Select Literature.

GRACE WELDON,

—OR—

FREDERICA, THE BONNET-GIRL.

CHAPTER V.—*Continued.*

'Yes, it must be the same; for there is no other Miss Weldon who can be so beautiful as James said his little friend was. Yes, she must be the same who was so kind and charitable to him when he was a poor little boy and lived close by us, when father and poor little Bricket were living. I *hope* it is not—for—because,'—and Frederica sighed and looked very sad. 'No, no! I wouldn't wish her to love James, or that he should love her. It would break my heart! Dear James does not know how I love him with all my being! He is insensible to my silent devotion! He gave me this ring; but there was wanting something, which I sought for timidly with my eyes, in look or word, with the gift, which his face expressed not; yet all was kindly in its expression. He looks affectionately upon me as I would have a brother look, but not as I would have James look! He regards poor Frederica only as a sister, while poor Frederica adores him, trembles with joy at his footsteps' most distant sound, and is filled with happiness at the slightest tones of his voice when addressed by it! Yet he sees not that I love him—not as a sister loves, but with a love which absorbs all my being, and makes him an idol of the purest and profoundest worship!' She had to cease working with her fingers upon the flowers in the hat, to brush away the tears, for they blinded her eyes.

'Poor Frederica! she was right in her conjecture of the state of James's feelings towards her. It will be remembered, that after the old German basket-maker's death, Mrs. Daily took Frederica and adopted her as her own child. The youthful, or rather childish friendship, which had existed between James and the beautiful little German girl, had continued from year to year without interruption. They were as sister and brother, knowing no difference whatsoever, until James had reached his eighteenth year, and Frederica her fifteenth. From this time a gradual change began to form itself in their feelings. James's brotherly regard deepened and strengthened in its character, and from calling her Frederica, he began to address her by the endearing title of 'sister;' while, as a brother, he began to take the most cordial interest in the improvement of her mind. Precisely at the same time that this more gentle and endearing deportment began to manifest itself on the part of James, a change of an opposite nature was taking place in the feelings of Frederica. The sisterly love which she had felt towards James began to assume a tenderer sentiment in her heart; and love for him, the most pure, the most tender, yet strong and deep as her own being, took possession of her soul.

James could not be blind to the change which he discovered in her; but unsuspecting himself, (for he knew he had no heart to give to any one in love save to Grace Weldon, whom he had truly loved from a boy,) he attributed the blushing embarrassment, the quick dropping eye-lid when he rested his gaze upon her, the hesitating accents of her stammering replies when they were alone together, to the modesty and bashfulness peculiar to young girls just verging into womanhood. He never dreamed that she loved him with trembling! Thus it went on for nearly three years, up to the time of our story; James living in the same house, seeing her daily, treating her as a sister, kindly and tenderly, yet never suspecting that the lonely orphan was living only in his life! He had entered and found her in tears, and passing his arm around her, kissed her, and sought her confidence. This very tenderness made her still more unhappy; for she felt how hard it would be to turn the current of deep love, so brotherly as his, into the channel through which her own flowed.

Frederica now took up the hat and held it out, to observe, first the effect of the flowers inside, and then turned it this way and that, to view the general effect.

'It is very pretty! It will become her looks, and make her still more beautiful and winning! *If* it should be Miss Grace Weldon for whom I have done this—yet why do I let such emotions rise within my bosom? If James loves her, shall I wish her less lovely? Can I hate or deform what *he* loves? Oh, no! Yes—yet I would rather he would not see her in this beautiful hat! But after all, it may not be Grace, and I have no reason to believe James loves Grace; and I—perhaps *if* he knew,' she said, blushing, and looking down, 'it was more than sisterly love I entertain towards him, he might remember I was *not* his sister, and love me as I love him! Ah, it is a charming hat, and will make her look very lovely! When James comes I will ask him if Miss Weldon is returned to ——. No! I will not ask him!' she said with spirit. 'I will not let him detect even my thought! Ah, me! Frederica,' said the lovely ingenuous-hearted bonnet-girl; 'if James love you not, you will be so unhappy that this world will have to you neither sunlight, nor music, nor flowers! There is a step! It does not sound like James's! Yet it must be! the door opens with a pass-key!'

