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TWENTY THOUSAND HEAR BRYAN'S NEW PLATFORM

Democratic Leader Declares for Government Ownership of All Railways

Would Have Federal Authorities Control Trunk Lines and State the Branch Roads---Scores the Trusts as the Greatest Evil---Favors a Universal Eight-Hour Day---Would Settle International Disputes by Arbitration---Madison Square Garden Packed with Cheering Democrats Thursday Night to Welcome Their Leader---Hearst Gets Rousing Reception, Too.

New York, Aug. 30.—The home coming of William J. Bryan was made complete tonight when he was greeted in Madison Square Garden by a throng unmbering more than 20,000. It was such a welcome as seldom has been accorded a private citizen. Mr. Bryan's eyes filled with tears as he acknowledged the cheers. For eight minutes he strode nervously from side to side of the narrow platform. Only once again during the entire evening was there anything approaching such a demonstration, that was when the speaker told his hearers that he had become converted to the cause of government ownership of railroads.

"I favor the control of only the trunk lines by the national government," said Mr. Bryan, "and the ownership of all other railroads by the state government."

In an instant thousands of voices were raised and faces were turned toward the side of the building opposite the speaker's stand where William Randolph Hearst sat.

"Three cheers for Hearst," was the cry which swelled until the speaker's voice was drowned for a moment.

Tonight's reception, which was given under the auspices of the Commercial Travelers' Anti-Trust League, proved to be the sounding of the Democratic campaign call. Mr. Bryan's speech was a clear cut outline of his ideas as to what the Democratic policy should be. The election of United States senators by the people; regulation of the trusts by the government; universal eight hour day; settlement of all international disputes by arbitration rather than by resort to force, and revision of the tariff—were some of his points. Mr. Bryan declared, however, that he was merely expressing his opinion, and not attempting to forecast the policy of his party.

"Trusts the Great Issue."

Mr. Bryan declared that the trusts were the great issue of the day. He favored the closest supervision of the organization of corporations and said that no man should be a director of two or more corporations which deal with each other or to engage in the same line of business. He called for the enforcement of the criminal clause of the Sherman anti-trust law and the placing of trust controlled articles on the free list.

He went into the question of the government ownership of the railroads at great length and declared that what he had seen in other countries had served to strengthen his convictions on the subject. He saw danger in centralization, however, and for this reason advocated the Federal ownership of the trunk lines and state ownership of the local lines.

The speaker scored the Republican congress for not passing the legislation urged by President Roosevelt giving publicity to campaign contributions. He gave the president some praise, however, for what he termed his adoption of Democratic ideas. Mr. Bryan said he hoped the income tax might some day be imposed through an amendment to the constitution. He referred briefly to the recent insurance investigation and said smilingly that he believed the disclosures made would result in difficulty in securing large campaign contributions in the future.

On the financial question, Mr. Bryan said the unexpected and the unprecedented discovery of gold had brought a victory to both the advocates of the gold standard and the advocates of bi-metallism.

Money Question Dead.

"The Republicans have gained so much pleasure and some partisan advantages," he said, "from the dissension in our ranks on the money question, that they ought not to begrudge us the pleasure we find in the fact that conditions have removed the cause of discord and dissension."

Mr. Bryan spoke for an hour and twenty minutes and was constantly interrupted by cheers and applause.

The only discordant note sounded during the evening was when Mr. Bryan turned to a discussion of Socialism and declared that the man who says the trust is an economic growth and has come to stay, is the one who is helping the Socialist. Some one yelled "three cheers for Socialism" but the call was drowned in hisses.

Mr. Bryan quickly said:

"My friends I have no objection to any man expressing himself in favor of Socialism, because the Socialist as a rule is a honest man; he is seeking what he believes to be a benefit to him with argument and not with a business. I deny that the trust is an institution made necessary for economic purposes; I deny that it is an economic institution at all. It is not economical, it is political. It rests not on natural laws but on man made laws."

