By Electric Telegraph,

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST.

Europe.

PARIS, Feb 27—Several journals announce that they will suspend publication during the occupation of the city, and all recommend the inhabitants to remain within doors and close their shutters.

Sunday being the anniversary of the proclamation of the Republic of 1848, the Reds held a mass meeting at the Place de la Bastile. The demonstration was disorderly and a police agent who interfered was seized by the enraged mob, fastened to a plank, thrown into the Seine and pelted with stones till he was drowned.

PARIS, Feb 27—The *Journal des Debats* says that during the three years allowed for the payment of the indemnity, 50,000 Prussian troops will occupy Champagne, exercising the right of requisition and to live at the expense of the French Government. If payment be completed before the time expires Champagne will be immediately evacuated.

The *Debats*, in commenting on the cruel terms of peace imposed on France, says that Thiers and Favre were several times on the point of breaking off the negotiations at the risk of a resumption of hostilities, and yielded only to necessity. Bismarck at first demanded an indemnity of ten million francs, and it was reduced to the sum finally agreed upon only by the most strenuous exertions.

The Emperor's staff are quartered at the Palais Elysee.

General Kaukeike commands the army of occupation.

The Emperor declares that he will not enter the city; the Crown Prince will therefore bestow the German army.

The Emperer leaves for Berlin on Saturday instead of Monday.

LONDON, Feb 27—In the House of Commons to-night Ottway, formerly under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, after stating the reported terms of peace, asked if Her Majesty's Government had made any effort to mitigate their severity? Gladstone replied that Count Ven Bernstoff, Minister of North Germany, had notified Earl Granville and himself that the preliminaries of peace were signed this morning. He added that diplomatic representatives of the British Government in France had been instructed not to accompany the Germans on their entry into Paris. He refused to make any further response to questions.

LONDON, Feb 27—In the House of Commons this evening, in reply to a question, Viscount Enfield, under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said the Government was anxious to define its external duties towards other countries. It had last year proposed parliamentary legislation on the subject and had recently sent a commission to Washington. The subject was still under consideration.

SAN DOMINGO, Feb 10, via Havana, Feb 27—The U S Commissioners were received enthusiastically everywhere.

LONDON, Feb 28—Armistice is prolonged 4 days. The entry of the Germans into Paris was the price paid to save Belfort. The peace terms are ratified.

PARIS, Feb 27—The Consultation Commission goes to Bordeaux on Tuesday.

One wing of the Prussian army will occupy the left bank of the Seine. No one in uniform will be allowed to enter the German position, which will be surrounded by barricades.

The city is still agitated. Crowds surround the placarded notices of Picard, appealing for order and dignity. Crowds have invaded the prison of St Peligac and freed two commandants of the guard.

It is thought that no conflict will occur during the German occupation.

The *Siecle* says the question of the entry into Paris occupied the negotiators ten times longer than the matters of territory and indemnity.

LONDON, Feb 28—The Parisians believe the Germans will enter Paris to provoke a conflict and give color to further exactions.

The *Times'* Versailles special says Luneville, Beltort and Nancy are left to France. Longvy, Thionville, Metz and Saarbruck go to Germany.

Rothschild has promised to pay the indemnity in one year, thus getting rid of the Germans.

Prince Frederick Charles is Governor of Champagne, with headquarters at Rheims.

The Emperor William will pass through Paris en route to Berlin.

The Germans, unaware of the prolongation of the armistice, attacked Havre to-day.

BORDEAUX, Feb 27—The Assembly will hold no session to-day.

Thiers and Picard are expected here this evening.

At a meeting of the Left last night Louis Blanc said the union of the sections of the Left would produce an excellent effect. This meeting was untimely because it was held to protest against conditions which were yet unknown. Gambetta moved that the meeting suspend its protest until the conditions were announced to the Assembly, when they should adopt the same line of action but no formal engagement for united action should now be entered into.

PARIS, March 2—The ratification of the treaty of peace is expected here to-night. If it comes the Germans will evacuate Paris to-morrow, but if not the 12th corps will possibly take its turn to enter the city.

