ESTABLISHED 1864.

JOHN CATTO & SON

JANUARY SALE

We are offering wonderful values during this month so as to clear up every department before the new goods for spring begin to arrive.

See the values in oddment lengths and remnants of black and colored dress fabrics and suitings. Lengths of 1½ to 7 and 8 yards

At 50c per Yard
that were 75c to 1.50
At 1.00 per Yard
that were 1.25 to 2.50

NOTE—White cambric embroideries and insertions are being cleared out at half price.

The finest qualities of White Cambric Underwear (counter-soiled) is being offered at half-price.

Special display of remnants (all useful length ends) of colored Muslins, Ginghams, Lawns, Percales, arranged for immediate disposal.

Ladies' Outer Garments

Coats, $5.00 to $50.00.
Now are $2.50 to $25.00.
Suits, $17.00 to $40.00.
Now are $11.00 to $27.50.
Walking Skirt Specials at $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00.

Household Napery Specials

For the balance of this month we will offer wonderfully attractive values in

Linen Damasks

Bed Linens and Housefurnishings. Linen Towels and Towellings. Linen and Cotton Sheetings and Pillow Casings.

Eiderdown and White Quilts, Blankets, Lace Curtains, Table Covers.

Furniture Cretonnes

All at very much reduced prices.

This sale offers a good chance to lay in wedding outfit supplies, as the goods are all of our usual high-class order.

Hotels, schools, hospitals and colleges can be supplied from same source to great advantage.

JOHN CATTO & SON

King-Street—Opposite the Post-office
TORONTO.

NEWS FROM HAMILTON CITY.

The Toronto Daily World will be delivered to any address in Hamilton before 7 o'clock for 25 cents a month.

The Toronto Sunday World will be delivered to any address in Hamilton three months for 50 cents.

Orders for both the Daily and Sunday editions can be left at the Hamilton office, No. 4 Arcade, James-street, or Phone No. 965.

HAINES WANTS ENTRANCE FAVORS QUEEN ST. ONE

Tells Committee of City Council His Big Ideas Regarding an Electric Railway.

Hamilton, Jan. 12.—(Special.)—If Hon. Charles Haines can build railways as well as he talked to a meeting of the board of works and finance committee this evening, Hamilton will be a great electric railway centre before long. He asked the aldermen for a franchise. He told them that he did not want a bonus for the Hamilton, Ancaster & Brantford Railway, but that it was imperative that he should have an independent entrance into the city. The route he favors is Queen-street to Aberdeen-avenue, to Hess, to Main-street, to a central point in the city. He is willing to use Hess-street from the mountain, instead of going on Queen-street and Aberdeen-avenue.

The aldermen will look over the ground Saturday afternoon. The residents of Main-street do not want the road on their street.

Mr. Haines announced that under pressure from the Guelph Board of Trade he would build several electric lines in that district.

Dr. Woolverton Named.

The board of education this evening re-appointed Dr. Woolverton as one of its representatives on the public library board.

Carscallen & Cahill asked that Leslie Kelly be allowed to attend the King Edward School, but the trustees stuck to their decision, and will not allow Kelly to attend school until he apologizes to Miss Malcolmson, the teacher who was fined by the magistrate for punishing the youngster too severely.

Adam Zimmerman, M.P., the retiring chairman, was thanked for his services. Ex-Chairman H. S. Brennen, Henry New and J. Jones were presented with albums containing the photographs of the members of the board.

The only case that remains on the assize list is the action brought by Rev. Father Geoghegan against the Niagara Synod for $900 of the commutation trust fund. The chancellor of the diocese ruled that Rev. P. L. Spencer had the better claim on account of his seniority, but Father Geoghegan was not satisfied with that decision.

Hon. J. M. Gibson is still confined to his room on the advice of Drs. Olmstead and Malloch. He expects to be able to take part in the provincial campaign next week.

Little Comfort for City.

At the assizes to-day the city got little comfort out of Judge Anglin's decision in the suit brought by the city to compel the Hamilton Street Railway Company to give a better service. His honor held that he had not the power to force the company to carry out its agreement with the city. He also held that the attorney-general was not a necessary party to the suit. He found that the agreement between the city and company was valid and not ultra vires, as the company claimed. He was of the opinion that the city could not prescribe the service the company shall give, unless it can prove that public convenience demands it. No evidence as to what public convenience required was submitted. City Solicitor MacKelcan will carry the case to the court of appeal.

