

APPENDIX I

Acronyms

Cambodian Government:

CMAC: Cambodian Mine Action Centre

RCAF: Royal Cambodian Armed Forces

Main Political Parties:

FUNCINPEC: Front Uni National pour un Cambodge Independent Neutre, Pacifique et Cooperatif, divided between the faction led by Prince Ranariddh, First Prime Minister until he left on July 4, 1997, and who remains outside the country with 11 other MPs and FUNCINPEC officials, and the rival faction led by Siem Reap Governor Toan Chay, which also claims the First Prime Minister, Ung Huot, elected by the National Assembly after July. FUNCINPEC won 45% of the vote in the 1993 elections, taking 58 seats in the 120 seat Assembly.

CPP: Cambodian People's Party, the party of Second Prime Minister Hun Sen; CPP took 38% of the 1993 vote and 51 seats.

BLDP: Buddhist Liberal Democratic Party, which took 3% of the vote and 10 seats. The party split, with the name BLDP retained by the Son Sann faction (close to CPP) and that of Minister of Information Ieng Mouly, which has decided to rename itself the Buddhist Liberal Party (BLP).

KNP: Khmer Nation Party, led and formed by Sam Rainsy, finance minister until his resignation in 1994 (later expelled from FUNCINPEC and National Assembly). At its rally on March 30, 1997 in Phnom Penh, a grenade was thrown into the meeting, killing 17. In December 1997, it held another, this time peaceful rally.

UCD: Union of Cambodian Democrats, the alliance of FUNCINPEC and BLDP that

Cambodian Ngos:

ADHOC: Cambodian Human Rights and Development Association

CCCR: Cambodian Centre for Conflict Resolution

CICP: Cambodian Institute for Cooperation and Peace