LONDON, Feb 27—A circular has been issued by Bismarck recounting the breaches of the Geneva Canon by the French during the war.

The difficulty between Spain and Egypt originated in a complaint made by a drogaman attached to the Spanish Consulate at Cairo, that he had been maltreated by the police. The Egyptian Government proposes an investigation. This Spain refuses, demanding immediate satisfaction. The Consuls of other Governments at Cairo oppose the Egyptian course.

VERSAILLES, March 2 — The Eleventh corps at the end of three days will be relieved by another corps, probably the Guards The process of relief will involve the presence of 60,000 German soldiers. Each corps remains three days and will be succeeded by another till all have had their turn. The whole period of occupation has not been defined. The Parisians seem to think the occupation will last only a few days. This is not unlikely, but may prove a delusive hope, for it may last many months. The Germans may be requested by the authorities of France to occupy the city until anarchy and riot are subdued and respect for the law insured.

It is the intention of the French Government to distribute the whole Imperial army as soon as the men return from Germany and reorganise a new military system of national defence. The old army will be swept away and a prolonged occupation of Paris by the German garrison may be an actual necessity in view of these wholesome measures for the regeneration of France.

The first instalment of indemnity will be 20 millions sterling, and on payment of the second instalment of like amount the evacuation of the Department of the Seine will commence.

The treaty of commerce between France and Prussia is the same as accorded to most other nations and is one of the stipulations of the treaty of peace.

PARIS, Feb 28—Terrible scenes are now being enacted. Vast crowds fill the streets committing many acts of violence. The people made an attack on some policemen with intent to murder them. One was beaten to death, another hanged and 2 drowned. Crowds surrounded the statue of Strasbourg, which an orator proposes to remove lest it desecrated by the Germans. The excitement is on the increase. The National Guards have been ordered to remain under arms, and one regiment was hooted and pelted by the population. A large body of the National Guards, fully armed, marched to Champs Elysees where they are now encamped.

The heads of Thiers and Favre are now demanded.

BERLIN, Feb 28—The Prussian Cros *Gazette* states that orders have been given to the Municipal authorities of Berlin to prepare quarters for the Saxons, Badeners and Wurtemburgers who will pass through Berlin with other returning troops Orders say that it is the wish of the Emperor that all parts of Germany be represented on the occasion of his entry into the capital.

VERSAILLES, March 1—The German Emperor and Empress have just returned from Longchamps, where they have been inspecting the 6th and 11th Prussian and the 1st Bavarian Corps, 300 000 strong.

LONDON, March 1—There was much agitation in several quarters of Paris last night. The barricades at the northern and eastern farbourgs were only guarantees lest the Germans should overstep their assigned limits.

The meeting of the German Parliament is postponed until the 25th of March.

LONDON, March 2—The employes of the department of the interior return to Paris on Saturday.

It is believed that the seat of Government will be transferred to Paris again as speedily as the execution of the Peace Convention permits.

Generals Sheridan and Forsythe, U S A have gone to Paris.

PARIS March 2—The *Herald's* cable dispatch says the troops on entering the city were mobbed and narrowly escaped injury. At 11 am the head of the German troops advanced up the grand avenues. After the dragoons came on horseback the Dukes of Saxe Coburg and Luxemburg, dragoons and Bavarians, Gen Adalbert and Prince Charles of Prussia with the Prussian infantry. They passed under the Arc de Triomphe and were received by the crowd with screams of derision. Squadrons of Hussars came next. Bismarck did not enter the Arc de Triumphe but turned round and rode back to Neuilly. A crowd of men and boys blocking the way were dispersed by Uhlans. The troops looked splendid and surprised the French. All quiet.

LONDON, March 2—Console 98¾.

The Bank of England has advanced the rate of discount ¼ per cent.

The bark George, from San Francisco for Mareyport England was lost near White Haven.

BORDEAUX, March 3—Government has ordered the return of the mobilized National Guard to their homes.

