# POOR DOCUMENT

# The Semi-Meekly Telegran

VOL. XXXVII.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12, 1899.

NO. 47.

# ANTA CRUZ CAPTURED.

# meral Lawton Takes It After Some Hard Fighting.

River Was Difficult of Navigation---Troops Surround the City and Gunboats Poured in Shells.

Complete Route of Rebels.

Manila, April 10, 9.10 p. m.-Santa Crus was the Filipinos stronghold on lake Laguna De Bay, and it fell into the hands of General Lawton's expedition after some sharp, quick fighting, forming one of the most interesting and important batiles of the war.

The plans of the commanders worked perfec'ly, with the exception that the progress of the expedition was delayed by difficult navigation of the river. About 1,500 picked men composed the expedition, which was under the personal command of General Lawton, on account of ilness of General King. These troops partly surrounded the city, while the gunboats Laguna De Bay, Napindan and Oesto, under the command of Captain Grant of the Utah battery, shelled the city and outlying

General Lawton and his staff accom panied the troops, sometimes leading charges, in Indian fighting tactice, which eventually resulted in the complete rout of the rebels, with the smallest amount of the rebels, with the smallest amount

dan and the Oesto a mile ahead and the Laguns De Bay guarding the rear.

Rebel signal fires, however, were lighted on the mountain tops, giving warning of the approach of the troops.

It was noon before the white church towers of the city appeared in the shalow of the great volcanic mountain on a masshy plain dotted with occasional paim greves. At Casco a force of two hundred picked sharpshooters, under Major Welsenberger, mostly belonging to the First Washington regiment, were can into a shallow inlet about five miles south of the city.

Then a few shells were sent towards the entrenchments of the rebels at the

the entrenchments of the rebels at the edge of the woods, sending the enemy scampering inland.

Then a number of Americans jumped

into the water and wading for about a handred yards, crept forward and femed in line, covering the landing of the remainder, which finished about 5

schrok. unmounted, were sent ashore on a erous marshy point, directly south city, under fire from the enemy's her. Meanwhile in the town itself there

was etter silence and not a sign of life: General Lawten, desiring to make an inspection and to give the inhabitants inspection and to give the inhabitants an opportunity to surrender, went on board the Lagua De Bay and, accompanied by the Associated Press launch, seemed slowly to the dock, the whole fleet watchinganxiously. When it was discovered by the glasses that the trenches and stone buildings were swarming with white clad soldiers, the two boats windrew, receiving volleys from the trenches thrown up on the marthy plain arth of the city.

The flotills inchored in complete formation for theright, ready to resist any surprises from the rebel gunboats supposed to be in the lake.

posed to be in the lake.

At sunrist today (Monday) the assault is At numrise today (Monday) the assault of the city are ched two miles inland, ad, with it left sweeping the shore, it moved north while the Fourth cavalry men advance toward the city, pouring relieves, shellig the mootaly the imboats hovered along the shore, shellig the woods ahead of the shore, shellig the woods ahead of the gattingsleared several trenches.

e.gatlingsleared several trenches.

The wholsbrigade was divided into aquads of tilve, and the fighting was carried on n the old time frontier fashion, fro behind trees, crawling through buses or rushing across the through buses or rushing across the open. Thetrenches that were not cleared by the gunboats gave consider able resistant when the line was nearing the city, id the Laguna de Bey and Cesto bombaed for an hour in the hope of making time too warm for connections. of making um too warm for occupa-tion, but dictot succeed in clearing and \$315 espectively. Mr. E. R. Chap-them entirel

entered the houses and many warriors were taken prisoners. A considerable body of Filipinos fied northward, crossing the open marshes, but the gattings poured upon them a deadly fire until they disappeared in the woods, slaying downers.

they disappeared in the woods, any mig dozene.

Major Weisenberger deployed the sharpshooters along the shore, and they crept steadily forward, aiding the gatinge. Finally a large bo y was sent against the enemy in the woods, driving them toward the mountaine.

Gen. Lawton established headquarters at the elegant palace of the governor and a guard was immediately placed in the church, as the sacred edifices are always the first objective of the locters. Within an hour the town was patrolled and all locting rigidly prev nted.

