

COOK'S FRIEND Baking Powder

IS PURE, HONEST GOODS. Will do MORE WORK for SAME COST than any other composed of equally safe Ingredients.

McLAREN'S COOK'S FRIEND THE ONLY GENUINE.

THE POOR IN IRELAND.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

The declaration concluded: "Now those who think that we who can obtain the services of poor law inspectors, school inspectors, relieving officers, resident magistrates, the police and other residents in localities affected, and who already are officially responsible for the relief works far exceeding anything that charity is likely to effect, to those who think that we are better equipped for carrying out this work than persons not having these advantages we offer to undertake the management of the distribution of any funds entrusted to us. We believe that money so spent will be well spent." All assistance in the shape of food or clothing through this channel or any other which reaches children and helpless persons, will lighten or remove such immediate suffering without exaggerating chronic evils requiring different and continuous abatement for a permanent cure. Subscriptions or offering of clothing will be received by the Countess Zeland at the Viceregal Lodge, or by Secretary Balfour.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—The Daily News says it publishes the appeal of Dublin Castle in behalf of the Irish poor with mixed feelings of satisfaction and shame. While most anxious not to check the flow of charity, it cannot refrain from recalling the ignominious ridicule which a portion of the Tory press threw upon its repeated warnings concerning the potato famine. The response to the appeal from the Castle, it says, should be fullhearted and immediate; but the letter, it adds, demands from every thoughtful Englishman a serious examination of an answer to the question: "Why is the Irish Government dependent upon charity?"

DUBLIN, January 5.—The Freeman's Journal says:—The Earl of Zeland, viceroy of Ireland, and Mr. Balfour, chief secretary, have begun to pass around the hat to obtain funds to purchase food and clothing for the suffering portion of the population of Ireland. It is their intention to make the removable police magistrates the relieving officers who will distribute the contributions forwarded to the castle in answer to the appeal of the viceroy and chief secretary. Dublin castle for the present is to be fortified into a sort of drydock stone with a soup kitchen attached. Mr. Balfour now thinks he sees a favorable chance of cutting into the popular feeling, but the country will be disappointed if the indignation of the people fails to find unequivocal expressions. At the distance so bad as to call for the action of the Government, then it is by the Government that it ought to be relieved and not by the begging bowl. The Express refers to the significance of the fact that at the winter assize cases of agrarian crime are tried without exception with the witnesses and jurors discharging their duties in a courageous manner. This salutary change, says the Express, is effecting objects for which the law exists, and is redounding the character of the Irish juries.

BISMARCK'S RETIREMENT. A Hilarious Story.—The Truth Hidden in the Secret Archives of Two Great Nations. LONDON, Jan. 3.—The following account of the circumstances which brought about the resignation of Prince Bismarck is published by the Times and vouches for its accuracy.—France now begins for the first time to understand the cause of Bismarck's fall and circumstances, unknown till of late, which accompanied it. All these revelations are such that the ex-Chancellor's bitterest enemies hardly venture to discuss what a shadow he cast in his descent from power. The iron rule of Bismarck had been an obstacle and an embarrassment and a cause of irritation to everybody and a constant difficulty in the despatch of public affairs. Lately, he had seen none of the ministers of whom he was the chief; had listened to none of their objections and gave positive and definite orders as if the opinion of his associates in the Government were of no value. He was almost unapproachable and received only those whom he invited round him. He tolerated no objections, listened with a condescending smile which condemned beforehand the ideas submitted to him by his young master, the Emperor. He even ceased really to work, while complaining bitterly of the slightest decision that was come to without consulting him and yet professed himself overwhelmed with labor whenever documents were sent to sign. He had become a terror to all who were obliged to come near him. Nobody ventured to contradict him. Even the Emperor saw him but occasionally, either because His Majesty was afraid of disturbing him or of irritating him. At last the moment came when his pupil—now his master,—confronted the fact that he was not master, but only chief-servant. The long restrained imperial discontent broke into open quarrel on a minor question and poured forth in such a torrent that the Chancellor, taken by surprise and disconcerted, suddenly said: "Then I can only offer Your Majesty my resignation."

