Its Purity is its Strength

Flavor and Fragrance its natural attributes.

Imitations are numerous. Avoid them.

CHASE & SANBORN,

MONTREAL AND BOSTON.

THE MARKETS

THE LOCAL MARKET. London, Tuesday, Oct. 21.

It was expected by many dealers and

It was expected by many dealers and grocers that there would be a large attendance of farmers at the market here today, especially when the demand was so good and prices higher on Saturday. Today's market, however, was not up to the average for Tuesday. Grain—Fully 20 loads of oats offered; sales were made at 85c and 86c per cwt. One load of barley at 88c per per cwt. One load of barley at 88c per per cwt. One load of old corn at \$120. Hay and Straw—Twenty-two loads of hay sold at \$1 to per ton; only 6 loads at the latter price. Straw is scarce and in good demand, at \$3 per load, or \$6 per ton.

Butter and Eggs-There was a good

Butter and Eggs—There was a good demand for the butter that was offered; sales were made at 17c to 19c for crocks and 18c to 20c for pound rolls. Eggs were scarce, at 17c to 18c for crates and basket lots.

Vegetables—Potatoes were in good demand; supply light; prices went higher, at 90c to 31 per bag; one load sold at 95c per bag by the lead. Tomatoes were not so plentiful; the demand is slow, at 15c to 25c per basket. Other vegetables as quoted.

Fruits—Apples were plentiful and sales

Fruits—Apples were plentiful and sales hard to make at 50c to 31 per barrel. Pears sold at 75c per bushel. Grapes, 20c to 30c per 10-1b basket. Poultry-Very little on sale; prices as Dressed Hogs-About 25 offered; sales

were made mostly at \$8 per cwt; about 6 sold at \$8.25 per cwt.

Butchers' Meats—Sales were fair, at \$5 to \$6 per cwt for beef by the carcase, and \$4.50 to \$6.50 by the quarter; lamb sells at \$c to 8½c per lb by the carcase. Wheat, new, per cwt. 110 @ 113
Oats, old, per cwt. 85 @ 86
Peas, per 100 lbs. 110 @ 120
Barley, per 100 lbs. 33 @ 90
Beans, per bu. 70 @ 89

LIVE HOGS AND CATTLE. Hogs, selects, per cwt... 575 @ 575 Hogs, small, per pair... 500 @ 750 Stags and sows, per cwt.. 200 @ 450 Fat cattle, per cwt... 550 @ 600 FRUITS.

VEGETABLES. tatoes per bag

Butter, per roll, baskets.. 18 Eggs, doz, basket lots... Eggs, doz, new-laid... Honey, strained, per lb... Honey, in comb per lb...

MEATS. MEATS.

Dressed hogs, per cwt.... 800 @
Bef, by the carcase..... 500 @
Beef, by the quarter... 450 @
Old hens, per pair...... 65 @
Spring chickens, per pair... 50 @ UNDRESSED POULTRY.

Spring chickens, per pair.. 40 Spring chickens per pair. 40
Old hens, per pair. 50
Ducks, per pair 50
Turkeys, per lb. 11
Veal, quarter, per lb. 5
Mutton, carcase, per lb. 8
Green peas, shelled. 10
Green beans 3
Cucumbers, per doz 10
Cabbage, per doz 25
Green corn, per doz 6
Ducks, per pair 60
Turkeys per lb. 11
Spring chickens, per pair 50
HIDES AND SMINE

HIDES AND SKINS. Hides, No. 1, per ib...
Hides, No. 2, per ib...
Hides, No. 3, per ib...
Wool, unwashed, per ib...
Wool, washed, per ib...
Tallow, rough, per ib...
Tallow rendered, per ib...
Sheepsking, each...

IMPERIAL FLOUR

Is the best Bread Flour in the market with no exceptions. For sale at

HAMILTON'S 373 Talbot St. Prompt Delivery Phone 662.

AMERICAN MARKETS

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Easier Chicago, Oct. 20.—Easier cables and large receipts caused a weak opening in wheat on the board of trade today, but the close was firm, with December up 1/40 to 3/60; December corn weak, 20 to 2/60 lower, and oats a shade lower; January provisions closed 50 to 7/40 and 150 lower. Frimary receipts of wheat were 1,759,400 bu, compared with 1,235,513 bu a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 157 cars, which, with local receipts of 157 cars, with but 1 of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 1,400 cars, against 1,452 last week and 1,197 a year ago. Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 135 cars; corn, 450 cars; oats, 290 cars; hegs, 19,000 head.

