



fair consideration of the policy of the two parties, declared against Premier Mowat's policy by electing Mr. Stinson to support W. R. Meredith. When a new election was announced for Hamilton the electors found the principles of the two parties overshadowed by local interests. Without suggesting that the "unemployed and those feeling the pressure of hard times" secured any immediate monetary relief by supporting the Gov-

sure that the people of Hamilton, upon approval of the bill, would be in a position to elect a majority of the members of the Provincial Cabinet. The statement was submitted to people in the thousand forms that if Mr. Stinson were elected he would be the member of a non-overly-strong Opposition and unable to secure for a perverse people any Government in their favor, but that if Mr. Gibson were returned he would be a member of the Cabinet and, as such, have direct control of certain favors and an influence sufficient to secure others. Hamilton will do nothing to promise it, and the election of Mr. Gibson was nothing more than the agreed price of coveted advantages.

to have no more ministers at variance with the Government on Thursday. Later returns show that Mr. Foster, Minister of Finance, was not defeated, his majority, though small, being sufficient. Mr. Colby and Mr. Carling were defeated. On the other hand Sir Hector Langevin carried two seats, and if necessary one of these can be placed at the disposal of Mr. Colby. The defeat of Mr. Carling may not prove an unmixed evil, if it is taken advantage of, in one way. There is a vacancy in the Senate for which his great experience is specially fitted him. His presence there would be useful to the country, and Sir John Macdonald with his intimate knowledge of the financial aspects will no doubt recognize the fact.

Edward Blake's letter surprised, but T. H. Morgan, in his reading paper. Editorially that journal is not a point of fact, interprets the letter as a statement of 1. That Mr. Blake is not a member of the Liberal party because its policy of unrestricted reciprocity would, in his opinion, bring about a political union. 2. That he advocates a restricted reciprocity with political union as a consequence thereof. 4. But that he would not favor the immediate settlement of this question.

It is inconceivable that Mr. Blake was quietly rest in the logical position assigned to him by the Liberal organ. His letter did not say that the Canadians are free to do as they please.

after reading that letter, sit down and characterize the writer with advocating political union, and going further than the party whose political union tendencies forced him into private life, he must have surprised the writer. But the writer drew these conclusions, and with him the wish was proved parent to the thought. The article also gives the idea of the writer or writers being somewhat mixed. Perhaps it was Mr. Ferrer who wrote the sentence warning Mr. Blake that political union "would be for Canada a revolution of tremendous magnitude, and for Britain perhaps the beginning of the end of her glorious empire."

One thing is plain. The Liberal party is not only not accepted Mr. Blake's resignation

It is a matter of legitimate pride that, in outstepping the three brands of excited men who thronged the public streets on Thursday night, not a single individual was arrested for causing any disturbance, and the presence of the police, except for the regulation traffic, was practically unnecessary. It is not charged against Canadians that they

try, or that they do not have a right to be heard in the conversation on political questions here, and that they have no right to be heard on every side during the last few weeks, quiet, earnest canvassing done throughout the country, and the immense vote polled every time the question of the right of suffrage is put to a vote. True it is that the thoughtless and carousing element was noticeable in the crowds, but their actions at no time overstepped the bounds of decency or of propriety. The women were well behaved, the large number of ladies seated in the surges of the crowd, and the gallantry and courtesy shown them were fully appreciated. The enthusiasm of the majority in the crowd was not of the kind that is usually associated with the outcome of mere animal excitement. It was a staid, dignified enthusiasm, and it is this steadiness which distinguishes us from the greatest people under the sun.

A Reuter's telegram from Rome announced that Senator Magliani, ex-Minister of Finance, died on Saturday morning. Magliani was 67 years of age. He was born in 1824 at Landino, and studied in Naples, where he lived until 1860. He was one of the founders of the "Adem. Sm." society, which was established in Florence for the purpose of combating every kind of socialism. Although he had long held an important official position, he first came into national prominence in connection with the "Adem. Sm." in the session of March 1877, when he was elected Minister of Finance. He remained in the post of Minister of Finance by Signor Depretis. The Ministry lasted only a few months and was succeeded by the Ministry of Depretis. After the fall of the latter Signor Magliani again became Minister of Finance, but he was not able to hold the office for long. He died on Saturday morning.

his term of office he abolished the grist and forced currency, and reduced the price of salt, while increasing the importation of salt under minor necessary articles.

**The Austria Elections.**

**VIENNA, March 6.**—Sixty-four electoral votes so far as the results are known, completed the triumph of the young Czechs over the old Liberals, ensure a majority to Count Von Tasek, although the completion of the Cartel majority will be not annihilated. The old Czech party is also augmented by the votes of the young Czechs, as they expect to vote with the German Liberals will still be dominant.