HORROR AND SURPRISE, the aide-de-camp had been sent to demand his written resignation. The Prince, very uneasy, made the lame excuse of not having yet drawn it up and deferred the matter till the morning. Next morning the aide-de-camp re-appeared. This time Bismarck was calmer, but again made the same excuse, saying that before preparing a written resignation he was bound to pay a visit. Accordingly he did pay a visit, which, incredible as it may appear, we can vouch for, was to the Empress Frederick, at which in a panic at his fall, this man, who but the day before had been the great chancellor, now stopped before her whom he had so long humbled and explained the danger to the empire involved in his fall and the fatal consequence which the young Emperor risked in thus overturning the founder of the Empire. He begged Her Majesty to intervene and prevent the disaster to Germany and the remorse that the sovereign would feel at this unmerited humiliation of his most faithful servant. The Empress heard him out. She saw, humiliating himself before her, the man who had hated implacably her husband and herself, and who had sown distrust between father and son. No doubt she enjoyed the spectacle of seeing at her feet this bitter enemy, now dismissed by the very son whom he had reckoned on making his tool against her, and, in a single sentence, becoming an empress, a mother and a woman, she returned to this cringing diplomatist all the insults he had cast upon her. She said: "I much regret being quite powerless. I should have been extremely glad to intervene with my son in your favor, but you so employed all your power in estranging his heart from us, making his mind foreign to mine, that I can only witness your fall without being able to ward it off. When you are no longer there, my son will perhaps draw nearer to me, but then it will be too late for me to help you."

The Prince withdrew with downcast head, and returning home, found the aide-de-camp, who for the fourth time had come for his resignation, which the fallen statesman handed to him.

C. M. B. A. L-Association begs the members of the order to read carefully the discourse of the Rev. Father Ludovic de Besse of the Capuchin order on "Popular Credit" with a view to considering the establishment of workingmen's banks.

The Lordship the Bishop of Nicolet has formally approved the principles and working of the C.M.B.A. and authorized the establishment of branches in his diocese.

The United States Government, it is rumored, will put seven more revenue cutters in the Atlantic Sea next season.

Mr. Daniel Curran, aged 108 years, died at his home in Lima, Ohio, last week. He was in full possession of his faculties till the last. He leaves a brother in Bellefontaine who is 100 years old. He was born in Ireland, but had lived on this continent 75 years.

With the opening of the New Year the first Catholic periodical ever produced in the south of the Dark Continent made its first appearance. Its title is the South African Catholic Magazine, and its place of publication Cape Town. It is the official organ of the hierarchy.

The latest distinguished convert who has been received into the Church is the eldest son of the Lord Chancellor of Ireland. It is announced that the Hon. William Gibson has been admitted into the true fold by the Rev. Walter Stratford, S.J., at the Church of St. Aloysius, St. Giles's, Oxford.

Mr. John Thompson has authorized to the purchase of a photographic apparatus for the public service of Canada. It is claimed that this new invention will faithfully reproduce the image on the retina of the eyes of the dead, say of murdered persons, thus proving valuable in identifying murderers.

The governments of Portugal and the Congo State have signed an agreement providing that in case of their failure to limit Angola by direct negotiations they will appeal to the Pope, and that in the event of his being unable to effect a settlement the question will be submitted to the arbitration of a friendly power.

About four o'clock on Friday morning the citizens of Lachute were roused by the fire bell to fight a most disastrous fire. The fire originated in Mr. C. Geiger's store, which was soon in a blaze, and before it could be prevented several houses were burned down or damaged. Five were burned to the ground, and only three of them were insured. This is the most extensive fire that has ever occurred in Lachute.

Last week while playing in a snow house at the Tete du Pont barracks, Kingston, the heavy ice not fell in, burying beneath it Victor Drury, son of Major Drury, and Mary Cotton, daughter of Lieut.-Col. Cotton. The little girl was rescued in a semi-conscious condition and much bruised. She told of the little lad's mishap, and after seven minutes he was rescued. Artificial respiration had to be resorted to and he now lies in a critical condition. He is only five years of age. Nearly half ton of snow and ice was heaped upon him.

Bishop Frappet, at a reception which he gave on Friday to the clergy of the diocese of Angers, France, made an address in which he declared the campaign of irreligious Frenchmen against the church, although now less glaringly conducted, was still continued. The form of the government he said, had nothing to do with the matter. He was of the conviction that Catholics must organize not as a party, but under the direction of the bishops, and "wrest from freemasons and the thinkers the rights and liberty of which they have been deprived."

A prisoner just released from Down Patrick prison gives the following account of the daily occupations in goal of his fellow prisoners who belonged to the "invincibles": Joseph Mullet supervises the book-binding department and has charge of the prison library; McCaffrey works in the laundry; Fitzharris, Lawrence and Hanlon pass the time in attending to business in the tailoring department; O'Brien and Marouey are interested in the workings of the shoemaking department; Dan Delaney is the feature of the carpentering department and James Mullet does odd jobs about the prison.