The leading futures closed: Wheat—Dec., 73c to 73/40c; May, 74/40c to 74/40c. Corn—Oct., 58c; Nov., 55/40c; Dec., 51/40c, 10 d. 28/40c; July, 42/40c. Oats—Oct., 31/40c; old, 28/40c; Dec., 31/40c; July, 31/40c; Nov., 310/50c; Dec., 39/60c; Jan., 31/54c; May, 31/40c; Nov., 310/50c; Dec., 31/40c; Jan., 31/40c; May, 31/40c; Timothy—Oct., 31/40c; May, 31/40c; May, 31/40c; Timothy—Oct., 31/40c; Clover—Oct., 311/25c. Cash quotations: Flour steady. No. 2

Easy to Take Easy to Operate Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—

Hood's Pills

spring wheat, 73c to 73½c; No. 3, 68½c to 73½c; No. 2 red, 71½c to 72c. No. 2 corn, 58c; No. 2 yellow, 60c. No. 2 oats, 28¾c to 29c; No. 3 white, 32c to 34c. No. 2 rye, 49¾c. Fair to choice maiting barley, 54c, to 58c. No. 1 flaxseed, \$1 18; No. 1 northwestern, \$1 20. Pork, \$17 50; short ribs sides, \$11 75 to \$12; dry salted shoulders, \$9 75 to \$10; short clear sides, \$12 to \$12 25. Eggs firm; loss off, cases returned, 22c. Receipts—Flour, 23,500 bbls; wheat, 117,600 bu; corn, 298,700 bu; oats, 323,900 bu; rye, 13,500 bu; barley, 76,200 bu; shipments—Flour, 18,900 bbls; wheat, 13,000 bu; corn, 285,600 bu; cats, 182,100 bu; rye, 1,000 bu; barley, 9,500 bu.

Toledo, O., Oct., 20.—Wheat—Active but firm; cash, 76½c; Dec. 77½c; May, 78½c. Corn—Fairly active; Dec., 46½c; May, 44c. Oats—Dull; Dec., 32½c; May, 33c. Clover seed—Dull and easier; Oct., \$6.75; Jan., \$6.86. Rye, 52½c.

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.
Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 20.—Oil closed at Oil City, Pa., Oct. 29.—Credit balances, LONDON.

Antwerp, Oct. 20.—Petroleum, refined, 55-16d; spirits, 6%d. Antwerp, Oct. 20. - Petrroleum, 181/2 BREMEN.
Bremen, Oct. 20.—Petroleum, 6 marks

SUGAR MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 20.—Sugar—Raw firm: fair refining, 3c to 3 1-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 9-16c to 3%c; melasses sugar, 2%c; refined firm; No. 6, 34 15; No. 7, 34 10; No. 8, 34 05; No. 9, 34; No. 10, 33 95; No. 11, 33 90; No. 12, 33 86; No. 13, 33 80; No. 14, 33 75; confectioners' "A," 34 50; mold "A," 34 90; cut-loaf, \$5 15; crushed, \$6 15; powdered, 34 75; granulated, 34 65; cubes, 34 90. Molasses—Firm; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice, 36c to 40c.

London, Oct. 20.—Raw sugar—Musco-vado, 8s; centrifugal, 8s 6d; beet sugar, Oct., 7s 3%d. DAIRY MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 20.—Butter firm; receipts, 5.828 pkgs; creamery extras, per lb. 25c; do, firsts, 23c to 24½c; do, seconds, 21c to 22½c; do, lower grades, 19c to 20c; creamery, held extras, 24c to 24½c; state dairy tubs, fancy, 23½c to 24c; do, firsts, 22c to 23c; do, seconds, 20c to 21½c; do, lower grades, 18c to 19c; state dairy tins, etc., 18c to 23c; western imitation creamery, finest, 19½c to 29c; fair to good. 18c to 19c; do, lower grades, 17c to 17½c; renovated, extras, 20½c to 21c; do, common to prime, 17½c to 29c; western factory, June make, 17½c to 18½c; do, current make, firsts, 18c; do, seconds, 17c to 17½c; do, lower grades, 16c to 16½c; packing stock, 16c to 17½c. Cheese dull; receipts, 8,996 boxes; state full cream, small colored or white, 12½c; do, good to prime, 11½c; do, large colored or white, 19c to 11½c; do, large colored or white, 6ept., fancy, 12c; do, Oct., choice, 11¾c; light skims, small choice, 10½c; do, fair to good, 8½c to 8¾c; do, common, 6c to 7c. Eggs firm; receipts, 7,263 cases; state and Pennsylvania, fancy selected white, 25c to 26c; do, average prime, 22c to 24c; do, held and mixed, 20c; western, loss off, 23½c to 24c; do, fancy candled, at mark, 21½c to 22c; do, uncandled, northerly sections, 19c to 22c; do, southerly sections, 19c to 19½c; dirtles, 16c to 18½c; refrigerator 19c to 21c.