Almost all the inhabitants had fied during the two preceding nights, and

during the two preceding nights, and orly a few Chinese shopkeepers have emerged from hiding an i resumed busi-

ness.
On the marshes north of the town were found 40 dead Filipines, some terribly torn by shells and many others wounded, to whom the Americans offered their canteens, as though they were comrades. A surgeon who traversed the field counted 80 killed and Ger. Lawton will report at least 68.

of the rebels, with the smallest amount of damages to the city and slight loss to the Americans.

The expedition started from San Pedro Macati at dusk on Saturday, intending to capture Santa Cruz by assault at daybreak. But, in navigating the shallow tortuous Pasig river, perhaps through the cunning of the native pilots who were not anxious to see the Americans auccessful, several boats grounded and it was nearly dawn when the troops reached the lake. The expedition then steamed cautiously forward, the Napindan and the Oesto a mile ahead and the Laguns De Bey guarding the rear.

Rebel signal fires, however, were lighted on the mountain tops, giving warning of the approach of the troops. It was noon before the white church lowers of the city appeared in the shallow channel of New York itself is a constant danger for the great sea-going shallow channel of New York 198611 is a constant danger for the great sea-going vessels frequenting that port. Even now the federal government of the United States are about deepening and straightening that channel. But about Sr. John there is not the clightest cause for alarm; there are first class see going steamers
plying there every day. The harbor is
all right and it is the duty of the federal
government, to which it belongs, to keep

it right.

The malevelent fustian of such correspondents as "G," in your issue of this day will be all in vain. Portland is in the Gult of Maine, not the Bay of Fundy. the Gult of Maine, not the Bay of Fundy. There is no mysterious current there, but a tidal current of one knot an hour, which turns with the ebb and flow. The wreck of the Castilian has as little to do with the Bay of Fundy and St. John harbor as the Goodwin Sands with Tenterden Steeple. Gannet shoals, where the Castilian was wrecked, are on the coast of Nova Scotia and are some 40 miles from the Bay of Fundy.

Yours truly,
J. R. Mac Shans.

Halifax. N. S., April 7, '99.

Tribute to the Late Mr. Harrison.

SHEFFIELD, April 8-("He was a friend to man, and he lived in a house by the

mide of the road.") Last Thursday all that was mortal of the late Wm. Harrison of this place was consigned to the earth followed regret-fully by a large concourse of his old friends. His passing away was an oc-casion to be lamented; his large hearted, honest, unassuming manner, and abound-ing sympathetic nature having endeared him to all who came, within the subara him to all who came within the sphere

Letters of administration of the estates of the late David R. and John R. Lowry have been granted to Mrs. Eleanor

man, proctor.
Mr. Mont. McDonald, on behalf of

the enemy frothe trenches, killing a dozen.

The Fitipineldiers in the town, secretariant in the winds, gave the invaders and it wing how the store passed. The estate is valued at \$4,400. G. G. Ruel, proctor.

The passing of the accounts in the estate is valued at \$4,400. G. G. Ruel, proctor.

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# DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

# Sir Charles Tupper Thinks the Premier's Speech Will Injure the Tories,

Colonel Domville Defends Major Walsh Against His Traducers—Hon. Mr.Patterson Extols the Present Tariff

System.

should be taken and the control of the common and the control of t

oil paid \$25 on \$100 worth. English oil got a 25 per cent preference; so the duty was only \$18.75, equal to \$1.25 less than under the old tariff.

under the old tarifi.

Turning to Wallace's statements about the duty on flour and wheat, Mr. Patterson showed that the duty had been reduced from 75 to 80 cents per barrel, and from 15 to 12 cents on a bushel of whe t. These reductions were not made, as Wallace said, in the interests of the people of the United States, but in the interest of the Canadian consumer. Under the Liberal tariff there were imported 35,675 barrels flour; and under the cli tariff 41,000 barrels. Take wheat. Under the Liberal tariff there was imported 58,000 bushels last year, and under ported 55,000 bushels last year, and under the old tariff 142,000 bushels.

As to iron duties, Mr. Patterson pointed out that the reduction in the various kinds of iron was the greatest transport of the new tariff, by subject to the point of the pass tariff, by subject to the point of the pass tariff, by subject to the point of the pass tariff, by subject to the pass ta

triumph of the new tariff, by giving to of the nervous system. farmers and consumers reduced daties on that which they largely required. them entirel
General Liton with the 14th infantry
battalions, groached a narrow iron
bridge across creek on the south border of the finitions weintrenched across the
stream and bind a stone barricade at
the entrance the bridge. The Americans rushed five demolishing the
barricade witheir hands, and drove
the enemy froithe trenches, killing a
dozen.