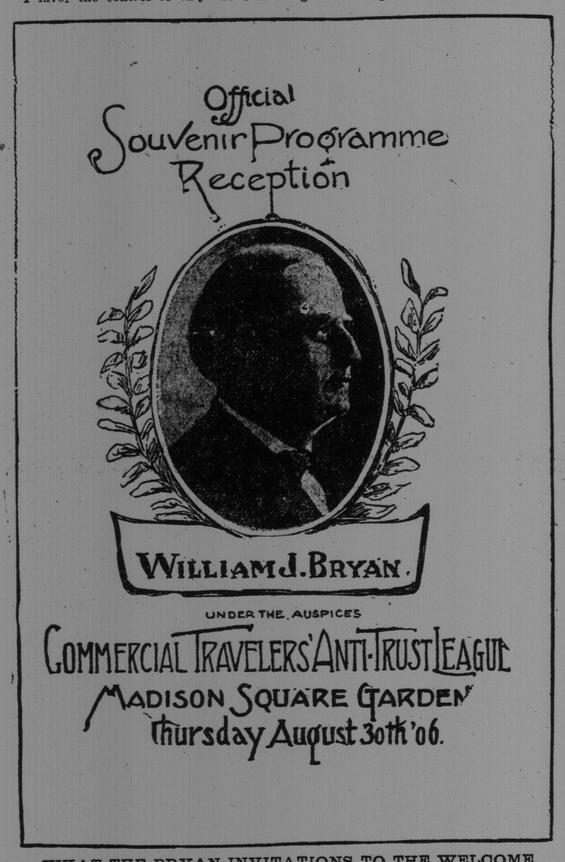
At 8 o'clock Harry Walker, on behalf of the Commercial Travelers' Anti-Trust League, called the meeting to order and introduced Governor Folk.

Governor Folk was given an ovation, and it was several minutes before he could speak. When quiet had been restored, Governor Folk proceeded:—

What we say here may count for little, our words may be of only passing moment, and soon forgotten. But those ideals that bring us here when those present at this assembly shall have passed away. We come not of ourselves alone to welcome home the distinguished American in whose honor we gather, but to voice the love and faith of millions in the great leader who has again set foot upon his native land—millions who love him because his hands are clean, his heart is pure, and his soul has not been touched nor tainted with the scars of unearned gold. Nor in him alone do we place our trust, nor in aught that is human, but rather in those eternal truths which he has loved and served so well.

We are on the threshold of the greatest political awakening this nation has ever known. It marks the begining of a new age. The next few years will be distinguished as the time in which industrial problems are solved, the reign of the special priviledge brought to an end, and the doctrine of equal rights fixed in national policies and in the conscience of mankind. Things are not tolerated for a moment now, that not long ago were submitted to in silence. Only a few years past, bribery was considered merely conventional. Legislative halls were made dens of thieves, and the touch of the unclean dollar of priviledge was over all. Dishonesty in public life was either unnoticed or regarded with despair. Then a dormant public conscience was

(Continued on page 4.)



WHAT THE BRYAN INVITATIONS TO THE WELCOME MEETING LOOKED LIKE.

MONCTON PASTOR WILL NOT RESIGN

At Meeting Thursday Night by Request Rev. Mr. Whitehouse Changed His Mind

Philip Legere, Who Fell from Roof of Barn, Dies of His Injuries--I. C. R. Officials Gathering to Confer With Minister of Railways.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Moncton, Aug. 30—Rev. George E. Whitehouse tonight withdrew his resignation as pastor of the First Baptist church at the request of a committee representing the church and the unanimous voice of the Christian Brotherhood. The cause of his resignation was certain prevailing conditions brought about by a few dissatisfied members of the church.

Philip Legere, who fell forty feet from the roof of a barn on the Irishtown road, died this morning of his injuries. The unfortunate man at first showed signs of recovery but complications set in, causing death. Deceased, who was about fifty years old, leaves a wife, four daughters and two sons.

The minister of railways is expected here tomorrow to hold a conference with I. C. R. officials from all over the road. The district superintendents and chief dispatchers from different points arrived today.

PRESIDENT OF WRECKED PHILADELPHIA BANK COMMITTED SUICIDE

Hipple Blew His Brains Out and Coroner Kept it Quiet to Avert Panic, He Says.

