

Cut Glass.



In beautiful designs and shapes, suitable for Wedding Presents.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited.

Floor and Wall Tiles.

We are showing the latest and best patterns from some of the largest makers.

For Bathrooms and Vestibules we have some specially nice patterns.

If interested and cannot call, write for prices and further particulars.

EMERSON & FISHER, St. John, N. B.

Wm. H. PETERS, 266 Union St.

DEALER IN... Leather, Hides, Tanners and Curriers' Tools.

PLASTERING HAIR, SHOEMAKERS' FINDINGS, SHOE TOPS, ETC. Manufacturer of BLUE NOSE BUFFALO SLEIGH ROBES.

Who Does

Your Printing?

If you want

GOOD WORK

AT Reasonable Rates

You would do well to send your next order to

THE SUN PRINTING CO., LTD.

31 & 33 CANTERBURY STREET.

FINEST ON THE CONTINENT.

Something About the New R. & O. Boat to be Built at Toronto.

TORONTO, Feb. 9.—The keel of a new palace passenger steamer for the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation company is this week being laid at Bert's ship yards. The steamer, when completed, will cost between \$450,000 and \$475,000, and C. F. Gildersleeve, of Montreal, the general manager of the company, when in the city recently insisted that, when completed, she would be the finest passenger steamer on the continent. The boat, like the Kingston and Toronto, has been designed by A. Angstrom, marine architect. She will be 340 feet long over all. The Kingston is 290 feet long, but these figures do not represent the difference in size of the two boats. Mr. Angstrom says that the new vessel will be 60 per cent. larger in accommodation through-

out than the Kingston. Other dimensions are: Beam of hull, 48 feet; width over the guards, 75 feet; depth of hull, 15 feet. The boat will be equipped with 266 staterooms, including 22 parlor rooms and 9 bath rooms. The cabin will be built with two tiers of staterooms, but so arranged that a third tier may be on the main deck. There will be accommodation for second class passengers on the main deck forward. The vessel will be completed in the spring of 1902, and will replace the steamer Montreal, now plying between Montreal and Quebec. The name has not yet been decided upon. She will be capable of running 20 miles an hour, an ample service, several miles greater than that possessed by the boats now on the line. The architect and the proprietors of the new steamer maintain that, in steadiness of equipment and elegance throughout, she will surpass the big boats on the upper lakes or any others in America.

SOUTH AFRICA.

Boers Believed to be Pretty Nearly at Their Last Stand.

Better Understanding Between Britain and Portugal—DeWet's Movements.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—A special despatch from Pretoria says General Dewet crossed the Orange River north of Norval's Pont Sunday night, going in the direction of Philippstown. The British are following.

The Cape Town correspondent of the Standard says reports have been received there from Delagoa Bay asserting that the natives of the north Transvaal have risen against the Boers.

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 12.—Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, has addressed a communication to Sir Alfred Milner, approving the remarks made by Sir Alfred in his reply to the Afrikaander deputations sent to him by the Afrikaander congress at Worcester with resolutions addressed to Queen Victoria.

"The government has no intention," says the colonial secretary, "of changing its policy which it has repeatedly declared and which has been approved overwhelmingly by the empire."

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—A special to the New York Herald from London, dated today, says:

A very curious sentiment prevailed in London yesterday in regard to the condition of affairs in South Africa. It was one of supreme hopefulness, so much so that there had never been such buoyancy of sentiment since Lord Roberts took Pretoria. There is absolutely no doubt that news has reached here from German sources showing that the Boers are pretty nearly at their last stand in their continued harassment of the British.

The development of General Kitchener's well laid plan leaves them in a very high hopeless condition. This view of the situation is also taken upon the stock exchange.

The government felt upon yesterday to deny that General Sir Evelyn Wood was going to the front. The whole idea is simply ridiculous. He is not only stone dead, but he is not in the least person a grata, with King Edward, whose wishes he went out of his way to oppose in the matter of certain appointments a few weeks ago. The King of Portugal's departure last evening, I hear from a diplomatic source, has been intentionally made much of. There is no doubt that during his stay here a most important understanding was come to between England and Portugal. This gives still greater weight to the publication yesterday of a delayed telegram saying that the Portuguese were operating with the English to prevent the landing of war material for the Boers.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—"Sensational developments are impending here," says the Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail. "There have been wholesale thefts of military stores, and prominent officials and merchants are implicated. Several arrests have already been made along the railroad line."