G. H. Martin settled his breach of promise suit with Miss Reid for $100 without costs.

Mr. Hawkins Asks Questions.

After dallying for several months the aldermen notified the Cataract Power Company that it wanted a reduction of $25 a year on each lamp per year, as provided for under the contract with the company. The agrement provides that, if in the opinion of the council, the cost of producing light has been, or can be, materially reduced, the council may ask for a reduction. Manager Hawkins has written to the city clerk stating that he does not know of any advances or improvements that entitle the city to ask for a cut in the rate, and he asks the council to point them out. The city is under no obligation to do so, and will apply for an arbitration to settle the dispute, as provided in the agreement.

J. J. Scott, K.C., President of the Conservative Association, who was credited with being opposed to the renomination of Henry Carscallen, K.C., for East Hamilton, stated to-day that he was doing everything in his power to secure Mr. Carscallen's election.

Another child was born to Pong Wah Lee, the celestial laundryman, who married a white girl several years ago.

Henry Irving Cigars, 5 cents each today, at Billy Carroll's Opera House Cigar Store.

TO RENT—Office or store in Royal Hotel Block; entrance and windows on Merrick-street; entrance to rotunda of hotel; large cellar; heated. Apply W. R. Houston, 83 Yonge-street, Toronto.

Headaches and Neuralgia From Colds.

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c. 5

PROTECTION V. RECIPROCITY

Continued From Page 1.

dians could philosophize at present. In the fulness of age, they, like the Americans, might do this. He did not like the term "provincial isolation," and looked for a greater Canada from the men of the north, just as the northern men of Europe had excelled the ancient and southern empires of Greece and Rome.

History Repeating Itself.

Col. Denison prophesied that Canada would some day be the keystone of the empire, with trade pulsating backward and forward thru it. The United States had been built up by emigration from Great Britain to the neglect of Canada. The kindly feeling expressed in the speech of Mr. Foss was reciprocated by Canadians, and he was glad to learn that such feelings existed. Cobden, who advocated free trade in England, did so at a time when England was supreme in the industrial world; at a time when Germany was rent by petty states and when other European countries were suffering commercially from the effects of war. The United States had not then come to be an industrial nation, and free trade, could it have been secured, would have been a good thing for yng-land, because she then had the supremacy and could keep it. But foreign countries adopted protective policies and became rivals of Great Britain. To-day the United States is somewhat similar to what Great Britain was then, and having become commercially great, they seek to hold and extend that position by reciprocal trade, which will prevent rival industries in other countries from becoming the competitors and rivals which a protective policy has a tendency to create.

Sir Edward Morris, minister of justice for Newfoundland, said that the colony was on the side of Hon. Dr. Montague in taking part in the unification of the British empire, and like Canada, the island colony was trying to work out its own destiny.

The speech of the evening was that of Mr. Foss, who was introduced by the chairman as a manufacturer of machinery employing 7000 men.

As a Business Man.

"My outlook is that a business man upon the commercial and business interests of the two countries," said Mr. Foss, in beginning, "and I will set forth as frankly and truly as I may, what I know and what I believe concerning the future attitude of the United States toward Canada. I have had business relations with many of you in Canada for the past 25 years, and I am happy to say that they have been satisfactory and profitable. I hold no official position. My point of view is simply that of a manufacturer conversant with conditions in the States, and the present attitude of our business men toward your country."

A record of 100 years of friendly intercourse between the two countries should surely count for something as an earnest of good faith in the future relations.

"The treatment which your representatives have received at Washington in the past, in your endeavors to improve the trade relations of the two countries, is traceable not to the unfriendly spirit of our people, but rather to the abuses of our economic policy and the representatives they have created and maintained in congress," he said.

To understand the industrial situation he traced the development of the protection policy, which from the idea of revenue, with incidental, protection, had become a system of protection, with incidental revenue. Hitherto the tendency of tariff revision had been to increase the duties. This had restricted trade development, particularly with Canada. Protection was never intended to be a permanent policy for a given industry and could not be justified except as a temporary expedient.

Danger of Protection.

"The danger of protection," he said, "is, as we have learned by bitter experience, that the infant industry never admits that it has grown to independence."

Protection did not afford an equitable basis for national taxation, and as an equivalent balance of high wages against so-called "pauper" labor of other countries it had been discredited.

"Here in Canada," he said, "you have a tariff which is protective in its purpose against the skilled or high-priced labor of the United States; while our tariff, according to zealous defenders, is designed to protect us against the cheap labor of foreign countries—an exact opposite. Is this consistent?"