Philadelphia, Aug. 30—The suspicion that Frank K. Hipple, president of the embarrassed Real Estate Trust Company, who was found dead at his home in Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania, last Friday, committed suicide, was confirmed today by Coroner Joseph N. King. Dr. Albert H. Read, the coroner's physician, who was standing near, added: "You can say that Mr. Hipple blew out his brains."

Since the death of Mr. Hipple, the family physician and the coroner maintained that he died of cerebral hemorrhage while taking a bath. The coroner today said: "When I went to Bryn Mawr Friday morning to investigate the sudden death of Mr. Hipple, I discovered he had committed suicide. I decided to suppress the fact for a few days in order to prevent a run on the trust company. I thought if there was anything wrong in Mr. Hipple's transactions the directors would have a chance to make up whatever deficits there were." He added that his action was voluntary, and had been approved by several men prominent in legal affairs. The coroner stated that Hipple had placed the muzzle of a thirty-eight-calibre revolver in his mouth and shot himself. The ball lodged in the brain. The shooting took place in the bath room early in the morning. Mrs. Hipple was not aware that her husband had killed himself until the arrival of the family physician.

STIFF SENTENCE FOR ATTEMPTING TO BRIBE JUROR

Boston, Aug. 29—In the superior criminal court this noon, Judge Harris imposed a sentence of two years at hard labor in the Charles street jail on "Dr." Walter F. Clark, found guilty of contempt of court in attempting to bribe the negro juror, Alfred M. Green, during the Sinclair trial. The two negro defendants, William E. Washington and Israel Rue, were also found guilty and were fined $50 each, the court finding their guilt less serious than that of Clark. After this Judge Harris dismissed the jury in the Sinclair case, which came to a sudden halt last Friday morning when Juror Green reported to Judge Harris the fact that he had been approached with an attempt to bribe him.

In announcing his findings, Judge Harris said that he felt no doubt whatever that the chief offender in the matter was Clark. Although Clark had been a witness against Sinclair, he did not believe that he was a voluntary one, and he thought that Clark, by his efforts in the direction of the jury, had sought to make up for the damage done by his testimony against his friend. He should accordingly deal with Clark with severity.

TORONTO GLOBE PAYS $175,000 FOR OFFICE SITE

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Toronto, Aug. 30—The Globe Printing Company has purchased from the Cawthra estate fifty-two feet on Yonge street, running right through to Jordan street, on which the present building stands, as a site for the new offices. The price paid was $175,000.

Two other properties purchased by the Globe company for a new office site were sold again at a handsome profit.

Big Flour Shipment to Orient.

Calgary, Aug. 30—(Special)—The Calgary Milling Company has completed the largest order for flour ever sent from here to the Orient. It consists of 10,000 sacks for China and 1,000 sacks for Japan.

DR. HARRISON'S RESIGNATION IN

Local Government Took No Action in Matter Thursday Evening

SESSION FRIDAY

Meeting of Board of Education Also—Presentations to J. J. F. Winslow in Honor of Coming Marriage to Miss Holden—Arrested for Theft—Drowned on Picnic Excursion.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Fredericton, N. B., Aug. 30—The local government met here this evening with Hon. Messrs. Tweedie, Pugsley, LaBillois, Sweeney and Jones in attendance.

The resignation of Chancellor Harrison from the university was before the meeting, but action was deferred until tomorrow. Th doctor gives ill health as the cause of his taking this step.

Several applications for incorporation of companies were considered, and some minor appointments were made. The government will meet again tomorrow morning, and the board of education will meet in the afternoon.

A young man named John McCarthy who came here from Boston to work on the sewerage system, was arrested this evening by Policeman Rideout on a charge of stealing a pair of pants from in front of Anderson & Walker's tailoring establishment. A boy saw McCarthy take the pants and gave a description of him to Policeman Rideout, who was not long in finding his man. He learned that the pants had been sold for fifty cents, and succeeded in recovering them.