KING GEORGE GOES HOME.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—King George, of Greece, started homeward at 11 o'clock this morning. King Edward, the Duke of Cornwall and York, Prince Charles of Denmark and the members of the Greek legation in London accompanied him to the Victoria station, where a guard of honor was in attendance. The route from Buckingham palace to the station was lined with cheering crowds.

After the King of Greece had bidden farewell to the others, he and King Edward entered a saloon, carriage and embraced, each kissing the other on both cheeks. The train started in the midst of the rendering of the Greek anthem and hearty cheering.

FOUR THOUSAND GIRLS TRIKE.

SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 12.—The strike of the 4,000 silk workers in Scranton has resolved itself into a lockout. The mill owners and managers today declared they will not re-open their mills until the girls are willing to resume at the figures which were offered nearly two weeks ago, and in which there was a concession of 25 cents a week to each employee.

The strikers are determined to stay out until their demands shall be granted. They have asked all silk workers in the country for moral and material assistance, requesting them to strike if the mills at which they are employed handle material from the Scranton mills.

HAVE BOUGHT A NEWSPAPER.

MONTREAL, Feb. 12.—It is stated here this morning that the Morning Telegram of Winnipeg has been purchased by Mann and McKenzie, railway contractors, for \$30,000, and that \$45,000 will be spent in improving the plant in the east to manage the paper in the interests of the contractors' railway schemes. This leaves the conservative party without an organ in Manitoba.

LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—This being the anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln, all the downtown exchanges and banks will be closed. It will be a legal holiday. The custom houses and other government offices will be open for only a short time.

A LOTTERY

To Put Fort Erie in the Same Class as Monte Carlo and Such.

RUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 12.—The Times this afternoon says: A syndicate of sporting men from various parts of the United States and Canada have established a lottery in Fort Erie, and the first drawing is to take place some time this month. Negotiations have been going on for some time, but everything has been done so quietly that the fact was not disclosed until today. The tickets for the coming drawing have been sold throughout the United States, Canada and in South America.

The lottery is conducted similarly to the old Louisiana, and was operated in Montreal until its charter there expired a short time ago. It is now known as the Fort Erie Art Gallery Association. Tickets are sold at prices ranging from 25 cents to \$1, and the prizes range in value from \$50 to \$50,000, the capital prize.

The drawings are to be made in public, and the prize winners are entitled to receive not money, but pictures. For example, the winner of the capital prize will get an oil painting, the estimated value of which is \$50,000 and the Art Association will buy back the picture that may be won. This lottery and new pool rooms just established there, it is hoped, by the village authorities, will make Fort Erie as notorious as Monte Carlo, Monaco, and Baden.

A \$20,000,000 COMBINE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The Tribune says:—The long talked of syndicate of Trojan collar, cuff and shirt wholesale houses is now regarded as a certainty by the manufacturers concerned. No outside capital will be required by the combination, the name of which will be the American Collar, Cuff and Shirt Company. With a few exceptions every well known house in the trade having factories at Troy, will, it is said, be identified with the new order of things.

The interests of those represented in the deal aggregate \$20,000,000. Instead of having individual offices in the different cities a single clearing house will be established in each market covering the general business.

UNEASY SPAIN.

MADRID, Feb. 12.—The republicans held several meetings yesterday to celebrate the anniversary of the proclamation of the republic. The progressists endeavored to march in procession to the meeting with the federalists, but the police barred their road and compelled them to disperse. The meetings were enthusiastic. The provincial prefects now announce that tranquillity has been restored in the various departments.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard wiring at midnight says: It is asserted tonight that about 40 arrests have been made. Several policemen and some of the rioters have been injured in Madrid as well as several rioters and four gendarmes at Saragossa, where martial law has been proclaimed.

MADRID, Feb. 12.—The government has suppressed the republican organ, El Pais.

