

NEW PHYSICIANS' OFFICES.

A large, modern private house, near the corner of College Street and Queen's Park, within a block of the new Toronto General Hospital, has been converted into suites of physicians' offices, each office being modern in every respect, with hot and cold water and electrical connections for sterilizer, etc. A telephone switch-board, with nurse in attendance, has also been installed. There are still one or two vacancies and any physician desiring to secure a centrally located office should apply at once to the housekeeper at 143 College Street. Telephone, Col. 590.

PAY OF THE ARMY DOCTOR.

The following information is from one who knows:

U. S. 1st Lieutenant—\$2,000 per annum, plus 10 per cent. for overseas service, equals \$2,200 per annum.

Canadian Captain—\$1,733.75 per annum for overseas service.

Canadian Major—\$2,190 for overseas services, including messing.

Thus we see that a Canadian field officer who, at least, is supposed to be a trained soldier fit to take over a command, is paid less than an American lieutenant, who is totally untrained.

In mentioning this I can state from actual experience that even with the small allowance made to wives (to which the U. S. officers are also entitled) (see the *Medical Council Magazine*, June, 1918, page 462), it is becoming an actual hardship for a married man with three or four of a family to exist.

The pay has not been raised since the war commenced. The C. A. M. C. is actually paid less now than the P. A. M. C. was paid before the war, although living has gone up to a tremendous extent.

A major is at present earning the same amount of money as a bricklayer in Western Canada, and by overtime the bricklayer can make more than a major can.

There have been so many rumors of an increase that all officers have given up all hopes.

MEDICAL PREPARATIONS

CONVALESCENCE FROM THE EXANTHEMATA.

The first two or three months of the year are usually characterized, in the experience of the family physician, by the occurrence in his practice, of a crop of cases of the contagious diseases of children, especially scarlet fever, measles, German measles, etc. This is accounted for by the readiness with which contagion is spread in the schools, when ventilation of the school-room is the least perfect and the closer housing of school children during school hours favors the distribution of communicable