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Sales of cheese today on the Utica dairy board of trade

Utica, N. Y. Oct. 20.—Sales of cheese today on the Utica dairy board of trade were 83 lots of 5,921 boxes; large cheese sold at 11½c and small at 11½c. Creamery butter sold at 23½e to 25c; nearly all at the higher price.

the higher price. Elgin, Ill., Oct. 20.—The butter market on the board of trade today was firm at 24½c, 54,000 lbs being sold on call at that figure; the sales for the week were 488,700 lbs.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS. [Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Oct. 21.-One hundred and one loads in today, including 453 hogs and 1,877 sheep and lambs, 19 calves and 1 horse. Quotations: Export cattle, choice......\$5 00 @ \$5 40 Export cattle, medium, mix-Export cattle, common..... mixed 350 @

Butchers cattle, common 225 @
Feeders, short-keep 440 @
Feeders, medium 340 @
Stockers 175 @
Milch cows, each 300 @
Export ewes, cwt 325 @ Export ewes, cwt 325
Bucks, cwt 250
Culls, each 200
Lambs cwt 350 2 00 3 50 Lambs cwt
Calves, each
Hogs, singers, off cars....

prospects lower for the end of week.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, Oct. 20.—Canadian cattle are unchanged, at 11½c to 13c per lb, dressed weight; refrigerator beef is 11c to 12c per lb.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Oct. 20.—There were about 700 head of butchers' cattle, 35 calves and 1,200 sheep and lambs offered for sale at the east end abattoir today. In addition to these there were about 300 cattle held at the stock yards to await less congested markets. The butchers turned out strong and fair trade was done at declining prices all round. Prime cattle sold from 4½c to 4½c; medium stock at from 3½c to 4½c; medium stock at from 3½c to 2c ger ib, and the canners from 1½c to 2c Good veal calves were scarce, and sold at from 5c to 5½c per lb. Grassfed calves sold at from 3½c to 4½c per lb. Sheep sold at from 2c to 3½c, and lambs from 3½c to 4c per lb. Good lots of fat hogs sold at from 6c to 5½c per lb. Weighed off the cars.

Ib, weighed off the cars.

NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 20.—Beeves—Receipts, 5.631 head; steers opened steady to strong closed 10c to 15c off on good steers; barely steady for others; buils firm to 10c higher; cows steady to 10c lower; steers, 34 40 to 37; half-breeds, 34 40 to 37; occurs, 34 65 to 36 50; bulls, \$2 50 to 34 60; cows, \$1 60 to \$4. Cables steady. Shipments, 810 cattle and 2,824 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 2,778; veals, 25 to 50c higher; grassers slow; veals, 35 to 83 75; tops, \$3; little calves, \$4 to 34 50; grassers, \$3 to \$3 50; westerns, \$3 50 to \$4. Sheep—Receipts, 23,470; sheep generally steady; medium grades a shade lower; lambs 25c lower; sheep, \$2 25 to \$4; culls, \$2; lambs, \$4 25 to \$5 50; cull lambs, \$3 50 to \$4; Canada lambs, \$5 25 to \$5 60.

