

The Conception-Bay Man.

"TRUTH—EVER LOVELY SINCE THE WORLD BEGAN,"
"THE FOE OF TYRANTS AND THE FRIEND OF MAN."

VOL. I.

HARBOUR GRACE, NEWFOUNDLAND, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1856.

NO 17.

PROSPECTUS OF A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, TO BE ENTITLED "THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN."

THE Subscriber intends publishing a Weekly Newspaper at Harbor Grace, in Conception-Bay, about the last of the ensuing month of July.

It is unnecessary for him to make any observations upon the convenience and usefulness of a Local Journal in so populous and wealthy a district as that of Conception-Bay. That is admitted by every one. But it is necessary to state the political principles which shall guide such a Journal.

1st.—The Conception-Bay Man, shall be a strong advocate for the perpetuation of the true principles of Responsible Government.

2dly.—Equality of political rights and privileges among all religious creeds.

3dly.—We shall maintain Native Rights above all other, when character and qualification are equal.

4thly.—This Journal shall be the strenuous advocate, first, of the Fisheries—next of Agriculture.

5thly.—It shall in all matters of local interest, maintain a perfectly independent course.

Its Motto shall be TRUTH.
"Truth ever lovely since the world began,
The foe of tyrants and the friend of Man."

We shall attack no party unless we ourselves are assailed—we shall enunciate our views of Constitutional Responsible Government and if these views be not in accordance with the views of others, we shall endeavor to defend them in the spirit of free discussion—but no interest shall cause us to blink the grand end of responsible rule—
"The greatest happiness of the greatest number."

We shall endeavor by every means in our power to make the Conception-Bay Man an interesting weekly visitor, a political Instructor to the rising genius of the colony, and a welcome moral miscellany.

As an advertising medium it will offer great advantages, circulating as it will a few hours after publication among a population of upwards of 50,000 people.

The price of the Conception-Bay Man will be fifteen shillings, per annum, half in advance.

It will be published on a demy sheet, and will contain sixteen columns.

The first number will be generally distributed, and those who feel desirous to support the establishment of a newspaper in Conception-Bay, by becoming SUBSCRIBERS, will please notify the undersigned soon, or after they shall have received the first number, their intention of doing so, and to whom all correspondence must be addressed.

We are promised considerable support in St. John's, and anticipate nothing like disappointment.

GEORGE WEBBER
W. & J. JILLARD,
Watch and Clock Makers, Jewellers General Dealers and Commission Agents.

Quadrants, Compasses, Charts, Nautical Almanacks, Accordions, Violins, Flutes, and other Musical and Nautical Instruments,
Sold and Repaired.

Depository for the British and Foreign Bible Society, and the Religious Tract Society.

BIBLES and other BOOKS
Sold at the Society's Prices. Tracts
Gratis.

LET US REASON TOGETHER.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

WHY ARE WE SICK?

It has been the lot of the human race to be weighed down by disease and suffering. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are specially adapted to the relief of the Weak, the Nervous, the Delicate, and the Infirm, of all climes, ages, sexes, and constitutions. Professor Holloway personally superintends the manufacture of his medicines, and offers them to free and enlightened people, as the best remedy the world ever saw for the removal of disease.

THESE PILLS PURIFY THE BLOOD.

These famous Pills are expressly combined to operate on the stomach, the liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the skin, and the bowels, correcting any derangement in their functions, purifying the blood, the very fountain of life, and thus curing disease in all its forms.

DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Nearly half the human race have taken these Pills. It has been proved in all parts of the world, that nothing has been found equal to them in cases of disorder of the liver, dyspepsia, and stomach complaints generally. These soon give a healthy tone to those organs, however deranged, and when all other means have failed.

GENERAL DEBILITY—ILL HEALTH.

Many of the most despotic Governments have opened their Custom Houses to the introduction of these Pills that they may become the medicine of the masses. Learned Colleges admit that this medicine is the best remedy ever known for persons of delicate health, or where the system has been impaired, as its invigorating properties never fail to afford relief.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

No female, young or old, should be without this celebrated medicine. It corrects and regulates the monthly courses at all periods, acting in many cases like a charm. It is also the best and safest medicine that can be given to children of all ages, and for any complaint; consequently no family should be without them.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:—

Ague, Asthma, Bilious Complaints, Blisters on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colic, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, King's Evil, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula, Sore-throats, Stone and Gravel, Secondary symptoms, Tic-douloureux, Tumours Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from whatever cause, &c. &c.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and 80, Maiden Lane, New York; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 3d.—3s. 3d.—and 5s. each Box.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

Wholesale and retail by
T. MCCONNAN,
St. John's, N. F.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