WHY AMERICAN FIRMS SUCCEED.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—A parliamentary paper complies with the house of commons request of December 14, for the American and British bridge and thirty bridges on the Uganda railroad. An American company agreed to erect the bridges in 46 weeks. The lowest English bid for the delivery of material on board ship at London was 60 weeks. The American company offered to lay down the material at any British port for five guineas less than the average price of the British company's delivery in London.

The American company agreed to erect the bridges for £18 per ton, only £2 10s. more than the average British price for delivery in London.

THE KING'S THANKS.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 12.—Albert E. Jones, chairman of Victoria club, has received the following response to the telegram of condolence sent to the king: "Buckingham Palace, Feb. 12.—The private secretary is commanded to convey the thanks of the king for the kind expressions of loyalty and sympathy contained in the message which you have forwarded to his majesty. January 31, 1901."

A MILLION GRINDSTONES.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 12.—The Independent Stone Company, with headquarters in this city, has been formed with a capital of \$500,000. It will combine the quarries at Amherst, Independence, Freeport, Chagrin Falls and Lake's Abraham, on Lake Huron. The company will have a capacity of 1,000,000 grindstones annually.

THE WEATHER.

TORONTO, Feb. 12.—Strong north-westerly winds, fair, becoming cold Wednesday; strong north-westerly winds, fine and cold.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Forecast—Eastern states and northern New York—Show flurries in west; fair in east portion tonight; colder Wednesday; fair, brisk northwesterly winds.

WILL WED AN AMERICAN.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The newspapers here today announce the engagement of W. Bayard Cutting, the private secretary of Joseph H. Choate, the U. S. ambassador, and Lady Sybil Cuffe, Lady Sybil Marjorie Cuffe is the youngest daughter of the Earl of Desart, (Hamilton John Agmondesham Cuffe). She was born in 1875.

PHILIPPINES.

The United States Has Still a Large Contract.

Another Year at Least Required to Pacify the Inhabitants.

(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)

MANILA, Jan. 10.—Progress toward the pacification of the Philippines has certainly been making more rapid strides during the opening days of the new year than during any similar period in 1900. Conservative military men, and those of longest experience fighting Filipinos, seem to be the most conservative in summing up the events of 1900 readily concede that, taken altogether, the progress made last year was decidedly slow. Now the situation has begun to brighten.

The military men were far from sharing the optimistic views of the Philippine commissioners as expressed in their report prepared last November, but they did place confidence in the general preparations for a more aggressive campaign.

News of the result of the presidential election appeared to be received with characteristic native indifference; but General McArthur's proclamation of Dec. 20, designating all "who do anything to the interest of the occupying army" as "war rebels or traitors, punishable at the discretion of the tribunals of the occupying army," was a proposition so plain that all who can read it. The term during the last campaign, the largest number of rebels having expired, and the carrying out of the commands of General McArthur's proclamation having begun with the arrests of large batches of insurgents, a scurrying for the mountains ensued. Filipino leaders who were trying to play double games became fewer and several hundred natives soon found themselves en route to Manila under guard.

While the army industriously chases the remnants of the insurgent army up the mountain sides the no less indefatigable Philippine commission is building up a framework of civil government as effective as the representatives of the administration can make it.

The average army officer, judging from his standpoint, places the date of ultimate pacification at not sooner and generally much later than one year hence. The commission, placing more faith in the lesson of autonomy, and the enlightenment of progressive civil government, looks forward to an earlier peace. It is a very common saying in Manila that the longer an American remains in the Philippines the less capable is he of forming a definite opinion on the situation. The Filipino is learning, by unhappy experiences, that he cannot be permitted to serve two masters, and every American here agrees that the various forces at work in the interest of closing out the remnants of hostility and establishing law, order and justice will, from all present indications, have accomplished radical results before the close of 1901.

TUMBLER PLANT DESTROYED.

ROCHESTER, Penn., Feb. 12.—Early this morning the town of Rochester suffered the greatest fire in its history, and the loss is estimated by Supt. Soudi, of the Glass company, at \$1,500,000. The fire started in the copper department of the National Glass company's plant, the largest tumbler plant in the world. The night employees turned out and endeavored to subdue the blaze, but a strong wind prevented them from checking the flames, which soon spread to the piling department and thence to the main factory, and within one hour and a half from the time the fire was discovered a large part of the plant was destroyed. The plants occupied seven acres of ground and employed 1,500 people, of whom 500 will be rendered idle.