The true idea and purpose of protection as we understood it was not a permanent trade policy for a selected industry, much less for the whole circle of industries; not a proper basis for national taxation; not a device required continuously to equalize labor costs, but indirect taxation plus a temporary advantage to an undeveloped industry until that industry proved its ability to stand alone against the world in quality and abundance of product. For such protection and such protection alone did the temper of the people of the United States stand to-day.

Very Few Protected.

Very few United States industries could be classed as properly protected; "in fact," said Mr. Foss, "we are competing to-day in the open markets of the world in practically all stable products."

The new department of commerce and labor he believed would find a promising field for labor in the consideration of problems relating to the tariff. "What these conditions have been in the past they will become still more so in the future unless corrected. Not only this but there is ground for saying that they threaten the very foundation of our industrial and social order. The result of our late national election was an endorsement of our protective policy, but not of its abuses. The good faith of the Republican party is pledged to a revision or readjustment of the tariff schedules whenever necessary. We have reached the limit of protection, we have reached the point of monopoly and extortion."

Demand a Square Deal.

The most progressive and generous element demanded a tariff change.

"Our people have reached the point where they will insist on a "square deal primarily for ourselves, but we cannot readjust our trade relations with the world without benefiting every customer on our list. We will begin with Canada, in my judgment—unless Newfoundland gets in ahead of you—and I think we naturally will move along the lines which mark the boundaries of the British empire.

"It is evident that Canadian tariff legislation has been inspired chiefly with respect to the United States," he continued. "We on our part have framed our schedules almost always with reference to some section of the British empire, it would seem, to prevent the sale of British goods in our country.

"We are alive to the folly of much of this program. We see that it has checked our progress and burdened us, in many instances, with needless expense. It is nothing new to you, but it marks a distinct departure with us. You cannot at present look to Washington for this new spirit, for Washington opinion is notoriously inaccurate as a reflection of public sentiment, tho President Roosevelt appreciates the importance to all concerned of cultivating the closest and most friendly relations with Canada. The jingoes cannot alarm him and the monopolists cannot intimidate him."

What Will Canada Do?

With this birth of a new spirit, what would be Canada's attitude? Canada's present position in the matter of tariff concessions was understood and could not be criticized, but the gross inequalities, if not injustice, was being realized.

"We already are formulating a plan which contemplates the immediate removal or a material reduction of the restrictive duties on many of your most important products. We intend to propose nothing which, while making for our own welfare, does not also contemplate corresponding benefits to Canada.

"Your government, while standing for the doctrine of protection, yet takes the view that there are many things which it is not well for Canada to try to make. This is sound economics. The people of the United States are to-day grievously taxed to support certain unnatural industries. There are certain things, and a great many of them, which you can raise, which you can manufacture, which you can traffic in to better advantage than we in the States. In those lines you will sell and predominate and control.

"It is better to avoid our mistakes than to imitate them. You have avoided most of them so far, but the pressure upon your government is strong. You have to deal, however, with questions of fact rather than of theory, and the practical question relates to the class of business you can develop that will attain the greatest success and bring you the most profit."

Consolidation vs. Competition.

Hon. Mr. Tarte's statement, that reciprocity was impossible because the two countries were rivals, Mr. Foss considered the best reason to get together. "Whatever the old theory as to competition, the modern tendency is toward consolidation," he said, and while Hon. Dr. Montague's picture of the greater Canada supplying the world with wheat was ideal, it had its danger. "Hundreds of millions of people of the same race, same religions, of the same civilization, producing the same things, competing in the same markets—is it possible? Can such an aggregation of human nature, with the millenium so far off, continue to live on both sides of this imaginary line in peace and good will?

The Fact Inevitable.

"I am second to no man in my appreciation of Canadian statesmanship and ability, but all the facts of the material world confirm my belief that the United States is destined to be the dominant factor on the American continent. It is not that you or I wish it so, or that our children's children may wish it so—it is, as far as human judgment can foresee, the fact inevitable. We respect your ambition to become a great nation, industrially, commercially and politically. We have no desire to slaughter your industries and make you a pastoral people. We wish you the same development that has come to our several states. Some of these are agricultural, some industrial. Very few of them are self-contained. A prime factor of their development has been freedom of interchange—affording a natural play of force and energy. We would upbuild your country as we have upbuilt our own.