DEPARTURE OF THE FRENCH MINISTER FROM NAPLES.—A letter from Naples of the 30th ult. says: The British and French ministers left on Tuesday morning; and, to quote the words of a consular circular which reaches a portion of the last despatches from the home government, British subjects are now under the protection of the civil force of the country. Great fears were entertained least some demonstration might have been made by the liberal party; and it is confidently asserted that the reactionary police under Mazzini, Compagna, and Merenda, had resolved to fisciare the Baron on his leaving. These mauvais sujets were therefore informed, according to my authority, that if anything of the kind happened, it would be so much the worse for them. At half-past eight o'clock on the morning of Tuesday, the commissary of the quarter in which the French minister resided, made his appearance with about 50 of his familiars, who were dotted about in the neighborhood of the embassy. At the same time gendarmes were distributed from the Strada San Pasquale up to the other extremity of the city, a distance of about two miles, in parties of two and two, within 100 yards perhaps of each other. Independently of this policemen in undress and spies were distributed in all directions, and, according to the calculations of many I have met with, there must have been a force of not less than 2000 agents of the police, direct or indirect employed. The French minister left about ten o'clock, in a carriage drawn by six horses, preceded by a battistrada, and followed by a fourgon, with his baggage and attendants. On arriving near the Largo St. Ferdinando, many gentlemen and the most respectable of the populace had assembled, who respectfully saluted the baron by raising their hats; but no one dared to utter a word,—it would have consigned them to imprisonment. In the Largo Marcattello, flowers were thrown upon the minister; and so he left, charged with the wishes and the prayers of an enslaved and crushed people to his imperial master, that he may unite honestly with England in promoting the best interest of Italy.

THE IONIAN ISLANDS.—The "Malta Mail" says.—"Judging from the reports affixed in Corfu, the dissolution of the Ionian Parliament is at hand. These reports are confirmed, it may be said, by two circulars, one from the Lord High Commissioner to the residents of the smaller islands; the other from the senate to the mayors, stating that they must not interfere directly or indirectly with the future elections. This is quite a new event for these islands, and is due to Sir John Young, who is exerting his best means through his firm will and upright character, to ameliorate the future condition of the Ionian population."

The soldiers of the Fourth Dragoon Guards, stationed at Sheffield, who had been in the Crimea, have been presented with a number of beautiful knives.

The Prussian war department is gradually altering all firelocks of the army to the Mime principle.

The Exhibition Palace at Paris, which was built by a private company, has been purchased by the Government.

The number of English and Scotch settled in Ireland, is now more than double what it was but ten years ago.

From Biscay we learn that the walnuts and other fruits which are so largely exported to England, are this year almost entirely lost; but the maize crop is saved.

In the New Marriage Act, which will shortly come into operation, there is a clause to the effect that the marriages of Quakers and Jews may be solemnised by licence.

The Emperor Napoleon has sent Marshal O'Donnell the Grand Cordon of the Legion of Honour, enclosed in a blue velvet box, adorned with golden bees and the initials of His Majesty.

Lord Panmure has approved of a further extension of the full marching allowance to soldiers. If the journey exceed 250 miles in one day and night, a second marching allowance may be issued; and a third issue of the said allowance if the journey exceed 400 miles. The allowance will therefore be—for 100 miles and upwards 1s. 1d., 250 miles 2s. 2d., 400 miles 3s. 3d., when troops are not billeted.

In a toll case, tried at Bedford, Mr. Devon who was brought from the Record Office to produce some translations from "Doomsday Book," stated in his evidence the singular fact "that in many old manuscripts, when particular emphasis was given to words, it was customary, instead of underlining them as at the present day to run the pen completely across the words, in the same manner as we now erase them."

A Halifax, N. S., paper of the 21st Nov. has the following paragraph:—

"A P. E. Island speaks of Sir A. BANNERMAN, late Governor of that Colony, being the successor of Governor DARLING in Newfoundland—but we have seen no official announcement of the fact."

Tho' we happen to be somewhat nearer Governor DARLING's government than our Nova Scotia neighbour, we can discover "no official announcement of the fact" adverted to. We have closely examined British and Colonial journals, received per the latest mails, and whilst we could trace a variety of official Colonial appointments, not a word could we discover (beyond the assertion of an Aberdeen paper) with respect to the successor of Governor DARLING who, it has been long understood, will, at no very distant date, proceed to the important administration of the government of Jamaica. In our researches we are not in the slightest degree anxious for the removal of our high-minded and enlightened Governor. By no means; but are rather disposed to prolong his stay amongst us. It is strange, however, that no official announcement of the Governor that is to be has yet appeared in our public prints—not even in the official organ of Roy-