrison.

The next great fact is that a revolution as far as the national office holders is concerned will go into effect next March. There will be no temporizing or mugwump influence to retard the victors seizing the spoils. Mugwumpism is dead.

The policy of Cleveland's administration in regard to the public finances will be changed by the Republicans. Stocks will be affected, probably injuriously for a short time.

A few months ago the Republican chances were slim; but once the issue was made a straight one on the tariff, and Cleveland forced it to that, the cause of the Republicans has been rising steadily until it has swept out of power the strongest president the Democrats ever elected.

MR. MOWAT BECOMES A PIONEER.

The Ontario Premier Joins Dr. Scadding's Historical Band.

The York Pioneers held a well attended meeting yesterday afternoon in the Canadian Institute. Dr. Scadding presided. The Managing Committee recommended that the pioneers' cabin at Exhibition Park be renovated or replaced and fitted up as a refreshment rooms and that the grounds surrounding it be laid out with flowers, etc. The recommendation was adopted.

Hon. Oliver Mowat, G. T. Berthon (the artist who painted the excellent likeness of Dr. Scadding), John Duck, Thomas Beaty, W. W. Coldwell, Thomas Gibson, James Humphrey, J. B. Thompson, Joseph Pilkey, James McNab and W. F. Doherty were elected members.

Dr. Canniff read a short paper on the pioneers of Sault Ste Marie, dealing almost exclusively with the Johnson and McMurray families. The President read a paper on Captain Gother Mann's survey of Toronto harbor made in 1788 by command of Lord Dorchester. Dr. Scadding exhibited letters and maps by Lahonton and La Salle as far back as 1688, in which is mentioned the name "Toronto."

A MAGNANIMOUS GIRL.

She Wouldn't Leave Herself Liable to Criticism in the Future.

From The Boston Courier.

She—This is leap year, John?

He—Yes, dear.

She—And it is going fast?

He—It will be over directly.

She—Well, there's one thing I've got to say about it.

He—Yes.

She—I have never proposed to you.

He—You have not.

She—And I don't intend to.

He—No?

She—Certainly not. My dear John, let me tell you that I will never do such a thing. I'm not going to let you have it to say in years to come that I proposed to you. No sir. I want you to have it to say that you courted me in leap year and you proposed to me yourself. I want you to have it to say that I never gave you the least hint that I wanted you. No, dear John, I leave the proposing to you entirely.

"Always With You."

Among the cases of distress reported to Relief Officer Taylor yesterday was that of a old couple who are on the verge of starvation. The husband has been sick for twelve months. A second appeal was from a woman with a family of small children, whose husband is suffering from cancer in the bowels. A third case was that of a woman who was confined last week. Her husband is away from home, leaving her with six children, all under 9, and three of whom are ill. The fourth was from a woman whose husband died yesterday in the General Hospital, and who has a son just recovering from typhoid fever. The charitably inclined, if they have anything to contribute towards these four genuine cases of distress can send it to Mr. Taylor at the City Hall.

A Peculiar Death.

MONTREAL, Nov. 6.—A report received here from Lachine states that a well-known Canadian lady named F. Caisse has just died under peculiar circumstances. A few weeks ago she took ill and the services of a leading physician were secured. She grew worse and died. A number of reports began to be circulated throughout the locality that the lady had died through the ignorance of the doctors, who, it was alleged, had not properly treated her. Mrs. Caisse was about to become an heiress to a large fortune, it is feared that something has been done, so the report says, to shorten her days. An inquest will be held and the whole matter thoroughly sifted.

The Marriage Declared Off.

MONTREAL, Nov. 6.—About 1½ years ago a glassblower named Gardner came to Montreal and obtained employment in the American glass works in the East End. He became acquainted with a young lady who resides on Gain-street. From mere acquaintance the parties fell in love and marriage was resolved on. On the morning of the intended wedding the prospective bride was informed that Gardner had a wife and several children in England. The marriage has been declared off.

A Narrow Escape.

ST. THOMAS, Nov. 6.—Mary, the 7-year-old daughter of Wm. May, miller, of St. Thomas, had a narrow escape Saturday morning from instant death. When near the elevator her dress was caught by the end of the shaft of the pulley and she was dragged towards the pulley and whirled round and round, her head striking violently against the floor several times. She was rescued before life was extinct, and it is thought she will recover.

A Sad Home Coming.

BELLEVILLE, Nov. 6.—About a year ago a young man named Michael Hanley married a handsome girl of this neighborhood, but the honeymoon was hardly ended before it became apparent that the groom was marked as a victim of consumption. He tried California for his health, and started for home last week. When he arrived he found that his wife who died from apoplexy had been buried the day before. Grief killed him also the day after his arrival.

Extra Fine Long Boas at Dineens'.

Black bear, brown bear, cinnamon bear, Polar bear, red fox, blue fox, silvered fox, black fox, grey lynx, white lynx, blue lynx and black lynx are all manufactured into fine, long fur boas, and sold at close wholesale prices at Dineens', on corner King and Yonge-streets. Muffs, capes, collars, cuffs and trimmings are also shown in great variety. Seal muffs and capes of very choice fur are offered very cheap.

Call in at Wheeler & Bain's, King-street east, where you will see the largest assortment of stoves in the city. ed.

A New Law Co-Partnership.

Mr. W. B. Willoughby and Messrs McPhillips & Cameron, formerly of No. 55 Adelaide-street east, have formed a co-partnership. The firm will now be known as Willoughby, McPhillips & Cameron. Their offices will be in the Dominion Bank chambers, at King and Yonge-streets.

THE SACKER SACKED.

To British subjects Mr. Cleveland will be known as the man who sacked Sackville.

But Mr. Cleveland has himself been sacked.

BABY MICE IN SUGARY SHROUDS.