She half rose, and then reseated herself with a beating heart, and a heightened color deepening the rose of her cheeks. The entrance to Mrs. Daily's dwelling was by a narrow, paved court, from the street, the front door being in the north side, the house standing end to the street. The shop occupied the half on the right of the door, upon the street, while the half on the left hand served for the habitation. There was a communication between the shop and the back part of the sitting-room Frederica was in, as well as a door opening from it into the front entry. It was the echo of the step coming into the brick passage, which Frederica had heard.

The step was heavier in the entry than James's, and she began to feel some vague apprehensions, for she was up alone in the house, Mrs. Daily having a little while before retired, when the door opened, and James Daily entered. The moment she saw him she shrieked, and stood tremblingly gazing upon him with looks of anxious inquiry, but unable to utter a word. His face was sprinkled with blood, and those parts visible were deadly white. His coat was torn, and soiled with mud; he was without a hat, and altogether looked like a man who had had a fierce encounter with one of his species.

'Do not be alarmed, sister,' he said, smiling; but the bloody stripes upon his face made his smile look so ghastly that she shuddered. 'I am not so much hurt as I seem!'

'O, James, James!' she cried, casting herself upon his shoulder, her affectionate alarm breaking out into words and tears. 'Say, say you are not badly hurt? I shall die to know you are in danger! Oh, who has done this? Where are your wounds? Let me—let Frederica be—be ——.' She could proceed no farther! A paroxysm of nervous weeping choked her utterance, and James was forced with soothing words to calm her excited fears.

'It is nothing, dearest sister! I have been roughly handled, but I am only a little lamed! Let me have water and a towel, and I will soon show you my face as sound as ever; and when I take off this torn coat and put on my dressing gown, which you will get for me, I shall be quite as good as new! So, be a good, dear girl, and don't spoil your eyes!'

'Are you really unhurt, dear James?'

'Yes, I assure you. It is nothing of consequence!'

'You look so tearfully!'

'Then haste, child, and bring me the basin of water, and I promise you if you find a scratch as big as the prick of a needle on my face, I'll stay at home a week, and you shall doctor it homeopathically!'

Her anxiety disappeared with his cheerfulness, and hastening for the water and napkin, she soon had the happiness to see him remove the blood from his face, leaving it without a wound. And when his dressing-gown replaced his soiled coat, he looked, save being a little pale, quite as if he was altogether a very different person from the sanguinary looking individual who had a few moments before entered the house. He now proceeded to satisfy Frederica's curiosity, by informing her briefly that he had seen a burglar leaving a house with booty, and pursued him, when, after a desperate struggle, the thief escaped from him, leaving him in the plight she had beheld him in when he entered.

'But the blood?' she said, not yet satisfied of James's safety.

'He drew a knife upon me, and in wresting it from him, and to save myself from his revengeful assaults, I wounded him in the arm. It was his blood which you saw.'

Frederica clasped her hands together in deep gratitude for his escape, and then pressing her head upon his hand, in which he held hers, she wept for joy. He drew her towards him, to kiss her, with that pure, brotherly affection which so beautifully characterized his love for her; but she gently withdrew herself from his embrace, influenced by a feeling which it is difficult to analyze, but not difficult to be understood by those who have studied the delicate mechanism of a female heart.

CHAPTER VI.

The young girl wept for a few moments, without heeding the tender assiduities with which James Daily tried to soothe her, though withal surprise at her excessive grief, accompanied, as it was, at the same time, by an apparent wish to shun his kindly sympathies. Poor maiden! the more gently he spoke, the more reason did she feel she had to let her tears flow; for she felt that its tones could not always be for her! Deeply distressed, and ignorant of the true cause of her grief, and finding he could not soothe her he sat by her, regarding her with surprise and sorrow.

'What, dearest sister, can I do to restore you once more to cheerfulness?' he said, after surveying her a few moments in silence. 'You see I am not hurt; and if I were, this grief is too great. It shows me you love me very much, and that I need not regret, as I have more than once done of late, when I reflected how dear you were to me, that you were not my *own* sister!' and he let his fingers bury themselves in the rich masses of her glorious hair, and lifting them from her neck, he admired their lustre an instant in the play of the light.