Hogs—Receipts, 9,86; market steady; state hogs, \$7 30 to \$7 40.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, Oct. 20.—Cattle—Receipts,

6,700; generally 10c lower, closing easier; prime steers, \$7 to \$7 75; shipping steers, \$5 75 to \$6 75; butchers, \$4 to \$5 50; heiters, \$3 to \$5; cows, \$2 25 to \$4 25; canners, \$1 50 to \$2; bulls, \$2 50 to \$4 25; canners, \$1 50 to \$4 65; stockers, \$3 to \$4 25; stock heiters, \$2 50 to \$3 25; fresh cows and springers, \$3 to \$5 lower; fancy, \$50 to \$60; common to good, \$25 to \$4 65. Veals—Receipts, 700; steady; tops, \$7 75 to \$3; common to good, \$50 to \$7 50.

Hogs—Receipts, 17,000; strong; heavy, \$7 50 to \$7 55; a few at \$7 60; medium, \$7 25 to \$7 45; Yorkers, \$7 25 to \$7 36; light York-

ers and pigs, \$7 20 to \$7 25; roughs, \$6 75 to \$7; stags, \$5 59 to \$6 25.

Sheep-Receipts, 23,600; strong; top lambs, \$5 25 to \$5 40; culls to good, \$4 to \$5 20; yearlings, \$4 to \$4 25; ewes, \$2 25 to \$3 75; sheep, top mixed, \$3 50 to \$3 75; culls to good, \$1 75 to \$3 40. DETROIT BEAN MARKET.

Detroit, Oct. 21.—Beans are freely offered at a drop of ic. The market yesterday was lifeless. Quotations: Cash and Oct., \$2.40; Nov. and Dec., \$2.35; May,

MONTHS UNANIMOUSLY DECLARED OFF

(Continued from page 1.)

THE BIG COAL STRIKE THAT LASTED FIVE

Wilkesbarre, Oct. 21 .- With the prospect that President Roosevelt's proposal of arbitration would be accepted by a good majority, the convention of United Mine Workers resumed its work today in the Nesbitt Theater. While a final vote of the delegates on the motion before them at adjournment yesterday-the acceptance of the settlement proposal embodied in President Mitchell's speech-may possibly be reached early in the afternoon, it is believed that the delegates of the steam men who are opposing any resumption of work unless they get their places back at once with the rest of the strikers, have not had their full say, and may delay the final vote. Nor have the leaders, except Mr. Mitchell, spoken to any extent, For this reason the entire first session today may be devoted to speeches, and the final polling of the delegates will not be proceeded with until the latter part of the afternoon.

A formal announcement to the public, prepared last night by the resolutions committee (which includes Mr. Mitchell and other high officers of the mine workers), awaits the result of the vote on President Roosevelt's proposal. There is almost no doubt that this announcement anticipates a setlement of the strike. It was evident when the delegates assembled today that they were in a most hopeful mood. opposition of the steam men is neither nor exaggerated by Mr.

MONDAY AFTERNOON'S PROCEEDINGS. Wilkesbarre, Oct. 21.-The opening address of President Mitchell at the miners' convention yesterday was followed with the closest attention by the delegates. Those who expected him to tell all he knew of the situation with reference to the arbitration commission and the question of having all the men obtain their former positions were dis-appointed, as he reserved this for his later remarks, when the question was actually brought before the delegates. At various stages of the reading of the address Mr. Mitchell was applaud-ed, but when he urged the delegates to adopt the recommendations of the executive boards to call off the strike and all men are then to work in the positions they occupied before the strike was inaugurated, tremen

applause greeted the remark The moment he finished a Wilkesbarre delegate was on his feet, and moved that the recommendations contained in President Mitchell's address be adopted.

If this had been acted upon at once the strike would have been off and the convention's work done, but those in opposition would not have it that way. They wanted to, and did, debate the matter until the adjournment, after 5 o'clock.

OPPOSITION DEVELOPED.

A Panther Creek engineer was the first to take the floor in opposition to accepting the plan until he and his colleagues had some assurance they would be reinstated in their old positions. "The companies have declared," he said, "that they will not dismiss the men now employed by them and place strikers in their positions."

A number of other delegates spoke along the same line, and then more confusion resulted over the presence of persons who were not delegates. One delegate took the ground that many of those in the hall were stran-"We do not know whether Baer, Oliphant or John Markle is in the hal ready to vote on the proposition to come before the men," and moved that the convention adjourn.

After some speechmaking, President Mitchell again straightened out matters, by requesting all those, excepting newspaper, men, who did not have credentials, to leave the hall. About half of those present retired.