"The comparative failure of your preferential to Great Britain emphasizes this. Only by extreme measures, bringing hardship to your own people, can you divert the natural course of trade.

"I cannot believe that we, the elder child, are less loyal to the mother country than you. I profoundly believe that if the time should ever come when England needed help, the United States would offer it as freely and spontaneously as Canada herself. Anything that would injure England industrially would hurt us. England and her colonies take from us more than half of all we sell abroad. If for no other reason than this alone we should be friends; but there are reasons stronger and finer than even that. I believe that a commercial union between Canada and the United States would be only the first step in a compact with Great Britain which would insure not only the industrial but the political peace of the world."

Should Be Opportunists.

Hon. A. B. Morine, leader of the opposition in Newfoundland, moved a vote of thanks, which was seconded by Mr. Ellis. Hon. Mr. Morine thought that in tariff matters we should be opportunists, as we are constantly changing, and the conditions to-day may not be the conditions a year hence. When he left Canada there was no national spirit. Now that he returns to it, after 20 years, he finds a national spirit, shared alike by both political parties. Newfoundland might profit by Canada's experience, which showed that the sentiment for reciprocity in the past, which, fortunately, the United States refused, was ill-advised at the time, and proved that the colonies should not entangle themselves so that they would not be in a position to meet future conditions. He hoped that Newfoundland would do nothing which would reflect upon any part of the British empire or its colonies.

R. J. Younge, secretary of the Manufacturers' Association, also spoke.

SUPPORTS J. P. DOWNEY.

The Farmers' Sun: Major Hood, president of South Wellington Farmers' Association, in a letter to The Sun, calls attention to the fact that his branch of the association supported Mr. Guthrie (Lib.) in the election for the commons, and is now supporting Mr. Downey (Con.) for the legislature. South Wellington Association acted wisely in the Dominion contest, and is doing the proper thing in the provincial election. Mr. Guthrie deserved the thanks of the farmers, not only of the County of Wellington, but of the whole province, for his course in regard to cattle guard legislation, and Mr. Downey is equally deserving of credit for his course in the legislature. He was one of thirteen to stand up in the session of 1902 in opposition to a grant of 500,000 acres of land to a line of railway from French River to Sudbury; he opposed the $2,000,000 Sault guarantee of last session; and he was one of the chief movers in leading the whole opposition to support the principle of equalization of taxation. There is no one question in provincial politics which more directly affects the farmers of Ontario than does that involved in the readjustment of the burden of taxation as between railway and farm property. The only hope of securing readjustment is by supporting men who can be depended upon to work for this reform until it is secured, and by opposing those who have retarded reform. Mr. Downey has proved that he is one of those who can be trusted in this matter, and for this reason South Wellington farmers are acting in their own interest in standing by him to-day.

What you need is a good liver pill

The color of your skin shows it. Your sick-headaches declare it. And your disposition proves it. Who makes a good liver pill? The J. C. Ayer Co., of Lowell, Mass. They have been making liver pills for over sixty years. Ayer's Pills. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

W. A. Murray & Co. Limited

BUSINESS HOURS DAILY
Store Opens at 8.30 a.m. and Closes at 6 p.m.

Decisive Price reductions on Lovely SILK UNDERSKIRTS
$8.50 For Styles Worth up to $13.50

So liberal a response to our announcement of underpriced silk underskirts of a few days ago warrants our expecting that to-morrow's offering will meet with a reception just as enthusiastic—indeed, there's every reason why this special bargain should be more favorably received. The underskirts are handsomer, made of better silk, more elaborately trimmed; to say nothing of other features, which stamp the offering with the seal of greatness. The collection of underskirts is composed of twenty-three garments in all, eighteen of them in colors, five black; the colors include pale blue, cream, mauve, brown, navy, cardinal and several shades of green, all made very full, finished with deep accordian pleated frills, deep ruffled flounces, tucked frills and fancy frills, supplemented with dainty ruchings and shirring, guaranteed silks, regular prices $12, $12.50, $13 and $13.50, in one lot to clear Saturday, in the White wear Section, each 8.50

WOMEN'S STYLISH WALKING SKIRTS SATURDAY 8.00

The offering is composed of smartly tailored fashionable Walking Skirts, which hitherto have been selling at $10 and $11; sold down to a few skirts of a style, the balance properly become candidates for the bargain table, chiefly of cheviot materials, plaited and kilted styles, some with braid trimmings and covered buttons, in the Mantle Room, Saturday, each 8.00