The nuptials of C. A. McVey, assistant provincial engineer, and Miss Ada A Tupper, youngest daughter of Charles A. Tupper, will be celebrated at the bride's home, Northumberland street, on Wednesday next. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. J. H. MacDonald at 3.30 p. m.

The nuptials of Mr. C. A. McVey of the board of works and Miss Ada Tupper, daughter of Chas. A. Tupper, will be celebrated here on Wednesday next.

Ernest Allen, 20 years of age son of David Allen of Burton was drowned last night in Oromocto River while returning from a Fredericton Junction picnic with an excursion party on the tug Annie Currier. The man was subject to fits and it is supposed that he had a fit at the time the accident occurred. He was not miesed until the boat reached the wharf at Oromocto. A party started up this morning with grappling irons to search for the body.

Samuel Beatty, a well known citizen died at his home here last night. He is survived by a widow and several sons one of whom is George A. Beatty, butcher, of this city.

A special meeting of the university senate has been called for September 5th.

J. J. Fraser Winslow, who is to be married at Canning (N. S.) Monday to Miss Elsie Holden, of St. John, was presented with a cabinet of silverware and a complimentary address by twelve of his gentlemen friends at the Queen hotel this evening. J. F. Vanbuskirk made the presentation, and Mr. Winslow made a suitable reply.

APPEAL BLOCKS FIELDING BY-ELECTION

Cabinet Thursday Unable to Take Any Action About Vacant Seat—Quebec Judges Appointed.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, Aug. 30—At this afternoon's meeting of the cabinet the vacancies on the bench of the province of Quebec were filled. Justice Lemieux, of Sherbrooke, was appointed to succeed at Quebec Judge Langelier, elevated to a chief justiceship.

Mr. Demers, M. P. for St. John's and Iberville, was raised to the bench at Sherbrooke, vice Judge Lemieux. J. McCorkill, provincial treasurer, was appointed to the vacancy on the Quebec superior court rendered vacant by Judge Andrews' death.

Eugene Lafontaine, crown prosecutor of Montreal, was made judge of the superior court of that city, succeeding Judge Lavergne, promoted to the court of appeal.

No action was taken in regard to the bye-elections. The most important of the constituencies, of course, is Queens and Shelburne, but the opening of that seat has been blocked by the proceedings taken for an appeal to the supreme court against the judgment of the election court exonerating Hon. Mr. Fielding from all personal charges.

STEAMER ASHORE IN LAKE ST. LOUIS

Montreal, Aug. 30—(Special)—The R. & O. steamer Picton is fast on the rocks in Lake St. Louis, a quarter of a mile above the Lachine wharf. The Picton was trying to keep clear of a long tow of barges when she got too close to the shore and struck a rock.

No passengers were on board at the time, for they had all got off previously at Coteau and came to Montreal by train.

The accident happened at 9.30 tonight. The Picton is reported to be resting easily and will be floated in the morning.

Jail for Scott Act Violator.

Sydney, N. S., Aug. 30—(Special)—Enforcing the Scott act to the limit goes merrily on. William Boutilier, of Little Bras D'Or was found guilty of selling liquor yesterday afternoon and sentenced to thirty days in the county jail with hard labor without the option of a fine.

COLLINS IS LYING, SAYS REV. FATHER MACAULAY

Albert Priest Tells of His Interview with Murder Suspect

He Asked About Missing Axe, and Collins Said He Left it in Woodpile---Clergyman Reviews Tragedy of Albert County and Brings Out New Points---Identifies Valise and Contents as Rectory Property---Dr. Addy to Analyze Stain on Underclothing--Prisoner's Trip to Hopewell Cape Described by Sheriff.

For the first time since his arrival in the city, Rev. Father MacAulay discussed with a newspaper reporter Thursday the New Ireland tragedy.

He told in detail of the finding of the body of his cousin, of his meeting with Collins at Elgin on the Monday evening, and of subsequent developments which have hitherto remained unpublished.

"My conviction is," said Father MacAulay, "that Collins has been lying. I feel that when I met him at Elgin he did not give truthful answers to my questions, and I believe that he has been telling falsehoods ever since."