The question then reverted to the motion to adopt the recommendations of the officers to call off the strike and

OVERLOOKED

Remedies Without Number For Every Disease and Affliction But One.

A prominent physician was recently of the most common and annoying, viz., piles. He replied. There are two principal reasons. First, physicians and people in general have thought that the only permanent cure for piles was a surgical operation, that medicinal preparations were simply palliative. Another reason is that piles is in no sense of the word an imaginary disease; the sufferer from piles is very much aware of the fact, and for this reason, the few so-called pile salves, ointments, etc., have been shortlived. The patient very soon discovers their inefficiency.

He says further, fortunately, however, there is a new remedy for piles, which judging from its rapidly growing popularity, will soon take the place of all other treatment; it has certainly made astonishing cures in this obstinate disease and its merit has made it famous among physicians and wherever it has been introduced. This remedy is sold by all druggists under the name of Pyramid Pile Cure. From the immediate relief which the Pyramid Pile Cure gives in all forms of piles, many physicians sup-posed it contained opium, cocaine or some similar substance, but upon analysis it was found to be perfectly free from anything of the kind, and that the instant relief and cure which follows its use is rather the result of its remarkable healing, soothing action on the parts affected. The Pyramid Pile Cure is the only

remedy, except a surgical operation, which immediately relieves and per-Marshall, Mich.

refer all questions at issue to President Roosevelt's commission. The debate was resumed, the steam men leading, but before the discussion had proceeded many minutes, a dele-gate demanded that the credentials of all those in the building be examined to see that no one was in the place not entitled to admission. This was done, and then a motion was made to reconsider the vote by which the newspaper men were permitted to remain in the hall. The motion was defeated. President Mitchell then requested the correspondents not to mention the name of any delegate in his report, on the ground that it might injure him in obtaining work. I mis ended the

debate on the correspondents. QUESTION OF REINSTATEMENT. The question again reverted to that of reinstatement of men, and there was no further interruption in the discussion on this phase of the situation. A dozen speeches were made for and against the question of some specific action for assurance that the men would get back their places if they returned to work. It was argued by one delegate that the calling out of the engineers, firemen and pumpmen was a mistake, but as good union men they obeyed. He wanted the union to stand by those men now and not turn its back on them.

Another delegate from the southern district declared that the or-ganization should not send the together."

The only delegate in the conthat something be done for the men Mitchell. He simply maintains that mer positions. "The positions for minthis question of dissatisfaction will be ers and mine laborers are numerous who may fail to get back their forers and mine laborers are numerous enough to give nearly all of them employment," he said, "but those for engineers, firemen and pump runners are not so numerous.

At this point a delegate arose and asked Mr. Mitchell to express his views on the subject. He immediately responded, and made one of the most important addresses he has been called on to make during the past five and every word was listened to with the deepest interest. It proved to be the real speech of the day.

MR. MITCHELL AGAIN

of the Miners' Association Makes an Important Speech.

The leader of the miners then spoke as follows:

Gentlemen of the Convention,-I desire to inform you that the president of your organization has done all he can to learn the attitude of the companies towards the men who are now on strike. As you know, the companies refuse direct negotiations with us. Through intermediaries we have received assurance that the companies are to meet the issues fairly; that they are not disposed to blacklist the men; that they do not propose to be vindictive; that as far as possible men are to be returned to their old places. It may take some time before that can be brought about, and it may be that some few men will not be restored to their former positions at all. When you vote on this proposition you must do it with as full knowledge of

the situation as I can give you. "Now let me emphasize this pointthat the poorest boy that worked in a breaker is as dear to us as the men who ran the engines; that while we shall try with all the power we have to get every man that struck back to his old job, we will make special efforts for none, and show special favor to none. We want the engineers and the firemen, and the pumpmen, and the inspectors, and the bosses to go back; but we do not want them to go back one bit more than we want the little

breaker boys to go back. PROTECTION TO EVERY MAN.