Mr. William Wainwright, formerly assistant manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, is promoted to the position of assistant general manager. Mr. Sergeant, the new general manager, has not yet taken possession of the private office of Sir Joseph H. Hickson, nor has he made any change in Sir Joseph Hickson's staff of clerks. Mr. J. J. Cunningham, of the general offices, Montreal, has been appointed assistant general freight agent. Mr. A. H. Harris is to be district general freight agent, with office at Hamilton, vice Mr. R. Quinn, now European traffic agent, and Mr. Charles J. Haigh has been appointed through traffic agent, Detroit, vice Mr. Harris, transferred.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK.

Items of News From All Parts of the Globe by Sea and Land.

The tombs of six Popes of ancient days have been discovered at Rome.

Mr. Thomas Murray, ex-M.P., has been appointed sheriff of Kent.

A syndicate of capitalists has offered the United States Government \$14,000,000 for Alaska.

Farmers in Western Alberta think of starting their ploughs if the warm weather continues.

A convention of South Norfolk Reformers, held at Port Rowan, renominated Mr. John Charlton for Parliament.

W. A. Winfield & Co., confectioners and biscuit manufacturers, Montreal, have failed, with liabilities of \$55,000.

U. S. Treasury officials say the loss occasioned by consular agents' doings in Canada amounts to \$1,000,000 for the past year.

Wm. Degan, the New York consumptive, who has been under treatment by the Koch system at Berlin, has shown signs of improvement.

Jean Desbrouvrie, the inventor of the system of conveying messages by carrier swallows, has been arrested at Roubaix for assaulting his wife.

Dan, Wiman & Co. report that the business failures in Canada in 1890 numbered 1,847, with liabilities of \$18,000,000. In 1889 the number was 1,777, and the liabilities \$14,000,000.

A bulletin issued by the Department of Inland Revenue gives the result of an analysis of mustard purchased in various Canadian towns and cities. Of 137 samples analysed 79 were adulterated.

James Mullet and Daniel Delaney, convicted participants in the Phoenix park murders and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, were discharged on Monday from the penitentiary at Downpatrick.

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A NATURAL REMEDY FOR Epileptic Fits, Falling Sickness, Hysterics, St. Vitus Dance, Nervousness, Hypochondria, Melancholia, Inebriety, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Brain and Spinal Weakness.

This medicine has direct action upon the nerve centers, allaying all irritability and increasing the flow and power of nerve fluid. It is perfectly harmless and leaves no unpleasant effects.

Our pamphlet for sufferers of nervous diseases will be sent to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge from us.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Father Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., for the past ten years, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price \$1 per Bottle. 6 Bottles for \$5.

KNABE PIANOS. UNEQUALLED IN Tone, Touch, Workmanship and Durability

BALTIMORE, 22 and 24 East Baltimore Street. New York, 148 Fifth Ave., Washington, 817 Market Space

WILLIS & CO., Sole Agents, 524 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

"PERSIAN LOTION"



For whitening the complexion, imparting to the hair the softness and brilliancy of pearls, for removing pimples and all other eruptions. THE PERSIAN LOTION is a pure and delicate preparation, which is not only safe, but also very effective. It is a true specific for the skin. It is a true specific for the skin. It is a true specific for the skin.

W. L. CHANCE, proprietor, 1238 - 1242 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

Bermuda Bottled.

"You must go to Bermuda. If you do not I will not be responsible for the consequences." But doctor, I can afford neither the time nor the money. "Well, if that is impossible, try

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

I sometimes call it Bermuda Bottled, and many cases of Consumption, Bronchitis, Cough or Severe Cold I have cured with it, and the advantage is that the most sensitive stomach can take it. Another thing which commends it is the stimulating properties of the fish phosphates which it contains. You will find it for sale at your Druggist's, in Seaboard wrapper. Be sure you get the genuine. SCOTT'S BOWNE, B. B. & Co.

FURNITURE!