The Filipineldiers in the town, secre in varie buildings and firing

The mont. McDonald, on behalf of
Mr. Amelia
Mr. A. Meits
Or hetters of administration de bonis non of the estate of the late
Robert Reed. Mr. C. N. Skinner appeartion de bonis non of the estate of the late
Robert Reed. Mr. C. N. Skinner appeared for Mary A. Duncan, a creditor; Mr.
W. W. Allen for Mrs. Margaret Robertson, a sister, and Mr. A. W. MacRae for
other persons. The case was set down
for the 24th inst.

The accounts in the estate of Mary
Crane were passed. The estate is valued at \$4,400. G. G. Ruel, proctor.

The passing of the accounts in the
preference reduction to

# ropulation. The following articles were reduced from 35 per cert. under the Conservative tariff to 25 under the present tariff: Axes, hay and straw knives hand rakes, soythes, sickles, reaping the cots, hees, forks and agricultural tools,

hooks, hoes, forks and agricultural tools, etc.

From 30 to 25, road and field rollers, portable engines, horse power, threshers, wood acrews, hammers, feed cutters, separaters, potato diggers, fanning mills, grain crushers, etc, and cut nails for 2 of a cent to 2 a cent.

While there was an increase in linens, Mr. Patterson showed that under the preferential tariff the duty was 222 per cent.

Mr. Paterson then pointed out that there were nearly 1,000 items in the trade and naviga ion returns on the dutiable list and of all of these there were only nine items which had a higner duty now, according to the preferential tariff, than under the Conservative tariff. The total importation of these amounted to \$78.760; the total increase in duty was \$2.998. To offset this there had been reductions by the preferential tariff on 968 items and on over twenty million dollars' worth of goods.

secone, el sahed viciously at Major Weise enberger, who shot and killed him.

Yesterday the insurgents captured two men of the Fourteenth Infantry, while unarmed; but the Americans stole the guns of their captors, clubbed them, hid in the trees over night and returned this morning.

The gunboats this afternoon have been searching the Santa Cruz river for shipping.

Tomorrow the expedition will push forward, the Americans having destroyed miles of telegraph lines, cutting off insurgent communication east and west.

St. John All Right.

To the Editor of the Halifax Chronicle:

Sig.—As one of your readers I am constrained to say that you are not at your best when lending your paper to the volgar practices of the yellow journal. That you should make a despatch from and with a view to the provisional devenue of the Allskan boundary.

Mallace's Statements Absurd.

Wallace's Statements Absurd.

Mr. Paterson made an elaborate calc Mr. Paterson made an elaborate calcu-

This, he considered, was an effectual rely to those who said the Liberels had broken their tariff pledges.

Mr. Bergeron followed. In regard to Mr. Patterson's calculations respecting the preferential tariff by saying the test of the tariff was the trade returns, and then showel that since the preference came into force up to Feb uary the Brish imports did not increase by 1 per cent, and since February by even less than that.

Mr. Charlton has given notice of the following resolution: That the prevailing practice of delivering in the Canadian house of commons speeches at great length embracing voluminous and irrelevant extracts has introduced a discursive and diffused rather than a corcise and incisive style of public speaking, is destructive of pertinent debate upon public questions, is a waste of valuable time, unreasonably lengthens the sessions of parliament; is in marked contrast to the practice that prevails with regard to the debate in the British house of commons, and tends to repel the public from careful and intelligent

"I don't admire that woman," remarked Mr De Speptic. "She seems exceedingly fond of gossip."
"But gossip is sometimes entertaining." commented his wife.
"Yes. But she never tells anything I haven't heard before."

Keep in mind that Scott's Emulsion contains the hypo-

These alone make it of great value for all affections It also contains glycerine,

a most valuable, soothing and healing agent, 6 Then there is the cod-liver oil, acknowledged by all physicians as the best remedy for poor blood and loss in weight.

These three great remedial agents blended into a creamy Emulsion, make a remarkable tissue builder.