The suspect, in the escort of Sheriff Lynds, was taken to Albert county yesterday, and Attorney-General Pugsley, when asked yesterday afternoon, said that the preliminary examination will be held at Hopewell Cape a week from Monday next.

He has instructed M. B. Dixon, clerk of the peace, to be present at the examination. The attorney-general has further instructed Dr. G. A. B. Addy to make an analysis of the stains found on the garment in the valise carried by Collins.

Father MacAulay will go to Sussex today and later proceed to Albert county.

Priest Saw Tears In Collins' Eyes.

Thursday forenoon he said farewell to the suspect, just before the latter boarded the train. Regarding him earnestly, and without pity, the clergyman held the youth's steel-linked hand in his.

"I suppose that I clasped his hand," said Father MacAulay, "for at least a minute. I looked him squarely and steadily in the face, and said that I hoped he would be good. He flushed slightly and I am sure that I saw tears gather."

Father MacAulay confirms the report that he met the suspect at Elgin on the Monday afternoon following the murder. He was passing Gardiner's hotel, and, happening to glance in, saw Collins there. He asked for an explanation, seeing that his proper place was at the New Ireland rectory. Finally, said the clergyman, Collins said that he was willing to return to New Ireland, and subsequently both went to the home of Mrs. Martin, with whom Father MacAulay was acquainted. Collins seemed nervous, he said, and appeared as if suffering from the unusual warmth of the day. He sat in Mrs. Martin's home until an opportunity came to leave without being noticed, and the next time his employer and benefactor saw him was yesterday morning at central police station.

Upon the arrival of the priest at the door of the suspect's cell, the prisoner did not show embarrassment, fear or bravado. "We shook hands," remarked Father MacAulay, "and then he told what he has already told about his movements at the rectory. But I do not believe that he is telling the truth.

Asked Collins About the Axe.

"'Tom,' I said, 'I wish that you would tell me where my axe is.' Then he said that he had left it in the woodpile. I told him that not only myself but others had searched through the wood and around the shed but could not find it, but all he would say was that he had left it in the woodpile where he had been chopping."

Father MacAulay had no difficulty in identifying the garments found in the prisoner's valise. Without hesitation he pronounced all of the underwear and handkerchiefs with the exception of the wet and stained article of wear to be property belonging in the rectory.

"And that valise," he said, "is mine. When I was talking to Collins I mentioned the matter and he said that he had found it in the room where he slept at the rectory. But such a story as that does not weaken my claim. In fact, two valises were taken. The other was a good leather one and he must have disposed of it along the road, possibly between Forest Glen and Elgin or between Forest Glen and Petitcodiac. I was told at Elgin that he was carrying two valises.

Razor Identified by Priest as His.

"The new razor found in the valise by the police I have identified as mine, but I miss another razor, besides. Two razors were found in the valise, but the other one is not mine. It may belong to Collins or possibly to Mr. Williamson, a neighbor at New Ireland."

Father MacAulay, in telling of his arrival at the rectory on Tuesday evening, noticed that in the kitchen one blind was drawn and the other was about half way up. From such a circumstance he is of the opinion that somebody was up and about during the morning. Another discovery made was that Miss MacAulay's false teeth were found in her bedroom, and the clergyman says that she never considered her toilet complete without the teeth.

"My cousin," he went on, "had $30 in notes secreted under the carpet upstairs. The money was not disturbed. Before I left on the Friday afternoon preceding the murder she said it would soon be necessary to send in to Elgin or Albert for groceries. I asked her how much money was needed. She said about $2 and this amount I gave her. I do not know what was done with it. A satchel belonging to her is missing."

Father MacAulay when questioned about the significance of the wet garment found in the valise, said that Mrs. Williamson had said that on Sunday evening she saw Collins walking along the road between the rectory and her home. On this road there is a spring. He was carrying a can and it was possible that in the course of the evening he washed something.

"I have heard," said the priest, "that the young man was seen counting money out of a brown pocketbook. I own a pocketbook of that description but as yet have not searched especially for it. It may be that it will also be missing. I have found that my desk was examined by someone and my pipe I cannot find. It has an unusually large briar bowl with amber mouthpiece. I had it reserved for any callers who desired to smoke. Well, it is gone from its place in my desk."