VERSAILLES, March 3—'Herald's' cable says the preliminaries of peace, arranged by Bismarck and other plenipotentiaries with Thiers and Favre are as follows Article 1 specifies the line of demarcation Article 2 provides that France will pay Germany four milliards of francs, one milliard at least in 1871 and all the rest in the space of three years from the time of ratification. Article 3. Evacuation to commence on the ratification of the treaty by the Assembly; German troops will then immediately quit Paris and the left bank of the Seine, also the Departments of Cherindre et Loire and Seine. The French troops will remain behind Loire until the signing of the definite treaty of peace, except those in Paris where the Government is, and do not exceed 40,000 troops. The Germans will evacuate gradually after the signing of the definite treaty and payment of half a milliard francs, after payment of two milliards the Germans will only keep 50,000 troops in France, but if a sufficient money guarantee be given, the Germans will evacuate completely; otherwise three millions will bear 5 per cent interest from the date of ratification of treaty. Article 4. German troops will make no further requisitions. French Government will find food for army of occupation. In ceded departments arrangements will be made with the inhabitants and time given them to move if they please and no obstacle will be placed in the way of emigration. Article 5—Not mentioned. Article 6—Prisoners to be immediately liberated on ratification of treaty. Article 7—Treaty to be definitely signed at Brussels immediately after ratification. Article 8—After ratification the management of all Departments to be handed over to French officers subject to the German commander and in the interests of the German troops. Article 9—It will be understood that the Germans have no authority over the Departments now occupied by them

LONDON, March 3—England's mediation has been accepted by both parties in dispute between Egypt and Spain.

A Versailles special says the Germans evacuated Paris to-day and Prince Frederick Charles retires behind the Seine.

BERLIN, March 3—The Empress received the following dispatch from the Emperer:

VERSAILLES, March 2—I have just ratified the conditions of peace, which have been accepted by the Bourdeaux Assembly. Thus far the work is complete which has required seven months to be achieved. Thanks to the volor, devotion and endurance of our incomparable army and the sacrafices of the whole of Fatherland. The Lord of Hosts has everywhere blessed our enterprises, and by His mercy permitted an honorable peace. To Him be honor; to the Fatherland thanks.

WILLIAM.

(Signed.)

ROME, March 2 via BORDEAUX.—The Bavarian Minister here has provisionally assumed the functions of German Ambassador to the Holy See, in place of Count Von Arnim, who has been removed to Paris.

LISBON, March 3—The new Cabinet has been completed.

The "Herald's" cable dispatch from Rome says that the report that the Pope is to leave Vatican in not true unless violence is used. The question was discussed with the Pope by Antonelli at the instigation of Jusuits. The Pope has decided to remain because if he leaves Vatican, the Italian Government will confiscate it, The Pope is still suffering, and in weak health, and fears if he departed the people would say 'Papacy was discomfited.'

LONDON, March 3—There was another terrible explosion at Victoria yesterday and 20 persons were killed.

NEW YORK, March 3—A 'Tribune' correspondent telegraphs further particulars of the triumphal march of the Germans into Paris. Precautions against popular disturbances were complete and perfect. Upon entering the city one German division stacked arms and picketed their horses opposite the Palais de l'Industrie. The Parisians, mostly of the lower classes, gathered around, examined accoutrements and conversed with them. The fear of pillage, sedulously inculcated into the Parisians, is now believed to be groundless.

LONDON, March 2—The war indemnity is made payable in three instalments, as follows: 1 milliard in 1871, 2 milliards in 1872, and 2 milliards in 1873, interest will be only payable at last instalment, from which the proportion of the debt appertaining to Alsace and Lorraine, estimated at half a milliard, and cost of Eastern French railways will be deducted

VERSAILLES, March 2—Favre has notified Bismarck of the vote of the Assembly. Bismark replied that he was ready to exchange ratifications. The Emperor has already signed the treaty.

LONDON, March 3—The French authorities are endeavoring to make such arrangements with the Prussians as will hasten the evacuation of Paris. It is believed the Germans will leave this evening, or at latest, to-morrow morning. There is great excitement in Paris A crowd of Parisians observing some Prussians in the Courts of the Louvre and Place du Carpusel yesterday, attempted to use force for their expulsion, but were kept back by a line of troops Conflicts are expected if the Germans do not soon evacuate. Disguised Prussian officers penetrated the city and were recognised and attacked, but were protected by the authorities and reconveyed to the German lines. Populace are less calm than yesterday.