50c. and \$1,00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

# FATAL MINERS RIOT.

# Six People Were Killed and Nine Were Wounded.

Henry Stevens, a Negro Declared to Have Been the Direct Cause of

Trouble.

PANA, Iil., April 10.-A deadly riot, the most serious disturbance that has occurred here since the union miners instigated a strike in April 1898, was enatted today, resulting in six persons being shot to death and nine wounded, as fol

The dead: Frank Coburn, citizen. Xavier Lecocq, Frenchman, a union niner.
Three negro men; one negro woman.
The wounded: Frank Landsworth, shot

Mrs Henriet, shot in left arm. William Kuhn, laundryman, shot vgs and hands.

Cyrus Strickler, shot in back.

A bert Vickers, shot in hand.

Gimlin, shot in right arm.

Henry Stevens, negro, shot i

st John All Right.

To the Editor of the Halifax Chronicle:
Siz,—As one of your readers I am constrained to say that you are not at your best when lending your paper to the vulgar practices of the yellow journal. That you should make a despatch from an anonymous correspondent in St. John, N. B., regarding soundings outside the harbor, which any one can find in the admiralty chart, the subject of scare headings like these:
"alarming report from St. John, N. B.," which any one can find in the admiralty chart, the subject of scare headings like these:
"alarming report from St. John, N. B.," which any one of the too few of water at low tide, "is scarcely generating on the regulations to make ample provision for briding privilege and denied the Mail and Empire newspaper reports that he was the pire newspaper reports that he was not aware of any such dir. The student of the basis, Mr. Patterson and that if the old that

began patrolling the streets throughout the entire town. Miners stood about in groups talking, but there was no outward manifestation of excitement, although it was evident that great indignation existed, especially among the townspeople over the shooting of the citisens and women.

Henry, Stevens, a negro, miner, who has long been considered a leader among his associates, is declared to have been the direct cause of the riot. It is said he was allo the leader of the riot that occurred last September. Stevens visited the jail about 9.30 o'clock this morning and was talking through the window gratings to several negro prisoners confined for petty offences, when Deputy Sheriff Chency approached and tell Stevens he we under arrest, producing a warrant that had been standing against him for some time. The negro immediately drew a revelver and showed fight. Not damted, the deputy drew his weapon and advanced to take Stevens, who immediately fired. The bullet went wild and the sheriff opened up with his own weapon, but without effect. Stevens took to his heels and succeeded in gaining Penwell's general store in Locust street, the principal thoroughfare, two blocks distant, and

took his stand in the entrance. He hesitated there an instant and then stepped to the pavement, levelled his revolver down the street toward his approaching pursuer and fired. The bullet missed the deputy and strack Xavier Cecocq, a Frenchman, who was standing in the entrance of a nearby saloon, squarely in the forehead, killing him instantly. Stevens then turned and ran into the Penwell store where he sought refuge behind a counter. By this time the streets were rapidly filling with men, all of whom bore weapour. Deputy Cheney dashed into the store, followed by Deputy Joe Mul en and several citizens. A fusilade of bullets was poured into the store and Stevens emptied his revolver at his assailants from behind the counter. The eailants from behind the counter. The infuriated crowd at the door continued the fire, and Stevens, seeing that death was inevitable if he remained behind the counter, made a deperate dash from his cover to a stairway in the rear of the

He fell, pierced by six bullets, before he had gone ten feet. One of the bullets had gone through his neck, another through his back, and the other wounds

were of a minor nature.

The firing stopped instantly and Deputy Cheney ran to the side of the wounded negro and placed him under arrest. Stevens, with blood pouring down his clothing, walked with his captor to a physician's office, where he was given medical attention. He was was given medical attention. He was then taken to jail. Meanwhile the riot was raging in the

Meanwhile the riot was raging in the street. As soon as the first shots had been fired the whisele of the electric light plant was blown as a signal for the citizens, the majority of whom had been long ago sworn as deputies, to turn out armed and ready to fight. At the same time the miners of the Pana and Perwell mines, which are located about four blocks from the Penwell store, which is in the centre of the town, rushed into in the centre of the town, rashed into the tipples and opened fire on the thronged streets. The news that Stevens had been shot and arrested aroused them to a pitch of fury. They shot at anyl iving mark in sight, and as a result among their victims are three women. among their victims are three women two of whom are white, wounded, and one negro weman dead.