UNDERPRICED JACKETS

At the present time our chief concern is to right the stock; that is to clear out our broken lines. Here are some underpriced offerings which will help the good work materially:

$10.00 Jackets for .....$ 7.50
$15.00 Jackets for $10.00
$18.50 Jackets for $12.50
$25.00 Jackets for $18.50

AN ODD LOT OF TRUNKS SATURDAY 8.50

This is an odd lot, but a fine representation of good Trunks nevertheless, made extra strong for heavy travel, several styles in the gathering, brass and leather finishing; some bound with heavy leather straps, sheet iron bottom, Yale lock, $10.50 value at least, to clear, Saturday, each 8.50

CHAMBER SERVICES 9.75

This offering is made up of twenty-five Chamber Services, of which no two sets art alike; each set contains twelve pieces, including slop jar, all are of fine china, handsomely decorated, regular prices $12 to $15, Saturday the choice at 9.75
China and Glassware Section—Fourth Floor.

W. A. Murray & Co. Limited. 17 to 31 King St. East. 10 to 20 Colborne St. Victoria St. King to Colborne St. **Toronto**

C.M.A. LOOKS TO MUTUALS AND INSURANCE MEN SMILE

Companies Not Fighting for Proffered Business—Prospective Manager Still an Unknown Identity

While it is understood that the Manufacturers' Association have practically concluded negotiations in so far as securing a manager for the new insurance department is concerned, no whisper as to his identity appears to have got about among insurance men. There is some speculation among them as to whether, in the event of a local man being taken, he will be drawn from the ranks of the underwriters' association, or from one of the mutual companies. The latter supposition is favored somewhat, and the reason is not far to seek. The fight which the Manufacturers' Association is putting up is of course against the tariff adopted by the board of underwriters, and the mutual companies have been outside the real issue.

It now develops that to these companies the manufacturers are looking for the placing of a portion of their risks, since, on the statement made yesterday by a representative of one of the largest, the manufacturers have made, and are making overtures to that end. The mutual companies, it may be said, are not crowding one another to get in line for such arrangements.

The attitude of insurance men in general in regard to the manufacturers' venture is the same as it was when the department was being only talked of. Now, with the scheme ready for putting into actual operation very shortly, they smile and look knowing.

"Do we mind?" not a bit," replied one prominent insurance man to a query. It worries us about as much as the knowledge that a $5 fire was going to happen would."

The consensus of opinion is that if the manufacturers want to take their insurance away they are welcome to do so. The view that insurance men are waxing rich upon their extortions, is one in which insurance men either find amusement or pretend to find it, and as to the expressed intention of the manufacturers to make division of yearly surplus as they state that the experience of a year or two will probably be an eye opener.

A Mighty Increase.

Winnipeg, Jan. 12.—(Special.)—There have been 3,000,000 bushels increase in shipments of wheat this year over last so far.

Always had Weak Lungs

Before using Dr. Slocum's

PSYCHINE

(PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN)

The greatest of tonics and disease destroyers.

Psychine Built Me Right Up.

Linden, N. S., June 7th, 1904.

"I cannot speak too highly for your excellent—I may say invaluable—remedy for weakness of throat, lungs or declining conditions. My brother, mother and sister died of consumption, and I suppose I inherited a tendancy in this direction, but, thank God, through the use of Psychine I to-day enjoy good health. I suffered for some two years from a distressing obstinate cough and weak lungs. I used Psychine and Oxomulsion, and they built me right up. My lungs are now strong and I enjoy splendid health.

Yours Truly,
ELLA M. COVE.

Psychine is the greatest protection against all disorders of Throat, Chest, Lungs and Stomach. If you are quick to catch cold, have pain on taking a long breath, or subject to catarrh or weakness of any kind, you need Psychine. The work of Psychine tells wherever the lungs or the system need building up. A few dollars spent in Psychine will bring health to your home.

Psychine is pronounced Si-keen.