When You Put One Into Your Mouth It Squeaks Piquantly.

"If you were a Chinese girl," says Cousin Madge, "and wanted to give some one a great delicacy, "you would get two young baby mice, blind, and unable to crawl, and place them before your guest alive, on a plate. He would dip each living morsel in a dish of honey and envelop it in a sugary shroud before popping it into his mouth. The dying squeak of the poor little atom is said to be the sauce piquante of this favorite dish in China." But here, from London Truth, is something you will like better:

Line a tart-dish with slices of sponge cake, and sprinkle them with two or three tablespoonfuls of brandy; then place on them a layer of preserved pears. On the top of those put a layer of macaroons, which also sprinkle with the same quantity of sweetened and spiced rum (two lumps of sugar and one pinch of ground cloves and one of cinnamon are sufficient to cause it to become that); also squeeze in the dish the juice of one orange and of half a lemon. Cover with the lightest puff-paste imaginable. Bake in a moderate oven until the paste is sufficiently done, and serve either hot or cold. Here is the sauce for it: Beat up the yelk of one egg with two wineglassfuls of cream and one tablespoonful each of rum, brandy and of orange and lemon juice.

Both the pudding and the sauce are excellent.

PORT ARTHUR'S POSTOFFICE BONUS.

Judge Robertson Quashes the By-law—Mr. S. H. Blake and the Law Society.

In the case of Jones v. Port Arthur, Judge Robertson yesterday granted a perpetual injunction against the town by-law granting a $5000 bonus for the new postoffice.

In the somewhat celebrated case of J. A. Macdonell v. S. H. Blake, Q.C., and the Law Society, in which Mr. Blake's position as a bencher is attacked, Mr. Walter Read, the Law Society's solicitor, stated that by consent of counsel the case should be struck of the list, as there was no evidence to be given and that the matter could be argued with Wednesday's motions. The order was made.

Nicholas Murphy renewed his motion before Chief Justice Armour, in Single Court yesterday, to admit J. H. Spence, the alleged postoffice letter thief, to bail. The Court refused to make the order, as did also Chief Justice Sir Thomas Galt on Saturday last.

Owing to the elevation of Judge Patterson to the Supreme Court, a number of cases in the Court of Appeal will have to be re-argued before Mr. Justice Maclennan, the new judge on appeal.

Peremptory list to-day in the Chancery Division: West v. Hughes, Scott v. Cornell, Barker v. Eneka, Burnard v. Ryan, Gordon v. Gordon.

PENDING CABINET CHANGES.

Mr. Hardy Will Probably be Translated—Col. Gibson of Hamilton.

It is practically settled that Hon. Arthur S. Hardy, Provincial Secretary in Mr. Mowat's Government, is to take over the Crown Lands Department and that Col. Gibson of Hamilton will succeed Mr. Hardy.

Mr. Pardee's recovery is not looked for, though his colleagues insist on his remaining in the Cabinet to the last.

A Narrow Escape for a Quorum.

Last night the Separate School Board barely escaped adjourning for want of a quorum, but the arrival of Rev. Father Morris, in the nick of time made up the desired number. The chairman, Rev. Father Rooney, was absent at the Scottish home rule meeting, but his place was filled by Rev. Father McCann, the other members present being Rev. Fathers Laurent, O'Reilly and Morris, Drs. Cassidy and McMahon and Messrs. Wm. Burns, Mallon, Petley, Reilly, Curran, Ryan, Fraser, Costello and Thornton.

The question of purchasing some chemical apparatus for the boys and girls in the higher class was referred to the School Management Committee. There were many lively discussions over the recommendations of supply purchases for the school.

The School Management Committee's recommendation that there be appointed a third assistant teacher in the boys' high class was referred back, there being an opinion expressed that two teachers are enough for a class of 45 boys.

For the Cumberland Cup.

The Hero of Ten General Engagements.

President Nunn of the Army and Navy Veterans Association was a proud man yesterday. He brought into The World office a military trophy that is not often seen in Canada. It was a clasp medal awarded Sergt. Simmonds of the 5th Foot, who died in Huddersfield, Herefordshire, aged over 90. The ten engagements which are inscribed on cross bars of the medal are: Toulouse, Orthes, Nive, Nivelle, Pyrenees, Vittoria, Salamanca, Corrunna, Vimiera, Roleia. The medal will be exhibited in the window of Sergt. Major Crean's military tailoring establishment for a few days. It is worth inspecting.

For a number of years before his death Serg. Simmonds was a letter-carrier at Huddersfield, and a photograph of the veteran will be exhibited with the medal.

It comes as a boon and a blessing to men the Celebrated Eureka Stylus Metal Pen, Grand & Toy, Sole Agents, Leader Lane.

At the First-Avenue Baptist Church.

Last evening a largely-attended tea and social was held in the new Baptist Church in First-avenue. The chairman was Mr. Thos. Lailey, who, with Mr. W. Davies, purchased the land on Lewis-street when the first Baptist church east of the Don was erected. Mr. Lailey has been a generous and active friend of the church ever since. Addresses were given by Prof. Newman, Rev. Dr. Thomas, Rev. J. Denovan, Rev. J. Grant, Rev. E. Harris, Rev. W. Haryett, pastor, and others. There was a good musical program and a robust collection in aid of the building fund.

False Selections.

It is a pity that with other points to which young men give attention in their dress they frequently overlook becoming colors in their neckwear, thus causing a want of harmony between complexion and garb. Gentlemen who select neckwear from Levian's mammoth stock at 92 Yonge-street can always rely on getting the sweetest colorings at moderate prices.

A Reception to the M.W.G.M. of O.Y.B.

A reception was tendered Bro. J. Taylor, W. G. M. of the Orange Young Britons of British America, in the shape of a supper in the County Orange Hall