## Active Man Wanted

### NOT GUILTY.

Montreal Herald Representatives Have Been Declared Innocent.

Montreal, April 10.-The trial of Messre. Briefly and McKay of the Montreal Herald, indicted by Chief Police Hughes for criminal libel, was concluded tonight, when the jury, which has been hearing the evidence for over & hearing the evidence for over week, brought in a verdict of not guilty, and Messr. Brierly and McKay were at once discharged. Judg Wurtele in the course of his remarks to the jury was extremely hard on the chief o police. While it did not appear that he intended to do anything dishonest or to defraud the city his methods had been most irregular and illegal and his lack of care in expending the city's money Serious Times at Pana, Ill.

Serious Times at Pana, Ill.

### MARCH TRADE RETURNS

Show Some Changes in Exports from Halifax and St. John.

TORONTO, April 10-The special London cable to the Globe says: March trade returns show the following changes in imports from Canada in Canadian bottoms, from Halifax and St. John, compared with the returns of last year:-

pared with the returns of last year:—
Increases—Catile, 7,000 pounds; corn, 5,000; bacon, 6,000; hams, 11,000; butter, slight; pulp, 7,000; timber, 3,000; lumber, 24,000.
Decreases—Wheat, 18,000 pounds; flour, 11,000; peas, 2,000; cheese, 32,000; fish, 13,000; horses, 1,000.
The reports which have been cabled over of Sir Louis Davies' plan for training Canadian fishermen for the imperial navy creates wide interest he e. Developments are eagerly awaited.

# LIPTON WILL NOT PROSECUTE

He Says the Spies Were English

owner of the American cup challenger Shamrock, has written a letter to the Associated Press on the subject of the men arrested for spying upon that vesmen arrested for spying upon that vessel. He says they are English newspaper men and that he has decided not
to prosecute them in view of the circumstances. He addt: "I wish it to be
know that the men are in no wise connected with the America. This is the
third attempt that has been made by
journalists and I hope it will be the
last, as I shall be sorry if I am comlast, as I shall be sorry if I am com-nelled to take measures which may jeopardize the good feeling at present existing between myself and the press."

## PRACE MAKING.

Final Ceremony Between United States and Spain.

Washington, April 10. - The final ceremony in the re-establishment of peaceful relations between the United States and Spain will occur at the White and succeeded in gaining renwell's and eral store in Locust street, the principal thoroughfare, two blocks distant, and thoroughfare, two blocks distant, and took his stand in the entrance. He took his stand in the entrance. He latter acting for Spain, will exchange hesitated there an instant and then hesitated there are infications of the treaty signed by ra ifications of the treaty of peace. The Spanish copy of the treaty, signed by the queen regent and premier Silvela, arrived at the French embassy today. The officials of the embassy later called on Secretary Hay and the necessary arrangements for tomorrow's ceremony were made. The treaty forwarded by Spain is handsomely engrossed on parchment, in English script, with wide double columns.

## ASSOCIATED MUSICAL BOARDS

Recognize the Futility of Establishing Their System in Canada.

MONTREAL, April 16-The Star's special cable from London says: English musical circles are beginning to recognize the futility of the Associated Board's efforts to establish its system in Canada Joseph Bennett, one of the best-known musical critics in London, urges the board to wait till the clouds roll by; then when it appears fair again see if a settlement is possible. In other words, he felt the b ard was forced to retire from the field now, whatever the future may bring forth.

# Textile Operatives Meet.

Boston, April 10 .- The annual meeting of he textile operatives of America was held in this city today, seventeen of the principal districts in the country biing represented by delegater. President Matthew Hert, of New Bedford, presided and the report of the secretary showed the organization to be in good condition and constantly growing. The regular trade report was then taken up.

# Italy Means Business

London, April 11-The Italian government, according to a special despatch from Rome, has declined to give Colom-To read this advertisement and then give Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor a trial. It never fails to care. Acts in twenty-four hours and causes neither pain nor discomfort. Putnam's Corn Extractor extracts corns. It is the best to their senses."

from Rome, has declined to give Colombia any forther, time in which to pay the Cerruit indemnity under Mr. Cleveland's award, and has ordered the Atlantic squadron to proceed immediately to Cartagena "To bring the Colombians to their senses."