PARIS March 2—Favre has gone to Versailles to demand the immediate evacuation of Paris by virtue of the terms of the Convention.

BORDEAUX, March 3—A dispatch from Paris on the 2d says that ratifications of the treaty of peace were exchanged to-day.

Favre has returned from Versailles, and Paris is now quiet. The Prussians evacuate the city to-morrow

LONDON, March 2—The resignation, by Childers, of the office of First Lord of the Admiralty, is again reported. The report is accompanied by a statement that the Earl of Kimberley succeeds Childers, and Chichester Fortescue assumes the dutites of Minister for the Colonies, made vacant by the transfer of Kimberley.

BRUSSELS, March 2—The Belgian army is being placed on a peace footing, and the 7th regiment sent home.

The Peace Plenipotentiaries will sit at the Hotel de Ville.

LONDON, March 2—A league is being formed at Havre to prevent the return of German employes.

Eastern States.

WASHINGTON, Feb 28—The opinion prevails among the Senators that the San Domingo question will not be brought on until after the adjournment of Congress and that an extra executive session of the Senate will be called by the President to act upon the Treaty.

The prospects for the Southern Pacific Railroad Bill are not encouraging.

NEW YORK, March 1—Subscriptions among the French in aid of France continue with renewed vigor in all parts of the country.

NEW YORK, March 3—According to a correspondent at Washington, counter claims of Great Britain for damages to the property of Englishmen in this country during the war of the rebellion, and to Canada for injuries received by citizens of the new Dominion during the Fenian raids, will probably be insisted upon and pressed in mitigation of the Alabama claims by the British members of the High Commission. It is even intimated that the total damages from these sources on the British side will sum up to considerably more than the grand total on the side of the United States.

Cuba.

HANANA, March 3—A number of minor engagements are reported between the Spanish and the insurgents in which the latter have been defeated. In the past fortnight in the Central Department 32 Insurgents were killed and over 4000 persons gave in their adhesion to the Spanish Government.

Nevada.

HEMILTON, Feb 27 — Late advices from Pioche City announce the death of Thomas Caloman, who was stabbed at that place on Wednesday last. Barney Flood and Morgan Countel were arrested on a charge of having committed the deed, but after an examination the latter was discharged.

California

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3 — An order for $12,000 worth of California still wines, for Louisville, Kentucky, is now being filled by Landsberger & Co, and another considerable order has been received for Omaha.

Capt J R Arthur of the British ship Mary Bango was tried in the U S Circuit Court to-day charged with breaking the Custom House locks on the hatches of his vessel and landing cargo in defiance of the orders of the Customs authorities. He was found guilty by the jury.

Frank Medina, the minstrel, was tried in the Municipal Court to-day on a charge of assault to kill John Allen (formerly of Victoria) leader of the orchestra at the Metropolitan Theatre, whom Medina shot after he had received a terrible beating at his hands. Medina was convicted but was recommended to the mercy of the Court.

The Alvarado beet sugar factory having nearly exhausted the stock of beets, will commence making cane sugar next month and continue the work till the next crop of beets comes in. A very large amount is being planted in the vicinity this year.

A dispatch says the King Philip, which arrived at Liverpool on the 6th ult, was obliged to throw over 250 tons of wheat during heavy weather. She was dispatched by Pope & Talbot.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb 28—Gold, at 3 p. m., 110¾. Greenbacks, at 90¾ selling at 91¼. Liverpool wheat 11s. 10d.

The steamship Prince Alfred was sold at the Merchants Exchange at noon to-day for $12 750. It is understood that she was bought for John Rosenfield and will run between this city and Victoria, bringing coal from Nanaimo on return trips.

The managers of the Grass Valley lottery commence arranging tickets to-morrow and will be ready for drawing by Saturday. The principle prizes and lucky numbers will be telegraphed as fast as received by the Associated Press.

Arrived—Ship Revere Pt Discovery. Bark Jennie Pitts Freeport, Bark Chris Mitchell Port Madison.