Father MacAulay desires to discredit the published report that there exists friction between himself and certain residents of Albert county. He is and always has been on the best of terms with everybody in the county and such a story, he says, is absurd.

Collins Taken Away.

About 10 o'clock Thursday forenoon, Father MacAulay and Sheriff Lynds visited central police station. They went directly to Chief Clark's office and later the sheriff's warrant was endorsed by Magistrate Ritchie.

At 10.15 Father MacAulay, accompanied by Chief Clark, went down to the cells and the priest, in his brief talk with the prisoner, was quite alone and stood a few feet from the bars.

At 11 o'clock Collins was brought before Magistrate Ritchie, who remarked that the suspect should have been brought before him so that he could have remanded him to jail, where he could have had a bed and not be kept where he was.

About the station steps large crowds had assembled, but as he walked to the coach Collins seemed without concern. At the railway station he waited in the terminal superintendent's office until within a few minutes of the train's departure, but on the way to the cars the crowd encountered was large.

When asked with reference to the remark by the police magistrate Thursday that Thomas Collins should have been lodged in the jail and not detained by the police, the attorney-general said he took full responsibility for the course taken. Chief Clark had seen him with regard to Collins' detention, and as he was not held under a warrant it was not necessary he should be taken before the magistrate, and it was proper for the police to hold him until the arrival of the Albert county sheriff. Dr. Pugsley added that he had no doubt Collins was made as comfortable as possible.

Chief Clark adds that Collins was given a bed and coverings.

COLLINS NOW IN JAIL AT HOPEWELL CAPE

Hopewell Cape, N. B., Aug. 30—(Special)—Sheriff Lynds and his prisoner, Thos. F. Collins, arrived here from St. John at 6.45 o'clock tonight. The sheriff had no trouble with his man on the way except in so far as they were the attraction for all eyes. When Hillsboro station was reached it was to find a big crowd assembled to see Collins. There were many comments but no demonstration.

Here the train was left and Collins, handcuffed, was placed in the mail wagon for the eight mile drive to Hopewell Cape. Collins, the sheriff and the driver occupied the wagon. Collins had little to say. As farm houses were passed the little party were always given a close scrutiny.

On arrival here Collins was taken before Magistrate Stuart. M. B. Dixon appeared for the crown and the prisoner was not represented. The charge of murder was read over to Collins but he was not asked to plead and the court remanded him to jail for a week. Collins is the only prisoner in the jail.

PUGWASH SCHOONER WM. DUNBAR, DISMASTED

Charlottetown, Aug. 30—(Special)—The schooner Wm. Dunbar, owned by Captain Read, of Pugwash, from North Point (N. S.), loaded with sleepers for the P. E. Island railway, was dismasted in the Straits of Northumberland. Steamship City of Ghent, on her way from Charlottetown to Halifax, saw the signal and towed the schooner into Charlottetown. On arrival the schooner was completely waterlogged. The crew are safe.

TORONTO BREWERS FINED FOR GIVING EMPLOYES BEER

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Toronto, Aug. 30—The O'Keefe company were today fined $20 and costs or fifteen days for giving their employes beer to drink in the brewery, which, it is found, is contrary to law. The brewery people cheerfully paid the fine, which will be recovered in a day or so in the daily allowance of beer saved from the amount usually doled out to its employes.

Sage & Co.'s Money Held Up.

Brockville, Ont., Aug. 30—(Special)—Creditors of Sage & Co., the New York brokerage firm that failed recently, today secured an injunction to prevent the Metropolitan Bank from paying out $1,200 funds of Sage & Co. now held by the bank at Brockville. The creditors hope to have the money divided among them.

BIG BATTLE EXPECTED IN CUBA

Rebel and Government Forces Are Now Almost in Touch

Insurgents Reported Routed in a Fight Thursday With Many Casualties--Machine Guns Going to the Front.

Havana, Aug. 30—The rattle of machine guns became a familiar sound today on the sea front of Havana, where Major Clews' corps were trying their weapons and drilling for their new duties. Part of the corps is going to the front tomorrow, but its destination has not been divulged.