For the Finest and Best assortment of FURNITURE in Montreal, go to the reliable House of Renaud, King & Paterson, (Successors to Wm. King & Co)

652 Craig St. Montreal. JOHN FOSTER, Practical Sanitarian, PLUMBER, GAS and STEAMFITTER, TIN and SHEET-IRON WORKER, 17 College Street. Telephone 652

Must Come In. HALIFAX, Jan. 4.—The Rev. Dr. Howley arrived to-day from St. John's Nfld., and says that many leading men of both parties there look upon confederation with Canada as inevitable, and are shunning their course accordingly. Annexation with the United States is out of the question. The people are still very bitter over the way that they are being treated by England, and if the rights and properties of colonists are interfered with in the spring the manhood of Newfoundland will assert itself. If the action of the colonists involves a casus belli England and France can fight it out between themselves. There is a financial stringency at St. John's and the Government will have to meet the Legislature with a big deficit. The financial conditions, as well as the unsettled fishery and French shore questions, will make the question of confederation a live issue at an early day.

Municipal Elections. TORONTO, January 6.—The municipal elections here have in some degree inaugurated a revolution which it is hoped will ere long rid the city of the species of Tammanyism so long held sway in her borders. A long list of reform has been decided on. The council of the future will consist of twenty-four members from each of the six municipal districts, which will run north and south from the lake to opposite the city limits. The term of office will be for two years, and members from each district retiring annually. The number of council will be reduced to four and an alternation can only serve on one committee. Mr. Clark, the Mayor, is expected to be re-elected, but by a largely decreased majority. Mr. Thomas Berkeby was elected Mayor of Ottawa by a large majority; Mr. George Taylor of London; Mr. J. W. Liddell of Cornwall.

What Our Contemporaries Say. THE TRUE WITNESS comes to us in a new dress. It looks bright and airy and we notice that it is standing by Parrnell too. The old paper is as popular as ever.—Quebec Telegraph.

THE TRUE WITNESS, of Montreal, the veteran Catholic Journal of Canada, has done a new and great thing for itself, being the recipient of an all-around improvement. Many a brilliant editorial pen has been connected during the past quarter of a century with the TRUE WITNESS. It is only necessary to mention the names of Clark, Murphy, Kirwan, Fleming and Cloran—writers of such varied and strong gifts that they both charmed and commanded an audience. We wish the TRUE WITNESS every success.—North-Western Witness.

Archbishop Duhamel. OTTAWA, January 5.—His Grace Archbishop Duhamel and Rev. Father Routher, vicar-general, returned from a three months' visit to Rome and other European cities to-day. The archbishop and the vicar-general were met by a large number of clergy from the archdiocese, as well as private citizens. On Monday afternoon a reception was held, and the presence of the archbishop and vicar-general in the city was welcomed by the archbishop and vicar-general, with addresses welcoming him back to Ottawa.

Montreal Majority. Mayor Gouger denies the announcement made by a morning paper that he was about to retire from the mayoralty contest. His health is recovering rapidly. He intends staying in the field and anticipates that he will be re-elected.

IRISH NOTES. A man named Groves, parchment maker, was found burned to death recently in a lane in New Ross, Dublin. His sister stated that she had been visiting him in the United States, and had been in possession of the premises on behalf of the opponents of Mr. Parnell.

Recently the house of a man named Kelly, of Wilbur, about two miles from Balbriggan, in the county of Dublin, was destroyed by fire. The inmates consisted of Kelly and his wife and ten children, and an old woman eighty years of age. Every thing in the place was consumed, and the family made their escape, but this morning it was found that the old woman was suffocated.

Recently, owing to the rough weather, the people of Clare and Inishark Islands could not take heed to their starting families, and had to be one of the shandlers to appeal to Mr. Horne, R.M., who, by his influence with the authorities, might prevent the services of the English gunboats of the Queen of the Quay. The application was made, and Mr. Horne immediately wired, and obtained the desired privilege for the poor people.

Mrs. Sara Irwin died at her son's residence, at Lisburn, in the valley of the Duff, recently, at the age of 64 years. She was born in Drumbarry, between Drumgath and Omagh, and was one of seven sisters and a brother, all of whom are now dead. Her maiden name was Miss Sara Gibson. She was married to Andrew Irwin, of Lisburn, near Castleblaney, who died about 1840, at the advanced age of eight or nine years. Mrs. Irwin is survived by one son and two daughters out of a family of eight children.

A very imposing ceremony took place recently at Mohill, when Miss Helena Costello, daughter of Mr. W. Costello, T.C., Rathfriland, entered into religion under the name of Sister M. Angela. The Bishop of the Diocese, the Most Rev. Dr. Woodlock, officiated. Among those present were the Rev. Father Donohue, P. P. Mohill; Rev. Father Allen, P. P. Rathfriland; Rev. Father Kelly, do; Rev. Father Cassidy, do; Rev. Father Murphy, Rathfriland. The brother and sister of the young religious were also present.