Slowly she lifted her face from his hand, upon which she had laid her forehead to weep. Her tears were sealed suddenly up; though a few glittered like dew-drops upon her cheeks. Her face was calm—the calmness of effort. She put back her hair slowly with one hand, and then fixed her gaze upon the lips which had uttered those fatal words; words that had pierced her heart like arrows! words containing in themselves death to all her hopes! 'Till this moment she *had* a hope she had cherished in the corner of her heart! She thought that he only need be told her love for him was deeper than a sister's love, to awaken in his bosom, all at once, that sweet passion of his heart for her, which slumbered there all unknown to him; and which he believed (as he suffered himself to reason) was only a brother's love for a sister. But now this little, timid, trembling hope of her young and loving heart, was slain by these few words: 'I need not regret, as I have more than once done of late, when I reflected how very dear you were to me, that you were not my *own* sister!'

Alas! how these words sunk like lead into the deep fountain of her love!

Steadily she fixed her deep blue eyes upon his face, and neither spoke, nor moved lip or eye-lash. She sat like some pale, beautiful statue of Niobe. He drew back with surprise, and looks of alarm. Her pure, young face was so full of woe—so pitiful is its looks, that tears came fresh to his eyes, he knew not wherefore.

'Frederica! my sister—my own dear sister, speak to me! Do not look so piteously grieved. Your looks are enough to make one's heart break. For God's sake, Frederica, alter the expression of your countenance! I cannot bear to have you look upon me so!'

A smile, like the first glimmer of a wintry dawn, cold and faint, passed slowly over her lips, which were motionless. This was more painful than her sad, fixed gaze, and James, unable to endure the scene any longer, caught her hands, and pressing his lips to her cheek, strove to rouse her from a condition which alarmed him for her reason! Yet what cause there was sufficient to induce this painful state, he could not divine. Her hand and cheek were cold as marble to his touch, and seeing her eyes fixed, he was about to call loudly upon his mother for her assistance, when she struggled for utterance, and spoke:

'Do not—do not—I am well now, quite well,' she articulated, in broken sentences, and in a voice so soft and low, that he could scarcely hear the words. 'You see I smile, James!' and she did smile—oh! how sadly—how touchingly! James felt his heart swelling with emotion. He was overwhelmed with wonder and sorrow. 'Don't—alarm—alarm mother! I shall be quite well! I—I couldn't breathe well! It is over now!' and the poor girl breathed heavily several times, as if she had been laboring under a sense of suffocation. 'There, James, you see I am much better now,' and she smiled more naturally upon him, and the soft expression of her eyes came back. He saw that she was indeed better, and greatly relieved, for he knew not how to understand it all, (as Frederica had never appeared so before,) and he impulsively pressed her to his heart.

'God be thanked! I feared you were losing your reason. What has been the matter with you, dearest sister?'

'Nothing, James, it is nothing. I am well—at least I will *try* to be well,' she added, in the most touching accents, which, to those who knew her heart's secret, if heard by them, would have been infinitely painful.

'I am so very happy you are recovered. I never was more alarmed! You smile to reassure me. Thanks, thanks! I feel that you are safe now. Was it a headache?'

'A rushing of the blood, I believe, from the heart to the head! Do not speak of it, James. It will not recur. It was a weakness. I shall try and be stronger than this.'

'We will not speak of it. This is a sweet hat you were trimming,' he said, taking up a hat from the table. 'A velvet drab, bound with blue color, and white and pink flowers inside! If you are making this for any one in particular, I can tell you the complexion of the lady who ordered it.'

'I have just trimmed that. It was not made to order, but only by my fancy. It was, however, purchased to-day by a young lady.'

'A blue-eyed lady, with a delicate complexion, I will promise you,' he said, smiling, and turning the hat round and surveying it.

'Yes. But how did you know?' she asked, her voice still tremulous, yet making in her soul a superhuman effort to appear disinterested, and not let him suspect the state of her heart; for the generous girl, now that she felt there was no hope for her love, would not that he should be made unhappy by knowing of how much unhappiness he was the innocent cause. It was this noble sentiment that enabled her to control herself when reason had nearly left its throne, and all seemed darkness and chaos around her.

(*To be continued.*)

1866. Spring Goods. 1866.

THE Subscriber has now completed his Importations for the Season, per ships "Lotus" and "Ariadne" from BRITAIN, consisting of—

Black Broad Cloths and Doeskins, Fancy Coatings and Scotch Tweed Trowserings, Ready-Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Gloves, Scarfs, Ties, Braces, Grey and White Cottons, sheetings, checked shirtings, printed Cottons, ginghams, jeans, osnaburgs, baggings, tickings, Cotton Warp, white, red and blue, (warranted superior quality); white and scarlet flannels, shawls, parasols, Hats, bonnet-shapes, ribbons, falls, white and coloured Hose, hoop skirts, and a general assortment of

Seasonable Goods.