Flour—Nominal, unchanged.

Wheat — No transactions this morning. Shipping grades $2 20@2 30. Milling $2 25@2 35.

Barley—Good feed $1 35. Good bay $1 35. Brewing $1 42½.

Oats—Quiet $1 50@1 75.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2 — The Germans have decided to invite Governor Haight and other of our public officers to participate in their grand peace celebration at Platt's hall and the city gardens. The day of celebration is not fixed.

The banquet in honor to St Patrick's will be held at the Occidental Hotel.

The White House property near the old Mission race tract belonging to the estate of the late Robt Beatty realized $67 per front foot on Mission street, and $35 on Bartlett street. The property is over three miles from the City Hall.

Sailed—Bk Ranier Pt Gamble.

Flour—Unchanged. It is probable that another cargo will be made up for England. The sale of 800 bbls Golden Gate for export.

Wheat — Firm $2 25@2 30 for shipping qualities. Within the past eight days a leading exporter has purchased six thousand tons within the above range.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3—Stmr Sacramento from Panama arrived last night, having touched at Cape St Lucas and was delayed a few hours. She brought only $16,000 in treasure. She will leave at 3 p m to-morrow.

Col John Hanna, County Clerk, in reply to a prevailing rumor that he was a defaulter, denies the truth of the report.

It is rumored that there is a defalcation in the treasurership of a Benevolent institution to the amount of not less than $2000 by a prominent citizen, who is generally reported to be independently rich.

John H Parkinson and wife have sued Drs John Scott Henry Gibbons and Henry Gibbons, jr, for $50,000 damages for a libel alleged to have been published in the Pacific Medical and Surgical Journal on 1st February.

The report that two women, mother and daughter, living alone, were ravished on Saturday night by three wretches who broke into their house, is doubted by the police officials very strongly.

It is understood that the friends of young Edwards, who was held for trial to day on sixteen charges of forgery in inadvertently copying vouchers for the salaries of clerks in the City Hall and in a moment of absent mindedness hypothecating them as security for loans, will endeavor to refund the money obtained and have the charges dismissed.

The Germans have fixed on the 22d March for a grand peace celebration.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 4—The steamship Pacific for Victoria sailed this morning at 11 o'clock

Shipping Intelligence

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.

Feb 28—Stmr Isabel, Starr, Port Townsend
Stmr Olympia, Finch, Port Townsend
March 1—Stmr Enterprise Swanson, New Westminster
Stmr Grappler, Devereaux, Burrard Inlet
Schr Matilda, Wharton, Burrard Inlet
March 2—Stmr E Harris, Frain, Nanaimo
Slp Ringleader, Dake, San Juan
Slp Eagle, Prichard, San Juan
Slp Ocean Queen, Dick, San Juan
March 4—None
March 6—Slp Random, Burke, San Juan

CLEARED

Feb 28—Stmr Isabel, Starr, Port Townsend
Stmr Olympia, Finch, Port Townsend
March 1—Stmr Grappler, Devereaux, Burrard Inlet
Schr Matilda, Wharton, Burrard Inlet
Stmr Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster
March 2—Stmr E Harris, Frain, Nanaimo
Slp Ocean Queen, Dick, San Juan
March 4—None.
March 6—Slp Random, Burke, San Juan

PASSENGERS.

Per stmr OLYMPIA—Mr and Mrs Montgomery, 2 Miss Montgomery, N Barnes, Hays, Warner, G C Budlong, G P Budlong, N C Budlong, C Brown, Nansant, Huggins, J Wood, N S Walker, J Sietz, Mulligan, Frost, Eagan, Fen, W Killer, and 42 others

CONSIGNEES.

Per stmr OLYMPIA—Stafford & Hicken, Robinson, Eastman, Freeman, Jackson, Budlong, Scott, Marcy, Booth, W F & Co

IMPORTS

Per stmr OLYMPIA—20 cars muteon, 7 gs meal, 4 sks flour, 246 sheep, 7 pkgs effects, 1 cs trees, 5 bxs potatoes 4 pkgs express matter

MARRIED

At Trinity Church, San Francisco, on February 9th, by Rev. T. P. Lyman, Mr Alexander Thom to Miss Emily Louisa, daughter of the late Mr J T Pidwell, of Victoria, V. I.