A horrible murder was discovered recently at Farranmore, a place about five miles from Wicklow. The victim was a widow named Lyons, who kept a small shop, and who, it is stated, had £700 on the premises at the time. The body of the unfortunate woman was discovered in a pool of blood, and with the head completely severed from the body. The murderer is supposed to be a tramp, but has not yet been apprehended. The police are actively on the lookout for him. It is stated that all the money has been carried off by the murderer.

A familiar figure in Wexford passed away by the death, recently, of Mr. Charles Kelly, of Comarquet. Mr. Kelly had attained the venerable age of ninety-two years, and had lived in Wexford since 1825. He was thoroughly acquainted with the history of his county, and his various peculiarities were constantly the subject of attention. He wore golden tresses in his hair, and was a shrewd and shrewd man, and a very singular appearance. Many years ago he used to ply his trade in a disused upon carriage in the Bathing. Mr. Kelly is the subject of one of Miss Charles's most interesting and excellent series—Here and There Through Ireland.

The death is announced of Sister Mary Joseph Leahy, a native of County Tipperary, at Springfield, Weyburn, Cape Colony, South Africa. Sister Leahy went into the Convent with Monsignor Pagan (now of King William's Town) in 1861, and entered the Dominican Order. In 1862 she made her profession, in the presence of the Most Rev. Dr. Grimley, and was placed in charge of St. Bridget's Mission School, Cape Town, where she remained until August, 1863, when she returned to Weyburn, and many of her pupils were so influenced by her teaching and example, that they embraced the religious life. No less than twelve entered the Dominican Order at Cape Town and King William's Town. In August, 1880, Sister Mary Joseph went to Weyburn, and there she continued to assist in St. Mary's and St. Ann's schools till she died, when her health failed.

Mr. Tener, accompanied by twenty Emergencymen, armed with rifles and revolvers, proceeded to the Clarendon estate in Woodford, a couple of weeks ago, to evict a number of tenants. The work was done in a quiet and unobtrusive manner, and the tenants were taken by surprise; but as soon as the news had spread a crowd assembled. On reaching the house of Thomas Anderson, the sheriff, the crowd was met by a few sturdy young fellows armed with pikes, spears and bludgeons, with the result that they have been confined to close quarters within the gate of the Clarendon estate, and the anxious was Mr. Tener to get the tenants to break away from their combination, that he offered one man a hundred pounds to be a document which he produced, not to disturb him; but Kane, like all his fellow-tenants to whom similar offers were made, refused. In all, nine families were evicted before the assistance was organized. It is said that proceedings for assault will be instituted against the men who so promptly put an end to the present eviction campaign.

Carsley's EARLY CLOSING

To notice personalities by advertising is breaking a rule to which we adhered very closely in the past; but remarks of our good friend and neighbor are so encouraging that we cannot help expressing satisfaction at the coming of one of our first converts from the nine hours system, who with many others used to keep hands working from 9 to 5 every night in the week, except Saturday which was later still. If as successful with those we are now trying to get close early, we shall be fortunate. However, the present late hour men are really merciful to their employees as compared with what our friend and others used to be. We have nothing but good to say about our neighbor, and hope he will never return to the very late hours he at one time was such a slave to.

S. CARSLY.

Begin in Earnest

Our Annual Cheap Sale has begun in earnest. Customers are delighted with the bargains.

TEN to HALF PRICE.

The discounts during this month's Cheap Sale vary from 10 per cent to half price.

S. CARSLY.

READ! READ!

Every piece of Silk in the store is reduced in price. Every piece of Dress Goods in the store is reduced in price. Every Mantle, Jacket, Ulster, Dolman and Russian Cloak is reduced in price for the Cheap Sale.

TO SPEAK PLAIN!!

To make it—The reductions this Sale are general throughout the store in every Department and they are large and sweeping.

S. CARSLY.

Early: Monday.

Store will be opened early on Monday morning and every morning of the Sale.

S. CARSLY.

CLAPPERTON'S Spool COTTON

Always use Clapperton's Thread. Then you are sure of the best Thread in the market.

Clapperton's Spool Cotton breaks, never knots, never ravel. Every spool is warranted 300.

Always ask for Clapperton's Spool Cotton.

S. CARSLY.

1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775. Notre Dame Street MONTREAL.

Carsley's