Chests choice Congou TEA, Sugar, Molasses, Liverpool Soap, glass, nails, sole leather, &c.

W. H. WILSON.

McIsaac's Old Stand, Queen-street, Charlottetown, June 13, 1866.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY

South Side Queen Square.

THE Subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform his Customers and the Public generally that his Warerooms are now well filled with all kinds of goods in his line, suitable for the season, which have been manufactured with great care, and of best material, with a due regard to sizes, and which will be offered to wholesale buyers on the most favorable terms and at such prices as cannot fail to insure quick sales.

He particularly invites the attention of the Citizens of Charlottetown and vicinity to the Stock now on sale in the Retail Department, which, for quality and price, cannot fail to please.

This is the only Establishment in the City where you can get a Good Boot, a Good Fitting and Fashionable Boot, CHEAP.

Call and examine the Stock before purchasing elsewhere, when you will find the most fashionable and cheapest Stock of BOOTS and SHOES, &c., ever offered in this City.

—ALSO—

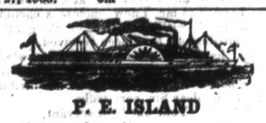
Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses', Boys', Youths', and Children's

India Rubber Over Shoes,

for sale at unprecedentedly low prices.

GEORGE NICOLL.

June 27, 1866. 6m



P. E. ISLAND

Steam Navigation Co's Steamers

"PRINCESS OF WALES" AND "HEATHER BELLE."

Summer Arrangement.

The steamer "PRINCESS OF WALES" leaves Charlottetown for Summerside, Shediac, Richibucto, Chatham and Newcastle, every Monday night at eleven o'clock, reaching Shediac in time for the morning train on Tuesday.

Leaves Shediac for Richibucto at nine o'clock on Tuesday morning, and Richibucto for Chatham and Newcastle, at one o'clock same day, arriving at Chatham and Newcastle same evening.

Leaves Newcastle, for Shediac at three o'clock on Wednesday morning, calling at Chatham and Richibucto on way down.

Leaves Shediac for Summerside and Charlottetown on Wednesday afternoon at half past two o'clock, immediately on arrival of the Train.

Leaves Charlottetown for Pictou every Thursday morning at nine; returning, leaves Pictou for Charlottetown at twelve o'clock same night.

Leaves Charlottetown for Summerside and Shediac every Friday morning, at half-past eight o'clock.

Leaves Shediac for Summerside and Charlottetown at half-past two, after arrival of train, every Saturday afternoon, arriving at Charlottetown at half-past ten same night.

The Steamer "HEATHER BELLE" leaves Charlottetown for Pictou every Monday morning at nine.

Leaves Pictou same evening,—on arrival of Mail, about half-past four o'clock,—for Charlottetown.

Leaves Charlottetown for Bruie every Thursday and Saturday mornings, at five o'clock; returning to Charlottetown same evenings, immediately after arrival of mail at Bruie, at about four o'clock in the evening.

FARES—From Charlottetown to Pictou, or back, Cabin, 12s; steerage, 10s 6d.
Charlottetown to Bruie, or back, Cabin, 9s; steerage 7s 6d.
Charlottetown to Summerside or back, Cabin, 9s; steerage, 7s 6d.
Charlottetown to Shediac, or back, Cabin, 18s; steerage, 15s.

Charlottetown to Richibucto, or back,			$5.00.
Do.	Miramichi	do.	6.00
Summerside to Richibucto,		do.	3.00
Do.	Miramichi	do.	4.50
Shediac to Richibucto		do.	2.00
Do.	Miramichi	do.	3.00
Charlottetown to St. John, or back,		£1 8s 1½d,	or $4.50.
Do.	Eastport,	do. 1 17s 6d,	or 6.00
Do.	Portland,	do. 2 16s 0d,	or 8.00.
Do.	Boston,	do. 2 16s 3d,	or 9.00.

FARES—FREIGHT.—Charlottetown to Summerside, 1s per barrel bulk.
Charlottetown to Shediac, 1s 6d per barrel bulk.
Do. Richibucto and Miramichi, 2s 3d, do.
Shediac to Richibucto and Miramichi, 1s 6d do.