DIED

At his residence, Gordon street, Victoria, Matthew Hollow, aged 37 years, a native of Cornwall, England.

C. OTTO,

ALBION SHAVING SALOON,

South side of JOHNSON STREET, adjoining the Victoria Market.

HAIR CUTTING ..... 25 CENTS
SHAVING ..... 12½ "
SHAMPOOING ..... 25 "
☞ Razors Honed and Sharpened ... 25 mh7 1md&w

The Artificial Palate.—Card from Dr. C. Francis Barnard

EDITOR BRITISH COLONIST—To a young and hardly initiated Dentist or Surgeon, I have no doubt the insertion of an artificial palate to cover the bony fissure of a case like Mr. C Herber's, may seem like the achievment of some great feat or event; but really it is a very simple thing in itself, requiring little skill on the part of the manufacturer, unless by the addition of a "velum palati" and uvula, he so restores the power of the vocal organs and mouth that what before was sure to escape in an incoherent mass, now assumes some tangible form and can convey to those about him the expression of his wants or the meaning of the sentences he may try to articulate.

I happen to be well posted in the case of Mr. Herber and was the first Dentist he consulted thereon. Mr. H. appeared to me about a year ago, but as his mouth was not then in a state for taking an impression, he called on me a couple of weeks or months subsequently, at which time I not only took an impression of his mouth but got up a FAC-SIMILE of the same in plaster, built him a gutta-percha palate with velum palati and uvula attached, which he wore about the city for an hour or two and then returned to tell me that he was so satisfied that his speech and swallowing were improved thereby, that as soon as his brother should arrive from San Francisco he should give me the manufacture of an artificial palate for him. Mr H's case is not the worst I ever saw or of which I have hitherto taken an impression As long ago as 1841-2, before Mills Bowden was thought of or saw the light, I took an impression of a similar but worse case, inasmuch as the bones of the upper jaw had no continuity in front of the upper lip under the nostrils, but a space of an inch or more there, like an inverted V.

Dentists are not as thick as blackberries in this country and I therefore must doubt if "many persons were tried" and only "Dr. Mills Bowden" was found to give entire satisfaction.

I do not believe from my conversation with Mr. Herber that he ever had 5 impressions of his mouth taken by Dentists, unless Dr Mills Bowden took 4 himself, and if he did, I will venture to say that if Mr H were put upon his oath as to who got the best and most thorough impression of his mouth, he will say it was Dr. Barnard, and that he also was the first man to convince him of the benefit of an artificial palate.

Had Mr H., as he promised, employed me to put him in an artificial palate, neither this Card nor that of Dr Mills Bowden would ever have found an insertion in the columns of the Victoria COLONIST.

C. FRANCIS BARNARD, M. D.

March 6th, 1871. mh7 1md&w

FARM FOR SALE.

SITUATED IN COWICHAN Valley, four miles from the Steamboat Landing, containing 400 acres of good Bottom Land, with buildings thereon. One Hundred and Fifty acres are free from forest trees, and of this about Fifty acres are under cultivation and partially fenced, the remainder being covered with wild grasses. There is a good and extensive Stock Range outside the Farm. The Stock can be had by the purchaser at market value, if required.

Apply at THE COLONIST Office. mh4

Mitchell & Johnston,

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA FOR

REGISTERED SELF-ACTING HAND SEED DRILL,

Received the Special First Prize Silver Medal at the Norfolk Agricultural Society's Meeting at Downham, June, 1868.

This will be found to be a very useful Implement, as greater regularity is obtained than sowing by hand, while a saving of nearly fifty per cent is effected in the sowing of the Seed, and it cannot possibly get out of order. A boy will work it with ease, and it will drill as fast as he can walk For the Farm it will be found an invaluable Implement By simply turning a thumb-screw it can at once be adapted for sowing Mangold Wurtzel, Barley, Wheat, Sainfoin, Tares, Pease, Turnips, Onions, Radishes Flax, Carrot, Cabbage, Cauliflower, and Broccoli Seeds. Full directions are sent with each. Price $5 each.