"There was no single class of workmen who went out on a sympathetic strike. Every man who struck, struck for wages; he struck for exactly the same thing the miners and mine laborers struck for. As far as it is within the power of the union we shall afford protection to every man, union or non-union, who went out on strike with us. But, gen-There Are Patent Medicines and tlemen, it may be true that some will be sacrificed, and much as we shall regret that, I desire to say that no battle was ever fought, no victory was ever won, that did not carry with it some victims. Lives have been lost to asked why it was that there are so many "blood purifiers," "nerve tonics," were ever won in the world. If it apand remedies for every ill, except one peals to your judgment to accept the recommendations of your officers, if you decide to defer judgment of the President of your country, if you wish to be guided by the advice of your friends all over the land, and decide to return to work, the United Mine Workers of America will protect the man who happens to be left out of his job. In our pledge to the President of the United States, in which we notified him that we would recommend to you a resumption of work, we said to him that we should recommend a return of our people to their old jobs; and if the coal companies fail to give to treat them reasonably, we shall carry the question to the tribunal named by the President, and ask that tribunal to decide that we are entitled to the work we left when we went on

strike. "Now, gentlemen, those are my views. I have no assurance that if you return to work on Wednesday all of you will be given back your old places, I do believe, however, that the coal companies will gradually displace the men who have your jobs, and give you your old places again. I dare say that thousands of men who were brought here from the cities and from the farms to take your places will re-turn to the cities and farms when you go back. I have no doubt at all that before two or three weeks have rolled by there will be no question about the reinstatement of the men. However, remember this, that when your votes are cast I want you to cast them with manently cures every form of piles.

It is sold by druggists at 50c and sl. or by mall from Pyramid Drug Co.,

"I dare say the companies are as



Be a friend to Yourself!

Take proper care of yourself. Look after that most important possession-your health. A little neglect or carelessness and you open the door to serious

taken regularly will keep you in good health. It clears the head, gently regulates the bowels and strengthens the digestion. It drives away constipation. Do not take substitutes. Insist on "Abbey's."

Sold by all druggists.

firemen, pumpers and inspectors as you men back to work until all of them are to fill those places, and you know were assured work. "If we are going that the men they brought here to to die," he declared, "let us all die take your places are not competent to together." take your places are not competent to run the hoisting engines; that the firemen they have brought here have vention who is a member also of not been successful, and while the com-one of the railway unions demanded panies will not go out before the public and say they will 'sacrifice the men who stood by them,' as they call it, they will in most cases be glad to have their old and competent workmen Mr. Mitchell's remarks were greeted with applause.

THE ARBITRATION PLAN.

Another delegate made a speech against ending the strike without definite assurance of reinstatement, and Mr. Mitchell was again called upon for an explanation of the status of the months. He spoke slowly and clearly, arbitration plan as it now stands. In response to this request he said:

"We have not adopted their proposition as they made it. The proposition would never, with my consent have been adopted as they made it. When the coal companies thought to practically name the arbitrators we ob-jected and secured a modification of their proposition. That modification enabled the President to select men outside of the class suggested by the sented on the commission. I do not. however, assume that either the capitalists or the trade unionist who are on the commission will permit their special interests to influence their judgment in making their decisions: sion and it is there because the President of the United States wanted it there and because we would not agree to the proposition unless it was there.

DEBATE RESUMED.

Then the delegates again took up the debate. Many spoke with great earnestness. Three of them were willing to return to work and trust to the union to do justice to them. Another was willing to leave the whole matter in the hands of President Roosevelt's commission, and another said: "If I con't get my job I can look for another one; therefore let us return to work and give the American people some coal." The sentiment of the last speaker was loudly applauded.

After further debate on both sides it was decided to let the question go over until the morning. A committee on resolutions was then

appointed, and at 5:18 p.m. the committee adjourned. The resolutions committee met and outlined a set of resolutions to be presented to the convention, but nothing was given out as to what they

CHICAGO'S COAL SUPPLY

Wholesale Dealers' Anthracite Supply Exhausted-Retails at \$13 to \$18.

Chicago, Oct. 21.-Local stocks of anthracite are exhausted so far as wholesalers are concerned, and it is said that the retail yards have not more than 100 to 150 tons each, where they have any at all. Retail prices of bituminous coal have not changed materially for a month. Pocahontas smokeless is quoted at \$7 and Indiana block or the best grade of Illinois re-tails at \$4 50. Maryland smokeless sells at retail for \$6 50. The price of anthracite is quoted at \$13 to \$81.

DROPPED \$4 A TON. Flint, Mich., Oct. 21 .- The coal dealers of this city, who recently boosted the price of anthracite coal to \$12 a ton, have voluntarily reduced the price to \$8. People are confident that it will go still lower before many days.