RETURN TICKETS to or from Charlottetown and Summerside, 12s., available one week. Tickets void if parties leave the Island during the time.

EXCURSION RETURN TICKETS, at one first class fare, may be issued at any Ticket Office, to parties of five or more going and returning together to and from any one station within one week, it being distinctly understood that unless these conditions are complied with, the Tickets will be void.

SEASON TICKETS may be purchased at Office for individuals or families.

By Order,
F. W. HALES, Secretary.

Charlottetown, June, 1866.

THOMAS KELLY,
Attorney and Barrister-at-Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
CONVEYANCER, &c.,
SUMMERSIDE, - - P. E. ISLAND.

July 4, 1866. 3m

A FINE CHANCE FOR SPECULATORS

—AND—

ENTERPRISING MEN!

THE unersigned has been instructed by the Owners to offer for SALE, or to RENT, several valuable FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES, and FARMS, in BELFAST and otherparts of the Island, in good cultiva,noti well wooded, and possessing other advantages; and for which good and valid ti tles, and immediate possession can e given

Also, four LOTS, being the residue of thirteen Building Lots, (the other nine having been sold the present Season) in that most advantageous mercantile situation known as "SUMMER ILL," adjoining MONTAGUE BRIDGE, ten miles from Georgetown, where close to 150,000 bushels of Produce are annually shipped, and nearly all paid or in Cash. Americans and other speculators purchase here and ship for Great Britain, the United States, &c.

A number of Stores, Wharfs, a Meeting House, Post Office, and Temperance Society have been established for some time; with many Grist and Saw and Cloth Mills in the vicinity; where also any quantity of all kinds lumber can be had in trade at low rates. "SUMMER HILL" is the only *Freehold Property* for sale in the place which renders it most desirable for the above class of artizans now so much wanted in this rising town.

A STORE and DWELLING on it, capable of holding 15,000 bushels produce, with a double Wharf and site for a Lime Kiln, will be sold or leased on reasonable terms.

Plans, particulars or any other information can be obtained by calling at the office of Messrs. BALL & SON, Land Surveyors, Charlottetown. Reference can also be had from W. SANDERSON, F. P. NORTON, THOS. ANNEAR, Georgetown; JAS. BRODERICK, Campbellton, Lot 4; F. W. HUGHES, *Examiner* Office, Charlottetown, and to the subscriber at Orwell, who is also Agent for the sale of **Manny's Mowing Machine**, the celebrated Yarmouth COOKING STOVE, and also for the Fulling Mills of Messrs. BOURKE, Mill View, the Honble. JAS. McLAREN, New Perth, FINLAY W. McDONALD, Pinette; where CLOTH is received and returned with despatch.

RICHARD J. CLARKE.

Orwell Store, Aug. 10, 1864. E I

THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY,

HAVING A LARGE PAID UP CAPITAL,

ACCEPT ALL CLASSES OF RISKS,

At Reasonable Rates of Premium.

CHARLES YOUNG, Agent.

October 19, 1864.

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her

Soothing Syrup,

For Children Teething,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Dependupon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourself, and

RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over thirty years, and can say with confidence and truth of it, which we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed, in a single instance, to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know," after thirty years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skilful nurses in New England, and has been used with never failing success in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, AND WIND COLIC

and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied end in death. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the forgoing complaints—do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by druggists throughout the world.
Principal Office, No. 48 Dey Street, New York.
Price, only 35 cents per Bottle.

Oct. 11, 1865. 1y

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

A Slight Cold, Cough, Hoarseness, or Sore Throat, which might be checked with a simple remedy, if neglected, often terminates seriously. Few are aware of the importance of stopping a Cough or Slight Cold in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if not attended to, soon attacks the lungs.

Brown's Bronchial Troches were first introduced eleven years ago. It has been proved that they are the best article before the public for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, the Hacking Cough in Consumption, and numerous affections of the Throat, giving immediate relief.

Public Speakers and Singers,

will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, at 25 cents per box.

Oct. 1.

Butler's Rosemary Hair Cleaner.

AN elegant preparation for the Toilet and Nursery possessing, in the highest degree, the property of removing Scurf and Dandruff from the Head, and by its invigorating qualities increasing the growth of the Hair.