Generals Avalos and Pino Guerra are close to each other tonight in the vicinity of Guanes, whither Avalos, with 1,000 cavalry, mounted infantry, rural guards and recruits, marched today from the little village of Sabalo. The Associated Press correspondent with General Avalos reports that a considerable number of recruits fell out along the march from San Juan De Martinez, overcome by the heat and choking dust, and that some were ill with fever induced by drinking bad water. The general spirit, however, was good.

The opposing forces are so close tonight that a battle is expected shortly.

The only fight of consequence reported today was a three hours' conflict between 150 rural guards and volunteers and an insurgent band estimated to number 300 near Campo Florido, twenty miles east of Havana.

An American who witnessed the fighting says the firing was continuous but scattering and that there was no volleying. After two hours of this fighting the combatants came closer together and finally the rural guards and volunteers made a fine charge up a hill, routing the insurgents, who scattered and disappeared. At least twelve insurgents were killed and many more were wounded. An official report of the fight which was given out tonight says the combined forces of Captain Collazo's rural guards and General Alfred Rego's volunteers, totalling 130, attacked 400 rebels, fought two hours and then charged and completely dispersed the enemy, who left fifteen dead and three prisoners. Twenty horses and some arms and accoutrements were captured. Captain Collazo was wounded in the arm, but not seriously hurt.

Reports of surrenders in compliance with the government's offer of amnesty are more numerous tonight than heretofore, most of them coming from towns near Havana, to which quite a large number of insurgents have quietly returned.

On the other hand the insurrection is receiving some recruits.

BRITISH COLUMBIA WON LONDON CUP AT OTTAWA SHOOT

Their Score Was 685 and New Brunswick Team Was Last With 599—Other Results.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, Aug. 30—There was very good shooting at the D. R. A. matches today notwithstanding a very changeable and tricky wind. In the evening Col. Gibson gave an at home at the headquarters on the range which was largely attended.

There was a change in the programme today when the London Merchants' Cup was fired. The cup is presented by the merchants of London, England, with $180 added by the D. R. A., open to all members of affiliated provincial associations. British Columbia won the cup and $80 with 685 points, Nova Scotia second with 639 points, getting $60, and Quebec third with 635, getting $40. The next in order were Ontario, Alberta, Manitoba and New Brunswick. The latter's score was 599.

The 69th regiment, Nova Scotia, won the Caron cup and $20 for tyros. The 5th C. A., Victoria, British Columbia, won the Kirkpatrick match cup and $50. Toronto Highlanders won the Gillespie challenge and 5th C. A. second.

In Dominion match, 600 and 800 yards, seven shots at each range, Sergt. Kelly, 10th R. G., Toronto, won the cup and $30 with 66 points.

The maritime province winners were: Capt. Forbes, 73rd, 62 points, $8; Sergt. McCollom, 48th, 60 points, and Gunner Killam, 1st C. A., 60 points, $6 each; Sergt. Steck, 78th, 60 points, Capt. Bishop, 59 points, $5 each; Pte. Bishop, 69th, 59 points, $5; Pte. Bartlett, 74th, 58 points; Sergt. Kennedy, 78th, 58 points; Mr. Duston, St. Stephen, 57 points; Sergt. White, 14th Hussars, Canning, 57; Lieut. Beer, P. E. I. Horse, 56; Corp. Crooks, 1st C. A., 56; Corp. Nickerson, 56; Mr. McArthur, Truro (N. S.), 56, all got $5 each.

In tyros, Sergt. Willett got $4 with 55 points.

"OPEN SHOP" FOR U. S. POSTAL SERVICE

Washington, Aug. 30—The principle of the "open shop" will be applied to the postal service, according to a decision reached at the department today at a conference between Postmaster Fred. A. Betz, of Chicago, and acting Postmaster-General Hitchcock, and Second Assistant Postmaster-General Shallenberger.

The visit of Postmaster Betz to this city was brought about by the announcement recently made of the proposed formation of a national labor union of postal clerks in affiliation with the American Federation of Labor.