Agents for the NEW FRENCH COLD GRAFTING WAX Mastic L'Homme-Lefort, in tins from 25 cents and upwards. mh2

MRS. MAYNARD'S

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY

JOHNSON ST, NEAR DOUGLAS.

ALL KINDS OF

PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS

On hand and for sale at low rates. ja31

1858. 1871.

Home Again!

H. M. Cohen

THE PIONEER CLOTHIER!

BEGS TO INFORM HIS FRIENDS AND patrons that he has opened a

First Class Clothing

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE,

ON

JOHNSON STREET opposite the Miner's Saloon.

Where he will keep on hand a large stock of Goods. The

FINEST WHITE SHIRTS

To be found in the city. Fashionable

HATS AND CAPS

For all sizes and ages Fresh additions to the Stock by every steamer

Old friends and patrons are asked to call and examine.

☞ DON'T FORGET THE PLACE! ☜

Johnson street opposite the Miner's Saloon. fe5

Jesse Cowper,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Boots and Shoes

LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS

Yates St., opp. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s.

At the old stand of Webster & Co., is prepared to supply he wants of the public in his line.

THE LATEST STYLES

Received by every Steamer from England and San Francisco. mh8

Sale in Bankruptcy.

Farming, Timber Lands and Valuable Mill Property.

In pursuance to the order of Court in Bankruptcy.

J P DAVIES & CO HAVE BEEN INstructed to sell (unless previously disposed of at private sale) at Salesroom, Wharf street, on FRIDAY MARCH 24th, at 12 o'clock, noon,

SPRING VALE PROPERTY,

Consisting of sections 33, 34 and 101, consisting of 546 Acres of Farming, Bottom and Timber Lands, situate Esquimalt District.

—ALSO—

The Easterly Half of Suburban Lot 52.

Terms and conditions at sale.

☞ For further particulars apply to Messrs Drake, Jackson & Aikman, Solicitors to the Assignees, or to J. P. DAVIES & CO, Wharf st,

Where Maps of the property can be seen. mh1

CARD.

UNION MARKET

HAVING DISPOSED OF MY STOCK and Goodwill to MR JOHN WINGER, I cordially recommend him to my patrons and friends.

JOS BLACKBOURNE.

Victoria, Feb 28, 1871. mh1

JOHN WINGER,

(SUCCESSOR TO J BLACKBOURNE)

UNION MARKET,

COR. FORT AND DOUGLAS STS., VICTORIA, B. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING taken the above stand, will keep the very

BEST QUALITIES OF

FRESH MEAT of every description,

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, BACON, &c,

And respectfully asks a continuance of the patronage bestowed upon his predecessor.

All orders promptly filled and delivered within the city limits free of charge for carriage.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to the packing of CORN BEEF and SPICED BEEF always on hand. mh1

SUNNYSIDE

Lunch Room & Restaurant,

GOVERNMENT ST, ADJOINING THE BROWN JUG.

MRS. R. J. McDONELL

BEGS TO INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT she will open to-day the

Sunnyside Lunch Room & Restaurant

At the above address, and will provide

Every Delicacy the Market affords.

Gentlemen having rooms or doing business down town will find at the SUNNYSIDE every requisite of a FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

☞ SUPPERS PROVIDED FOR BALLS AND PARTIES. fe17

RED HOUSE

GROCERY STORE

YATES STREET

WILLIAM GIBSON TAKES PLEASURE in announcing that he has opened the above old established Store with a well selected stock of

GROCERIES and PROVISIONS,

He will constantly keep on hand the best articles in his branch of trade and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

☞ Goods delivered Free of Charge. fe10 3m

POCKET AND OFFICE

DIARIES FOR 1871.

ILLUSTRATED AND OTHER ALMANACS for 1871!

T. N. HIBBEN & CO

MISS COLES

FASHIONABLE MILLINER AND DRESSMAKER,

BOSWORTH'S STORE, Johnson street, near Government fe8 3m