W. R. WATSON.

City Drug Store, Nov. 23, 1864.

New Tobacco Factory

AT SUMMERSIDE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having JUST OPENED a FACTORY at SUMMERSIDE, is prepared at Sappy Wholesale Customers with the Island Manufactured TOBACCO, warranted a good article, at the very lowest prices, and on the most reasonable terms; and hopes his Factory, being the first of the kind established in Prince County, will meet with liberal patronage from the Traders and Merchants of Summerside, and Prince County generally.

PATRICK REILLY.

Summerside, August 9, 1865.

THE CHEAPEST AND SAFEST DOCTOR.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

THIS great household Medicine ranks among the leading necessaries of life. It is well known to the world that it cures many complaints other remedies cannot reach, this fact is as well established as that the sun lights the world.

Disorders of the Liver and Stomach.

Most persons will, at some period of their lives, suffer from indigestion derangement of the liver, stomach or bowels, which if not quickly removed, frequently settles into a dangerous illness. It is well known in India, and other tropical climates, that Holloway's Pills are the only remedy that can be relied on in such cases. Almost every soldier abroad carries a box of them in his knapsack. In England most persons knowthat these Pills will cure them whenever the liver, stomach or bowels are out of order and that they need no physician.

Weakness and Debility.

Such as suffer from weakness, or debility, and those who feel want of energy, should at once have recourse to these Pills, as they immediately purify the blood, and acting upon the main-spring of life, give strength and vigor to the system. To young persons entering into womanhood, with a derangement of the functions, and to mothers at the turn of life, these Pills will be most efficacious in correcting the tide of life that may be on the turn. Young and elderly men suffer in a similar manner at the same periods, when there is always danger: they should therefore undergo a course of this purifying medicine, which ensures lasting health.

Disorders of Children.

If these Pills be used according to the printed directions, and the Ointment rubbed over the region of the kidneys, as least once a day as salt is forced into meat, it will penetrate the kidneys and correct any derangement of their organs. Should the affliction be stone or gravel, then the Ointment should be rubbed into the neck of the bladder, and a few days will convince the sufferer that the effect of these two remedies is astonishing.

Disorders of the Stomach

Are the sources of the deadliest maladies. Their effect is to vitiate all the fluids of the body, and to send a poisoned stream through all the channels of circulation. Now what is the operation of the Pills? They cleanse the bowels, regulate the liver, bring the relaxed or irritated stomach into a natural condition, and acting through the secretive organs upon the blood itself, change the state of the system from sickness to health, by exercising a simultaneous and wholesome effect upon all its parts and functions

Complaints of Females.

The functional irregularities peculiar to the weaker sex, are invariably corrected without pain or inconvenience by the use of Holloway's Pills. They are the safest and surest medicine for all diseases incidental to females of all ages.

Bilious Affections.

All young children should have administered to them, from time to time, a few doses of these Pills, which will purify their blood, and enable them to pass safely through the different disorders incidental to children, such as measles, hooping-cough, cowpock, and other infantile diseases. These Pills are so harmless in their nature as not to injure the most delicate constitution, and are therefore more peculiarly adapted as a corrective of the humors affecting them.

Dropsey.

Hundreds are cured yearly by the use of these Pills conjointly with the Ointment, which should be rubbed very bountifully into the parts affected.

Derangement of the Kidneys.

The quantity and quality of the bile are of vital importance to health. Upon the liver, the gland which secretes the fluid so necessary for digestion, the Pills operate specifically, infallibly rectifying its irregularities, and effectually curing jaundice, bilious remittants, and all the varieties of disease generated by an unnatural condition of that organ.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known for the following diseases:—

Ague	Debility	Jaundice	Secondary symptoms
Asthma	Dropsy	Liver Complaints	Tic-Douloureux
Bilious complaints	Dysentery	Lumbago	Tumors
Blotches on the skin	Erysipelas	Piles	Ulcers
Bowel complaints	Females Irregularities	Rheumatism	Veneral Affections
Colics	Fevers of all kinds	Retention of Urine	Worms of all kinds
constipation of the bowels.	Fits	Scrofula or King's Evil	Weakness, from whatever cause &c., &c.
Consumption,	Gouts	Sore Throats	
	ead-ache	Stone and Gravel	
	Indigestion		
	Inflammation		

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