**Germany's Corn Cure** destroys all kind of corn and warms, root and branch. Who would endure them with such a cheap and

witnesses were examined at the trial, but counsel made statements which were elucidated by a plan in the possession of the plain-

liberty, and when subsequently called for by the trial judge, the plaintiff's counsel refused to put it in. The trial judge said that there was no evidence in support of the claim, and he dismissed the action. The defendant contended that the award was valid because the land in question was "enclosed" and also because the award had not been appealed against under the statute; and the trial judge contended that the question of validity of the award was a question for the judgment of the First Division Court of Carleton. The defendant was dismissed with costs.

**Lovely v. Smith.**—An appeal by the defendant under rule 1051 from an order of the judge of the County Court of Lambton, in an action in that court refusing to discharge the defendant from custody under a writ of habeas corpus. There is no

leave the province. Appeal allowed and order made discharging the prisoner.

**Kingmill v. P. Fort Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway.**—An application for a writ of habeas corpus, to open up a consensual judgment pronounced by the judge presiding at the last Toronto Spring Chancery Sittings, and to allow the defendants to defend the action, which was brought by solicitors to recover the amount of a bill of costs. Motion refused with costs.

The following judgments were delivered by the Queen's Bench Divisional Court yesterday:

**Calton v. Gleason.**—An appeal by the plaintiff from the order of Mr. Justice Falconbridge, varying an order of the master in chambers by requiring the plaintiff, in an

The plaintiff contended that there was a complete contract when the defendant signed the "writing," did not raise a presumption that the "writing" did not raise a presumption that the plaintiff was going to

**Phillar v. Platt.**—An appeal by the defendants from the judgment of Mr. Justice Falconbridge in favor of the plaintiffs in an action for the price of timber which the defendants agreed to buy from the plaintiffs but which was not delivered in full before delivery. The question is whether, under the terms of agreement between the parties, the property had passed to the defendants when destroyed. The learned trial judge found that the contract was a complete contract of sale and purchase and not an executory contract. Appeal dismissed with costs.

**Heffer v. Platt.**—An appeal by the defendants from the judgment of Mr. Justice Street at the Toronto Assizes in favor of the plaintiffs in an action for a declaration that

Meyer Rubber Co. v. Rich and Robinson. A motion by the defendants to discharge the defendants from custody upon bail was refused. The plaintiff, Meyer Rubber Co., alleged that the defendants, Rich and Robinson, were in possession of a large quantity of rubber stamps, and for damages for trespass by the defendant upon certain lots of land in Hong-street and Duke-street, in the city of Toronto. Appeal refused with costs.

[illegible]

the Workmen's Compensation for Injuries Act for damages for the negligence of the defendants, resulting in the death of the plaintiff's son, and for the cost of the plaintiff's administrative costs. One of the principal questions asked was whether the death was caused by the negligent order of a person in a position of superintendence in the plaintiff's work. Motion dismissed with costs.

**Robb v. Burke.**—A motion by the defendant to set aside the verdict and judgment for damages of \$20,000 and costs against the plaintiff, was granted by the Chief Justice Galt and a jury at the law courts, Toronto assizes. Action to recover \$20,000 and costs, which the plaintiff alleged the defendants had wrongfully taken from him by the sale of the plaintiff's goods, and by the taking of the plaintiff giving up possession and the lease of the premises No. 162 Queen-street east and taking possession and a lease of the premises No. 164 Queen-street east.

[illegible]

verdict as judgment for the plaintiff for \$50 in an action for damages for negligence tried before Galt, C.J., and a jury at the same time. The plaintiff was a woman in possession of the premises for or on a new trial. The plaintiff was employed as a workwoman in the defendant's laundry in Bay-street, Toronto, and was injured by falling from a platform caught in a shaft running along the ceiling of the laundry room. Motion refused with costs.

**Johnson, Harpur & Appleby** vs. **Armour**, the last Toronto Assizes dismissed the action, which was brought to compel the defendant to give to the plaintiff a deed for the exchange of lands in the city of Toronto. The plaintiff was to give two houses and lots in Georgetown in exchange for the defendant's lands in Toronto. The Chief Justice held that both parties were

[illegible]

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cor. Irving, 182 feet. Kerr & Keiser, 4  
thorp east.

**2. BRICK HOUSE ADDITION—CAMPELL-AVE.**  
cor. Wallace, 176 feet. Kerr & Keiser, 4  
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**TO RENT—GOOD COMFORTABLE HOUSES**  
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Offers Vacant Suburban  
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Nassau, near Spadina. Also King, Sher-  
bourne, Madison, Brunswick, Lower, and all  
other in Anson. Builders' terms, good loans  
guaranteed.

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house property. Equity \$350.