CHINESE AFFAIRS.

HONG KONG, Feb. 12.—One of the generals at Tientsin has asked the authorities here to prepare sea rations for 30,000 troops in April. This is supposed to indicate a return of Indian expedition.

SHANGHAI, Feb. 12.—The Nankin correspondent of the Mercury says: "With a view of compliance with the peace conditions, Lu Kun Yi has memorialized the throne in favor of the abolition of all likin stations in the interior and the collections of likin on foreign imports at ports of entry by foreign customs. He is also in favor of an increase customs tariff and of the establishment of mints, with the coinage of a standard dollar."

AN INTERESTING CASE.

MONTREAL, Feb. 11.—The trial of the Deloit case, in which E. Deloit seeks to have the civil courts affirm the decision of the ecclesiastical courts annulling the marriages on the grounds that both parties being Catholics, could not be married by a Protestant minister, opened this morning. Counsel for Deloit asked for a postponement, and the counsel for defendant accused him of having the trial come before Judge Mathies, who has already given one decision in the case, favorable to plaintiff, instead of having the trial take place before the present judge, Archibald, who is a Protestant. The judge gave plaintiff's counsel till tomorrow morning to show why the trial of the case should not at once proceed.

BLOWN TO PIECES.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—An explosion occurred today in the Chilworth gunpowder works, near Guildford. Six men were blown to pieces.

TRY

WHITE'S Cough Drops, They are a Sure Cure.

Our Coconut Cakes are the best on the market. Ask for a sample.

We make a specialty of Molasses Candies.

WHITE'S, 90 King St.

Our High Class Caramels and Snowflake Chocolates are the best Try them and be convinced.

Boots and Shoes

AT IRVINE'S,

397 MAIN STREET.

A FINE STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

Store closes at 8 in the evening.

SOVEREIGN!

THE SHOE FOR MEN!

\$3, \$3.50, \$4.

The best value ever offered in this market. I find the demand for them steadily growing.

Splendid Fall Stock of Boots; Shoes and Rubbers now open for your inspection. Come and look them over.

Perhaps you have been paying too much for your footwear. Get my prices.

James V. Russell,

371 MAIN STREET, ST. JOHN.

J. B. HAMM,

Boarding, Hack and Livery Stable, No. 134 Union street, St. John, N. B. Telephone No. 21.

Four Horse Sleigh

"VICTORIA"

Can be had on reasonable terms.

IT'S A GOOD IDEA

To have your Upholstering done before the rush begins. First class work at moderate prices. Goods sent for and delivered free of charge.

FRED H. DUNHAM, 408 Main Street, N. E.

H. L. COATES, (Cor. Main and Garrison Streets, Opposite St. Luke's Church, N. E.)

CARPENTER, BUILDER and GENERAL JOBBER.

Special attention given to the placing of plate glass windows.

NOTICE.

A Bill will be presented by The City of Saint John to the Canadian Parliament at its next ensuing session, for the purpose of enactment to vest in said city the foreshores in front of and around the said City which have not hitherto been so vested, including in each vesting under the Act the foreshores of Courtenay Bay, bounded on the southerly side by low water mark, on the easterly and southerly side by high water mark, and on the northerly side by high water mark, together with power in said City to build wharves, piers, docks and all manner of public works for shipping, commercial and manufacturing purposes, and all purposes, for which the same should be used, including the building a bridge across Courtenay Bay, with power in said City to interfere with the navigation over and connected with said foreshores, including said Bay, to the extent necessary to carry out the purposes indicated.

Dated the Sixteenth day of January, 1901. C. N. SKINNER, Recorder of said City.

JOINTISTS CLOSE UP.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 12.—Jointists of this city generally heeded the warning to close their places by noon today, and when Chief Clerk and his officers visited the 23 with one exception. No arrests were made.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 12.—As a result of meeting of citizens of Topeka all the joints of the city were closed last night. The citizens made the preliminary demand that the sales be discontinued by noon yesterday, and so far as is known the order was regarded.

VALLEJO, Feb. 12.—The anti-clerical demonstrations were resumed in Vallejo today.