Psychine, Oxomulsion and all the Dr. Slocum remedies are sold by all druggists at $1.00 and $2.00 per bottle. For further advice or information, for free sample, write or call. Dr. Slocum, Limited, 179 King Street West, Toronto, Canada.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

PRINCESS MATINEE TO-MORROW
MR. FORBES ROBERTSON
IN H. V. ESMOND'S **LOVE AND THE MAN**
NEXT WEEK
SEAT SALE NOW ON
De Wolf Hopper IN THE NEW YORK LYRIC THEATRE REVIVAL OF **WANG** MERRY

GRAND MATINEE SATURDAY BEST SEATS 25 FEW ROWS 50 EVGS. Best Seats 75, 50, 25 **ELSIE JANIS** IN THE **FORTUNE TELLER** —NEXT WEEK— Ninety and Nine

MAJESTIC Matinee Every Day. RETURN OF LAST SEASON'S BIG SUCCESS **UNDER SOUTHERN SKIES** NEXT: AL. W. MARTIN'S UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

SHEA'S Theatre Matinee Daily, 25c Evening 25c and 50c WEEK JAN. 9
Grace Cameron, Smith & Fuller, Piccolo Midgets, Murphy & Francis, Fred Niblo, Empire Comedy Four, The Four Bolses, The Kinetograph, O'Brien & Havel.

STAR Matinee Every Day
—ALL THIS WEEK—
HIGH ROLLERS EXTRAVAGANZA
NEXT—CRACKERJACKS

KING EDWARD RINK,
Cor. Queen and Shaw Streets,
BAND TO-NIGHT
Admission 10 and 15 cents.

$3100
Near Avenue Road, for quick sale 11 roomed house, open plumbing, verandah in front, rental $360 per annum. Box 71, World.

SMART YOUTH WANTED
FOR
World Mailing Room
Apply J. GORDON, WORLD OFFICE.

—Painless Dentistry.
—Moderate Charges.
—Warranted Work.
NEW YORK REAL PAINLESS DENTISTS
Cor. Yonge and Adelaide Streets,
ENTRANCE: No. 1 ADELAIDE EAST.
DR. C. F. KNIGHT, Prop. TORONTO

Wall Papers
Newest designs in English and foreign lines
THE ELLIOTT & SON CO., Limited
Importers, 79 King St., W., Toronto. 136

BEET CULTURE PAYS

Returns From Ontario County Farms Show Good Results.

Whitby, Jan. 11.—(Special.)—According to Charles Scott of Whitby, one of the Berlin beet sugar inspectors, a grower of three acres of sugar beets can, with the returns therefrom, pay the wages of a hired man for a year, and, further, that a grower can in one year receive sufficient per acre to pay for the land the beets grow on. He quotes facts and figures to prove his contention. The returns quoted show what the grower received after he had paid the freight to Berlin on his beets and after paying for his seed:

William Thorndike, Whitby P.O., got $142 from two acres.
William Jewell, Cedardale P.O., got $136 from two acres.
Richard Barrett, Whitby P.O., got $170 from 3½ acres.
Whitfield Lee, Whitby P.O., got $173 from three acres.
Mr. Schiller, governor at the poorhouse, Whitby P.O., got $110 from two acres.
Marcus Holliday, Whitby P.O., got $263 from six acres.
Ab. Hieseon, Brooklin P.O., got $85 from 1½ acres.
R. T. Philp, Brooklin P.O., got $80 from 1½ acres.
And. Forsyth, Whitby P.O., got $85 from 1½ acres.
George Sterricher, Whitby P.O., got $104 from 1½ acres.
R. H. Allin, Whitby P.O., got $114 from 1¼ acres.
T. E. Jones, Whitby P.O., got $61 from one acre.
Fred Draper, Whitby P.O., got $46 from one acre.
John Kemp, Whitby P.O., got $63 from one acre.
T. C. Osborne, Whitby P.O., got $68 from one acre.
Thomas Collins, Scugog P.O., got $60 from one acre.
Wing Brown, Whitby P.O., got $72 from one acre.
Crawford Bros., Whitby P.O., got $71 from 1½ acres.
John Sleep, Whitby P.O., got $74 from 1¾ acres.
P. J. Coffey, Whitby, got $110 from two acres.
S. Harris, Whitby, got $85 from 1¾ acres.
W. W. Holtby, Manchester, got $168 from four acres.
R. Holtby, Manchester, got $200 from five acres.
James Ferguson, Cherrywood, got $121 from 1¾ acres.
George Smith, Dunbarton, got $309 from 6½ acres.
Hy. Morrison, Dunbarton, got $276 from five acres.
S. Nicholson, Dunbarton, got $123 from 2½ acres.
John Creighton, Dunbarton, got $91 from 1¾ acres.

