The Canadian Engineer

VOL. X.-No. 4.

TORONTO AND MONTREAL, APRIL, 1903.

PACE

PRICE 10 CENTS \$1.00 PER YEAR.

The Canadian Engineer. ISSUED MONTHLY IN THE INTERESTS OF THE

MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, LOCOMOTIVE, STATIONARY CIVIL. MARINE, MINING AND SANITARY ENGINEER, THE SURVEYOR, THE MANUFACTURER, THE CONTRACTOR AND THE MERCHANT IN THE METAL TRADES.

SUBSCRIPTION—Canada and the United States, \$1.00 per year; Great Britain nd foreign, 6s. Advertising rates on application. OFFICES—Cor. Church and Court Sts. Toronto; and Fraser Building, Montreal. and foreign, 6s.

Toronto Telephone, Main 4310. Montreal Telephone, Main 2589. BIGGAR-SAMUEL, LIMITED, Publishers, TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVE: A. W. SMITH.

All business correspondence should be addressed to our Montreal All business correspondence should be addressed to our montreal office. Editorial matter, cuts, electros and drawings should be addressed to the Toronto Office, and should be sent whenever possible, by mail, not by express. The publishers do not undertake to pay duty on cuts from abroad. Changes of advertisements should be in our hands not later than the 15th of the preceding month or if proof is desired, 4 days ear ier.

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The articles now running in the Canadian Engineer on the Electrical Power Developments of Canada, will be reprinted in book Price \$5.00 per copy form, with diagrams and folding plates. Advance orders received.

Subscribers who intend binding the last volume of The Canadian Engineer, and who require a copy of the index, will please advise us at once

INTER-IMPERIAL POSTAGE AND INTER-IMPERIAL TRADE.

It speaks volumes for the insight of the men who compose the Montreal Board of Trade that while they are all purely commercial men they have a statesmanlike perception of the influence of literature upon trade, and hence they were the first important organization to congratulate Sir William Mulock, the Postmaster General, on reducing the postal rates on newspapers and printed matter going to Great Britain to the level of our domestic rates. For four or five years Sir William Mulock has at various times asked the British Postmaster General to make the same reciprocal arrangement between the Mother Country and Canada, as has existed between Canada and the States ever since Confederation, under which arrangement printed matter is exchanged through the post-office at the domestic rate of each country, but the Canadian offer has always been met by that attitude of inertia which calls up Tennyson's characterization of "the stony British stare." However Sir William persevered and in the case of letter postage was able at last to get a mutual reduction to the penny (two cent) rate which has become a memorable postal reform by being extended to nearly all parts of the Empire. And now the fence that has barred out literature from easy circulation between the two countries has been partly broken down by the British office consenting to the admission of Canadian papers. books, catalogues, etc., at the domestic rate of Canada, We join the Montreal Board of Trade in congratulating Sir William Mulock on this step in advance, which is destined to have a momentous influence on the literary, social and trade relations of Canada and the Empire, because it is now only a question of a short time when cheap postal rates from Great Britain to the Colonies will follow as in the case of Imperial penny postage and the freer circulation of British literature over the British world will make itself felt in all phases of life.

A few Canadian editors having personal knowledge of the extent to which cheap newspaper and book and cata. logue postage was being made the instrument of promoting the trade of United States manufacturers and merchants with Canada, and how this trade is maintained in spite of the preferential tariff in favor of British goods, took up the matter in the Canadian Press Association three years ago, and that association has done something to strengthen our Postmaster General's hands each year since.

The editor of the CANADIAN ENGINEER was asked recently to make a statement of the case for cheap postage as it bore on the trade of Great Britain with Canada. As the subject is of real importance to British and Canadian manufacturers we make a few quotations from this article, which appeared in Britannia, of London and Glasgow, a magazine devoted to the closer union of home country and Colonies :-

"Taking the term 'press' to mean not merely newspapers, but periodicals, books, and even trade catalogues, it is the writer's purpose to show, from the recent history of the press in Canada, that the Mother Country is in effect maintaining, in the form of postal restriction, a tariff wall against its own trade throughout the Englishspeaking world. And the same restrictions that are suffocating trade between the Mother Country and some of her most important daughter-nations is also beginning to stifle that free interchange of thought and sentiment which is the life of an Empire separated by the seven seas. The postal relations of Canada and the United States afford a striking example of the commercial benefits of an unhampered interchange of the products of the press, and the fact should warn the people of Great Britain against continuing a policy that chokes off a million pounds' worth of trade for the sake of a thousand pounds in newspaper postage.

Profit has never been an object in the postal service of either the United States or Canada, and, more than once, laws have been in force giving free transportation to newspapers from the offices of publication, on the ground