# S.O. 22

## **FISHERIES**

## SUCCESS OF SALMONID ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

Mr. Ted Schellenberg (Nanaimo-Alberni): Mr. Speaker, the Salmonid Enhancement Program in British Columbia has been an incredible success story. SEP, as it is known, was initiated in 1977. It was designed to increase the population of the Sockeye, Coho, Chinook, Chum and Pink salmon, and the

Results to date indicate SEP production has become an important part of the West Coast fishing industry. In 1984 alone, 20 per cent of the value of the salmon catch in commercial, sport and food fisheries was a direct result of enhancement facilities. For those who are into cost-benefit ratio factors, the SEP ratio was about 1.6 to one. As well, the Salmonid Enhancement Program contributes substantially to job creation in remote communities such as those on the west coast of Vancouver Island.

We are now in a transition phase. SEP I is over and SEP II will soon begin. It is important that our commitment to salmon enhancement be maintained and expanded. Acknowledging that it is no longer 1977, and that our public debt has grown substantially since then, we must ensure that we utilize whatever means are available to fund fully this worth-while program.

#### • (1410)

Steelhead.

Those who benefit from salmon enhancement must join the Canadian Government in a partnership which ensures a growing commitment to grow fish. When the production of salmon is brought back to historical levels of abundance this nation will benefit for generations. In other words, salmon enhancement enhances the future of Canada.

[Translation]

#### **EMPLOYMENT**

INCREASE IN NUMBER OF JOBS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE

Mr. Fernand Ladouceur (Labelle): Last December 19, Mr. Speaker, our Government announced that it would earmark \$210 million to create youth employment next summer under the Challenge 86 program.

We on the Government side can only be pleased about this announcement, if only because of the tremendous success of Challenge 85 which enabled us to create 101,000 summer jobs for students. Mr. Speaker, that sums up our approach and our determination to restore confidence in our economy and seek long-range solutions aimed at achieving full employment.

Speaking for myself, Mr. Speaker, I can only say that the residents of the beautiful riding of Labelle are quite enthusiastic about our Government's constructive and long-term strategy with respect to employment planning and job creation. Instead of being based on a near-sighted approach to the real

This undignified and vulgar vocabulary is used mostly by a few Quebec Liberal Members in their attacks against Quebec's Conservative Ministers and, in certain cases, even against the Right Hon. the Prime Minister of Canada (Mr. Mulroney). The expressions heard are so vulgar that our interpreters are sometimes at a loss for words, and their full meaning in both languages is difficult to grasp, Mr. Speaker.

The Members of this House, and more particularly the few marginal Liberal Members from Quebec, should have the decency to use words which at least can be found in the dictionary.

If they have no respect for their colleagues in the House, they should at least mind their languages for the sake of Quebecers and other Canadians.

Finally, unless he enjoys such vulgarities and if he still has any authority left, their leader should call those few marginal Members to order.

[English]

### YOUNG OFFENDERS ACT

#### PROPOSED CHANGES WELCOMED

Mrs. Pauline Browes (Scarborough Centre): Mr. Speaker, I join with millions of Canadians in applauding the proposed changes to the Young Offenders Act announced by the Solicitor General (Mr. Beatty) last week. Many aspects of the current Young Offenders Act have left Canadians disenchanted with the application of law and justice in our society. How, they ask, can a young boy in Scarborough murder three people and receive only three years in punishment? How can a group of young people in Toronto savagely beat a young man and also receive minimal sentencing?

The proposed changes come as welcome relief because they address such critical issues as arrest and detention, the publication of information to assist police in apprehending those who escape custody, improved record keeping and counselling, and provisions to allow for longer sentences.

While the spirit and principles contained in the initial Act are commendable, the application of it has left many people wondering where the justice in their legal system has gone. We need to put proper enforcement into this law so that people can feel safe in their neighbourhoods and communities.

I thank the Solicitor General for the proposed changes and urge the Government to continue to improve the Young Offenders Act in order to rebuild the confidence Canadians—

Mr. Speaker: I regret to advise the Hon. Member that her time has expired.