Banquet to Col. Denison.

Toronto, Oct. 21. - Col. George T. Denison, president of the British Empire League in Canada, was last night honored by the National Club with an enthusiasm that must have been intensely gratifying to him. As many of the leading business men of the city as could be crowded into the diningroom of the club cheered him again and again, and indorsed with frequent applause his account of his recent visit to Great Britain to advance the policies advocated by the league. Hon. George W. Ross, in a speech of un-usual eloquence, hearily indorsed the policy of the league. Hon. J. Israel Tarte was present as a member of the league, and delivered a humorous speech, in which he referred to the position of a cabinet minister as being an exceedingly temporary occupa-tion. The question, "Am I a Minister?" he had diplomatically declined to answer in Ottawa earlier in the day.

Uncle Sam's School Children. Washington, Oct. 21 .- The annual report of the commissioner of education shows the grand total of pupils in envious to have competent engineers, schools, elementary, secondary and



Money Scarce, **But What of** That?

Money is scarce—it's scarce with us as well as you. Because of this we sell our goods at lower prices than if we had lots of money and could afford to be independent. You want comfortable garments for winter, and we bring them to you at the lowest possible price.

See What We Are Doing.

Regular \$1 25 Black Sateen Underskirts, with 10-inch all-pleated frill.

A line of Black Sateen Skirts, with deep flounce frilled and pleated, worth as high as \$2 50, for only \$1 39 Ladies' Flannel Gowns, worth \$1 00 to \$1 25, nicely made in Empire style.

All-Wool Canvas Cloth in blue, brown, gray and red, worth 50c yard, special, at 25c Black Cheviot Dress Goods, heavy we ave, at only, 50c to \$1 25 A line of good Black Serge, selling at, only, per yard50c A good choice of Black Venetians, at 50c, 75c, \$1 00 and \$1 25

The foregoing are only a few of our many Bargains, but they should convince you that when we say lowest prices we mean it.



value of property used for public cattle rates to the West.

higher, both public and private, in the school purposes has risen to \$576,963,-United States, for the year ended June 30, 1901, was 17,299,230, an in-089, from \$130,380,008 in 1870.

crease of 278,520 pupils over the previous year. Enrollment of pupils in inthe proposal to charge a \$50 license fee stitutions supported by general and the proposal t local taxes furnished by states and for laundries. municipalities, 15,710,394, as against Toronto live stock dealers have 15,443,462 for the previous year. The asked the Canadian Pacific for lower

Miss Agnes Miller, of Chicago, speaks to young women about dangers of the Menstrual Period - how to avoid pain and suffering and remove the cause by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"To Young Women: - I suffered for six years with dysmenorrhea (painful periods), so much so that I dreaded every month, as I knew it meant three or four days of intense pain. The doctor said this was due to an inflamed condition of the uterine appendages caused by repeated and neglected colds.

"If young girls only realized how dangerous it is to take cold at this critical time, much suffering would be spared them. Thank God for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that was the only medicine which helped me any. Within three weeks after I started to take it, I noticed a marked improvement in my general health, and at the time of my next monthly period the pain had diminished considerably. I kept up the treatment, and was cured a month later. I am like another person since. I am in perfect health, my eyes are brighter, I have added 12 pounds to my weight, my color is good, and I feel light and happy."-MISS AGNES MILLER, 25 Potomac Ave., Chicago, Ill.

The monthly sickness reflects the condition of a woman's health. Anything unusual at that time should have prompt and proper attention. Fifty thousand letters from women prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound regulates menstruction and makes those periods painless.

READ WHAT MISS LINDBECK SAYS: '

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: - Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has greatly benefitted me. I will tell you how I suffered. My trouble was painful menstruation. I felt as each month went by that I was getting worse. I had severe bearing-down pains in my back and abdo-

"A friend advised me to try Mrs. Pinkham's medicine. I did so and am now free from all pain during my periods."— Jessie C. Lindbeck, 1201 6th Street, Rockford, Ill.

FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN.

Remember, every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass., her advice is free and cheerfully given to every ailing woman who asks for it. Her advice has restored to health more than one hundred thousand women. Why don't you try it, my sick sisters?

55000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.

Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.