Last year 3500 measured acres, all told, were grown for the Berlin factory, the County of Waterloo sending the largest proportion. In this district, east of Port Union, at least 500 acres of sugar beets will be grown in 1905.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FREE HELP FOR MEN The only remedy known to science which will positively cure lost manhood is "RESTORINE," the marvellous German Remedy discovered by Dr. Jules Kohr. It is controlled in this country by the Dr. Kohr Medicine Company, a concern which has the highest standing in the medical world. This treatment has cured thousands of men, young and old, when the best known remedies have failed. If you are suffering from diseases of the generative organs such as lost manhood, exhausting drains, nervous debility, the results of abuse, this remedy can and will cure you to stay cured. The headache, pimples, varicocele, pain in the back and failing memory, disappear completely in the worst cases in from one to two week's treatment. We make the honest offer of a cure or return your money. Thousands of testimonials. Correspondence treated strictly confidential. FIVE day's treatment sent free with a book of rules for health, diet and advice. Our greatest successes have been those who have failed with other treatments. This remedy is regularly used in the French and German armies, and the soldiers in these countries are models of strength and vitality. Write for sample sent securely sealed in plain wrapper.

Address DR. KOHR MEDICINE CO., P.O. Drawer W 2341, Montreal.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF DWELLING House on Spadina Avenue in the City of Toronto.

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction by Charles J. Townsend, Auctioneer, at his Auction Rooms, number 68 King Street East, Toronto, on Saturday, the 21st day of January 1905, at twelve o'clock noon, the following property, that is to say, an undivided seven-eighths interest in lots thirteen, fourteen and fifteen on plan D. 171, South east corner of Spadina Avenue and St. Patrick Streets, Toronto.

On the said premises are situate a good solid brick two-storey dwelling house, and a wood-yard and office adjoining.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent at the time of sale, and the balance on the 21st day of February, 1905, with interest.

Other terms and conditions of sale will be made known at time of sale, and can in the meantime be ascertained from the undersigned Vendor's Solicitors,

HOSKIN & OGDEN,
Vendor's Solicitors.
23 Toronto Street, Toronto.

AUCTION SALE **F. CHILTON YOUNG & CO.** 70 KING ST. EAST.
AUCTIONEERS, VALUATORS AND INSURANCE ADJUSTERS, ETC.

MEETINGS.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders and participating policyholders of the Sovereign Life Assurance Company of Canada will be held at the Head Office of the Company in the City of Toronto, Ontario, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on Wednesday, the twenty-fifth day of January, 1905, for the reception of the annual report and statement of the affairs of the company, election of directors for the ensuing year and for all other business and general purposes relating to the management of the Company.

Dated at Toronto this twelfth day of January, 1905.

ADDISON H. HOOVER,
President and Managing Director.

ESTATE NOTICES.

JUDICIAL NOTICE TO CREDITORS. Contributories and Members of The Book Supply Company, Limited.

In the Matter of the Winding-up Act, being Chapter 129, Revised Statutes of Canada, and the amending acts, and in the Matter of The Book Supply Company, Limited.

Pursuant to the winding-up order in the matter of the above company, dated the 23rd day of December, 1904, the undersigned will, on Thursday, the 19th day of January, 1905, at 10.30 o'clock in the forenoon, at his chambers at Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, appoint a permanent liquidator of the above company; and let all parties then attend.

Dated Jan. 11th, 1905.

JAMES S. CARTWRIGHT,
Official Referee.

The Northern Navigation Co.
Of Ontario, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of shareholders of the above company will be held at the Board of Trade Building in the City of Toronto, at 1 o'clock p.m. on Tuesday, 31st January, 1905.

Pursuant to bylaw the transfer books will be closed from the 14th to the 31st January, 1905, both days inclusive.

C. E. STEPHENS, Secretary.
Toronto, January 12th, 1905.

OFFICE TO RENT
ROYAL HOTEL BLOCK, HAMILTON
Suitable for office or store, large cellar, good window on Merrick Street, heated. Also desk room in corner.
Apply
W. R. HOUSTON,
83 Yonge Street.

TO RENT
With possession about Feb. 1st, two flats above The World Office, 83 Yonge Street, suitable for light manufacturing or storage purposes; elevator and heat provided; good entrance from rear; well lighted from each side. Apply to W. R. HOUSTON, secretary and treasurer, World Office—83 Yonge St., Toronto.

ELECTRIC CHANDELIERS.
There are many beautiful designs in electric chandeliers shown in our show-rooms for electric fittings.
New importations from England are now on view.
THE TORONTO ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, LIMITED
12 Adelaide-st. East.

PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Through Ottawa Sleeper

leaves Toronto at 10.00 p. m. DAILY, arriving at Ottawa 6.25 a. m. Passengers have privilege of remaining in car until 8.00 o'clock.

Daily Sleeping Car Service

between Ottawa and Montreal. Passengers allowed to board car at Ottawa at 9.00 p. m. to leave Ottawa at 4.35 a. m. following morning.

MONTREAL TO OTTAWA sleeping car service leaving Montreal 10.10 p. m. DAILY with privilege of remaining in car at Ottawa until 9.00 a. m.

Call on nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, City Ticket Office, 1 King St. E., Phone M. 140, or write to C. B. Foster, D.P.Agt., Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Fast Time, Best of Equipment to

DETROIT
—AND—
CHICAGO

Leave Toronto 7.45 a.m., 1.00, 2.10, 4.40 and 11.20 p.m.

Through Pullman Sleeper to Chicago at 7.45 a.m. and 4.40 p.m.

Parlor Car at 1.00 p.m. and Pullman Sleeper at 11.20 p.m. to Mount Clemens and Detroit.

Direct connection made for all southern and western points, Florida, California and Mexico winter resorts.

THROUGH PULLMAN SLEEPER TO OTTAWA
10.30 p.m. Daily.

For tickets, reservations and full information, call at city office, northwest corner King and Yonge Streets (Phone Main 4209).

The Wabash Railroad

is the great Winter tourist route to the south and west, including Old Mexico, the most interesting country on the face of the globe; Texas and California, the lands of sunshine and flowers. Round-trip tickets on sale daily at greatly reduced rates. The Wabash is the great trunk line between the east and the west, and runs the finest equipped trains in America.

For time-tables and descriptive folders and other printed matter address J. A. Richardson, District Passenger Agent, northeast corner King and Yonge streets, Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.
ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP SERVICE
80 YONGE STREET

St. John, N. B., to Liverpool
Lake Champlain.....Jan. 14th
First Cabin $47.50 and up.
Lake Erie.....Jan. 28th
First Cabin, $47.50 and up.
Second Cabin, $30. Steerage, $15.

St. John, N.B., to London Direct.
Mount Temple.....Jan. 10th
Third Class only, $15.
Montrose.....Jan. 19th
Second cabin only.
To London and rail to Liverpool, $32.50
For further particulars apply to
S. J. SHARP,
Western Passenger Agent, 80 Yonge-st.
Phone Main 2930.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
Occidental and Oriental Steamship Co. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha Co.
Hawaii, Japan, China, Philippine Islands, Straits Settlements, India and Australia.
SAILINGS FROM SAN FRANCISCO
Manchuria .....Jan. 21
Doric .....Feb. 2
Korea.....Feb. 14
Coptic .....Feb. 25
For rates of passage and all particulars, apply
R. M. MELVILLE,
Canadian Passenger Agent, Toronto.

TRAVEL
Ocean Passage Tickets
issued to
England, Ireland, Scotland, the Continent—Florida, Cuba, Mexico, West Indies, Mediterranean and all Foreign Ports.
Rates and all particulars,
R. M. MELVILLE,
General Steamship Agent,
Cor. Toronto and Adelaide Sts.

JAMAICA
"The Winter Playground"
The United Fruit Co.'s Steamship Lines
afford an interesting, comfortable voyage on the magnificent twin-screw U.S. Mail Ships ADMIRAL DEWEY, SCHLEY, SAMPSON, FARRAGUT. Weekly sailings from Boston and Philadelphia. New American-built SS. Buckman and Watson weekly from Baltimore. Round Trip, $75, including meals and stateroom. One Way, $40. Address for information and booklets, Passenger Department,
UNITED FRUIT COMPANY, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, or J. W. Ryder, cor. King and Yonge Sts.; Stanley Brent, 8 King St. E.; R. M. Melville, cor. Adelaide and Toronto Sts.; A. F. Webster, King and Yonge Sts. b

If He Missed Her 'Twas No Exception

Miss Utaplace—Tell me, confidentially, when you and Georgie were out on that hunting trip to the North, did Georgie seem to miss me?

Rowland Parke—Well, I can't say as to missing you, but he missed everything else.—Baltimore American.

Race Progress.

Father—But, my dear, you're too young to know what love is.

Daughter—Indeed I'm not! I love him infinitely more than mamma could possibly have loved you when you were his age!—Harper's Bazar.