**EXISTING LOTS ON ALL BEST STREETS**  
at prices that will pay big profits in near  
future.

**WE HAVE IMMEDIATE DEMAND FOR A**  
few good central building lots at right

**THE ELECTIONS ARE OVER.  
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The order of business is to settle down and endeavor to secure a home for your family. I have houses for sale in various parts of Toronto and vicinity. I have also a number of small houses for sale by instalments at simple interest with favorable paying-off privileges. My terms are: Buy now, before the taxes are assessed, or Building Society in Toronto. I handle only my own property and solicit inquiry for particulars. I have also a number of small houses for sale (Don 30 minutes' walk from the business centre of Toronto, Terms, \$10 down, \$5 per month, and balance in 12 months). I have also a number of small houses to sell you on the lot. About forty different persons are on my instalment list now, and all are content. \$3000 a piece is the average.

**JOHN POUCHER, 43 Arcade**

**CHURCHES.**  
**SUNDAY AT PAVILION**  
March 8. 3 p.m.  
**WHITE BROS.**  
A Service of Sacred Song  
**MRS. OWEN HITCHCOX**  
Return of this talented woman lecturer-singer.  
Mrs. Hitchcox won golden opinions for her address of Sunday last. She takes the place of Principal Austin of St. Thomas, who is too ill to leave home.  
Everybody welcome—Silver Collection.  
**THE PEOPLE'S TABERNACLE**

**J. M. WILKINSON**—Pastor. Services to-morrow (Sunday, March 8th).  
 9.45 a.m.—Children's Service by the Pastor.  
 10.30 a.m.—Lecture on "The Ultimate Triumphs of the Temperance Movement."  
 7 p.m.—D. W. Lucas. Subject: "God Answering Prayer." Aspects of prayer for Pagans and Secularists.  
 N.B.—The Auditorium Orchestra (professional musicians) will perform sacred selections at 8 and 7 p.m. sharp and lead the singing.  
 Dr. Lucas will lecture in the Auditorium or May collection on "Quiet Things in Australia." Silver night.

**CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER**  
 Cor. Bloor-street and Avenue-road.  
**LENTEN SERVICE OF SONG**  
 8 o'clock Monday Evening, March 9.  
 by the choir of the church, assisted by Mr. W. L.

**ZION LUTHERAN CHURCH**, 607 College Ave., will observe its regular Sunday service at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The pastor, Rev. George H. Sandwell, will deliver the sermon from Luke 11:1-13.

To-morrow evening Mr. Sandwell will continue his series of topical discourses on "The Christian's Questions From God To Man," viewed in the light of the new testament teaching. His subject for next week will be a question to universal man: "Where Art Thou?"

**BOND STREET CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH**, 18 Bond St., will observe its regular Sunday service at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The pastor, Rev. Joseph Wald, D.D., Pastor.

Services Sunday, March 8th, 1901, by the pastor, Rev. Joseph Wald, D.D., at 10 o'clock. Subject: "Fire ye should kindle." Evening at 7 o'clock. Subject: "The Church as a community." The pastor will make a Discrimination against the Roman Catholics?

**OF Canadian Methodism.**

Centennial Meetings will be held as follows on

**MONDAY, MARCH 9TH**

**QUEEN-ST. METHODIST CHURCH,**  
Near Spadina-avenue. Addressed by Revs. T. Briggs, Dr. A. L. Parsons, Geo. Weber and William Ford.

**WOODGREEN METHODIST CHURCH,**  
East of the Don. Addressed by Revs. Dr. St. John, Dr. Alex. Sutherland, E. Coatsworth, and Richard Brown, Esq.

**ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,**  
Avenue-road. Addressed by Revs. Dr. Johnston, Dr. Benson, Dr. J. H. Hall and J. A. Farnett.

All meetings at 5 p.m. Everybody welcome. Collections for Centennial fund.

**Sunday Eve., March 8th,**  
**CHAS. WATTS**  
Editor of Secular Thought,  
**WILL LECTURE ON**  
**"The Devil, His Birth, Fall and Home"**  
Mrs. Watts and Mr. Stowe will give selections from Sheridan's celebrated play "School for Scandal." Music by an efficient orchestra.  
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Public cordially invited.



This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and a vertical crease on the left edge. A small, dark, irregular mark is visible near the center of the page.

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and small dark spots, possibly due to age or handling. The left edge of the page shows the binding of the book, with a vertical crease and some wear. The overall tone is a warm, off-white or light beige.

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This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and a dark, irregular stain along the left edge. A small, dark mark is visible near the top center of the page.

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and a vertical crease on the left side. A small, dark, irregular mark is visible near the bottom left corner. The page is otherwise empty of text or illustrations.

A blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and a vertical crease on the left edge. A small, dark, irregular mark is visible near the bottom center. The page is set against a dark background.